



## EXPORT RULES TO HOLLAND TO DENMARK AND NORWAY AMENDED IN REGULATIONS BY THE WAR TRADE BOARD

### LICENSE PROCEDURE MADE MORE SIMPLE

*New Orders Apply to All Commodities Except Those Included in the "Free List" of January 3, 1919 — No Consideration Given Applications Until Conditions Are Fulfilled.*

The War Trade Board announces, in a new ruling (W. T. B. R. 500), the adoption of the following regulations governing the procedure with respect to the issuance of licenses for the exportation of certain commodities to Holland and Denmark. Previous announcement with respect to such regulations (in the case of Holland, W. T. B. R. 365, Dec. 5, 1918; in the case of Denmark, W. T. B. R. 259, Oct. 9, 1918,) is hereby withdrawn.

Except for the commodities specifically mentioned in the "free list," War Trade Board Ruling 473, of January 3, 1919 (or in "free lists" which may be published later), the procedure herein set forth applies in all cases.

#### Conditions Governing Applications.

1. Special attention is hereby called to the fact that the War Trade Board has arranged a simplified procedure with respect to applications covering shipments to Holland or Denmark, but that no consideration will be given to such applications until the conditions mentioned hereinafter have been complied with.

2. Exporters should apply for licenses to the Bureau of Exports, War Trade Board, Washington, D. C., or any branch office thereof, using Application Form X and such supplemental information sheets concerning the commodity as are required.

3. Exporters in the United States, before filing applications for export licenses, must obtain from the prospective importers in Holland or Denmark advice by mail or cable that there has been issued by The Netherlands Overseas Trust in the case of Holland, or by the Danish Chamber of Manufacturers or Merchants Guild of Copenhagen in the case of Denmark, a certificate permitting the importation of the proposed consignment. The

(Continued on page 9.)

## SHIPPING BOARD READY TO GIVE ALL OVERSEA FREIGHT RATES

Announcement Is Made That the Division of Operations Is Prepared to Furnish Tariffs.

The United States Shipping Board authorizes the following:

The United States Shipping Board is now prepared to give freight rates for all oversea traffic, both outward and inward bound, also through rates from foreign markets via ports of the United States.

Mr. J. H. Rosseter, the director of operations, to-day (Saturday) sent this telegram to the assistant directors at New York, New Orleans, and San Francisco:

"To avoid any chance of misunderstanding or absence of advice to parties interested, please give widespread notice through commercial associations, also through the press, that the division of operations is prepared to name freight rates for all oversea trades, both outward and homeward; also through rates from foreign markets via United States or direct to all world's markets in cargo or parcel lots.

"This division also will make forward quotations over the entire year when circumstances warrant, all with the purpose of giving every aid and facility to American commerce and industry consistent with national interests."

## WILLING TO LET WAR LABOR BOARD ACT IN PORT DISPUTE

The War Department authorizes publication of the following letter:

NATIONAL WAR LABOR BOARD,  
Washington, D. C.

GENTLEMEN: In reply to your inquiry as to the attitude of our departments regarding any decisions that may be made by the National War Labor Board, in regard to the controversy now going on at the port of New York, should your board, in accordance with the President's request, reassume jurisdiction over the controversy, we desire to assure you that we will gladly submit any interests which we may have in this controversy to your board and will abide by such decisions as you may make.

BENEDICT CROWELL,  
*Acting Secretary of War.*

JOSEPHUS DANIELS,  
*Secretary of the Navy.*

WALKER D. HINES,  
*Director General of Railroads.*

JOHN A. DONALD,  
*Acting Chairman Shipping Board.*

## ANALYSIS BY GEN. MARCH OF ALL HOME AND OVERSEAS U. S. TROOPS DESIGNATED FOR EARLY DEMOBILIZATION

TOTAL IS 1,151,000 EXCLUSIVE OF SICK

*Table Showing 657,524 Already Discharged From Camps Up to January 4. Makes Public Letter From Col. Roosevelt Referring to Service of Sons With the Expeditionary Forces.*

Press interview by Gen. March, January 11, 1919:

#### Demobilization of the Army.

I will now announce the figures of organization designated for demobilization so as to include here and for the American Expeditionary Forces only those men who have reached the United States. This will give us an exact figure for an indication of release. Other organizations which have been designated for return to the United States or are on the high seas are not included.

The sum total of troops in the United States which are given in this statement in classes of service amounts to 1,055,000. Overseas troops which have already returned to the United States and which have been designated for discharge, 96,000. This makes a total, exclusive of those coming from France, of 1,151,000. These figures, I will say, do not include the sick and casualties who came back separately, because they are not designated for immediate discharge. We try to cure them first and they are sent to hospitals for treatment and will be discharged individually as they become well enough to be returned to their homes. This is the minimum rather than the maximum figures we are handling.

#### Progress of Demobilization.

Reports show that, according to latest data on hand, up to and including January 4, 1919, the discharge of 657,524 men was accomplished as follows:

Camp.	Up to and including Dec. 28.	Week ending Jan. 4.
Beauregard	5,317	2,126
Benning	52	53
Bowie	4,023	928
Cody	2,621	92
Custer	9,619	3,254

# GENERAL MARCH'S WEEKLY STATEMENT TO PRESS

Camp.	Up to and including Dec. 28.	Week ending Jan. 4.
Devens	15,564	2,223
Dix	19,252	6,316
Dodge	20,733	3,441
Forrest	2,177	63
Fremont	2,034	15
Funston	18,587	1,351
Garden City	4,177	927
Gordon	13,625	1,228
Grand	19,055	7,528
Greene	6,117	576
Greenleaf	2,956	460
Hancock	5,056	1,557
Hoboken	437	64
Humphreys	6,705	1,247
Jackson	11,146	807
Johnston	4,626	460
Kearny	2,162	790
Kendrick	71	21
Las Casas	4,531	---
Lee	25,291	1,246
Lewis	4,730	1,277
Logan	1,743	212
MacArthur	6,848	223
McClellan	7,136	1,165
Meade	13,273	865
Meigs	3,287	489
Mills	5	5
Port Monroe	613	262
Newport News	4,349	192
Pike	22,062	3,642
Sevier	6,493	778
Shelby	3,377	622
Sheridan	2,377	---
Sherman	21,866	3,579
Fort Sill	1,103	51
Syracuse	55	---
Taylor	35,041	3,509
Travis	11,545	894
Upton	11,778	4,362
Vancouver Barracks	4,804	1,217
Wadsworth	3,905	552
Wheeler	7,081	146
Central Department	77,226	250
Eastern Department	56,059	1,216
Northeastern Department	15,124	204
Southeastern Department	22,004	170
Southern Department	11,206	60
Western Department	19,749	485
Hawaiian Department	60	1
General hospitals	785	139
Recruit depots	10,027	730
Arsenals	1,004	214
Disciplinary barracks	5	---
War prison barracks	6	---
Miscellaneous	269	300
<b>Total</b>	<b>592,929</b>	<b>64,595</b>
Total up to week ending Jan. 4, 1919		657,524
Early reports week ending Jan. 11, 1919		36,365
<b>Grand total</b>		<b>693,889</b>

## Troops in the United States.

Orders have been issued to date (January 10, 1919) for the demobilization of approximately 1,151,000 men, as follows:

### Troops in the United States:

Depot brigade, development battalions, and replacements	402,000
Industrial furloughs	8,000
Divisional troops	95,000
Corps and Army troops	43,000
Coast Artillery	40,500
Engineers	48,000
Medical Corps	11,000
Ordnance	11,000
Quartermaster Corps	26,000
U. S. Guards	26,000
Military aeronautics	41,500
Spruce production	30,000
Tank Corps	7,500
Chemical warfare service	8,000
Anthracite coal miners	6,000
Special service units	11,500
S. A. T. C.	160,000
C. O. T. S.	33,000
Attached, local draft boards	3,500
Porto Rico troops	12,000
Hawaiian National Guard	1,500
Bakery companies	3,000
Construction and labor companies	5,500
Aircraft production	3,500
Signal Corps	6,500
Training center	10,000
Conscientious objectors	1,500
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,055,000</b>

## Overseas troops returned to United States.

Casuals	26,000
Divisional and organization	70,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>96,000</b>
<b>Grand total</b>	<b>1,151,000</b>

## Reports Up to January 11.

The number of men actually discharged reported up to January 11, which includes a few of the early reports of this week, amounts to 693,889. The number of officers discharged up to and including January 10 amounts to 47,028.

It may be of interest to the public to know that I have reports of the progress of Great Britain's demobilization, and their totals since the armistice of November 11, to include January 7, amount to officers, 3,035; men, 352,638.

I have here a report from our military attaché as to the operations of allied troops at Archangel. This is official.

Operations were undertaken December 29 on the river Onega for the purpose of consolidating line to be held during the winter and to throw back enemy concentration. The enemy positions on the river Onega, 50 miles from Onega, were attacked and taken. The allied front was advanced up the river on a stretch of 12 miles. January 3 enemy attacked new allied position and was repulsed with heavy losses. January 1, allied troops withdrew to better position down river in good (this is a bit garbled but looks like "good order") and without hindrance, operations being carried out in satisfactory manner. On December 20 allied troops occupied town of Kadish, on the river Yemtsa, 37 miles from junction of that river with Dwina. On river Pinega, 8 miles above Pinega, allied troops are still occupying their position.

## Location of Divisions.

Here is a statement which has been drawn up giving the present location and commanding generals of all divisions in France which I will turn over to the stenographer in case you may wish to carry it. This is complete to December 19.

The following statement gives location of divisions in France as of December 19, 1918, with name of Commanding General (organization marked with an asterisk being in Army of Occupation):

### Combat Divisions.

First\*—Montabaux, Maj. Gen. E. F. McClachlin.  
 Second\*—Heddesdorf, Maj. Gen. John A. Le Jeune.  
 Third\*—Andernach, Maj. Gen. Robert L. Howze.  
 Fourth\*—Bertrich, Maj. Gen. Mark L. Hersey.  
 Fifth\*—Merl, Maj. Gen. Hanson E. Ely.  
 Sixth—Aignay-le-Duc, Maj. Gen. Walter H. Gordon.  
 Seventh\*—Euvezin, Maj. Gen. Edmund Whittenmeyer.  
 Twenty-sixth—Montigny-le-Roi, Maj. Gen. Harry C. Hale.  
 Twenty-seventh—Montfort, Maj. Gen. John F. O'Ryan.  
 Twenty-eighth\*—Heudicourt, Maj. Gen. William H. Hay.  
 Twenty-ninth—Bourbonne Les Baines, Maj. Gen. Charles S. Morton.

Thirtieth—Ballou, Maj. Gen. Edward H. Lewis.  
 Thirty-first—(Skeletonized—part on priority, part sailed.)  
 Thirty-second\*—Rengedorf, Maj. Gen. William Lassiter.  
 Thirty-third\*—Grevenmacher, Maj. Gen. George Bell, jr.  
 Thirty-fourth—(Skeletonized—part on priority, part sailed.)  
 Thirty-fifth—Commercy, Maj. Gen. Peter E. Trant.  
 Thirty-sixth—Cheny, Maj. Gen. W. R. Smith.  
 Thirty-seventh—Wormhoudt, Maj. Gen. Charles B. Farnsworth.  
 Thirty-eighth—(Skeletonized—part on priority.)  
 Forty-second\*—Ahrweiler, Maj. Gen. Clement A. F. Flagler.  
 Seventy-seventh—Chateauvillain, Maj. Gen. Robert Alexander.  
 Seventy-eighth—Semur, Maj. Gen. James H. McRae.  
 Seventy-ninth\*—Vacherauville, Maj. Gen. Joseph E. Kuhn.  
 Eightieth—Aucy-le-France, Maj. Gen. Samuel D. Sturgis.  
 Eighty-first—Mussy sur Seine, Maj. Gen. Charles J. Bailey.  
 Eighty-second—Prauthoy, Maj. Gen. George B. Duncan.  
 Eighty-fourth—(To be skeletonized at Le Mans November 28.)  
 Eighty-sixth—(Skeletonized part for replacement, part to return to United States.)  
 Eighty-seventh—St. Nazaire, Brig. Gen. William F. Martin.  
 Eighty-eighth—Lagny, Maj. Gen. William Weigel.  
 Eighty-ninth—Kylburg, Brig. Gen. Frank L. Winn.  
 Ninetieth—Berncastel, Maj. Gen. Le Roy S. Lyon.  
 Ninety-first—Rousbrugge, Maj. Gen. William H. Johnston.  
 Ninety-second—Marbache, Maj. Gen. Charles H. Martin.

### Depot divisions.

Forty-first—St. Aignan, Brig. Gen. Eli Cole, United States Marine Corps.  
 Eighty-third—Le Mans, Maj. Gen. E. F. Glenn.  
 Eighty-fifth—Toul, Maj. Gen. Chase W. Kennedy.  
 Thirty-ninth—(Skeletonized for replacement and return to United States.)  
 Fortieth—Revigny, Maj. Gen. F. S. Strong.  
 Dighth—Pons.  
 The last written report in reference to the number of men sent back to the United States in addition to the men which I have just indicated as coming back in units for discharge—the total number of troops returned to the United States from the American Expeditionary Forces, including those which were returned from the very start of our landing there—men who have come back individually at different times and coming back for all causes—amounts to 136,694.

### Questions.

Q. Gen. March, isn't it true that Great Britain's demobilization process is entirely different from ours?

(Continued on page 6.)

## *List of Sixty-three American "Aces," Headed by Captain Rickenbacker, With 26 Victories to His Credit, Cabled from France by Gen. Harbord*

The American Air Service overseas is credited with 63 "aces," according to a cable to The Adjutant General from Gen. Harbord, dated January 8. The cable gives the names of the officers who have gained five or more air victories, with the number of victories credited to each. It is stated that a few names may be added and that the figures may be subjected to a slight revision.

Capt. Rickenbacker heads the list, with 26 enemy planes to his credit. He is followed by Lieut. Luke (18), Maj. Lufbery (17), and Lieut. Putnam (12), these three having been killed in action.

Capt. Edward V. Rickenbacker, 26, 1334 East Livingston Avenue, Columbus, Ohio.

First Lieut. Frank Luke, jr. (deceased), 18, 2200 West Monroe Street, Phoenix, Ariz.

Maj. Victor Raoul Lufbery (deceased), 17, Dieppe, France.

First Lieut. David E. Putnam (deceased), 12, 47 Englewood Avenue, Brookline, Mass.

Capt. Reed G. Landis, 12, Hotel Winderemere, Chicago, Ill.

First Lieut. Fields Kinley, 10, Gravette, Ark.

First Lieut. George A. Vaughn, jr., 10, 441 Washington Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

First Lieut. Jacques Michael Swaab, 10, Sixteenth and Diamond Streets, Philadelphia, Pa.

First Lieut. Thomas G. Cassady, 9, no home address.

First Lieut. Chester E. Wright, 9, 41 Dana Hall, Cambridge, Mass.

First Lieut. William P. Erwin, 9, 814 Fine Arts Building, Chicago, Ill.

Capt. Elliott W. Springs, 9, Lancaster, Pa.

First Lieut. Henry R. Clay, jr., 8, 1703 Summit Avenue, Fort Worth, Tex.

Maj. James A. Meissner, 8, 45 Lenox Road, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Capt. Hamilton Coolidge (deceased), 8, 10 West Place, Boston, Mass.

Capt. G. DeFreest Larner, 8, Highland Apartments, Washington, D. C.

First Lieut. Paul Frank Baer, 8, 1304 Maud Street, Fort Wayne, Ind.

First Lieut. Frank O. D. Hunter, 8, 213 Gaston Street, Savannah, Ga.

First Lieut. Wilbert Wallace White (deceased), 8, 541 Lexington Avenue, New York City.

Second Lieut. Clinton Jones, 8, 2617 Buchanan Street, San Francisco, Cal.

Capt. Reid M. Chambers, 7, 276 Monroe Street, Memphis, Tenn.

First Lieut. Harvey Cook, 7, Toledo, Ohio.

First Lieut. Lansing C. Holden, 7, 103 Park Avenue, New York, N. Y.

First Lieut. Karl Harold J. Schoen (deceased), 7, 5001 College Avenue, Indianapolis, Ind.

First Lieut. Wendel A. Robertson, 7, Fort Smith, Ark.

First Lieut. Leslie J. Rummell, 7, 798 South Eleventh Street, Newark, N. J.

First Lieut. Lloyd A. Hamilton (deceased), 7, Burlington, Vt., or Pittsfield, Mass.

First Lieut. Jesse O. Creech, 6, 6614 Harlan Place, Takoma Park, D. C.

Second Lieut. Howard Burdick, 6, 175 Remsen Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

First Lieut. Clayton L. Bissel, 6, 114 Janeway Street, Kane, Pa.

Maj. Harold E. Hartney, 6, care of R. Hartney, Esq., Saskatoon, Sask., Canada.

Capt. Douglas Campbell, 6, Lick Observatory, Mount Hamilton, Cal.

Capt. Jerry Cox Vasconcelles, 6, 1925 East Eleventh Avenue, Denver, Colo.

Capt. Edgar Gardner Tobin, 6, San Antonio, Tex.

First Lieut. E. P. Curtis, 6, 8 North Goodman Street, Rochester, N. Y.

First Lieut. Sumner Sewell, 6. (No address.)

First Lieut. Ralph A. O'Neill, 6, 218 Sonoita Street, Nogales, Ariz.

First Lieut. Donald Hudson, 6, 4119 Walnut Street, Kansas City, Mo.

First Lieut. Murray K. Guthrie, 6, Mobile, Ala.

First Lieut. William H. Stovall, 6, Stovall, Miss.

First Lieut. James D. Beane (missing in action), 6, Concord, Mass.

First Lieut. Arthur R. Brooks, 6, New Kendall Hotel, Framingham, Mass.

First Lieut. Robert O. Lindsay, 6, Madison, N. C.

First Lieut. Martinus Stenseth, 6, Twin Valley, Minn.

Second Lieut. Frank K. Hays, 6, 2000 West One hundred and first Place, Chicago, Ill.

First Lieut. Howard C. Klotts, 5. (No address.)

Lieut. Col. William Thaw, 5, care of Equitable Trust Co., 123 Rue de la Paix, Paris, France; Pittsburgh, Pa.

Maj. David McK. Peterson, 5, Honesdale, Pa.

Capt. H. R. Buckley, 5, Federal Street, Agawan, Mass.

Maj. Charles J. Biddle, 5, 505 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

First Lieut. James Knowles, 5, Cambridge, Mass.

First Lieut. James A. Healey, 5, 361 Union Street, Jersey City, N. J.

First Lieut. Innes Potter, 5 (no address.)

First Lieut. Francis M. Symonds, 5, 20 West Eighth Street, New York, N. Y.

First Lieut. Joseph Fritz Wehner (deceased), 5, 124 East Twenty-eighth Street, New York, N. Y.

First Lieut. John J. Seerley, 5, 5747 University Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

First Lieut. Edward M. Haight, 5, Astoria, N. Y.

First Lieut. Harold H. George, 5, 421 Jefferson Avenue, Niagara Falls, N. Y.

First Lieut. George W. Furlow, 5, 504 West College Street, Rochester, Minn.

First Lieut. Arthur E. Easterbrook, 5 (Maj. E. P. Esterbrook), Fort Flagler, Wash.

## HEALTH TALKS FOR SOLDIERS BEFORE BEING MUSTERED OUT

### Medical Officers to Lecture to Men on Public and Personal Sanitation.

The following statement is authorized by the War Department from the office of the Surgeon General:

Every man mustered out of the United States Army will carry with him knowledge of how to preserve public and personal health. The office of the Surgeon General of the Army has prepared a series of talks which will be given by specially selected medical officers to all the men before they are mustered out. These will teach the proper care of the body, how to protect against communicable diseases, the value of inoculation against disease, prevention of epidemics, general sanitation as applied to civil communities, and other subjects relating to health.

Not only have the men benefited by becoming habituated to personal hygiene and restraints from indulgence enforced by the Army, but the knowledge of measures to be taken for public health, it is believed, will result in the creation of a demand for improved community sanitation.

### Three Talks Given.

There are three of these talks. The first deals with the general question of sanitary measures. In this the importance of cleanliness of body and surroundings, the danger of overcrowding, of direct contact with communicable diseases, of insufficient ventilation, and unnecessary exposure during the period of temporary impaired vitality are emphasized and the proper corrective measures are made clear. The men will then be instructed on the advantages of inoculation against such diseases as typhoid and smallpox, and, in the case of men coming from the South, on the recognized treatment for the elimination of the hookworm, and the desirability of medical attention in cases of chronic malaria. This same talk will explain the methods of waste prevention and simple ways of preventing and destroying flies and mosquitoes which are recognized disease carriers.

The second talk deals with the subject of personal hygiene, and emphasis is placed on the value of eating in moderation and at regular hours, and some elementary facts about the benefits of various foods are explained. This talk also explains the value of regular sleep and exercise and pays special attention to the care of the teeth and personal cleanliness. The value of inoculation and prophylaxis is pointed out.

The third talk deals with general sanitary measures from a community standpoint, and the value of proper drainage and sanitation in and about the house against the spread of various diseases are strongly emphasized.

First Lieut. Byrne V. (E.) Bancom, 5, Milford, Tex.

Second Lieut. Harold McArthur, 5 (no address).

Second Lieut. J. Sidney Owens, 5, 15 Forrest Vieco Avenue, Raspburg post-office, Baltimore County, Md.

## Official U. S. Bulletin

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## NATURE AND EXTENT OF GERMAN FOREIGN TRADE BEFORE WAR

The exact nature and extent of Germany's foreign trade before the war are shown in a statistical report just announced by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce. The tables in this report are designed for easy reference. The German trade with each country is taken up separately and shown in considerable detail by articles, so that the goods ordinarily in demand in the various markets can conveniently be ascertained. These tables have been assembled from reports on German commerce written by Chauncey D. Snow, then assistant chief of the bureau, and are issued under the title "Statistics of German Trade, 1909-1913." Miscellaneous Series No. 75. Copies can be obtained at 10 cents each from the superintendent of documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C., or from any of the district or cooperative offices of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.

### "HANDICAP BUREAU" CREATED.

#### U. S. Employment Service Enters New Field of Activity.

The United States Employment Service of the Department of Labor announces the creation of a new division known as the "Handicap Bureau," for the purpose of finding suitable occupations for men and women of mature years as well as for those who through some physical disability have difficulty in securing suitable employment.

The work of the Handicap Bureau has already been started in Massachusetts. The first monthly report shows that 1,367 men and women who, in years are beyond the prime of life, have been placed in good positions. The youngest of those is 50 and the oldest 72. The Illinois handicap bureau reports that it has found positions for 412 crippled soldiers who were wounded while with the American Expeditionary Forces in France.

The service has applications from tens of thousands of men and women between the ages of 45 and 95, as well as from those who have some physical disability,

## NATIONAL BANK STATEMENT FOR WEEK ENDING JANUARY 10

Applications to the Comptroller of the Currency during the week ending Friday, January 10, 1919, for authority to organize national banks and to convert State banks into national banks; charters issued; charters extended and reextended; increases and reductions of capital approved; changes of title approved; consolidation of national banks approved, and national banks placed in voluntary liquidation:

### APPLICATIONS FOR CHARTER.

For organization of national banks:	Capital.
Liberty National Bank of Pawhuska, Okla.	\$100,000
First National Bank of South Charleston, W. Va.	35,000
For conversion of State banks:	
First National Bank of Mebane, N. C.; conversion of Mebane Bank & Trust Co., Mebane	25,000
First National Bank of Napoleon, N. Dak.; conversion of Stock Growers' Bank of Napoleon	25,000
American National Bank of Lansford; conversion of First State Bank of Lansford	25,000
Total	210,000

### INCREASES OF CAPITAL APPROVED.

East River National Bank of the City of New York, N. Y.; capital increased from \$250,000 to \$1,000,000	\$750,000
Antlers National Bank, Antlers, Okla.; capital increased from \$35,000 to \$50,000	15,000
Corn Exchange National Bank of Philadelphia, Pa.; capital increased from \$1,000,000 to \$2,000,000	1,000,000
First National Bank of Huntingdon, Pa.; capital increased from \$100,000 to \$150,000	50,000
Virginia National Bank of Petersburg, Va.; capital increased from \$400,000 to \$1,000,000	600,000
Total	2,415,000

### CONSOLIDATION.

Citizens National Bank of Louisville, Ky., and Union National Bank of Louisville, under charter of the former and under title "The Citizens Union National Bank of Louisville," with capital stock of	\$1,000,000
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### VOLUNTARY LIQUIDATIONS.

Marine National Bank of Buffalo, N. Y.; liquidating committee, H. J. Beitz and C. H. Taylor; succeeded by the Marine Trust Co. of Buffalo	\$5,000,000
First National Bank of Syracuse, N. Y.; liquidating agent, Alfred W. Hudson, Syracuse; absorbed by the Trust & Deposit Co. of Onondaga, Syracuse	1,000,000
Fourth National Bank of Dayton, Ohio; liquidating agent, A. C. Jackson; absorbed by the Dayton Savings & Trust Co., Dayton	600,000
First National Bank of Eastman, Ga.; liquidating committee, W. L. Jessup, J. D. Herman, C. C. Hosford, J. S. Nicholson, and A. G. Williamson, Eastman; succeeded by the bank of Eastman	50,000
Total	6,650,000

indicating the great need for a separate division specializing in this work. Plans have been perfected for the organization of handicap bureaus in every State in the Union, and these State bureaus will be in full operation in the near future.

## APPLICATIONS FOR GERMAN VALPARAISO MOORING SPACE

The American Ambassador at Santiago, Chile, cables as follows:

The American consul at Valparaiso advises that German mooring concessions have been canceled and that other companies can now apply for the places formerly occupied by German vessels. Of two applications made for buoys, the first has been granted subject to the following limitations:

It is understood that permission is being granted without prejudicing the rights of third party, the right being reserved by the maritime authority, upon giving three months' notice, to declare the present concession void if the needs of the service so demand and without any claim being preferred or indemnity on the part of the concessionary, and having in mind that there is under consideration the project of the establishment of mooring buoys for the account of the Government.

## WEEKLY WEATHER FORECAST

The Weather Bureau has issued the following forecast for the period January 13 to 18, inclusive:

North and Middle Atlantic States.—The coming week will be one with low temperature at beginning and normal temperature thereafter to close of week. The weather will be generally fair, except that rain or snow are probable Wednesday or Thursday.

South Atlantic and East Gulf States.—The coming week will be one of normal temperature and generally fair weather.

West Gulf States.—The coming week will be one of normal temperature and generally fair weather.

Ohio Valley and Tennessee.—The coming week will be one with temperature near or above the normal and generally fair weather, except that rains or snows are probable Wednesday or Thursday.

Region of Great Lakes.—The coming week will be one of unsettled weather and occasional snows. The low temperature at the beginning of the week will be followed by considerably warmer Tuesday and Wednesday and normal temperature thereafter to the end of the week. No severe cold probable.

Upper Mississippi and Lower Missouri Valleys.—Except for local snows Tuesday or Wednesday the week will be one of generally fair weather and normal temperature. No severe cold probable.

Northern Rocky Mountain and Plateau Regions.—Occasional local snows probable during the coming week; temperature will average near the normal. No severe cold probable.

Southern Rocky Mountain and Plateau Regions.—The coming week will be one of generally fair weather and normal temperature.

Pacific States.—The coming week will be one of normal temperature, unsettled weather, and occasional rains.

### SHIPPING SPACE INCREASED.

#### Ten Million Tons Yearly Added to British Import Facilities.

The following cablegram was received from Consul General Robert P. Skinner, at London, England, dated January 6:

Ministry of shipping announces increase tonnage available for bringing imports to Great Britain by 10,000,000 tons of goods a year. Already amount of space available for commercial cargo in North Atlantic is doubled, and instead of cargo competing for space, space is now competing for cargo.

The philosophy of the W. S. S. is save, save, save.

## WORK OF CONGRESS BRIEFLY TOLD

### SENATE.

Conferees on the war revenue bill reached an agreement on the rates of taxation of various forms of insurance based upon the premiums issued. The Senate conferees receded from its amendment and accepted the House provisions in this paragraph. War excess rates were discussed, but no conclusion reached.

Before the Post Office Committee Second Assistant Postmaster General Praeger placed the blame for delay in delivering the mails of overseas troops upon the War Department. He told the committee there were from 8 to 10 carloads of mail in France undelivered. Mr. Praeger was before the committee to discuss the question of appropriations for aerial mail.

Alfred L. Becker, deputy attorney general of New York, was again before the Judiciary Subcommittee investigating German propaganda and was subjected to a cross-examination by Senator Reed.

Pending legislation to place the packing industries of the country under Federal regulation was considered by committees in both the Senate and House. Before the Senate committee representatives of the producers urged enactment of the law and complained that cooperative organizations were subjected to unfair discrimination by live-stock exchanges and packing interests in marketing live stock. Before the House committee Chairman Colver, of the Federal Trade Commission, declared that if the five big packing interests were permitted to go on unchecked within 10 years they would dictate to the American people not only how food products shall be packed and at what prices sold, but actually just what food they shall eat.

Before the Interstate Commerce Committee Edgar E. Clark, Interstate Commerce Commissioner, explained delays in the consideration of cases before the commission. Responding to questions, he said the suggested standardization of railroad equipment was impracticable.

### HOUSE.

The legislative, executive, and judicial appropriation bill, carrying all salaries for Government employees, was reported yesterday afternoon. The bill appropriates \$96,318,791 for 19,435 specific salaries during the fiscal year 1920. The bonus of \$120 a year for all employees drawing less than \$2,500 a year is renewed. A provision is inserted for an investigation of the entire salary question by a joint congressional committee.

Before an informal meeting of Members of the House, Secretary Lane urged prompt consideration of the plan of the Interior Department for an appropriation of \$100,000,000 for the reclamation and occupation of 275,000,000 acres of tillable land in the United States by returned soldiers.

Chairman Burnett, of the Immigration Committee, introduced a bill suggested by the Department of Justice, providing for the deportation of Germans and other aliens interned during the war.

The Committee on Rules yesterday decided to postpone action on a resolution for an investigation of the War-Risk In-

71°—19—2

## SUPREME COURT PROCEEDINGS

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Friday, January 10, 1919.

Present: The Chief Justice, Mr. Justice McKenna, Mr. Justice Holmes, Mr. Justice Day, Mr. Justice Van Devanter, Mr. Justice Pitney, Mr. Justice McReynolds, Mr. Justice Brandeis, and Mr. Justice Clarke.

Alfred T. Geisler, of Cincinnati, Ohio, was admitted to practice.

No. 154. Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie Railway Co., plaintiff in error, v. The C. L. Merrick Co. Motion to pass to be heard with case No. 659 submitted by Mr. John L. Erdall for the plaintiff in error.

No. 628. James A. Keown, petitioner, v. Mary E. Keown et al. Motion for leave to proceed in forma pauperis submitted by Mr. J. E. Baker for the petitioner.

No. 131. Talbot Darby Bragg, plaintiff in error, v. E. S. Weaver et al. Passed on account of sickness of counsel.

No. 134. The New York Central Railroad Co., successor, etc., plaintiff in error, v. Anna C. Porter, for herself, etc., et al. Submitted by Mr. Robert B. Whalen for the plaintiff in error and by Mr. Merton E. Lewis and Mr. Clarence Aiken for the defendant in error.

No. 437. Charles H. Schenck, plaintiff in error, v. The United States of America; and

No. 438. Elizabeth Baer, plaintiff in error, v. The United States of America. Argument continued by Mr. John Lord O'Brien for the defendant in error and concluded by Mr. Henry J. Gibbons for the plaintiffs in error.

No. 715. The Columbus Railway, Power & Light Company, appellant, v. The City of Columbus, Ohio, et al. and

No. 739. I. Tucker Burr et al., partners, etc., appellants, v. The City of Columbus, Ohio, et al. Argued by Mr. Joseph S. Clark for the appellants and by Mr. Henry L. Scarlett for the appellees.

No. 598. Butte & Superior Copper Co. (Ltd.), appellant, v. Clarke-Montana Realty Co., et al. Two hours allowed each side in the argument of this case. Argument commenced by Mr. William Wallace, Jr., for the appellant.

Adjourned until Monday next at 12 o'clock. The day call for Monday, January 13, will be as follows: Nos. 598, 62 (and 63), 119, 120, 123 (to 129), 132, 136, 137, 138, and 139.

### IMMIGRATION DURING WAR.

The Department of Labor, through the Bureau of Immigration, announces that from April 1, 1917, until September 30, 1918, or practically for the duration of the war, 178,362 immigrants arrived in the United States and 123,676 departed. These figures are exclusive of nonimmigrant aliens and United States citizens who have left the country.

insurance Bureau. Col. Henry D. Lindsley, the recently appointed head of that bureau, stated to the committee that he has just been put in complete control of the bureau and in future would be solely responsible for its conduct. Pending reforms in the administration of the bureau by Col. Lindsley, the committee deemed it wise to postpone action.

The House yesterday adopted the Senate resolution for a joint memorial service in the Capitol on Sunday, February 9, to the late ex-President Roosevelt. Speaker Clark named as a committee of arrangements to cooperate with the Senate, Majority Leader Kitchin and Representatives Cantrill, of Kentucky; Caldwell, of New York; Fairchild, of New York; Temple, of Pennsylvania; Schall, of Minnesota; and Randall, of California.

The Judiciary Committee reported favorably a bill to provide an extra Federal judge in Texas.

## SEALED PROPOSALS INVITED

### INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.

St. Elizabeths Hospital, Washington, D. C., has invited proposals for furnishing 3,000 pounds of rice, bids to be received until 4 p. m. January 15.

### TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

The Bureau of Engraving and Printing has invited proposals as follows:

Until 2 p. m. January 13, on 5 dozen oil cup glasses.

Until 2 p. m. January 16, on steel rolls suitable for transferrer's use; five dozen 12-inch palette knives; 6 nickel plated hand-vices, 5½ inches long; 200 birch chair seats; 2,000 pounds red American pressboard; 500 yards rubber drilling, 39 inches wide.

Until 2 p. m. January 18, on 80 bundles No. 20 tarboard.

### WAR DEPARTMENT.

Office of the Quartermaster, Salvage Division, Jefferson Barracks, Mo.—Sealed proposals, in duplicate, will be received at this office until 11 a. m. January 15, 1919, at which time and place they will be opened in the presence of attending bidders for the sale of such quantities of mixed waste paper as may accumulate between this date and March 31, 1919. Waste paper to be of good quality and grade, baled. Price to be made per 100 pounds f. o. b. cars Jefferson Barracks, Mo. Payment to be made in cash upon delivery of each carload.

Sealed proposals, in duplicate, will be received at this office until 11 o'clock a. m. January 15, 1919, at which time and place they will be opened in the presence of attending bidders, for the sale of such quantities of barrels, jars, tubs, etc., as may be on hand and that will accumulate between this date and March 31, 1919. Proposals may be made for the whole or any portion of the material mentioned. The material purchased will be delivered by the Government at the salvage warehouse, at his own expense, upon notification from this office that his bid has been accepted.

### DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.

Sealed proposals will be opened by the superintendent of lighthouses, Buffalo, N. Y., at 2 o'clock p. m., February 10, 1919, for furnishing metal work for third-order helical-bar lantern, including plate glass. Information upon application to the above office.

Sealed proposals will be opened by the lighthouse superintendent, Tompkinsville, N. Y., at 2 o'clock p. m., January 27, 1919, for one 18-foot sailboat and one 20-foot motor boat. Information upon application to the above office.

Sealed proposals will be opened by the lighthouse superintendent, Tompkinsville, N. Y., at 2 o'clock p. m., on January 27, 1919, for one alternating-current electric arc welding outfit. Information upon application to the above office.

### THE MARINE CORPS.

Safes: United States Marine Corps, Quartermaster's Department, Washington, D. C., January 9, 1919—Sealed proposals in duplicate to be publicly opened in this office on January 22, 1919, are hereby invited for furnishing two all-steel fireproof double safes to the depot quartermaster, Marine Corps wharf, foot of Columbus Street, Charleston, S. C. Proposal blanks and other information may be obtained upon application to this office. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids or parts thereof, and to waive informalities therein. Bids from regular dealers only will be considered. (Schedule No. 961.) C. L. McCawley, Brigadier General, Quartermaster.

### THE PANAMA CANAL.

Referring to Panama Canal Circular No. 1248, dated December 23, 1918, bids to be opened January 13, 1919, the following is for the information of intending bidders:

Class 32, spruce planking. The quantity desired under this class is hereby increased to 350 pieces. Earliest possible delivery is desired. Bidders should attach a copy of this amendment to their proposals. A. L. Flint, general purchasing officer.

Contribute to the Red Cross fund.

## List of Transports and Army Units Sailing from France for United States

The War Department authorizes publication of the following information:

The transport *Pueblo* sailed from Brest January 7 and is due January 17 at New York with the following troops: Casual Company No. 415, New York, 3 officers, 147 men; Casual Company No. 416, Washington, 3 officers, 144 men; Casual Company No. 421, Ohio, 2 officers, 154 men; Casual Company No. 422, Maryland, 2 officers, 144 men; Casual Company No. 426, Texas, 2 officers, 152 men; Casual Company No. 436, Ohio, 2 officers, 149 men; 53d Ammunition Train, Headquarters Detachment, Companies A, B, C, and D, Medical Detachment, 15 officers, 607 men.

The transport *Ice King* sailed from St. Nazaire January 7 and is due January 24 at New York with the following troops: Casual officers 2, Air Service.

The transport *Hampden* sailed from Bordeaux January 7 and is due January 21 at New York with the following troops: Detachment Casual Company No. 12, South Dakota, 2 officers, 18 men; sick and wounded included in the above, requiring special attention, 1.

The transport *General Goethals* sailed from Bordeaux January 7 and is due January 21 at New York with the following troops: Medical detachment, Ohio, 1 officer, 4 men. Part of 34th Division Cadre composed of cadre of the following organizations: Headquarters 34th Division, 1 officer; Headquarters 34th Division Train, 2 men; 67th Infantry Brigade, 1 man; 68th Infantry Brigade, 1 man; 109th Infantry Train Headquarters and Military Police, 1 officer, 4 men; 125th Machine Gun Battalion, 1 man; 126th Machine Gun Battalion, 6 men; 127th Machine Gun Battalion, 4 men; 133d Infantry, 1 officer, 14 men; 134th Infantry, 1 officer, 16 men; 135th Infantry, 1 officer, 16 men; 136th Infantry, Camp Grant, 2 officers, 15 men; total, 8 officers, 84 men. Casual Company No. 11, New York, 2 officers, 114 men. Casual officers classified as follows: Engineers 9, Ordnance 4, Infantry 3, Chemical Warfare Service 1, Medical Corps 1, Cavalry 1, Air Service 9, Field Artillery 5, Signal Corps 1, Quartermaster 1, Transportation Corps 1, other casuals (civilians) 1. 84th Division Cadre composed of cadre of the following organizations: Headquarters Staff, 2 officers; 309th Headquarters Detachment, 16 men; 309th Train, 2 men; 325th Machine-Gun Battalion, 2 men; 326th Machine-Gun Battalion, 1 officer, 5 men; 327th Machine-Gun Battalion, 4 men; 333d Infantry, 1 officer, 16 men; 334th Infantry, 1 officer, 16 men; 335th Infantry, 1 officer, 16 men; 336th Infantry, 1 officer, 16 men; Camp Taylor, totaling 7 officers, 93 men. Three hundred and ninth Sanitary Train of the 84th Division composed of the following organizations: Headquarters 309th Sanitary Train, 3 officers, 13 men; Headquarters Field Hospital, 1 officer, 5 men; Field Hospital 334, 6 men; Field Hospital 336, 1 officer, 6 men; Ambulance Company 334, 6 men; Ambulance Company 336, 6 men; Division Medical Supply Unit, 1 officer, 7 men. Camp Taylor, totaling 6 officers, 49 men. 311th Sanitary Train of the 86th Division, composed of

the following organizations: Headquarters 311th Sanitary Train, 3 officers, 9 men; headquarters Detachment Ambulance section, 1 officer, 6 men; Ambulance Company 341, 6 men; Ambulance Company 342, 5 men; Ambulance Company 343, 6 men; Ambulance Company 344, 6 men; headquarters Field Hospital, 1 officer, 6 men; Field Hospital 341, 7 men; Field Hospital 342, 7 men; Field Hospital 344, 6 men; Division Medical Supply Unit, 1 officer, 8 men; Camp Grant; totaling 6 officers, 72 men; Casual Company No. 12, Kansas, 2 officers, 93 men; Casual Company No. 13, New York, 2 officers, 98 men; Casual Company No. 14, Maryland, 2 officers, 150 men; Medical Detachment, 1 officer, 4 men. Sick and wounded classified as follows: Tubercular, 5; requiring no special attention, 172. Casual officers classified as follows: Adjutant General's Department, 1; Air Service, 23; Quartermaster, 1; Engineers, 6; Red Cross, 1; Infantry, 5; chaplain, 1; Field Artillery, 3; Coast Artillery Corps, 1; Ordnance, 2; other Casuals; civilian, 1.

The transport *Mercy* sailed from St. Nazaire January 7 and is due January 20 at New York with the following troops: Sick and wounded classified as follows: Bedridden, 286; others requiring no special attention, 102; officers in charge, 2.

The transport *Wilhelmina* sailed from Bordeaux January 6, and is due January 17 at New York with the following troops: Part of 86th Division cadre, composed of cadre of the following organizations: 331st Machine Gun Battalion, 1 man; 332d Machine Gun Battalion, 2 men; 333d Machine Gun Battalion, 3 men; 344th Machine Gun Battalion, 1 man; 341st Infantry, 16 men; 342d Infantry, 1 officer, 16 men; 343d Infantry, 1 officer, 15 men; 344th Infantry, 14 men; Headquarters Troop, 1 man; totaling 2 officers, 69 men; Headquarters 159th Field Artillery, 10 officers, 61 men; 109th Sanitary Train Cadre of the 34th Division, composed of cadre of the following organizations: Train Headquarters, 13 men; Headquarters Field Hospital Section 6, 13 men; Field Hospital No. 133, 6 men; Field Hospital No. 134, 6 men; Field Hospital No. 135, 7 men; Field Hospital No. 136, 6 men; Headquarters Ambulance Section, 6 men; Ambulance Company 133, 9 men; Ambulance Company, 134, 6 men; Ambulance Company 135, 7 men; Ambulance Company 136, 7 men; Division Medical supply unit, 8 men.

### Methods of Preventing Damage by Electrolysis

Various methods of preventing damage by electrolysis to gas and water systems, lead-covered cables, and other metallic subsurface structures, are explained in a bulletin announced by the Bureau of Standards, Department of Commerce. Damage of this kind is caused by stray currents from street railways and is a constant source of worry and expense in the larger cities. It is said that no completely satisfactory method of preventing damage by electrolysis has been devised, but the investigations upon which the re-

## GENERAL MARCH'S INTERVIEW

(Continued from page 2.)

A. Great Britain started out in their demobilization by an attempt at what they called an industrial demobilization. Their figures speak for themselves. Their process is entirely different from my own.

Q. Would you mind giving us more details regarding your process?

A. I announced at the start what I proposed to do, and I think everybody understands it. We are discharging these men as military units and not discharging them by trades.

Q. We have some reports that the British are withdrawing from Archangel. Have you any information on this?

A. We have no confirmation of them. I saw the reports in the press, but no official confirmation has come to me.

Q. Perhaps this withdrawal refers to the withdrawal down the river spoken of in the dispatch you have given us?

A. I know nothing about that.

Q. We have reports that American soldiers were involved in a riot at St. Thomas, West Indies, on Christmas night.

A. We have nothing on that.

Q. Have we any soldiers in St. Thomas?

A. No.

### Letter from Late Col. Roosevelt.

During the week I went up to Oyster Bay to attend the funeral of former President Roosevelt, and during the funeral ceremonies, which were beautiful in their simplicity, I saw Capt. Archibald Roosevelt, who was handling the funeral arrangements, wearing medals for distinguished service in France. I recalled one of the letters which Mr. Roosevelt had sent me sometime ago, in which he referred to his sons, and I have determined to release it for publication. This letter was written to me after the death of my own son and before the death of Quentin Roosevelt:

"My Dear Gen. March:

"According to your instructions in your letter of April 25, and the inclosed copy of your memorandum to the Adjutant General, I cabled Kermit through our Ambassador at Madrid that he had been appointed captain of Artillery in the National Army and was to report to Gen. Pershing, and therefore was to proceed immediately to Madrid, where your orders would reach him.

"I thank you, sir. You have already drunk of the waters of bitterness; I suppose I shall soon have to drink of them; but, whatever he falls, you and I hold our heads high when we think of our sons.

"Sincerely,

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

port of the bureau is based indicate the more effective methods of dealing with the problem. The bulletin is the second edition of Electrolysis and Its Mitigation, No. 52 of the Technologic Papers of the Bureau of Standards. It is one of a series that is being issued on this subject. Copies may be purchased at 35 cents each from the superintendent of documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C.

# FINANCIAL AND ECONOMIC CONDITIONS DURING THE PAST YEAR ARE REVIEWED IN FEDERAL RESERVE BOARD BULLETIN

## “TRANSITION STAGE FROM WAR TO PEACE”

### *Extreme Caution and Continued Application of Thrift and Conservative Principles Advised—Restoration of a Free Gold Market at an Early Date Is Considered Advisable.*

The Federal Reserve Board in its January Bulletin will furnish a general review of the condition and progress of the Federal reserve system during the past year. It also contains some discussion of the present gold situation of the world, and of the United States in particular, accompanied by compilations of statistics designed to show the present gold position of the European banks and particularly of the Federal reserve system.

#### General Position of Board.

The general position taken by the board is that financial and economic conditions are now in a transition stage from a war to a peace basis, and during this period there should be extreme caution and a continued application of thrift and conservation principles. With reference to gold, it is pointed out that the restoration of a free gold market under proper conditions at as early a date as may be feasible is strongly to be desired, and it points out some of the problems that must be solved in this connection.

#### Development of Reserve System.

In outlining the development of the reserve system during the past year, the board says that “the increase in the power of the Federal reserve system and its enormous increase in assets during the year 1918 has been in no small degree the result of the increase in membership. The system to-day numbers approximately 8,700 institutions, of which 936 are operating under State charters. This great aggregate of banks and trust companies possesses resources amounting to over 27 billions (\$27,250,000,000) and unquestionably represents about 75 per cent of the total assets of the commercial banks in the country. Strong interest is being exhibited by national institutions in the exercise of fiduciary powers which the act of September 26, 1918, permits the Federal Reserve Board to grant them. Some of the largest and strongest banks of the country are now equipping themselves to perform such services heretofore chiefly left to trust companies. On the other hand, many of the State bank and trust company members of the system which originally entered it largely from patriotic motives are beginning to develop portfolios of commercial paper eligible for discount and to broaden the scope of their commercial activities. The situation points

to the gradual evolution of a more or less homogeneous and uniform type of banking institution, irrespective of whether such institution be organized under national or State charter.” The board then calls attention to the rapid development during the past month seen in the taking over of fiduciary powers by national banks in New York under licenses granted to them pursuant to the terms of the Federal reserve act.

#### Banks' Gold Reserve.

In sketching the situation of the Federal reserve system as a whole with special reference to the gold position of the country it is noted that for five weeks ending December 27, the banks' gold reserves show a further gain from 2,060.3 to 2,090 millions and their net deposits a decrease from 1,632.8 to 1,552.9 millions. Federal reserve notes in actual circulation increased during the five weeks from 2,555.2 to 2,685.2 millions, or at the rate of 26 millions per week, as against an average of 10.5 millions for the preceding five weeks. The ratio of cash reserves to aggregate net deposits and Federal reserve note liabilities fluctuated but slightly during the period and on December 27 stood at 50.6 per cent compared with 50.5 per cent on November 22.

During the month ending December 10 the net inward movement of gold was \$1,280,000 as compared with a net outward movement of \$2,517,000 for the month ending November 10.

#### Gold Imports for December.

Gold imports for the month, amounting to \$2,412,000, came largely from Canada, Mexico, and Portuguese Africa, while gold exports totaling \$1,132,000 were consigned chiefly to Chile and Mexico.

The gain in the country's stock of gold since August 1, 1914, was \$1,071,669,000, as may be seen from the following exhibit:

#### Gold Imports and Exports.

[000 omitted.]

	Imports.	Exports.	Excess imports over exports.
Aug. 1 to Dec. 31, 1914.	\$23,253	\$104,972	<sup>1</sup> \$81,719
Jan. 1 to Dec. 31, 1915.	451,955	31,426	420,529
Jan. 1 to Dec. 31, 1916.	657,745	155,793	501,952
Jan. 1 to Dec. 31, 1917.	553,713	372,171	181,542
Jan. 1 to Dec. 10, 1918.	61,066	39,701	21,365
Total.....	1,775,732	704,063	1,071,669

<sup>1</sup> Excess of exports over imports.

#### Cunliffe Committee Report.

In taking up the gold situation it is noted that the so-called Cunliffe committee, which recently issued a report on the currency and the foreign exchange situation in Great Britain, has advocated the continued retention of gold in bank vaults instead of its use as a hand-to-hand circulating medium. It is pointed out that the United States has long employed this same general expedient, except that it retained in circulation paper representa-

tives of gold (gold certificates) which during the war have now been practically withdrawn, so that it likewise is practically employing a fiduciary circulation based on gold, the metal itself being accumulated as reserve. On this point the board says: “A large absolute supply of gold does not appear to be necessary to the successful maintenance of the gold standard if a country occupies the position of a banking creditor holding a large volume of foreign bills and has an efficient banking system. In the United States to-day both gold and gold certificates have largely disappeared from circulation and the remaining currency in the hands of the people now consists largely of Federal reserve notes, national bank notes, and Federal reserve bank notes.”

#### Question of Free Gold Market.

The question of a free gold market is then considered, and it is shown that while early resumption, both of free movements of gold and of the control of such movements by changes in the discount rate are desirable, the restoration of such a market is necessarily dependent to some extent upon the demands of foreign countries, while the resumption of actual control of gold movements and exchange rates through variation of the rate of discount is conditioned upon the fiscal policy of the Nation. It is stated that “should the financing of foreign requirements become a matter of private banking arrangements, the control of gold movements and exchange rates would assume a new phase.”

#### Inflated Credit and Prices.

The existence of a generally inflated condition of credit and prices throughout the world is again noted, and attention is called to the fact that thus far there has been little change in the price level. Efforts of business men to stabilize prices can only temporarily have the effect of tending to hold prices up to their present level. A return toward the old level of prices will occur when normal industrial conditions and the free international movement of the precious metals have been reestablished.

The Bulletin contains elaborate tabulations showing the present gold position of the world and also the change in the status of the United States as an international creditor, due to its large holdings of securities purchased or absorbed during the war.

## IMPORT RESTRICTIONS ON VEGETABLE FIBERS LIFTED

The War Trade Board announces in a new ruling (W. T. B. R. 498) that item 31 of list of restricted imports No. 1, “Manufactures of vegetable fibers and textile grasses, except jute,” has been entirely removed therefrom. Applications for license to import manufactures of vegetable fibers and textile grasses included under this item, from any country, will now be considered.

All imported burlap, burlap bags, and jute are subject to allocation by the bureau of imports of the War Trade Board acting in conjunction with the War Industries Board and the Food Administration, as announced in War Trade Board Ruling 272, issued October 17, 1918.

## STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF FEDERAL FARM LOAN BANKS

In accordance with the provision of the Farm Loan Act, requiring that the Farm Loan Board "shall from time to time require examinations and reports of condition of all land banks established under the provisions of this act, and shall publish consolidated statements of the results thereof," the Farm Loan Board makes public the second consolidated statement of the condition of the 12 Federal land banks as of October 31, 1918.

### Loans and Capital Stock.

The statement of condition shows that the banks have made loans to farmers to the amount of \$139,378,156. Their capital stock has increased from \$9,000,000 to \$15,975,220. They have issued Farm Loan bonds to the amount of \$140,122,200. They hold among their assets United States Government bonds and Treasury certificates to the amount of \$14,850,000. Their excess of expenses and interest charges over earnings is \$211,609.09, which is a reduction of over \$200,000 since the previous semiannual statement, and amounts to less than 1½ per cent of their present capital. Three of the banks show an actual surplus. Before the close of the present month, two banks will begin the repayment of the stock originally subscribed by the Government. The total payments by borrowers overdue on October 31 amounted to \$86,073, of which \$51,117 was less than 30 days overdue, and only \$10,730 was 90 days or more overdue.

### Consolidated Balance Sheet.

Consolidated balance sheet of the 12 Federal land banks at the close of business October 31, 1918:

ASSETS.		
Mortgage loans	-----	\$140, 888, 441. 37
United States Government bonds and certificates	-----	14, 850, 008. 05
Securities pledged as security for deposits of Government funds:		
United States Government bonds	-----	\$430, 000
Farm loan bonds	-----	400, 000
		830, 000. 00
Cash on hand and in banks	-----	3, 348, 987. 33
Accounts receivable	-----	40, 527. 81
Furniture and fixtures	-----	223, 337. 09
Other assets	-----	305, 836. 68
		830, 000. 00
Total assets	-----	160, 477, 188. 33
Excess of expenses and interest charges over earnings	-----	211, 609. 09
Total	-----	160, 688, 797. 42
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock:		
United States Government	-----	\$8, 892, 130
National farm loan associations	-----	6, 963, 140
Borrowers through agents	-----	15, 145
Individual subscribers	-----	104, 805
Total capital stock	-----	15, 975, 220. 00
Farm loan bonds outstanding	-----	140, 122, 200. 00
United States Government deposits	-----	830, 000. 00
Bills payable (money and bonds borrowed)	-----	680, 000. 00
Accounts payable (due to borrowers, deferred payments on loans in process of closing)	-----	919, 111. 57
Reserved for interest on farm loan bonds due Nov. 1, 1918	-----	2, 010, 703. 72
Other liabilities	-----	151, 562. 13
Total liabilities	-----	160, 688, 797. 42

## Preliminary Report on Cotton Ginning, Consumption, Exports and Imports

The Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, issues the following preliminary report on cotton ginning:

Number of bales of cotton ginned from the growth of 1918 prior to January 1,

1919, and comparative statistics to the corresponding date in 1918 and 1917; crops of 1917 and 1916 and the per cent of the crop of each year ginned prior to January 1.

State.	Running bales. (Counting round as half bales and excluding linters.)						
	Ginned prior to January 1.			Crop.		Per cent of crop ginned prior to January 1.	
	1919	1918	1917	1917	1916	1918	1917
United States.....	10, 761, 278	10, 434, 852	11, 039, 491	11, 248, 242	11, 363, 915	92. 8	97. 1
Alabama.....	750, 687	482, 695	540, 661	520, 906	552, 679	92. 7	97. 8
Arizona.....	29, 519	14, 651	5, 776	21, 140	7, 125	69. 3	81. 1
Arkansas.....	842, 180	858, 321	1, 060, 569	953, 587	1, 102, 671	90. 0	96. 2
California.....	46, 757	37, 265	28, 237	58, 974	43, 664	63. 2	64. 7
Florida.....	27, 671	46, 408	50, 254	48, 178	50, 979	96. 3	98. 6
Georgia.....	1, 951, 186	1, 768, 315	1, 810, 934	1, 885, 051	1, 852, 104	93. 8	97. 8
Louisiana.....	523, 813	600, 349	435, 437	629, 719	441, 121	95. 3	98. 7
Mississippi.....	1, 051, 201	809, 099	775, 452	886, 269	800, 190	91. 3	96. 9
Missouri.....	50, 909	44, 749	55, 727	58, 937	60, 466	75. 9	92. 2
North Carolina.....	767, 020	543, 782	642, 816	656, 656	693, 672	82. 8	92. 7
Oklahoma.....	542, 039	888, 117	798, 761	955, 342	813, 419	93. 0	98. 2
South Carolina.....	1, 394, 945	1, 145, 020	922, 152	1, 267, 135	970, 762	90. 4	95. 4
Tennessee.....	281, 577	200, 427	357, 029	236, 896	378, 064	83. 9	94. 4
Texas.....	2, 477, 566	2, 975, 001	3, 523, 965	3, 041, 726	3, 562, 789	97. 8	98. 9
Virginia.....	20, 167	16, 265	26, 192	20, 155	27, 975	80. 7	93. 6
All other States.....	4, 581	3, 788	5, 589	5, 658	6, 295	66. 9	88. 8

The statistics in this report include 145,712 round bales for 1919; 184,104 for 1918; and 188,052 for 1917. Included in the above are 17,570 bales American Egyptian for 1919 and 36,270 bales sea-island for 1919; 86,935 for 1918; and 113,343 for 1917. The distribution of sea-island for 1919 by States is: Florida,

14,120; Georgia, 16,123; and South Carolina, 6,027.

The statistics for 1919 in this report are subject to slight corrections when checked against the individual returns of the ginners being transmitted by mail.

The corrected statistics of the quantity of cotton ginned this season prior to December 13 are 10,278,774 bales.

### Consumption, Stocks, Etc.

Cotton consumed during the month of November, 1918, amounted to 457,376 bales. Cotton on hand in consuming establishments on November 30, was 1,670,226 bales, and in public storage and at compresses 4,476,339 bales. The number of active consuming cotton spindles for the month was 33,121,507. The total imports for the month of November, 1918, were 26,901 bales, and the exports of domestic cotton, including linters, were 350,003 bales.

The world's production of commercial cotton, exclusive of linters, grown in 1917, as compiled from published reports, documents, and correspondence, was approximately 17,410,000 bales of 500 pounds net, while the consumption of cotton (exclusive of linters in the United States) for the year ending July 31, 1918, was approximately 17,701,000 bales of 500 pounds net. The total number of producing cotton spindles both active and idle is about 150,000,000.

### BRITISH RELEASE SOLE LEATHER.

Consul General Robert P. Skinner cables under date of January 4 that the Army council has ordered that English sole leather, except certain classes, be released for civilian purposes. The quantity which may be purchased by any individual from one source in seven days is extended from 500 to 1,000 heads and from 5 to 10 tons of bellies.

## EXPORT RULES TO HOLLAND, DENMARK, AND NORWAY AMENDED BY THE WAR TRADE BOARD

(Continued from page 1.)

number of the certificate should be forwarded by the importer in Holland or Denmark to the American exporter, by cable or mail, either directly or through the Netherlands Legation, Washington, if for Holland, or the Danish Trade Commission, Washington, if for Denmark. This number should be specified on Supplemental Information Sheet X-119, which must be duly executed and annexed to the application for an export license.

No import certificates or numbers are required by the War Trade Board for commodities on the "Free List."

### Application by Forwarding Agent.

4. If application is made by forwarding agent under import certificate granted to an exporter or manufacturer in the United States the applicant should state the name of such exporter or manufacturer directly after the import number given on Form X-119. (Example.—The serial number is \_\_\_\_\_, issued to \_\_\_\_\_.)

5. Henceforth the details of all the import certificates issued in Holland or Denmark will be transmitted by the Netherlands Legation or Danish Trade Commission in the United States to the War Trade Board, Washington, where same will be used to verify the applications that are presented for consideration. This method will enable the War Trade Board in most cases to consider applications without reference to their representative abroad and should avoid delay and expense.

6. All inquiries regarding import regulations and import certificates should be addressed to: For Holland, Dr. W. H. de Beaufort, counsellor of legation, 1800 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D. C.; for Denmark, Mr. N. P. Arnstedt, Danish Trade Office, 1838 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D. C.; or the Danish Consul General, 8-10 Bridge Street, New York. All Dutch or Danish import questions or difficulties relating thereto should be settled before filing applications with the War Trade Board.

### Shipments to Holland.

7. In filing applications for licenses to ship to Holland commodities which are not on the "free list," the application must show as the consignee The Netherlands Overseas Trust and the exporters are also required to state on the applications the name of the person or firm in whose favor or on whose behalf the import certificate was issued; as, for example:

CONSIGNEE: Netherlands Overseas Trust, Hague, Holland.

PURCHASER ABROAD: (Here state person or firm to whom certificate was issued, and address of such person or firm.)

8. Shipments to Denmark may be consigned directly to the importer.

9. Commodities to be exported to Holland or Denmark may now be shipped on any vessel, instead of only on vessels flying the Dutch or Danish flag.

10. The War Trade Board desires to call the attention of exporters to the fact that the "free list" (W. T. B. R. 473) has been enlarged and that additions may

be made thereto from time to time. Also that under the present procedure the transacting of business in Holland or Denmark should be greatly facilitated.

11. The War Trade Board has been advised that the Netherlands Overseas Trust will accept consignments when shipment is covered by one of its certificates.

### Exports to Norway.

The War Trade Board announces, in a new ruling (W. T. B. R. 497), the adoption of the following regulations governing the procedure with respect to the issuance of licenses for the exportation of certain commodities to Norway. Previous announcements with respect to such regulations (W. T. B. R. 103, May 10, 1918; W. T. B. R. 126, June 3, 1918; W. T. B. R. 211, Aug. 31, 1918) are hereby withdrawn.

Except for the commodities specifically mentioned in the "Free List," War Trade Board Ruling 473 of January 3, 1919 (or in "Free Lists" which may be published later), the procedure herein set forth applies in all cases.

1. Special attention is hereby called to the fact that the War Trade Board has arranged a simplified procedure with respect to applications covering shipments to Norway, but that no consideration will be given to such applications until the conditions mentioned hereinafter have been complied with.

2. Exporters should apply for licenses to the Bureau of Exports, War Trade Board, Washington, D. C., or any branch office thereof, using Application Form X and such supplemental information sheets concerning the commodity as are required.

3. Exporters in the United States, before filing applications for export licenses, must obtain from the prospective importer in Norway advice by mail or cable that there has been issued by an appropriate import association, or by the Norwegian finance department, a certificate permitting the importation of the proposed consignment. This certificate must be either issued or confirmed subsequently to May 10, 1918. The number of this certificate must be forwarded by the importer in Norway to the American exporters, either directly or through the Norwegian Legation in Washington. This number should be specified on Supplemental Information Sheet X119, which must be duly executed and annexed to the application for export license.

4. Henceforth the details of all the import certificates issued in Norway will be transmitted by the Norwegian Legation to the War Trade Board in Washington. The same will be used to verify the applications that are presented for consideration. This method will enable the War Trade Board, in most cases, to consider applications without reference to their representative abroad, and should avoid delay and expense.

5. All inquiries regarding the Norwegian Import Associations' regulations and their certificates should be addressed to the Norwegian Legation, commercial department, Washington D. C. All questions of Norwegian import control or difficulties relating thereto should be settled

## SPANISH BUDGET FOR 1919 AS LAID BEFORE DEPUTIES

Consul General Hurst at Barcelona reports:

The budget laid before the Spanish Congress of Deputies on November 5, 1918, comprises disbursements for the State of 2,176,156,685 pesetas, which is an increase of 665,509,078 pesetas as compared with the appropriations for 1918. [The normal value of the peseta is \$0.193.]

### Naval Estimates Cut.

Higher appropriations are proposed in all the Government branches except the navy, which is allowed 603,636 pesetas less than it was allowed for 1918. The greatest increase is proposed for the Ministry of War, amounting to 421,619,363 pesetas in contrast with 165,788,438 pesetas in 1918. The second greatest advance is for the Ministry of Public Works, for which 379,241,370 pesetas are proposed compared with 175,235,302 pesetas in 1918.

The prospective revenue of the State during 1919 is estimated at 1,597,979,568 pesetas, an increase compared with the revenue of 1917 of 316,940,750 pesetas.

### Direct and Indirect Taxes.

Additional revenue is proposed through direct and indirect taxation and from the monopolies of tobacco, matches, lotteries, powder, and other commodities. Two new forms of direct taxation proposed are on the unearned increment of real property and on inheritances.

The proposed balance sheet provides for an initial deficit of 578,180,116 pesetas, an increase of 364,575,374 pesetas over the deficit of 1917.

before filing applications with the War Trade Board.

6. In filing applications for licenses to ship commodities which are controlled by Norwegian import associations, the application must show as the consignee the association that issued the certificate, and the exporters are also required to state on applications the name of the person or firm in whose favor or on whose behalf the import certificate was issued; as, for example:

CONSIGNEE: Oil and Colour Merchants' Association, Christiania, Norway.

PURCHASER ABROAD: (Here state person or firm to whom certificate was issued.) Address of such person or firm.

7. Applications for licenses to export commodities which are not controlled by Norwegian Import Associations must be covered by a guarantee certified by the Norwegian finance department and further certified by an American consul in Norway. Shipments falling within this class may be consigned directly to the importer.

8. Commodities to be exported to Norway may now be shipped on any vessel instead of only on vessels flying the Norwegian flag.

9. The War Trade Board desires to call the attention of exporters to the fact that the "free list" (W. T. B. R. 473) has been enlarged and that additions may be made thereto from time to time. Also that under the present procedure the transacting of business in Norway should be greatly facilitated.

## *Full Text of the Agreement Between U. S. and Germany Concerning the Treatment Accorded Prisoners of War As Signed at Berne, Switzerland, November 11, 1918*

Following is the full text of the agreement, signed at Berne, Switzerland, November 11, 1918, between the United States and Germany, concerning prisoners of war, sanitary personnel, and civil prisoners:

### A. PRISONERS OF WAR.

#### I. INTERNMENT IN A NEUTRAL COUNTRY OR REPATRIATION OF PRISONERS OF WAR.

##### 1. Valid Prisoners of War.

###### ARTICLE 1.

Valid prisoners of war who have been in captivity for one year, except as otherwise specifically provided in Articles 2, 3 and 16 shall be repatriated on the basis of head for head and rank for rank.

On the same basis prisoners of war who have been interned in a neutral country because of invalidism and have been declared cured and valid by a neutral medical commission, shall be repatriated when they shall have been in captivity and interned in a neutral country, both combined, for a period of one year.

In the execution of this Article the following shall be deemed to be of equal rank:

- (a) all general, flag, field and commanding officers;
- (b) all other officers;
- (c) all noncommissioned and petty officers;
- (d) all other enlisted or enrolled persons.

###### ARTICLE 2.

The personnel of the German war vessels who were interned in the United States or its possessions prior to April 6, 1917, who are now held as prisoners of war, and who have no claim because of invalidism to repatriation, shall be exchanged, as soon as possible after this agreement goes into force for an equal number of American prisoners of war, whether the latter have been in confinement for a year or not, on a basis of head for head and rank for rank. In the execution of this article the following shall be deemed to be of equal rank:

- (a) All officers;
- (b) All noncommissioned officers, petty officers, and men.

###### ARTICLE 3.

Prisoners of war who have completed their fortieth year of age and who, although eligible for repatriation on the basis of rank for rank and head for head as established in article 1, can not be repatriated because of the inequality in the numbers of such prisoners of war held by the two parties, shall be interned in a neutral country. They may be repatriated as soon as conditions as to equality in the number of prisoners of war held by the two parties shall render possible an exchange on the basis of article 1.

##### 2. Invalid Prisoners of War.

###### ARTICLE 4.

Prisoners of war shall be directly repatriated without regard to rank or num-

ber if they suffer from infirmities or diseases of the kinds specified in Annex 1, Sections I A, II A, and III.

###### ARTICLE 5.

Prisoners of war shall be interned in a neutral country without regard to rank or number if they suffer from infirmities or diseases of the kinds specified in Annex 1, Sections I B, II B, and III.

###### ARTICLE 6.

Prisoners of war who do not suffer from the disabilities or diseases of the kind specified in Annex 1 may be repatriated or interned in a neutral country when their condition of health in other respects appears to the Travelling Commissions or Commission of Control to render this necessary.

###### ARTICLE 7.

The cause of the infirmity or disease shall not be taken into consideration in determining the eligibility for repatriation or internment of prisoners of war on the ground of invalidism except when self-inflicted injuries are involved.

###### ARTICLE 8.

For the purpose of determining what prisoners of war are entitled to repatriation or to internment according to Articles 4, 5 and 6, on account of invalidism, the prison camps are to be visited by medical commissions (Travelling Commissions).

Each Travelling Commission shall consist of one neutral physician and one physician of the Captor State. In the case of a difference of opinion the decision shall rest with the neutral physician. The Travelling Commissions may be composed exclusively of physicians of the Captor State, provided the State of Origin requests it through the Protecting Power.

At the request of the Protecting Power Travelling Commissions shall be allowed to make recommendations in regard to the medical care of the prisoners and the hygienic conditions of the camps.

One of the Travelling Commissions, the number of which is to be in proportion to the number of prisoners held by each State, shall visit each camp every two months.

###### ARTICLE 9.

There shall be brought before the Travelling Commissions all prisoners of war who have been proposed for repatriation or internment in a neutral country:

- (a) by the camp physician in a list prepared by him;
- (b) by the State of Origin to the Government of the Captor State;
- (c) by the Camp Help Committee;
- (d) by the head of a hospital not under the authority of a Camp Commandant or by any other person in independent charge of prisoners.

In order to carry out the provisions mentioned in paragraph 1, subsection c, the Camp Help Committee shall be allowed to prepare each month a list of prisoners of war in or belonging to the camp,

which list is to be handed to the Camp Commandant.

All prisoners of war in confinement within or without the camp shall receive consideration by all authorities concerned in the proposals for examination. The Camp Commandant shall keep a current list of all prisoners of war in confinement which shall be copied monthly by the Camp Help Committee. Copies of the lists which have been prepared by the camp physicians and by the Camp Help Committees shall be kept in the custody of the Camp Commandant.

The lists of prisoners of war named by the State of Origin shall be handed to the Travelling Commissions.

###### ARTICLE 10.

The representative of the Camp Help Committee with each working detachment shall transmit every month to the Commandant and to the Camp Help Committee of his own camp duplicate lists showing the names of all men from the camp in his working detachment and also showing in regard to each man named thereon:

- (a) whether in the representative's opinion, he should be examined by the Travelling Commission;
- (b) whether the man himself desires to be examined; or
- (c) whether he neither needs to be nor desires to be examined.

These lists are to be submitted with the greatest possible despatch.

###### ARTICLE 11.

The Travelling Commissions, on their arrival in each camp and before beginning examinations, shall inspect the lists in the custody of the Camp Commandant and compare them with the lists in their own possession.

Should a prisoner of war whose name appears on one of the lists have been transferred to another prison camp before the arrival of the Travelling Commission, or should a prisoner of war be in confinement outside of the camp and request the proper authorities of his parent camp or of his Camp Help Committee an examination by a Travelling Commission, the Commission shall be so informed. The Commission shall transmit the names of any such prisoners to a central authority designated by the Captor State, which authority shall arrange in every case for the examination of all such prisoners of war by one of the Travelling Commissions.

###### ARTICLE 12.

When visits are to be made by Travelling Commissions to prisoners of war in zones barred for military reasons, arrangements therefor compatible with military necessities shall immediately be made by the competent military authorities. If for military reasons such visits are impossible for a period of thirty (30) days, the prisoners of war shall, for the purpose of presentation to the Travelling Commission, be brought to a locality accessible to the commission.

# Agreement Between U. S. and Germany Anent Prisoners

## ARTICLE 13.

The adverse decisions of the Travelling Commissions shall be communicated to the State of Origin, together with the reasons therefor, and the name of the agency which proposed the prisoner of war for repatriation or internment.

## ARTICLE 14.

In cases which have been recognized as urgent by the medical officers of the Captor State because of the serious nature of the infirmity or disease of the prisoner of war, the repatriation or internment in a neutral country shall take place at once, without waiting for a visit from the Travelling Commission.

## ARTICLE 15.

Prisoners of war who have been found by the Travelling Commissions to be eligible for repatriation or for internment shall be examined by a Commission of Control whose decision shall be final. The Commission of Control shall consist of three physicians of a neutral country and three physicians of the Captor State. In case of a tie vote, the vote of the senior neutral physician shall be decisive.

The provisions of Article 13 shall apply to the adverse decisions of the Commission of Control.

Prisoners of war who have been recognized by the Commission of Control as entitled to repatriation or internment shall be repatriated or interned in a neutral country with the least possible delay.

### 3. General Provisions.

## ARTICLE 16.

Valid submarine personnel who have been in captivity for a period of not less than twelve (12) months and who might otherwise be entitled to repatriation under this agreement shall in lieu of repatriation be interned in a neutral country until the conclusion of peace, anything in this agreement to the contrary notwithstanding. Invalid submarine personnel shall be repatriated or interned as provided in this agreement for other invalid prisoners of war.

## ARTICLE 17.

The order of priority for internment in a neutral country and for repatriation shall be determined in accordance with the principles stated in Article 175.

## ARTICLE 18.

Prisoners of war eligible for internment in a neutral country or for repatriation, under Articles 1 to 7, inclusive, and 16, may renounce their rights thereto, in which case a written declaration of the fact must be made.

In doubtful cases either of the two Governments may request confirmation of the renunciation through a representative of the Protecting Power, or, in the case of prisoners of war interned in a neutral country, through the government of the latter country.

## ARTICLE 19.

Prisoners of war interned in a neutral country shall not be repatriated unless they become eligible for repatriation:

- (a) Under the provisions of Annex 1; or
- (b) Under the provisions of articles 1, 3 or 6.

Before their repatriation their names shall be reported by the competent authorities of the neutral country to the Government of the Captor State.

The decision relating to the repatriation of prisoners of war from a neutral country under this article shall be made by neutral examining commissions. The neutral Government is to be requested to arrange examinations accordingly every three months or oftener if necessary in special cases.

## ARTICLE 20.

If prisoners of war eligible for internment in a neutral country or repatriation are awaiting trial, they may be detained until the completion of the trial, and, with the limitation provided in the following paragraph, until the expiration of the sentence, if any.

If prisoners of war eligible for internment in a neutral country or repatriation have not yet begun or have not completely served a sentence imposed upon them, they may be detained until they have completed their punishment, but not longer than two months from the day on which they would otherwise have been interned or repatriated.

This provision does not apply to prisoners of war who are to be transported overseas and the unexpired portion of whose sentences does not exceed two months. In such cases the prisoners of war shall not be detained, but they shall be sent on the next available transport.

When a prisoner of war is detained under either of the above provisions, the government of the State of origin shall be advised by the government of the captor State of the reason for detention and, in case of punishment, of the length of the sentence and of the unexpired portion thereof.

The provisions of this article do not apply to those cases in which a neutral Government refuses to receive for internment a prisoner of war who has been sentenced on account of a grave offense.

## ARTICLE 21.

Prisoners of war who have been repatriated under the terms of this agreement shall be excluded from service in units normally used in combat against the enemy on water or land or in the air in the forces of the Contracting Parties or of any of their allies or cobelligerents.

Cases of infringement of the provisions in the above paragraph brought to the attention of the State of Origin by the corresponding Protecting Power shall be investigated by the former and proper redress made therefor without delay.

## ARTICLE 22.

Prisoners of war who are to be interned in a neutral country or repatriated may take their personal belongings with them, including moneys in their possession, or held for them or due them on any account, subject to the following limitations:

(a) All export regulations must be complied with. Nevertheless a prisoner of war may, except as provided in subsection c, take with him clothing and personal effects which he possessed at the time of capture or which were sent him from abroad for his personal use while a prisoner. He may also take with him

the articles enumerated in the third paragraph of Article 28.

(b) Prisoners of war may take with them written or printed matter only in case circumstances permit examination by the censor. This restriction is not applicable to birth, baptismal, or marriage certificates, or to commissions and other personal official papers.

(c) The total weight of the baggage which may be taken shall not exceed fifty kilograms, exclusive of hand baggage. An equalization of weights over and under the authorized limit shall be permitted among different persons of the same party. This limit of fifty kilograms is not to apply to persons going overseas; on the contrary, such persons may take as much baggage with them as can be transported without difficulty.

A certificate shall be furnished for articles retained, and care shall be taken to insure their safe-keeping.

## II. TREATMENT OF PRISONERS OF WAR.

### 1. General Provisions.

## ARTICLE 23.

The treatment of prisoners of war shall follow the principles laid down in international agreements. In particular they are to be protected from acts of violence, ill-treatment, cruelties, personal insults and from public curiosity, and are to be treated humanely. Instructions to this effect shall be given to the authorities entrusted with the care of prisoners of war.

Officer prisoners of war shall be treated with the courtesy and consideration which their rank and grade require.

## ARTICLE 24.

Prisoners of war shall not be quartered nor worked with nor treated as criminals except as punishment for crime of which they have been convicted by due process of law.

## ARTICLE 25.

Compulsory measures of any kind to make prisoners of war give information about their army, navy, or State, or about those of their cobelligerents, are strictly forbidden. Prisoners of war who decline to give information shall neither be threatened nor insulted, nor exposed to any other treatment which will put them in a position less favorable than other prisoners of war.

## ARTICLE 26.

In general, prisoners of war shall be allowed to talk with one another.

## ARTICLE 27.

Prisoners of war shall be permitted to retain the clothing necessary for their personal use provided that no objections exist on hygienic grounds.

## ARTICLE 28.

Prisoners of war shall not be deprived of their money, except on command of an officer, and then only when conditions permit a proper receipt to be given. Their paper and silver money may not be changed without their consent, and if changed it shall be only at the fixed rate of one mark for one franc or six marks for one dollar.

# Agreement Between U. S. and Germany Anent Prisoners

Money taken from a prisoner of war must be credited to him and a receipt given therefor.

Objects of value, such as rings, watches, cigar and cigarette cases, etc., as well as insignia of rank and decorations, may not be taken from prisoners of war.

The confiscation of personal papers belonging to prisoners of war is strictly forbidden. The Captor State may make a copy of such papers, in which case the papers must be given back within two weeks at the latest.

## ARTICLE 29.

Dogs shall not be used as guards in the interior of prison camps nor in guarding working or exercise detachments, unless they are in leash or are securely muzzled. Unmuzzled dogs shall under no circumstances be used in tracking down escaped prisoners of war.

## ARTICLE 30.

Prisoners of war shall accord to the members of the armed forces of the Captor State its prescribed military courtesies. Regulations in the language of the State of Origin prescribing such courtesies shall be kept posted in a conspicuous place, accessible to the prisoners of war, and no prisoner of war shall be punished for failing to accord any military courtesy not specified in the regulations so posted.

## ARTICLE 31.

All female personnel serving with the armed forces of either of the Contracting Parties, shall, if captured, be given every possible protection against harsh treatment, insult or any manifestation of disrespect in any way related to their sex. They shall be suitably and decently quartered, and provided with lavatories, bathing facilities, and other similar necessities quite separate from those provided for males.

## 2. Protection After Capture.

### ARTICLE 32.

Prisoners of war shall be sent back as soon as possible after capture to collecting camps, which shall be at least 30 kilometers from the front line of the Captor State. In no case shall prisoners of war be kept nearer to the front line than 30 kilometers, unless on account of wounds or sickness they would incur greater danger by being moved than by remaining.

Seriously wounded prisoners of war shall be given competent medical care without delay, and as soon as circumstances permit shall be removed to a hospital.

### ARTICLE 33.

In so far as practicable prisoners of war shall be grouped in camps, working detachments, and quarters with prisoners of war of the same State of Origin; and prisoners of war other than officers shall, whenever possible, be assigned to a camp containing at least 100 men from their own State of Origin.

Every prisoner of war not an officer shall be assigned to a prisoner of war camp having a Camp Help Committee composed of prisoners of war of his own State of Origin, and he shall be informed of this assignment.

### ARTICLE 34.

Special camps for noncommissioned officers shall not be established.

## 3. Notification of Capture.

### ARTICLE 35.

The name, individual number, rank or rating, and military or naval organization of every prisoner of war shall be notified within one month of capture to the competent authorities of the Captor State and be transmitted as soon as possible to the State of Origin.

### ARTICLE 36.

The Contracting Parties will do all in their power to insure that news in regard to the location of prisoners of war or missing belligerents shall be telegraphed to the State of Origin through the intermediary of the designated Relief Societies.

The following are the designated Relief Societies:

(a) For the United States of America: American Red Cross, Berne, Switzerland.

(b) For Germany: The Frankfurt Red Cross, Committee for German Prisoners of War, Telegraphic Address: Gefangenhilfe-Frankfurtmain.

### ARTICLE 37.

Prisoners of war may send to their families within one week after capture a printed post card containing the news of their capture and information regarding their state of health.

Prisoners of war may within three days after assignment to a prison camp communicate to their families by means of a printed post card the address at which letters, post cards, remittances and parcels may be sent them. This provision shall also apply to all cases where prisoners of war are transferred from one prison camp to another.

The communications mentioned in the two preceding paragraphs, for which the necessary writing material is to be furnished to prisoners of war by the Captor State, shall be forwarded as quickly as possible and without delay; they shall not be counted in the authorized maximum of letters and post cards.

In the case of American prisoners of war these communications shall be addressed in care of the American Red Cross, Berne, Switzerland.

## 4. Equipment and Organization of Camps.

### ARTICLE 38.

Quarters provided for troops of the Captor State shall form in hygienic as well as other respects the standard for the housing of prisoners of war in prisoner of war camps. The points mentioned in Annex 2 in regard to camps for officers and in Annex 3 in regard to camps for prisoners other than officers represent minimum requirements below which equipment and organization in the camps shall not fall. To whatever extent local conditions allow, the minimum requirements prescribed for main camps for prisoners other than officers shall be applicable to working detachments; and in all instances irrespective of local or other conditions the minimum requirements as to clothing, equipment and blankets, as stipulated in Annex 3, shall at least be met.

Prisoners of war shall be protected against the inclemencies of the weather to the same extent as members of the armed forces of the Captor State.

### ARTICLE 39.

The minimum requirements must be fulfilled within three months at most after this agreement goes into force, unless new buildings or changes in buildings are necessary. In such cases a further delay of six weeks is permissible.

### ARTICLE 40.

In camps for officers, the senior officer prisoner of war, and in camps for prisoners of war other than officers, the senior in rank on the Camp Help Committee, shall have the right to inform the diplomatic representative of the Protecting Power as to whether the minimum requirements have actually been complied with. This information may be given at any time after the expiration of the period for which provision is made in Article 39.

The reports shall be handed to the Camp Commandant and shall be forwarded by the latter through official channels to the diplomatic representative of the Protecting Power, together with such comments as appear appropriate and necessary.

If the Camp Commandant considers the report unfounded, the Government of the Captor State shall request the diplomatic representative of the Protecting Power to send a delegate to the camp immediately. The report of such delegate is to be communicated to the Governments of the Captor State and of the State of Origin.

## 5. Work.

### ARTICLE 41.

The Captor State may utilize the labor of prisoners of war, officer prisoners of war excepted, according to their grade and rating, aptitude, and physical ability.

### ARTICLE 42.

Prisoners of war shall neither be required to perform, nor by menaces, threats or force coerced into volunteering to perform, any work directly related to the operations of the war.

Neither Contracting Party shall utilize prisoners of war of the other for work in mines, marshes, munition factories or for dangerous work in quarries.

### ARTICLE 43.

Prisoners of war may be employed only at a distance of at least thirty kilometers from the front line of the Captor State.

### ARTICLE 44.

Prisoners of war subject to compulsory work under the provisions of this agreement may be required to work for the public service of the Captor State, or for private persons or private corporate interests, or they may be authorized to work on their own account.

All work performed by prisoners of war shall be under the supervision of the Captor State. The Captor State shall retain full obligation and responsibility for the proper care, maintenance, pay and treatment of all prisoners of war who may be hired out to work for private persons or private corporate interests.

# Agreement Between U. S. and Germany Anent Prisoners

## ARTICLE 45.

Prisoners of war shall not be worked longer hours than the civil population engaged in similar work in the same locality and except in cases of emergency the working day shall not be longer than ten hours, including whatever time is consumed in passing to and from work.

An interval of one hour, which will not be counted as working time, shall be allowed for the midday meal. Adequate time and opportunity for attending to calls of nature shall be given.

## ARTICLE 46.

Prisoners of war who work shall be allowed one full day's rest of 24 hours in each seven days; this rest day shall be the calendar Sunday whenever practicable. When, however, emergency conditions require work on Sunday, the day of rest shall be accorded as soon as practicable thereafter and in no event shall the interval between successive rest days be longer than nine days nor shall there be more than one such nine-day interval in each 30 days.

## ARTICLE 47.

When prisoners of war, from the nature of their work, are exposed to special dangers or sickness, special preventive measures shall be taken.

## ARTICLE 48.

Prisoners of war shall be classified by the attending medical officer according to their ability to work without injury to their health in the following categories:

- (a) heavy work,
- (b) light work,
- (c) no physical work,
- (d) sick—no work.

Classified lists, certified by the medical officer, shall be kept by the camp authorities. Where circumstances require, as for instance transfer from one camp to another, prisoners of war shall be accompanied by a certificate showing their classification for work.

## ARTICLE 49.

The following prisoners of war are exempted from all forms of compulsory work:

- (a) Aviation cadets, officer candidates, field clerks, and other appointed officers of the American army and navy;
- (b) "Offizier Stellvertreter," and "Beamtienstellvertreter" and "Faehriche" of the German army and navy, "Deckoffiziere," "Vice-Deckoffiziere," and "Hilfs-Deckoffiziere" of the German navy.

## ARTICLE 50.

American noncommissioned officers and naval petty officers and German Unteroffiziere and Offiziersanwaerter, except those mentioned in Article 49, are exempted from compulsory work, except:

- (a) For the supervision of prisoners of war of their own armed forces while at work.
- (b) For checking and distributing mail matter and packages.
- (c) For clerical work.
- (d) For work which is absolutely necessary for the maintenance of the camp or the prisoners of war (e. g., work in gardens or kitchens) as far as this work

is compatible with the dignity of their rank and is entirely within the enclosure of the camp.

In no case, however, shall noncommissioned officers be used for menial or dirty work, such as the loading and transport of coal, or the cleaning of streets or latrines.

## ARTICLE 51.

Prisoners of war shall receive no compensation for work done for their own benefit or in connection with the maintenance or administration of their camp, their quarters, or their work shop. Other work for the Captor State shall be paid for at a daily rate of not less than 50 Pfennigs or 12½ Cents nor more than 2 Marks or 50 Cents.

Prisoners of war shall be paid for work done in industrial occupations for private persons or firms at the same rate as industrial workers in the same locality for the same sort of work. Of the wages earned in this manner 25 to 50 Cents or 1 Mark to 2 Marks per day shall be credited to the prisoner of war concerned. The remainder shall be retained by the Captor State. Prisoners of war engaged in agricultural labor shall receive a daily wage of 50 Pfennigs or 12½ Cents, which shall be credited to them without any deduction.

No deductions for maintenance shall be made from the net portion of their earnings, but the full amount shall be credited to the prisoners of war and placed at their disposal for the purchase, in accordance with camp regulations of articles needed by them.

The net balance remaining to the credit of prisoners of war shall be paid them upon their internment in a neutral country or upon their repatriation; in case of death of a prisoner of war this balance shall be paid to the diplomatic representative of the Protecting Power for the benefit of the legal heirs of the deceased.

## 6. Rations.

### ARTICLE 52.

It is the obligation of the Captor State to provide prisoners of war under its charge with such quantity and quality of wholesome food, especially of meat and vegetables, as is necessary to maintain unimpaired their normal physical health and working capacity. In general the ration served to prisoners of war shall be equal in amount, quality and nutritive value to that served to the armed forces of the Captor State when in barracks or in cantonments.

The food value of their daily ration shall not fall below a minimum of

- 2,000 calories for nonworkers,
- 2,500 calories for ordinary workers,
- 2,850 calories for heavy workers.

The daily ration of bread shall in no case be less than 250 grams, and in the case of ordinary workers this ration shall be increased by the addition of 100 grams; and in the case of heavy workers by the addition of 150 grams of bread or other cereals; furthermore each prisoner of war's daily food ration shall contain amounts of fresh vegetables, fresh meat, and animal fat not less than those furnished to the guards at the same camp or place of detention.

All food furnished shall be sound and wholesome and shall have been handled in a proper manner.

An abundant supply of safely potable water, amounting to at least 3 litres per man per day shall be provided for drinking purposes for all prisoners of war.

## ARTICLE 53.

Officer prisoners of war shall be permitted and, as far as possible, encouraged to manage their own messes; and at their request the rations furnished by the Captor State shall be delivered to them uncooked.

Prisoners of war shall be permitted to utilize the food contents of their parcels in common as additional ration. The necessary facilities for this shall be arranged with the Camp Commandant by a committee chosen by the officers in officer camps, and by the Camp Help Committee in camps for prisoners of war other than officers.

## ARTICLE 54.

Menus specifying the weight of each article provided per man per day shall be posted and shall at all times be accessible to the delegate of the Protecting Power.

## ARTICLE 55.

Prisoners of war shall be allowed at all times to obtain hot water at a reasonable price, not to exceed 5 centimes or 5 pfennigs for 2 litres.

## ARTICLE 56.

Camp Help Committees shall be given a hearing in cases of complaints made by prisoners of war about their food.

## ARTICLE 57.

In camps where there are prisoners of war of different States of Origin, the Camp Commandant shall, as far as possible, permit the cooking for the prisoners of war to be done by cooks of their State of Origin.

The camp cooks shall be permitted to prepare the food according to the taste of the prisoners of war.

## ARTICLE 58.

When necessary for the preparation of the contents of packages, special kitchen facilities and fuel shall be furnished prisoners of war by the Captor State. Members of the Camp Help Committee shall be permitted to enter the kitchens.

## ARTICLE 59.

In all camps for prisoners of war canteens shall be maintained in which prisoners may buy at reasonable prices currently obtainable food and articles of daily use. Camp Help Committees shall cooperate in the management of the canteens. Price lists of articles for sale, in the language of the prisoners of war, shall be kept posted in a conspicuous place. The profits made may be used only for the benefit of the prisoners of war.

## 7. Walks.

### ARTICLE 60.

All officers, noncommissioned officers, and men not employed on work outside the camp enclosure shall be permitted to take weekly walks of not less than two hours under military supervision outside the camp enclosure. If the prisoners of

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war so desire and local conditions permit, these walks shall be taken to a point at least four kilometers distant from the camp.

For this purpose officer prisoners of war shall give their paroles not to make or prepare an attempt to escape during the walks, nor to do anything during this time which may be directed against the Captor State, its allies or cobelligerents. Such paroles shall be binding only for the duration of the walk for which given and on such conditions military supervision will be limited to conducting the walks.

### 8. Intellectual Occupation and Divine Services.

#### ARTICLE 61.

Prisoners of war shall be given as much opportunity as possible for intellectual occupation and development. For this purpose it is agreed as follows:

(a) In every main camp, and as far as possible in every working detachment, a reading and workroom sufficiently lighted and heated shall be provided and put at the disposal of the prisoners of war.

(b) Properly qualified prisoners of war may give educational courses and lectures which shall be so arranged as not to interfere with the work of the prisoners of war.

(c) The formation of camp libraries is to be encouraged in every way. Prisoners of war may have such newspapers of the Captor State or of its cobelligerents as the former may choose. Prisoners of war in working detachments shall be given every opportunity to make use of the libraries of the main camps. The exchange of books between the various camps shall be accomplished through the military authorities. The use of textbooks, dictionaries, and bound books shall be permitted.

(d) Prisoners of war charged with giving educational courses or lectures and the management of libraries are to be exempt from work in the camps and are to be transferred to another camp only in cases of urgent necessity.

(e) As far as possible, prisoners of war shall be permitted to complete the courses they are attending.

(f) Prisoners of war shall be given opportunities to arrange and give musical and theatrical performances and similar entertainments.

#### ARTICLE 62.

Prisoners of war shall enjoy complete liberty in the exercise of whatever religion they may profess.

Chaplains pending repatriation under Article 140, shall be allowed to perform their religious and professional duties among the prisoners of war. Similar opportunities shall be given to prisoners of war who are ministers of religion and they shall be exempted from such work as will interfere with their religious duties.

### 9. Medical Treatment.

#### ARTICLE 63.

Prisoners of war shall be given the same medical and dental care and treatment and diet as are provided by the Captor State for sick of like grades in its own armed forces.

In case of a shortage of military doctors competent civilian doctors shall be provided.

The services of such prisoners of war as are dentists and are not repatriated as members of the Sanitary Personnel, shall be utilized.

In no case shall any charge be made against a prisoner of war for medical or dental treatment, or supplies or anesthetics.

#### ARTICLE 64.

Prisoners of war shall be protected against sickness to the same extent as the nationals of the Captor State; and especially against those diseases that are conveyed by infection through the respiratory and the alimentary tracts, by transmission through the agency of insects, by contact, and by poisons, etc.

#### ARTICLE 65.

Artificial limbs, sticks, crutches, false teeth and all other surgical and medical appliances necessary for the well-being of prisoners of war shall be furnished by the Captor State, reimbursement therefor to be made by the State of Origin. Such further appliances as may be furnished to prisoners of war by the representative of the Protecting Power shall not be withheld by the Captor State.

#### ARTICLE 66.

If the Captor State is unable to furnish any of the medicines or medical supplies necessary for the treatment of the sick or wounded prisoners of war, it shall notify the Protecting Power, and shall allow such medical supplies to be furnished and shall expedite their transportation and delivery to the Camp Help Committees at the camps for which they were requested.

The same applies to articles of specified kinds whose delivery has been recommended by the Traveling Commissions, or by a delegate of the Protecting Power. The distribution of these articles among the prisoners of war in any main camp and in the working detachments belonging thereto shall be made through the Camp Help Committee of the camp and under the direction of the camp doctor.

#### ARTICLE 67.

In every prisoner of war camp a sick call shall be held daily at a specified hour in the presence of a medical officer at which prisoners of war may attend and receive medical attention from him.

#### ARTICLE 68.

Prisoners of war other than officers shall be detailed as orderly assistants to the medical officers of the camps in the proportion of not less than one for every one hundred prisoners of war in the camp, but there shall not be less than two such orderlies in any camp. Such orderlies shall perform no other duties.

#### ARTICLE 69.

In hospitals, correspondence and parcels shall be delivered without delay, but the use of the contents of the letter shall be under the control of the medical officer in charge.

### 10. Punishment of Prisoners of War.

#### ARTICLE 70.

Prisoners of war shall be subject to the laws, regulations, and orders in force in

the armed forces of the Captor State, except as otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement.

#### ARTICLE 71.

All proceedings against prisoners of war whether before military or civil tribunals shall be accelerated as much as the ends of justice demand and the nature of the case permits.

#### ARTICLE 72.

No punishments other than those provided by the laws of the Captor State for the personnel of its own armed forces shall be inflicted upon prisoners of war by the military authorities, or military tribunals.

#### ARTICLE 73.

For refusal to work and other infractions of discipline suitable and adequate punishment may be inflicted upon guilty prisoners of war by the camp authorities or by the military tribunals, as the case may be. In no case, however, shall the punishment inflicted be more severe in nature or degree than the punishment legally assignable to a member of the armed forces of the Captor State for the same or a like offense.

#### ARTICLE 74.

Punishments which may be inflicted by a Camp Commandant or under military authority other than the tribunals established pursuant to law shall be limited to the following:

(a) For Officers: Deprivation of privileges; retention of pay; reprimand; confinement to room.

(b) For noncommissioned officers, petty officers and men: Deprivation of privileges; retention of working pay; assignment to fatigue, and extra duties in addition to routine work by roster; confinement in a cell.

The pay of officers and the working pay of noncommissioned officers and men so retained as a measure of disciplinary punishment shall be credited to their respective accounts and shall be paid to them upon their release from the status of prisoner of war. Under all circumstances the necessary money to pay their mess bills shall be allowed to officer prisoners of war.

#### ARTICLE 75.

Physical violence or maltreatment, either mental or physical, shall neither be inflicted as a disciplinary punishment nor permitted to a subordinate as extra-legal measures of punishment or suppression of prisoners of war. The right is expressly reserved to the authorities of the Captor State, however, to take such measures as may be indispensable for the suppression of riot or concerted or group insubordination or mutiny on the part of prisoners of war, such measures to be always within the bounds of humanity.

Prisoners of war shall not be subjected to extreme heat or cold.

Marching with full equipment and other aggravations of punishments are forbidden.

#### ARTICLE 76.

Immediately after charges calling for a trial before a court are preferred against a prisoner, the Captor State shall notify the Protecting Power thereof. This notification shall be at least three weeks be-

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fore the day set for the trial and shall contain:

(a) The full name and rank of the prisoner of war.

(b) The location of the prisoner of war or his place of detention.

(c) A short statement of the criminal act charged, accompanied by a statement of its legal consequences.

(d) The name of the tribunal before which he will be tried with exact information regarding the place and date of trial, including the street and number of the premises where the trial is to take place.

The notification provided for in the preceding paragraph may be omitted in cases before inferior courts provided the authorized limit of punishment for the offense with which the prisoner of war is charged does not exceed confinement for a period of three months.

## ARTICLE 77.

In the cases mentioned in Article 76 as requiring formal notification to the Protecting Power, the accused prisoner of war shall have the right, unless prohibited by law, to be represented by legal counsel able to speak his own language; of which right he shall be definitely informed by the Captor State reasonably in advance of trial. The Protecting Power shall have the right to appoint counsel for the accused. In such cases and in all other cases where counsel is required by law or appears essential, the Captor State shall furnish the Protecting Power a list of the persons who may act as counsel, and shall notify the latter that counsel will be selected therefrom unless the Protecting Power shall have chosen counsel two weeks after receipt of this list.

In all cases where formal notification is not required the accused shall be assisted in defence by counsel whenever reasonable and compatible with law; otherwise he shall be assisted by an interpreter.

The right of the accused freely to consult with his counsel shall not be denied nor unreasonably abridged.

The representative of the Protecting Power shall have the right to send a representative to attend the public sessions of the trial even though it shall not have designated a counsel to represent the accused as aforesaid.

## ARTICLE 78.

The accused shall not be compelled to be a witness against himself, but he may, if he wishes, present to the tribunal arguments, either oral or written, in support of his cause.

With a view to shortening the time of confinement awaiting trial, the judicial proceedings shall be expedited. The period of confinement awaiting trial may be considered in whole or in part in imposing sentence.

## ARTICLE 79.

Any sentences unexpired at the time this agreement goes into effect in excess of the limitations therein imposed shall be at once remitted.

## ARTICLE 80.

A prisoner of war shall have the same right of appeal to higher authority, judicial or executive, as that possessed by members of the armed forces of the Captor State in similar cases.

## ARTICLE 81.

In cases in which the death sentence is imposed by a military tribunal upon a prisoner of war, a statement showing in detail the character and circumstances of the offense shall be promptly communicated to the Protecting Power for transmission to the State of Origin of the prisoner of war concerned, and the execution of the sentence shall be delayed for a period of at least three months counting from the date of this communication. Such sentences may be pronounced only by tribunals of the same kind and following the same procedure as in corresponding cases for members of the armed forces of the Captor State. The accused shall have the specific right to be represented in the trial by counsel to the same extent as members of the armed forces of the Captor State.

The delay in the execution of the sentence provided in paragraph one of this Article is not applicable in those cases in which the death sentence is imposed for the offense of murder or attempted murder committed in the zone of operations.

## ARTICLE 82.

The length of sentence to confinement in a cell or confinement in a room which may be imposed by a Camp Commandant or under military authority other than the tribunals established pursuant to law, shall not exceed thirty (30) days for any single offense.

If the total of several such consecutive sentences exceeds thirty (30) days, an interval of one week, during which no punishment shall be inflicted, shall follow each thirty (30) days confinement in a cell.

## ARTICLE 83.

The duration of the punishment for a simple attempt to escape on the part of prisoners of war, even if repeated, shall not exceed military confinement for a period of fourteen days, and if made in concert with other prisoners, a period of twenty-eight days.

The duration of the punishment for such an attempt to escape, combined with other punishments for acts consequent upon, or incident to such attempt, in respect of property, whether in relation to the appropriation or possession thereof, or injury thereto, shall not exceed military confinement for a period of two months.

The foregoing provisions shall apply to attempts to escape from detention of any description in the same manner as they apply to attempts to escape from ordinary camps.

Prisoners of war recaptured after an attempt to escape shall not be subjected to any unnecessary harshness. Any insult or injury to such prisoners of war shall be severely punished. They shall be protected from violence of every kind. Officer prisoners of war recaptured after an attempt to escape shall continue to be treated in a manner suitable to their grade.

## ARTICLE 84.

Collective punishments or deprivations of privileges on account of the misconduct of individuals are forbidden. Those collective punishments are especially forbidden through which prisoners of war lose

their right to receive their mail and to send the allowed number of letters and postcards. In the case of individuals such a prohibition may be imposed as a punishment, but shall not exceed two weeks. The prisoner of war has in this case the right to notify his family of this stoppage of correspondence before it goes into effect.

## ARTICLE 85.

Punishments which are served in the prisoner of war camps and military prisons shall be carried out under the conditions provided in Annexes 4 and 5 of this agreement; otherwise, in the absence of specific provisions, prisoners of war undergoing punishment shall be treated as other prisoners of war.

Prisoners of war undergoing confinement in places removed from the camps shall be permitted to receive four parcels a month and to use the food contents of these parcels, except upon the days when they are placed on bread and water diet. Adequate cooking facilities and fuel shall be provided for them.

## ARTICLE 86.

At their request prisoners of war in close confinement shall be permitted to attend the daily sick call as provided for in Article 67, and they shall receive such medical attention and treatment as, in the opinion of the attending medical officer, they may require, including removal to hospital when necessary.

## ARTICLE 87.

The provisions of this agreement shall not apply to prisoners of war who through acts of individual misconduct against the law of the land have passed from the control of the military to that of the civil authorities.

## 11. Deaths and Accidents.

### ARTICLE 88.

Officially stamped or otherwise authenticated certificates of deaths occurring among prisoners of war shall be executed without delay and transmitted to the diplomatic representative of the Protecting Power.

The representative of the Protecting Power shall be notified as quickly as possible of deaths by violence, and shall be informed as to the particulars.

### ARTICLE 89.

The property of deceased prisoners of war, including identification tags, pay books and other personal papers, shall be despatched by the Government of the Captor State to the State of Origin.

### ARTICLE 90.

The Contracting Parties shall provide and maintain proper burial places for prisoners of war of the other party who are killed or die while in captivity. Available information regarding the identity of the deceased shall be marked in a clear manner on the grave, and the location of graves shall be reported without delay to the State of Origin.

Deceased prisoners of war shall be accorded the same honors at burial as are accorded to persons of the same rank or rating in the armed forces of the Captor State.

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## ARTICLE 91.

Each Government shall take measures that information regarding the death or whereabouts of missing nationals of the other party be gathered and forwarded as rapidly as possible to the State of Origin.

## ARTICLE 92.

A statement shall be immediately prepared concerning all accidents to prisoners of war, to which a brief medical report must be appended. In such cases the prisoner of war shall be furnished a certificate by the Camp Commandant, stating the nature of the injury. The certificate shall be deposited with the papers of the prisoner of war and shall be handed him on his discharge or, in case of internment in a neutral country, shall be transmitted for safe keeping to the government of this neutral country and be given him on his repatriation.

## 12. Exchange of Powers of Attorney and Wills.

### ARTICLE 93.

Prisoners of war shall be permitted to execute and have attested, in accordance with special regulations to be issued on the subject by the Captor State, powers of attorney and wills, which may be written in their own handwriting or sent them from their States of Origin, or drawn up for them in the camp by third parties. The camp authorities shall be responsible for forwarding such papers as quickly as possible to the diplomatic representative of the Protecting Power.

## 13. Help Committees.

### ARTICLE 94.

A Camp Help Committee freely chosen by the prisoners of war shall be formed in each camp, including quarantine and distributing camps. This choice is subject to the approval of the Camp Commandant.

Camp Help Committees shall consist of at least:

- 1 member in camps of from 1 to 50 men.
- 2 members in camps of from 51 to 100 men.
- 3 members in camps of from 101 to 500 men.
- 5 members in camps of from 501 to 1,000 men.

In camps of more than 1,000 men there shall be one representative for every additional 500 men. In computing the membership of Camp Help Committees, the prisoners assigned or attached to a camp shall be counted even though they be absent from camp. Similarly in every working detachment representatives in the same ratio as provided above shall be chosen to be the correspondent or correspondents of the Camp Help Committee of the camp to which the working detachment is assigned.

In each hospital having ten or more prisoners of war of the same State of Origin representatives may be chosen in the proportion prescribed above for working detachments. Their duties and privileges shall be the same as those prescribed in this agreement for the representatives of working detachments.

### ARTICLE 95.

Camp Help Committees and representatives besides exercising the functions enu-

merated elsewhere in this agreement, shall cooperate with the camp authorities in all matters relating to prisoners of war, such as foundation of libraries and provision of educational facilities; organization of amusements; registration of complaints lodged by prisoners of war; receipt, registration, and distribution of gifts and of relief to prisoners of war wherever located; cooperation with the authorized relief societies and with the Protecting Power; distribution of contents of parcels of deceased prisoners of war and management of postal operations.

### ARTICLE 96.

Camp Help Committees shall be allowed each week to copy the current lists of prisoners of war undergoing medical treatment and to transmit the same to the designated relief societies.

### ARTICLE 97.

Camp Help Committees may correspond in matters relating to their duties freely and directly with their representatives, with the diplomatic representative of the Protecting Power, with the designated relief societies and with absent prisoners of war belonging to their Camp who have no representative.

The correspondence of the Camp Help Committee referred to in the preceding paragraph shall be subject to censorship by the camp authorities. Communications which contain requests or complaints and which are addressed to the diplomatic representative of the Protecting Power shall be handed over to the Camp Commandant, who shall immediately transmit them through official channels. Such communications may be withheld only when they contain wilfully false statements or are written in improper language. The decision to withhold them rests exclusively with the Ministry of War; in the case of German prisoners of war in Europe, with the Headquarters of the American Expeditionary Forces. In case a letter is withheld, the writer and the diplomatic representative of the Protecting Power must be informed of the fact and the reasons.

The competent military authorities in forwarding these communications will endorse thereon their remarks in order that the representative of the Protecting Power can upon their receipt form an opinion as to the statements contained therein.

Copies or abstracts of letters sent by the Camp Help Committees shall be kept by them and shown upon request to the representative of the Protecting Power and to the prisoners of war of their State of Origin.

### ARTICLE 98.

Camp Help Committees shall draw up under the supervision of Camp Commandants lists of prisoners of war who have had no news of their families for at least three months. These lists shall contain the names of the prisoners of war, the addresses of the families and brief communications or enquiries limited to 20 words in telegraphic style. These lists shall be sent to the Red Cross Societies of the respective States of Origin mentioned in Article 36, which shall attend to forwarding the answers of the families as quickly as possible.

## ARTICLE 99.

Camp Help Committees, composed of prisoners of war of either of the Contracting Parties, may render, from supplies at their disposal, assistance to prisoners of war of other States of Origin within the same camp. Reciprocally prisoners of war of the two Contracting Parties may receive similar assistance from the Committees composed of the prisoners of war of other States of Origin.

## ARTICLE 100.

Members of Camp Help Committees and their representatives in working detachments shall not be required to perform any work which interferes with their duties as such. They shall not be transferred from one camp to another except for urgent reasons; and then only after they shall have been given opportunity to arrange their affairs in a businesslike manner and to transfer to their successors the property and accounts in their care.

## ARTICLE 101.

Suitable offices, and storerooms shall be provided for the use of Camp Help Committees. These storerooms shall be fitted with two locks, the keys of one to be kept by the Camp Help Committee, those of the other by the Camp Commandant.

## ARTICLE 102.

Packing boxes or materials used in transporting supplies to prisoners of war which are not the property of individual prisoners of war shall become the property of the Camp Help Committee for use in repacking or other purposes; until then they remain in the custody of the Camp Authorities.

## 14. Correspondence and Parcels.

### ARTICLE 103.

Special attention shall be given to the rapid forwarding of the correspondence of prisoners of war, especially overseas: correspondence. Camp Commandants and commanders of working detachments shall be instructed accordingly.

The incoming mail for prisoners of war shall be distributed without delay. The despatch of accepted letters and post cards shall not be delayed longer than ten days. Exceptions shall be permitted only as provided for by Article 84.

### ARTICLE 104.

Letters, post cards, parcels, money and valuables sent to prisoners of war, and letters and post cards sent by prisoners of war shall not be subject to charges for postage, delivery, duties, storage or to any other charges, either in the country of mailing or destination.

Similarly, articles sent to prisoners of war as gifts or as relief shipments, either in bulk or in collective consignments, shall be free from all custom duties, freight charges and other dues or charges.

### ARTICLE 105.

Prisoners of war shall be permitted to send two letters and four post cards each month. Letters of officers shall not exceed six pages, and letters of those of other ranks or ratings shall not exceed four pages.

The letters and post cards shall be legibly written in black ink or in soft black

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lead pencil and, except with the permission of the Commandant, must be in English, French, or German. Letters and post cards must be addressed specifically to a person, firm, or corporation, by name, and not to a mere post office or accommodation address.

### ARTICLE 106.

Correspondence of prisoners of war must not contain information regarding the political or military situation, or other information detrimental to the safety of the Captor State. Enclosures may be permitted provided they accord with the sense of this Article, it being recognized, however, that such enclosures may result in a delay in the despatch of the letter.

Correspondence of prisoners of war which violates the provisions of this agreement shall be returned to the writer, unless required as evidence in judicial or disciplinary proceedings, and shall be counted in the authorized maximum of letters and post cards.

### ARTICLE 107.

Prisoners of war may receive and answer enquiries from recognized relief societies and information bureaus in regard to the location of missing members of the armed forces; the answers are not to be counted in the authorized maximum of letters and post cards.

### ARTICLE 108.

Prisoners of war shall be allowed to receive an unlimited number of parcels; those sent by mail shall not weigh more than seven kilograms each. Commandants of Camps and working detachments are forbidden to withhold parcels, except in the cases specifically provided for in this agreement.

### ARTICLE 109.

The sending of books and pamphlets, as well as bulk shipments of writing paper and blank books, shall be allowed subject to examination. Books may be bound.

### ARTICLE 110.

Parcels addressed to individuals may be despatched in collective consignments when packed in such a manner as to be transported by ship and by rail without difficulty.

Individual parcels without specified recipients may also be despatched in collective consignments addressed to the Camp Help Committees of the main camps. These Committees may distribute the parcels to their representatives or other Camp Help Committees. Such parcels must be clearly marked as follows:

"For distribution to prisoners of war who receive no parcels."

If an addressee be deceased, the contents of his parcels shall be distributed among the prisoners of war by the Camp Help Committee.

### ARTICLE 111.

The parcels shall be handed out immediately or, if preferred by the prisoners of war, only when asked for.

The parcels shall be handled so as to prevent injury, and shall be examined only once, and then in the presence of the addressee or of some one designated by him. The containers of perishable food-

stuffs shall be kept intact until the contents are needed for consumption.

### ARTICLE 112.

Every recipient of a parcel shall be permitted to despatch to the sender a printed post card containing only an acknowledgment of the receipt and an itemized statement of the contents and of the condition thereof at the time of the receipt. In case printed forms for this purpose are not at hand, the receipt may be written but must not contain other information than the printed forms. This post card shall not be counted in the authorized maximum of letters and post cards.

The printed post cards or printed lists, enclosed in parcels or bulk shipments stating the contents, shall always be delivered to the addressee. They shall be checked against the contents in the presence of the addressee or his representative.

### ARTICLE 113.

The packing, tin containers and boxes shall remain the property of the prisoners of war, but they shall be stored by the camp authorities until required for use.

### ARTICLE 114.

Camp Help Committees shall be allowed to make lists of all parcels sent to the working detachments that are attached to their main camp and lists of the contents of each parcel; these lists shall accompany the parcels.

### ARTICLE 115.

Camp Help Committees shall be permitted to make claims for loss of parcels or of their contents, or for damage thereto, for all prisoners of war in their camps or attached thereto.

### ARTICLE 116.

Prisoners of war shall be permitted to transmit to their dependents funds in their possession at the time of capture, or paid to them by the Captor State.

Domestic money orders, when permitted, shall be subject to the ordinary fees.

### ARTICLE 117.

All foreign postal traffic under this arrangement shall, with the consent of the Swiss Government, be through its postal service.

### 15. Communication with the Protecting Power.

#### ARTICLE 118.

Prisoners of war may at all times communicate in writing to the diplomatic representative of the Protecting Power requests or complaints concerning treatment or conditions in their camp, or matters of purely personal interest; or may present such statements verbally to a delegate of the Protecting Power.

In main camps such written communications shall be presented to the Camp Help Committees, and in working detachments to the representatives of the detachment, to be transmitted to the Camp Help Committee of the main camp. The Camp Help Committee, after having made notations on the communication if such are necessary, shall forward it to the Camp Commandant, who shall in turn transmit it without delay through official channels to the representative of the Protecting Power.

Further action shall be in accordance with the provisions of Article 97, paragraphs 2 and 3.

#### ARTICLE 119.

The communications addressed to the diplomatic representative of the Protecting Power shall not be counted in the authorized maximum of letters and postcards. In no case shall written communications addressed by prisoners of war to the Camp Commandant and intended only for him be counted in the authorized maximum of letters and postcards.

#### ARTICLE 120.

Prisoners of war may be punished on account of complaints sent by them to the Protecting Power only when they contain intentionally insulting statements or intentionally false accusations. Punishment may be inflicted only by sentence of a court or with the approval of the Ministry of War; in the case of German prisoners held in Europe with the approval of the Commander-in-Chief of the American Expeditionary Forces.

### 16. Visits of Inspection by Delegates of the Protecting Power.

#### ARTICLE 121.

The diplomatic representative of the Protecting Power shall present for approval by the Captor State a list of the delegates for whom are desired permits to inspect prisoners of war and the places where they are confined.

Each accepted delegate shall be given a permit authorizing him to inspect the prisoners of war and their places of confinement, subject to the conditions attached thereto. These permits may be canceled or recalled at any time.

#### ARTICLE 122.

The following regulations shall apply to the visits mentioned in Article 121:

(a) The authorized delegate of the Protecting Power may visit all places where prisoners of war of the State whose interests he is protecting are kept. When such visits are to be made in zones barred for military reasons, arrangements therefor compatible with military necessities shall be made immediately by the competent military authorities. If for military reasons such visits are impossible for a period of thirty (30) days, the prisoners of war shall be permanently removed to territory accessible to the delegate.

(b) The visits of the delegate of the Protecting Power may be without notice and without restriction except as follows:

Camps under quarantine and contagious wards of hospitals may be visited only with the consent of the medical officer in charge.

Penitentiaries and prisons may be visited only with the consent of competent superior authority.

Permission to visit shops or other places where members of working detachments are employed may only be refused by competent superior authority when such visit would in his opinion be incompatible with the safety of the State or with rules established for the preservation of trade secrets. The foregoing shall in no way curtail the right of the delegate of the Protecting Power to visit the working detachment camp and to interview its

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members. When the above restriction makes it necessary, prisoners of war shall be brought for the purpose of the interview to a place accessible to the delegate.

(c) On arrival a delegate must first present his permit to the proper authorities for verification.

(d) An officer, or, if none is available, some other military escort shall be detailed by the Commandant to accompany the delegate on his tour of inspection. Upon the wish of the delegate the ranking prisoner of war may also be detailed to accompany him.

(e) The delegate shall have the right at all times to speak to prisoners of war except those who are awaiting trial, without witnesses and outside the hearing of any third party. Nevertheless, interviews with prisoners of war who are confined pending trial or under sentence may be permitted, with the consent of the proper authorities, when in conformity with the rules and regulations for the visits of third parties to such persons. Such consent shall always be given if compatible with the object or purpose for which the prisoner of war is detained and with local prison regulations. In this event, interviews may take place in the presence of witnesses.

(f) The delegate shall, at no time, without the full knowledge and permission of the Commandant, give to or receive from a prisoner of war written matter of any kind, or any oral messages; nor shall he converse with prisoners of war on any subject not relating to personal matters affecting them.

(g) Before leaving the camp, the delegate may informally present to the camp authorities, for discussion and possible rectification, complaints made by prisoners of war and such suggestions as he may consider advisable regarding changes or improvements.

A prisoner of war shall not be punished on account of a complaint made by him to the visiting delegate except when such complaint is shown to contain intentionally false or insulting statements or accusations; in which case punishment may be inflicted only in the manner prescribed in Article 120 and after the delegate of the Protecting Power has been heard in the matter.

### ARTICLE 123.

The diplomatic representative of the Protecting Power shall be freely permitted to make complaints directly to the central authority of the Captor State about the management and conditions of the prison camps, the treatment of the prisoners of war and about the camp personnel, etc. The Captor State shall immediately make an investigation of all such complaints. The diplomatic representative of the Protecting Power shall be permitted to adduce evidence by witnesses or otherwise. Should it appear essential for a full investigation of the case, an officer of the central authority of the Captor State shall visit the camp, who shall, upon the request of the competent diplomatic representative, be accompanied by a delegate of the latter.

The result of every such investigation and a statement of the action taken thereon, shall in each case be communicated to the diplomatic representative of the Protecting Power. If the result of the

investigation be unfavorable, remedial action shall be taken immediately.

None of the military personnel of a prison camp, including interpreters, removed from their positions on account of their attitude toward prisoners of war, shall thereafter be employed in connection with prisoners of war.

### 17. Rates of Pay of Officers and Certain Other Prisoners of War.

#### ARTICLE 124.

Officer prisoners of war, officials and certain other prisoners of war classed as officers shall receive from the Captor State while in its custody pay on the basis of the following articles.

#### ARTICLE 125.

Officers and others entitled to pay will for the purpose of pay be divided into three classes.

##### Class I comprises:

(a) Captains and higher grades of the American army and marine corps; lieutenants senior grade and officers of higher grades of the American navy, line or staff corps.

(b) Officers of the grade of captain and higher grades of the German army and marine infantry. Officers of the rank of "Kapitän-Leutnant" and higher ranks of all officer corps of the German navy.

##### Class II comprises:

(a) First and second lieutenants of the American army; officers, line or staff corps of the grade of lieutenant (junior grade), ensign, chief warrant officer and warrant officer, whatever their corps or branch, of the American navy, and officers of the American marine corps of the corresponding grades.

(b) Subaltern officers of the German army and all officer corps of the German navy (including "Feldwebelleutnants" in the army and navy as well as "Deckoffizierleutnants, Deckoffizier-Ingenieure" and "Hilfs-Offiziere" holding the rank of subaltern officers in the German navy).

##### Class III comprises:

(a) Aviation cadets, officer candidates, field clerks, and other appointed officers of the American army and navy;

(b) "Offizier - Stellvertreter" and "Beamten-Stellvertreter" of the German army and the German navy, "Fähnriche zur See," "Deckoffiziere," "Vize-Deckoffiziere" and "Hilfs-Deckoffiziere" of the German navy.

#### ARTICLE 126.

The monthly pay shall be, on the basis of 1 Dollar = 4.20 Marks, for Class I, 95.25 Dollars or Marks; for Class II, 83.35 Dollars or 350 Marks; for Class III, 65.50 Dollars or 275 Marks.

#### ARTICLE 127.

Officials of the army or navy prisoners of war of either side shall receive during their captivity the same pay as the military persons whose rank they hold.

#### ARTICLE 128.

The rates of pay herein stipulated shall apply to all prisoners of war entitled to pay, whether they are on the active, retired, or reserve lists, who at the time of capture were on active duty in the military or naval service of their respective States of Origin.

#### ARTICLE 129.

Prisoners of war entitled to pay under the provisions of Articles 124 to 128 inclusive shall be paid on or about the first of each month for the preceding month or fraction thereof. Pay will accrue from the day of their capture.

When a duplication of pay occurs, due to this agreement and to the differences in method of payment of the two Contracting Parties, the attention of the recipients shall be called to the fact that they will have to refund to their State of Origin upon internment in a neutral country or upon repatriation any such amount.

#### ARTICLE 130.

A prisoner of war who becomes entitled to an increase in pay by promotion will be paid at the increased rate from the date named by the State of Origin through diplomatic channels as the date on which the promotion took effect.

#### ARTICLE 131.

The obligation of the Captor State to pay prisoners of war as provided above shall cease upon their internment in a neutral country or upon repatriation.

#### ARTICLE 132.

All payments made by the Captor State to prisoners of war according to the above provisions shall ultimately be reimbursed to the Captor State by the State of Origin.

### 18. Transfers to Other Prison Camps.

#### ARTICLE 133.

Prisoners of war upon being transferred from one place to another shall be permitted to take with them their personal effects, letters, and parcels.

#### ARTICLE 134.

Upon their own request made through official channels or upon the request of their State of Origin, fathers, sons, and brothers who are simultaneously prisoners of war shall be united in the same main camp or working detachment unless sanitary reasons or strict requirements of discipline forbid.

The transportation of prisoners of war who are to be united will be furnished by the Captor State without charge.

As long as the reunion shall not have taken place or when it is not feasible, the prisoners of war may communicate by letter or postcard with each other; these letters and postcards shall be counted in the authorized maximum.

#### ARTICLE 135.

Officer prisoners of war shall not be transferred from one camp to another except upon urgent necessity and, if transferred, notice of such transfer shall be communicated as speedily as possible to the Protecting Power.

Officer prisoners of war may, however, be transferred at their own request, in which case, unless it falls within the provisions of Article 134, expenses incident to the transfer shall be borne by the officer transferred; otherwise the aforesaid expenses shall be borne by the Captor State.

### 19. Recognition of Rank.

#### ARTICLE 136.

The promotion of prisoners of war to the grade of officer or to higher ranks or

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grades shall be recognized by the Captor State upon notification of such promotion by the diplomatic representative of the Protecting Power, provided that the promotion was recommended at a date prior to capture or becomes effective in due course of seniority according to the laws and regulations of the State of Origin.

## ARTICLE 137.

In case of doubt as to the military grade of a prisoner of war and as to his right to the corresponding privileges and pay, an official statement of these matters to the Captor State by the diplomatic representative of the Protecting Power shall be conclusive.

## 20. Relief Societies.

### ARTICLE 138.

Each party to this agreement shall be free to designate to the other party relief societies, and these societies shall be given all facilities for the performance of their humane tasks within the bounds imposed by military necessities and administrative regulations.

## 21. War Correspondents, Etc.

### ARTICLE 139.

Individuals who follow an army without belonging directly to it, such as war correspondents, reporters, and purveyors, shall be treated as prisoners of war when captured by the enemy and when detention seems expedient, provided they are in possession of a certificate from the commander of the army which they accompany. In this case they are entitled to the same treatment as subaltern officers with the exception of pay.

## B. SANITARY PERSONNEL.

### I. REPATRIATION OF SANITARY PERSONNEL.

#### ARTICLE 140.

All sanitary personnel and chaplains mentioned in Articles 9, 10, and 11 of the Geneva Convention of July 6th, 1906, and in the Hague Convention No. X, of October 18th, 1907, relative to the application to naval warfare of the principles laid down in the Geneva Convention, including the sanitary personnel of the interned crews of ships of war, shall be repatriated as soon as their services are no longer necessary for the proper care of the captured sick and wounded of their own State of Origin.

None of the sanitary personnel of the Contracting Parties who fall into the power of the armed forces of the other either on the continent of Europe or in European waters, shall be removed from Europe or transferred to another State which is at war with the other Contracting Party.

#### ARTICLE 141.

The term "Sanitary Personnel" shall be held to comprise the following:

- (a) To be recognized immediately.
  1. Army and navy chaplains, medical officers, sanitary administration officers, doctors of noncommissioned rank (hospital inspectors, apothecaries, etc.), both male and female doctors, nurses and assistants, who are clearly recognizable by their special uniforms or otherwise.
  2. Every other wearer of the brassard described in Article 20 of the Geneva

Convention of July 6th, 1906, who can show his or her right to wear this brassard by an officially stamped certificate issued by the commanding officer of the organization and signed in his own hand by the bearer. These certificates may not be taken away either at the time of capture or later.

3. Persons incontestably identified as members of the sanitary personnel by the evidence of third parties.

(b) To be recognized upon presentation of further evidence.

Others the identification of whom shall be accomplished, subject to examination by the Captor State, by a subsequent certification issued by the Ministry of War or Navy of the State of Origin; or in the case of American sanitary personnel, by the Commander in Chief of the expeditionary force.

#### ARTICLE 142.

In the case of sanitary personnel belonging to organizations the records and archives of which have been destroyed or are in the hands of the enemy, it shall suffice that the State of Origin attest the probability of their character; such attestation shall be accepted as sufficient evidence.

#### ARTICLE 143.

The State of Origin shall transmit to the Captor State by diplomatic channels the names of the sanitary personnel whose repatriation is desired, and the certificate required by Article 141, b. The return to their homes of the sanitary personnel specified in Article 141, a, shall not be conditioned on their inclusion in these lists.

If the Captor State believes it has grounds for declining repatriation of any person on these lists, the reasons must be stated in full.

#### ARTICLE 144.

The release of sanitary personnel held awaiting trial or serving sentence is subject to the provisions of Article 20.

#### ARTICLE 145.

The taking home of personal effects by released sanitary personnel shall be governed by Article 22; and private property, including instruments and weapons, which they brought with them into captivity, shall be excepted from any prohibitions of export.

#### ARTICLE 146.

The persons repatriated in accordance with the stipulations in Articles 140 to 144, inclusive shall be employed only on medical or religious duty.

## II. TREATMENT OF SANITARY PERSONNEL.

#### ARTICLE 147.

The appropriate stipulations of Articles 23 to 40, inclusive, 52 to 123, inclusive and 133 to 137, inclusive, apply to the treatment of the sanitary personnel in the power of the Captor State.

When captured they shall be allowed to retain, or to deposit against receipt, such instruments, implements, drugs and other belongings as can be proved to be their personal property.

Utilization of sanitary personnel on work other than sanitary or medical duty is prohibited.

#### ARTICLE 148.

Sanitary personnel of either of the Contracting Parties while in the hands of the other shall be paid by the latter at the same rates as are paid by the German Government to members of its armed forces of similar ranks and ratings. The corresponding ranks and ratings of the sanitary personnel of the two Contracting Parties are shown in Annex 6.

When such sanitary personnel would receive a lower rate of pay according to the preceding paragraph than prisoners of war of the same rank, they shall be paid at the rate authorized for the latter.

The provisions of Articles 128 to 131 inclusive, for the payment of prisoners of war shall govern payments to sanitary personnel. Upon identification as such, they shall receive back pay due them.

#### ARTICLE 149.

The sanitary personnel of the armed forces of the two Contracting Parties captured while serving with the armed forces of an ally or cobelligerent shall be embraced in this agreement as though taken while serving with their own armed forces.

#### ARTICLE 150.

The provisions of Articles 140 to 147 inclusive and 149 shall apply to all members of the designated relief societies mentioned in Article 138 captured by either of the Contracting Parties.

## C. CIVILIAN CITIZENS AND CIVIL PRISONERS.

### I. REPATRIATION AND INTERNMENT IN A NEUTRAL COUNTRY OF CIVILIAN CITIZENS AND CIVIL PRISONERS.

#### ARTICLE 151.

Of the civil prisoners in the custody of the Contracting Parties at the time when this Agreement goes into effect, the following shall be repatriated upon their wish, and without regard to number:

- (a) Women and children.
- (b) Males, other than the officers of merchant ships, who, on the day when this Agreement goes into effect, have not completed their seventeenth year or have passed their forty-fifth year.
- (c) Males of any age who, on the day when this Agreement goes into effect, are within the invalid classes specified in Annex I, Sections I A, II A and III, or described in Article 6, of this Agreement.

#### ARTICLE 152.

Male civil prisoners who, on the day when this Agreement goes into effect, have not completed their forty-fifth year, shall, upon their wish, be repatriated as provided by Article 151 b, as soon as they have reached the specified age.

#### ARTICLE 153.

Male civil prisoners who, on the day when this Agreement goes into effect, have completed their seventeenth but have not passed their forty-fifth year, shall be interned in a neutral country upon their wish if within the invalid classes specified in Annex I, Sections I B, II B, and III and described in Article 6 hereof. They may be repatriated therefrom by the authorities of the neutral country in the manner herein provided for interned invalid prisoners of war (Article 19).

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## ARTICLE 154.

Of the civil prisoners in the custody of the Contracting Parties at the time this Agreement goes into effect, and who are not eligible for repatriation or internment in a neutral country according to Articles 151, 152, and 153, there shall be repatriated, upon the conditions herein set forth, and upon their wish:

(a) Officers of merchant ships, head for head. Should the number of such officers in the possession of the Contracting Parties, respectively, be, at any time, unequal, so that a surplus will remain after all exchanges under this clause have been effected, the residue may be exchanged, head for head, regardless of rank for officer prisoners of war, and regardless of the length of the latter's imprisonment.

(b) Other males who on the date when this Agreement goes into effect, have completed their seventeenth year, but have not passed their forty-fifth year, these head for head.

## ARTICLE 155.

The legal wives, daughters, and sons under seventeen of civilian citizens or civil prisoners, as also of prisoners of war, repatriated or interned under this Agreement shall be forwarded, upon their wish, with their husbands or fathers.

## ARTICLE 156.

All civilian citizens of the United States who are in Germany at the time when this Agreement goes into effect (whether civil prisoners or free) may, within three months thereafter, ask to be repatriated. Notice of this permission and of the proper authorities to whom application may be made shall be made public through official announcement in the German newspapers. This notice shall be published at the latest on the day this Agreement becomes effective. A corresponding notice shall, on the same day, be sent by the German Government to the diplomatic representative of the Protecting Power, which shall be free to inform directly the persons in question.

## ARTICLE 157.

The requests made in accordance with Article 156 shall, in principle, be granted with the exception provided for in 167.

Lists of those civilian citizens of the United States who will be so repatriated shall be sent every two weeks by the German Government to the diplomatic representative of the Protecting Power, in order that the same may be immediately cabled by it to the Government of the United States.

## ARTICLE 158.

Civilian citizens of the United States, who, within the period mentioned in Article 156, have not expressed a desire to be repatriated, or who have not left Germany within six weeks after their request has been approved, shall be considered as having waived all the benefit of Articles 156 and 157 provided their departure was not prevented by causes beyond their control.

## ARTICLE 159.

Upon receipt of notification from the Protecting Power, as specified in Article 157, the Government of the United States

shall forward, as soon as there may be opportunity, as many German civil prisoners entitled to repatriation or internment under Articles 151 to 153, inclusive, as will correspond to the number of citizens of the United States having permission to depart from Germany.

The Contracting Parties shall, without delay, inform each other, through diplomatic channels, of the departure of their respective nationals; and any discrepancy in numbers resulting therefrom shall be equalized in the next shipment.

## ARTICLE 160.

Should the number of civil prisoners and civilian citizens of the United States who have departed from Germany exceed the number of German civil prisoners entitled to repatriation or internment upon the conditions prescribed in Articles 151 to 154, inclusive, the excess shall be compensated by the repatriation of a like number of German civil prisoners of the class described in Article 154b, preference being given in this event to those who, in the opinion of the medical officers of the Captor State, should be released from captivity for reasons of health.

Should the number of civilian citizens of the United States who have departed from Germany be less than the number of German civil prisoners entitled to repatriation or internment in accordance with Articles 151 to 153 inclusive, the number entitled to repatriation or internment thereunder shall nevertheless be forwarded.

## ARTICLE 161.

Except as provided in the following article, only those shall be considered as citizens or nationals of the United States, in the sense of Articles 151 to 160 inclusive hereof, who, at the moment of departure, are in possession of a valid passport or certificate of identity duly issued by authority of the Government of the United States.

## ARTICLE 162.

Officers and members of the crews of American or German merchant ships shall be entitled to the benefits of this Agreement regardless of their individual citizenship.

## ARTICLE 163.

The repatriation of civilian citizens and civil prisoners of the United States from Germany shall be deemed to be accomplished, within the meaning of this Agreement, upon their arrival at some point within the control of the military forces of the United States, or within the territorial limits of France, Switzerland, The Netherlands, or Denmark; and that of civil prisoners from the United States upon their arrival on board such neutral vessel as may be arranged for by the Contracting Parties or by the Commission provided for in Article 174; their further transportation in either case to be at the care of the Government concerned.

## ARTICLE 164.

The Contracting parties shall have the right to detain civilian citizens and civil prisoners in quarantine for a period not exceeding two months prior to their departure for repatriation or internment. In case quarantine be necessary, the period thereof shall be so arranged as to

cause the least practicable delay in the departure of the persons affected.

## ARTICLE 165.

The provisions of Article 20 of this Agreement are extended to cover civilian prisoners serving sentence for breaches of camp discipline or held awaiting trial therefor.

## ARTICLE 166.

Subject to the conditions stated in Article 22, civilians and civil prisoners who are to be repatriated or interned in a neutral country may take with them moneys in their personal possession, clothing, household effects, personal papers and articles such as those enumerated in Article 28, paragraph 3.

## ARTICLE 167.

The Contracting Parties reserve the right to detain such individual civilians as they may designate. The names of the persons so designated shall be promptly communicated to the Protecting Powers.

## ARTICLE 168.

Civilian citizens and civil prisoners repatriated in accordance with this Agreement may be employed by their respective Governments only as provided in Article 21 hereof.

## II. TREATMENT OF CIVIL PRISONERS.

### ARTICLE 169.

The provisions of Articles 23 to 31 inclusive, 33, 37 to 40 inclusive, 52 to 123 inclusive, 133, 134 and 137 of this Agreement shall apply to civil prisoners in the same manner as to prisoners of war, with such modification as circumstances may require; provided, always, that no such modification shall be less favorable to the prisoners than the original provision, and that consideration be paid to their education and profession.

### ARTICLE 170.

Civil prisoners shall not be called on to undertake any form of compulsory work, except that directly connected with the maintenance and sanitation of the camp or other place in which they may be detained. In apportioning such work, consideration shall be given to the education and profession of the prisoners. No force, threats, menaces, deprivation of privileges, nor any other means shall be employed for the purpose of inducing civil prisoners to undertake any other form of work than herein specified. They shall, however, upon their written request, and not otherwise, be allowed to perform work of a character similar to that performed by prisoners of war and under no less favorable terms.

### ARTICLE 171.

Officers of the retired or reserve lists of the armed forces of the Contracting Parties, certified by the respective Governments as having been such prior to April 6, 1917, who have the status of civil prisoners, shall, as long as their status of civil prisoners continues, be accorded treatment, including pay, fully equal to that provided by this Agreement for officer prisoners of war.

They shall, however, in so far as internment in a neutral country or repatriation is concerned, be accorded the privi-

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leges in these matters accorded to civil prisoners by this Agreement.

The provisions of the foregoing paragraph shall not apply to such individuals as are or may hereafter be detained under charges or be undergoing punishment for violation of the laws of the Captor State.

Any payment of salaries made by the Captor State to the civil prisoners contemplated in this Article shall be reimbursed by the State of Origin.

## ARTICLE 172.

Officers of merchant ships are to be lodged apart from the remainder of the crews of merchant ships and are to be treated according to their rank.

## D. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

### ARTICLE 173.

For the purpose of this agreement, including its seven annexes, the terms prisoners of war, civil prisoner, officer, non-commissioned officer, invalid, valid, repatriation and State of Origin, shall have the meanings defined in Annex 7, except when otherwise specified in the text.

### ARTICLE 174.

The transportation of prisoners of war, civil prisoners and sanitary personnel, who are entitled to repatriation or internment on the basis of this Agreement, shall be arranged with the cooperation of one or more neutral States.

The details for carrying out the transportation by land or sea, including the selection of land and sea routes, shall be determined by a mixed commission (a transportation commission). Any neutral State, through or in which the transportation takes place, shall be represented by one member, and each Contracting Party by two members.

A transportation commission, constituted as above specified, shall convene immediately after the ratification of this Agreement or at an earlier date, to be agreed upon by both Contracting Parties, at The Hague, subject to the consent of the Government of the Netherlands, whose consent both Contracting Parties shall endeavor to obtain.

If necessary the membership of this commission may be increased by representatives of other neutral States affected, or additional similar commissions may be created in other neutral countries concerned, according to circumstances. The chairman of each transportation commission shall be the representative of the neutral State in whose territory the commission meets.

The Commission shall arrange that the Governments concerned be promptly informed of all decisions and measures that affect them. The commission may receive from the Governments concerned all information of importance to them.

The Contracting Parties shall carry out as far as the facilities at their command permit and as rapidly as possible the arrangements for transportation agreed upon by these commissions. The Contracting Parties guarantee to all trains and ships, while engaged on any journey or voyage having the purpose of carrying out the repatriation or internment herein provided for, immunity from any hostile action on their own parts; and they will seek to obtain similar guarantees from

their Allies and cobelligerents. When a return trip is involved as a necessary part of the complete transaction as arranged for by the Commission, like immunity shall extend to such return trip.

## ARTICLE 175.

The following principles shall govern the order in which persons eligible for internment in a neutral country or for repatriation shall be dispatched:

(a) Invalid prisoners of war, invalid civil prisoners and sanitary personnel shall have precedence over all other persons who are to be transported, and shall be assigned to the next possible shipment after their eligibility for internment in a neutral country or for repatriation has been established.

(b) Other persons entitled to transportation shall be sent in the following order:

1. Males under 17 years of age and all females;

2. Prisoners of war;

3. Civilian males over 17 years of age; those over 45 years in preference to those between 17 and 45 years.

Precedence in their respective classes among persons named under the above classes shall be decided according to length of captivity, and when their captivity is of equal duration, according to seniority of age, priority being given to the oldest and children going with their parents or guardians.

(c) If because of uncontrollable circumstances, the order of priority contemplated in the preceding paragraphs can not be followed, the repatriation of the person whose departure may have been delayed shall take place within a maximum period of two months.

(d) Persons selected for transportation overseas shall be embarked as soon as possible after the arrival of the transport in the port of embarkation and in such manner as to utilize fully all available space. The proper authorities of the United States cooperating with the representative of the Protecting Power shall decide questions of priority regarding the transport of Germans.

(e) As far as possible, families shall be sent on the same transport.

## ARTICLE 176.

The expenses of transporting prisoners of war and civil prisoners who are to be repatriated or interned in a neutral country in accordance with this agreement shall be met as follows:

(a) The State of Origin shall bear the expenses of transportation overseas on their own or neutral ships;

(b) The expenses of transportation overland in the territory of the Captor State and in that of its cobelligerents shall be borne by the Captor State; in the territory of the State of Origin, in that of its cobelligerents and in that of neutral States, by the State of Origin of the prisoners.

## ARTICLE 177.

The enumeration in this agreement of certain rights which shall be accorded and privileges which shall not be denied to prisoners of war, sanitary personnel and civil prisoners, shall not be held or construed to preclude additional or greater rights or privileges wherever local conditions may permit.

## ARTICLE 178.

In the interests of German prisoners of war in the hands of the American forces in France, the Protecting Power shall have the right to appoint special delegates who shall have the same privileges and duties, and shall be under the same restrictions as are provided in this agreement for the delegates of the Protecting Powers in the United States and Germany. He shall also be advised of all information regarding the prisoners of war with whose interests he is charged, which under the terms of this agreement is communicated to the representative of the Protecting Power in Washington.

## ARTICLE 179.

The Contracting Parties shall instruct all authorities concerned to take the severest measures to prevent all violations of the provisions of this agreement.

## ARTICLE 180.

Each Contracting Party agrees to notify the other through the representative of its Protecting Power of errors or omissions by the other in the application of the provisions of this Agreement. Upon the receipt of such notification the party notified shall immediately conduct an inquiry into the causes of the complaint and as soon as possible make known to the Protecting Power the results thereof, together with the remedial steps taken.

## ARTICLE 181.

Differences of opinion between the two Contracting Parties as to the interpretation of this Agreement or of any articles thereof shall be referred to a joint commission, which shall consist of a chairman, to be designated by the president of the Swiss Confederation, and of one representative of each of the Contracting Parties. The decision of this commission shall be final.

## ARTICLE 182.

No measure of retaliation or reprisal shall be taken by either of the Contracting Parties against the prisoners of war of the other without giving previous notification of at least forty days of such intent. This notification shall contain a definite statement of the reasons for the measure of reprisal or retaliation proposed and shall be transmitted simultaneously to the diplomatic representative of the Protecting Power and to the Government of the Swiss Confederation. The forty days shall be counted from the date upon which the notification is received by the Swiss Government.

The period specified in the preceding paragraph may be lengthened by a definite period at the option of the State threatening the reprisal, when the representative of the Protecting Power states that the time allowed will not suffice for a full investigation of the causes assigned.

## ARTICLE 183.

Speeches or verbal orders by the commandant of a prison camp or one of his subordinates, if delivered in a language other than that of the prisoners addressed, shall be translated by an interpreter. Written orders shall at all times be translated into the language of the State of Origin of the prisoners and shall be kept posted in a conspicuous place as long as they are in force.

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## ARTICLE 184.

The text of this Agreement, together with its annexes, shall, as soon as it comes into force, be posted and kept permanently posted in English and German, in all camps and working detachments in a public place. The highest ranking officers in officers' camps and the Camp Help Committees and their representatives shall be supplied with a sufficient number of copies of this Agreement to give all those concerned an opportunity to make themselves acquainted with its contents.

## E. APPROVAL OF THE AGREEMENT.

### ARTICLE 185.

This Agreement and its seven annexes shall be approved by both Contracting Parties and notification of such approval in writing shall be transmitted immediately thereafter to the Swiss Federal Government.

The Agreement shall go into effect seven days after the receipt by the Swiss Federal Government of both notifications of approval.

The Contracting parties agree to take the necessary steps to obtain the cooperation of the neutral Governments concerned in any measures necessary for the bringing of this Agreement into operation and for its due execution.

Done at Berne, in five like copies, on this 11th day of November, one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

J. W. GARRETT.  
JOHN W. DAVIS.  
F. J. KEENAN.  
HENRY H. HOUGH.  
FÜRST ZU HOHENLOHE LANGENBURG.  
A. MONTGELAS.  
VON FRANSECKY.  
V. KELLER.  
WILKE.  
DRAUPT.

## ANNEX 1.

### CONDITIONS FOR THE REPATRIATION AND INTERNMENT OF PRISONERS OF WAR UPON THE BASIS OF HEALTH.

#### I. Guiding Principles for Repatriation and Internment.

##### A. GUIDING PRINCIPLES FOR REPATRIATION.

There shall be repatriated:

1. Sick and wounded who, according to medical opinion, cannot be expected to recover within a year, because their condition requires treatment and their mental or physical ability appears to have undergone marked deterioration.
2. Incurably sick and wounded whose mental or physical ability appears to have undergone marked deterioration.
3. Cured sick and wounded whose mental or physical ability appears to have undergone marked deterioration.

##### B. GUIDING PRINCIPLES FOR INTERNMENT.

There shall be interned:

1. Sick and wounded whose recovery within a period of one year, while expected, would appear more sure and rapid if they were given the benefits afforded by the resources of a neutral country than if their captivity were prolonged.

2. Prisoners of war whose mental or physical health, according to medical opinion, is seriously menaced by their remaining in captivity, whereas internment in a neutral country would probably relieve them of this risk.

C. GUIDING PRINCIPLES FOR THE REPATRIATION OF THOSE INTERNED IN A NEUTRAL COUNTRY.

There shall be repatriated:

1. Those whose state of health is or is becoming such that they fall within the

categories of those eligible for repatriation on the basis of invalidism.

2. The recovered whose mental or physical ability appears to have undergone a marked deterioration.

## II. Special Rules for Repatriation and Internment.

### A. SPECIAL RULES FOR REPATRIATION.

There shall be repatriated:

1. All prisoners of war who as a result of organic lesions are afflicted with any of the following defects: Loss of limb, paralysis, changes in joints, or similar injury which causes a defect at least as great as the loss of a foot or a hand.

2. All wounded or injured prisoners of war whose condition is such as to make them invalids whose recovery, according to medical opinion, cannot be expected within one year.

3. All sick whose condition is such that their recovery, according to medical opinion, cannot be expected within one year.

To this category belong particularly:

(a) Progressive tuberculosis of any organ, which, according to medical opinion, cannot be cured, or at least markedly bettered, by treatment in a neutral country.

(b) Nontuberculous affections of the respiratory organs of a presumably incurable nature such as, especially, high-grade emphysema with or without bronchitis, bronchiectasis, severe asthma, gas poisoning, etc.

(c) Serious chronic affections of the organs of circulation (for example, valvular diseases with tendency to disturbances of compensation, relatively serious diseases of the myocardium, pericardium or vessels, particularly inoperable aneurysms of the large vessels, etc.).

(d) Severe chronic affections of the digestive organs.

(e) Severe chronic affections of the genitourinary organs (for example, all cases of proved chronic nephritis with complete symptomatology, and particularly those already showing cardiac and vascular changes; also chronic pyelitis and cystitis, etc.).

(f) Severe chronic diseases of the central and peripheral nervous system (for example severe neurasthenia and hysteria, all cases of undoubted epilepsy and of exophthalmic goitre).

(g) Blindness of both eyes, or of one eye if the vision of the other eye is impaired and cannot be corrected to normal by glasses. Diminution of visual acuity so that it cannot be brought up by correcting glasses to 20/40 in at least one eye. Other ocular affections falling in this category are glaucoma, iritis, choroiditis, etc.

(h) Total bilateral deafness or total unilateral deafness, provided that the completely deaf ear does not hear ordinary conversation at a distance of one meter.

(i) All clearly established cases of mental disease.

(j) Grave chronic poisoning by metals or other causes (lead or mercurial poisoning, morphinism, cocaineism, alcoholism, poisoning by gas, etc.).

(k) Severe chronic affections of the organs of locomotion (arthritis deformans, gout, rheumatism, with clinically demonstrable organic changes).

(l) All malignant neoplasms, if they are not removable by relatively slight operations which do not endanger life.

(m) All cases of malaria with demonstrable organic alterations (considerable chronic enlargements of the liver or spleen, cachexia, etc.).

(n) Grave chronic skin diseases, of such a nature that they do not constitute a medical indication for internment in a neutral country.

### B. SPECIAL RULES FOR INTERNMENT.

Prisoners of war shall be interned if they suffer from any of the following affections:

1. All forms of tuberculosis of any organs, which, according to existing medical knowledge, can be cured or at least markedly improved by methods available in a neutral country (altitude, treatment in sanatoria, etc.).

2. All forms of diseases of the respiratory, circulatory, digestive or genitourinary organs, of the nerves, the organs of sense, the locomotor apparatus and the skin, which need treatment and which do not belong to the categories prescribed for repatriation and are not acute diseases properly so-called, showing a tendency to ready recovery. The affections here discussed are those which offer better chances of recovery by the application of measures available in a neutral country than if the patients were to be treated in captivity.

Nervous troubles caused directly by the events of the war or by captivity, such as psychasthenia of prisoners (barbed-wire dis-

ease) and similar cases, shall be especially considered.

All cases of this kind which are definitely determined and which, in view of their gravity or their constitutional character, are not entitled to direct repatriation, shall be interned.

Cases of psychasthenia of prisoners (barbed-wire disease) which are not cured after three months in a neutral country or which, after that length of time, are not manifestly on the way to definite cure, shall be repatriated.

3. All cases of wounds or injuries and of their consequences, which offer a better chance of cure in a neutral country than in captivity, and which are not on the one hand eligible for repatriation nor on the other insignificant.

4. All cases of duly proved malaria without clinically demonstrable organic alterations (chronic enlargement of liver or spleen, or cachexia, etc.) for which a stay in a neutral country offers particularly favorable prospects of a complete cure.

5. All cases of poisoning (particularly by gas, metals, alkaloids) for which the prospects of cure are especially favorable in a neutral country.

There shall be excluded from internment:

1. All cases of duly proven mental disease.  
2. All organic or functional nervous diseases reputed incurable. (These two categories belong to those which give a right to direct repatriation.)

3. Severe chronic alcoholism.

4. All contagious diseases in the period in which they are transmissible (acute infectious diseases, primary and secondary syphilis, trachoma, leprosy, etc.). Person infested with vermin must be freed therefrom before internment.

## III. General Remarks.

The conditions set forth above should in general be interpreted and applied in a spirit as broad as possible.

This broad interpretation ought to be applied particularly to neuropathic or psychopathic states caused or determined by war experiences or by captivity itself (psychasthenia of prisoners of war) as well as to cases of tuberculosis in all stages.

There will be many cases brought before the travelling commissions and commissions of control which do not conform to the examples given under heading II. The examples are given as typical only. An analogous list of surgical alterations has not been made, because, except for certain cases which by their very nature are incontestable (amputations), it is difficult to make a list of particular types. Experience has shown that the setting forth of such cases is in practice inconvenient.

All cases which do not correspond exactly to the examples cited are to be judged in accordance with the spirit of the guiding principles given above.

## ANNEX 2.

### MINIMUM CONDITIONS FOR THE EQUIPMENT AND ORGANIZATION OF OFFICERS' CAMPS.

#### 1. Housing.

The location and equipment of officers' camps must meet all requirements for proper hygiene and cleanliness. Camps shall not be situated in unhealthy locations. The wire fences shall not be electrified. The buildings shall be suitable for the occupancy of officers, and the rooms shall be sufficiently ventilated and free from draughts. The minimum floor space per head shall be as follows:

##### (a) SLEEPING ROOMS.

Single bed rooms for general and flag officers, 12 square metres.

Single bed rooms for field and commanding officers, 10 square metres.

Rooms with more than one bed for field and commanding officers, 8 square metres.

Rooms for all army captains and subaltern officers, 6 square metres.

##### (b) DINING ROOMS, WORK ROOMS, AND RECREATION ROOMS COMBINED.

In camps up to 100 officers, 1 square metre.  
In camps of from 101 to 300 officers, 0.75 square metre.

In camps of more than 300 officers, 0.50 square metre.

Working rooms and recreation rooms may be used as dining rooms. In such cases they shall be open from reveille to tattoo.

In so far as barracks are used either for sleeping or dining or as work and recreation rooms, they shall as a rule have double walls and wooden floors; but where this is not possi-

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ble, they shall be otherwise sufficiently protected against cold and damp.  
The minimum height for all rooms above mentioned shall be 2.50 meters to the eaves.

## PROTECTION AGAINST FIRE.

Every reasonable precaution, in accordance with current engineering practice in the Captor State, shall be taken against the possibility of injury to prisoners of war because of fire. Fire orders providing for the safe and orderly disposition of prisoners of war in case of fire shall be posted in all prison barracks and camps in the language of the prisoners of war, and the latter as well as the guards shall be fully informed of such orders. These orders shall specifically provide for the temporary release under guard of prisoners of war confined in cells or special disciplinary inclosures.

## 2. Paths.

Paths habitually in use within the camp shall be kept in serviceable condition even in bad weather.

## 3. Beds and Bedding.

Each officer shall be provided with a single bed with springs, mattress, pillow, two warm covers of adequate dimensions, and two sheets. General and flag officers and field and commanding officers shall be provided with a pillow in addition. The beds shall be raised at least twenty centimeters from the floor. Beds shall not be superimposed.

Bed linen shall be changed at least once a month.

## 4. Furniture.

Each officer shall have at his disposal in his bedroom a cupboard or other place in which he can keep his personal belongings (clothing, etc.)

Each officer prisoner of war shall have one chair and adequate table space. General and flag officers shall each have two chairs.

## 5. Lighting and Heating.

All rooms shall be adequately lighted, and the light for every general or flag officer must have a minimum of 16 candlepower, and for every field or commanding officer a minimum of 10 candlepower, in rooms for two officers of other grades 16 candlepower. Where it is not possible to supply electric light, other means of supplying an equal amount of light shall be provided. All rooms shall be heated sufficiently for the purposes for which they are used.

## 6. Grounds for Games and Exercises.

A space for exercise of sufficient size to permit of games being played shall be provided in each camp. In camps having up to 200 prisoners of war a minimum of 30 square metres per man; in camps of over 200 men 25 square metres per man, shall be provided. Paths may be, but gardens shall not be counted in computing this area. Exercise grounds if outside the camp may be used on condition that officers give their paroles as in the case of walks.

## 7. Washing and Sanitary Arrangements.

### (a) BATHING AND WASHING ARRANGEMENTS.

Every officer shall be enabled to take at least one hot bath or hot shower bath a week, and unless other and adequate arrangements are made for bathing there shall be at least one shower bath for every forty officers. In every camp there must be at least two shower baths available. The shower baths shall be available for officers daily for three hours in the morning and three hours in the afternoon.

Ordinarily, every officer shall have at his disposal a wash basin and jug, and a water pitcher and glass. Where stationary washstands with running water are provided there shall be at least one bowl for every ten officers.

### (b) SANITARY CONVENIENCES.

All latrines and urinals shall comply with the requirements of proper sanitation and shall be lighted at night.

There shall be at least one latrine seat for every 30 officers. In no event shall there be less than three in any camp. They shall be separated one from another and shut off from view.

There shall be at least one urinal for every 20 officers.

The latrines for use at night shall be outside the sleeping rooms, and if not in the same building, access thereto shall be protected against bad weather.

Latrines and urinals for the use of officers shall be separate from those used by enlisted men.

## 8. Medical Treatment.

### (a) INFIRMARIES.

An infirmary shall be established in every camp for officer prisoners of war, which shall contain at least three beds for every one hundred officers in camp. The rules as regards floor space and height shall comply with the conditions prescribed for the sleeping rooms. Separate bathing arrangements, latrines, and urinals shall be provided for sick officers.

### (b) HOSPITALS.

Officers in hospitals shall be allowed during the day time to be in the open air as far as this is in accordance with the treatment prescribed for them by the medical officer.

Officers who are seriously ill may, with the consent of the medical officer, be visited by comrades who are in the same hospitals or in a neighboring camp. The visiting officers must give their paroles under the same conditions as are prescribed for walks.

## 9. Orderlies.

Every general or flag officer shall be entitled to one orderly. Field and commanding officers shall be entitled to one orderly for every four officers. Army captains and subalterns are entitled to one orderly for every seven officers.

Men employed as orderlies should be willing to perform this duty, should be physically fit in every way for the work and should work only for the officer prisoners.

Orderlies shall be quartered and otherwise treated as well as other prisoners of war of like grades.

The rations and other rights of the orderlies shall not be curtailed on account of any gratuities or gifts in kind which they may receive from the officers.

Orderlies shall if possible be of the same State of Origin as the officers to whom they are assigned.

## 10. Roll Call.

A commissioned officer of the Captor State shall be present at all roll calls and there shall not be more than three roll calls per day. When there are adequate reasons the number of roll calls may be increased temporarily. In such case the Secretary of War or his representative must be notified.

## 11. Physical Exercises.

Compulsory physical exercises and drills are forbidden.

## ANNEX 3.

### MINIMUM CONDITIONS FOR THE EQUIPMENT AND ORGANIZATION OF CAMPS FOR PRISONERS OF WAR OTHER THAN OFFICERS.

#### 1. Housing.

Prisoners of war shall be housed in buildings or barracks which must fulfill all requirements of hygiene and be fully protected from inclement weather. Barracks shall, if possible, have wooden floors. If that is not practicable, the floor shall be so constructed that it can be kept hard, dry and clean.

Camps shall not be established in unhealthy locations. Wire fencing shall not be electrified.

#### (a) DORMITORIES.

The floor space of dormitories shall be on the scale of 3 square metres per head. If beds are placed one above the other, the floor space may be reduced to 2 square metres per head. Rooms shall be sufficiently large to provide each occupant with an air space of 7.5 cubic metres.

#### (b) LIVING AND DINING ROOMS.

In all camps containing at least 100 prisoners of war there shall be dining rooms provided with a sufficient quantity of tables and benches. The floor space shall be on the scale of 0.5 square metres per head. The dining rooms may be used by the prisoners of war for purposes of recreation between meals. In that case they must remain open from reveille until tattoo.

#### (c) PROTECTION AGAINST FIRE.

Every reasonable precaution, in accordance with current engineering practice in the Captor State, shall be taken against the possibility of injury to prisoners of war because of fire. Fire orders providing for the safe and orderly disposition of prisoners of war in case of fire shall be posted in all prison barracks, camps or working camps in the language of the prisoners of war; and the

latter as well as the guards shall be fully informed of such orders. These orders shall specifically provide for the temporary release under guard of prisoners of war confined in cells or special disciplinary inclosures.

## 2. Paths.

Paths habitually in use within the camp shall be kept in serviceable condition, even in bad weather.

## 3. Beds and Bedding.

The beds shall be either iron or wooden frames. The bedding shall consist of a soft mattress at least 5 centimetres thick throughout and of two warm covers of adequate dimensions, to be supplied by the Captor State. The bed frames shall be raised at least twenty centimetres above the floor. They shall be separated by a space fifty centimetres broad or a dividing wall forty centimetres high. The contents of the mattress, if of straw, paper, seaweed or similar material, shall be renewed sufficiently often to insure cleanliness and adequate thickness. The contents must not consist of unclean material. Prisoners of war shall be allowed to keep their own blankets in addition to those provided by the camp.

## 4. Lighting and Heating.

Lighting shall be sufficient to enable prisoners of war to read and write from dusk until tattoo in the rooms at their disposal for the purpose.

All rooms must be sufficiently heated for the purposes for which they are used.

## 5. Grounds for Games and Exercises.

A space for exercise of sufficient size to permit of outdoor games being played shall be provided in each camp. It shall be sufficient to provide ten square metres for every nonworker. In main and working camps containing more than 100 prisoners of war a special exercise ground shall be provided which the prisoners of war themselves shall prepare. The area shall be on a basis of 250 square metres for 100 prisoners of war and 75 square metres for every additional 100 prisoners of war. Paths may be, but gardens shall not be counted in computing this area.

## 6. Washing and Sanitary Arrangements.

### (a) BATHING AND WASHING ARRANGEMENTS.

Adequate facilities for washing must be provided and in the absence of other adequate arrangements there shall be a tap to every 30 men and a shower bath for every 50 men. Suitable provision for washing shall, however, always be made when necessitated by the nature of the work prisoners of war are called upon to perform.

Bathing facilities shall permit of at least one hot bath or hot shower per week of at least five minutes duration. Facilities for washing clothes shall be available at least once a week.

Prisoners of war shall receive an allowance of soap which shall in no case be less than 150 grams per head per month. Prisoners employed on heavy work shall receive an extra allowance.

### (b) SANITARY CONVENIENCES.

Latrines and urinals must conform to the requirements of health and cleanliness and, if in barracks, must be separated from the living rooms.

There must be at least one latrine seat and one metre of urinal trough for every 40 men.

The latrines for use at night shall be outside the sleeping rooms, and, if not in the same buildings, access thereto shall be protected against bad weather.

Latrines shall be lighted at night.

## 7. Clothing and Equipment.

### (a) CLOTHING.

Clothing, underclothing, and footwear shall be furnished by the Captor State, the quality of which shall equal that of the same articles furnished for similar purposes to its own armed forces. Furthermore the prisoners of war shall be allowed to receive wearing apparel and other objects of daily use from the designated relief societies. No such consignments shall relieve the Captor State of the obligation of providing clothing, etc. The Captor State shall provide for regular renewal and repair.

Regulation uniforms furnished by the State or Origin or the relief societies shall not be cut for the purpose of applying stripes or other distinctive marks.

Every prisoner of war shall be provided with the following articles: 1 cap, 1 pair cloth

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trousers, 1 cloth coat or tunic, 1 overcoat, 2 shirts, 2 pairs of drawers, 2 pairs of socks or stockings, 2 pairs of boots or shoes of which one pair may be house shoes or wooden slippers, 1 towel per week.

In addition, each worker shall be provided with a suit of drill overalls whenever the nature of the work requires it.

## (b) EQUIPMENT.

Each prisoner of war shall be given a mess kit and utensils, including a knife, fork and spoon, a drinking cup and a barrack bag or other suitable container for his personal belongings.

## 8. Medical Treatment.

### (a) INFIRMARIES.

In every camp containing more than 30 prisoners of war there shall be an infirmary. The number of beds shall be three for every hundred prisoners and for every bed there shall be an air space of at least 10 cubic metres. The beds shall each have springs, a mattress, a pillow, and sheets.

Special bath and sanitary conveniences shall be provided for the sick.

### (b) HOSPITALS.

Prisoners of war under treatment in hospitals shall be given an opportunity for being in the open air daily, so far as this is in accordance with the treatment prescribed for them by the medical officers.

Men who are seriously ill may be visited, so far as practicable and subject to the consent of the medical officer, by comrades who are located in the same hospital or in a neighboring camp.

## 9. Physical Exercises.

Compulsory drills and physical exercises shall not last more than one hour per day.

## ANNEX 4.

### REGULATIONS FOR CARRYING OUT THE PUNISHMENT OF OFFICER PRISONERS OF WAR IN PRISON CAMPS AND MILITARY PRISONS.

#### 1. Housing.

Rooms shall be sanitary, sufficiently large, light, dry, well ventilated by at least one window leading to the open air, and warmed during cold weather; they must be artificially lighted from dusk to 9 P. M. Places of confinement may be secured by locks.

#### 2. Furniture.

The furniture of the rooms shall consist of a bed with mattress, sufficient blankets and sheets, one table, one chair, a washbasin, a water pitcher, and glass.

#### 3. Diet.

Officer prisoners of war under punishment shall receive from the Officers' mess the same diet as those who are not under punishment. They shall not be permitted to buy alcoholic beverages or eatables. They shall be allowed to smoke.

#### 4. Exercise.

Officer prisoners of war under punishment may take exercise in the open air for 2 hours a day, but must not have communication with their fellows.

#### 5. Occupation.

Officer prisoners of war under punishment shall be allowed to read and write and to receive newspapers. If two or more officers are confined in the same room they shall be allowed to talk together. They shall be permitted to play games, but not to gamble.

#### 6. Correspondence.

Officer prisoners of war under punishment shall be allowed to receive and send the authorized maximum of letters and post cards. However, parcels and money addressed to them shall not be delivered until their punishment has expired.

The food contents of parcels shall be handed over to the Officers' mess of the camp. If any officer prisoner does not receive his food from the Officers' mess, he shall receive the food contents of parcels intended for him, together with facilities and fuel for cooking such food.

#### 7. Sanitary Conveniences.

Officer prisoners of war under punishment shall have every reasonable facility for keeping

## ANNEX 6.

### CORRESPONDING TITLES AND RANK OF THE SANITARY PERSONNEL

Deutsches Heer.		Deutsche Marine.		
Titel.	Rang.	Titel.	Rang.	
Generalstabsarzt der Armee.	Generalleutnant.	Generalstabsarzt der Marine.	Kontreadmiral.	
Obergeneralarzt.	Generalmajor.	Marineobergeneralarzt.	Kontreadmiral.	
Generalarzt.	Oberst.	Marinegeneralarzt.	Kapitän zur See.	
Generaloberarzt.	Oberstleutnant.	Marinegeneraloberarzt.	Fregattenkapitän.	
Oberstabsarzt.	Major.	Marineoberstabsarzt.	Korvettenkapitän.	
Stabsarzt.	Hauptmann.	Marinestabsarzt.	Kapitänleutnant.	
Oberarzt.	Oberleutnant.	Marineoberassistentarzt.	Oberleutnant zur See.	
Assistentarzt.	Leutnant.	Marineassistentarzt.	Leutnant zur See.	
Unterarzt.	Feldwebel.	Marineunterarzt.	Fähnrich zur See.	
Sanitätsfeldwebel.		Sanitätsfeldwebel.	Feldwebel.	
Sanitätsvizefeldwebel.	Vizefeldwebel.	Sanitätsvizefeldwebel.	Vizefeldwebel.	
Sanitätssergeant.	Sergeant.	Obersanitätsmaat.	Obermaat.	
Sanitätsunteroffizier.	Unteroffizier.	Sanitätsmaat.	Maat.	
Sanitätsgefreiter.	Gefreiter.	Obersanitätsgant.	Obermatrose.	
Sanitätsgemeiner.	Gemeiner.	Sanitätsgant.	Matrose.	
Korpsstabsapotheker.	Obere Militärbeamte im Offiziersrang.	Krankenwärter.	Untere Militärbeamte	
Stabsapotheker,		Laboratoriumsdienener.		
Zahnarzt.				Lazarettwärter.
Oberapotheker.				
Lazarettverwaltungs-	Lazarettverwaltungs-			
direktor.				
Lazarettberinspektor.		Lazarettberinspektor.		
Feldlazarettiinspektor.				
Maschinist, Heizer.	Maschinist, Heizer.			
Instrumentenmacher,			Laboratoriumsdienener.	
Mechaniker.				
Zivilkrankenwärter.				

# Agreement Between U. S. and Germany Anent Prisoners

## ANNEX 6.

OF THE GERMAN AND AMERICAN LAND AND NAVAL FORCES.

American Army.		American Navy.	
Title.	Rank.	Title.	Rank.
Surgeon General.	Major General.	Surgeon General.	Rear Admiral.
Brigadier General, Medical Corps.	Brigadier General.	Medical Director.	Rear Admiral.
Colonel, Medical Corps.	Colonel.	Medical Director.	Captain.
Colonel, Dental Corps.	Colonel.	Medical Inspector.	Commander.
Lieutenant Colonel, Medical Corps.	Lieutenant Colonel.		
Lieutenant Colonel, Dental Corps.	Lieutenant Colonel.	Surgeon.	Lieutenant Commander.
Major, Medical Corps.	Major.	Dental Surgeon.	Lieutenant Commander.
Major, Dental Corps.	Major.	Surgeon, Naval Medical Reserve Corps.	Lieutenant Commander.
Major, Medical Reserve Corps.	Major.	Passed Assistant Surgeon.	Lieutenant Commander.
Major, Sanitary Corps.	Major.	Passed Assistant Surgeon.	Lieutenant.
		Passed Assistant Surgeon, Naval Medical Reserve Corps.	Lieutenant.
Captain, Medical Corps.	Captain.	Dental Surgeon.	Lieutenant.
Captain, Medical Reserve Corps.	Captain.	Assistant Surgeon.	
Captain, Dental Corps.	Captain.	Assistant Dental Surgeon.	Lieutenant, Junior Grade.
Captain, Sanitary Corps.	Captain.	Acting Assistant Surgeon.	
1st Lieutenant, Medical Corps.	1st Lieutenant.	Assistant Surgeon, Naval Medical Reserve Corps.	Chief Warrant Officer.
1st Lieutenant, Dental Corps		Chief Pharmacist.	Warrant Officer.
1st Lieutenant, Medical Reserve Corps.		Pharmacist.	Chief Petty Officer.
1st Lieutenant, Sanitary Corps.		Chief Pharmacist's Mate.	
Master Hospital Sergeant.	Regimental Sergeant Major.	Pharmacist's Mate 1st Class.	Petty Officer, 1st Class.
Hospital Sergeant, Medical Department.	Regimental Sergeant Major.	Pharmacist's Mate, 2nd Class.	Petty Officer, 2nd Class.
Sergeant 1st Class, Medical Department.	1st Sergeant.	Pharmacist's Mate, 3rd Class.	Petty Officer, 3rd Class.
Sergeant, Medical Department.	Sergeant.	Ship's Cook.	Ship's Cook.
Corporal, Medical Department.	Corporal.	Hospital Apprentice, 1st Class.	Seaman, 1st Class.
Cook, Medical Department.	Cook.	Hospital Apprentice, 2nd Class.	Seaman, 2nd Class.
Private, 1st Class Medical Department.	Private, 1st Class.		
Private, 2nd Class Medical Department.	Private.		

themselves in a state of personal cleanliness. The rooms in which they are confined shall be properly cleaned. Latrines shall be kept clean and odorless. Night stools in the rooms are forbidden, but adequate opportunities for attending to the calls of nature shall be given.

### 8. Orderlies.

Orderlies shall be provided for necessary cooking, policing, etc.

### 9. Clothing.

Officer prisoners of war under punishment shall be allowed such of their clothing as they may reasonably request.

## ANNEX 5.

### REGULATIONS FOR THE CARRYING OUT OF PUNISHMENTS OF PRISONERS OF WAR OTHER THAN OFFICERS IN PRISON CAMPS AND MILITARY PRISONS.

#### 1. Housing.

Rooms shall be sanitary, sufficiently light, dry, well ventilated, and warmed in cold weather. The cubic contents shall at least be 2½ × 2½ × 1½ metres per head. There need be no artificial lighting.

#### 2. Furniture and Clothing.

Each room shall be provided with a wooden bed board without a mattress. The bed board shall not be taken from the room. A mattress shall be allowed one night in every four. In the room there shall be a water pitcher and a drinking glass. If washing facilities are not afforded outside of the room, each prisoner of war under punishment shall be furnished a wash basin. They shall be allowed at all times a sufficient number of blankets. They may retain their uniforms and overcoats.

#### 3. Diet.

As a punishment, prisoners of war may be put on a bread and water diet. While on bread and water diet they shall receive not less than 500 grams of bread each day and as much drinking water as they wish. Such diet shall not be continued for more than 3 days at a time, nor more than 6 days out of 12 consecutive days; nor more than 12 days in 28; nor more than a total of 80 days in one year. On all other days they shall receive the same full ration as their comrades, including their share of the food supplies received from the designated relief societies. Unless such additional food supplies are turned into the mess for all prisoners together, prisoners of war under punishment shall be granted facilities and fuel for cooking such food on all days on which they are entitled to full ration.

Prisoners of war under punishment who are required to work shall not be put on restricted diet but shall each day receive the same food as their comrades.

Alcoholic beverages and smoking are forbidden.

#### 4. Outdoor Exercise.

Prisoners of war under punishment shall be allowed two hours exercise in the open air every day without having communication with their comrades.

#### 5. Employment.

Prisoners of war under punishment may be employed on work during the day. Reading and writing shall be permitted.

#### 6. Correspondence.

Prisoners of war under punishment shall be allowed to receive and to send the authorized maximum of letters and postcards. However, parcels and money which may be addressed to them shall not be delivered until their punishment has expired. Food stuffs contained in parcels shall be handed over to the prisoners of war mess.

#### 7. Sanitation.

Prisoners of war under punishment shall have sufficient facilities for keeping themselves in a state of personal cleanliness. Their rooms shall be properly cleaned. Latrines shall be kept clean and odorless. Night stools in the rooms are forbidden; but sufficient opportunity shall be afforded to attend to calls of nature during the night.

(Continued on page 27.)

# RED CROSS HOME SERVICE

*Information for Soldiers' and Sailors' Families, Issued by Department of Civilian Relief.*

## Conditions Which Determine the Dependency of Class B Relatives

The following regulations have been adopted by the Bureau of War-Risk Insurance:

"By virtue of T. D. 17, 'for the purpose of the war-risk insurance act, a person is dependent, in whole or in part, upon another when he is compelled to rely, and the relations between the parties are such that he has a right to rely, in whole or in part, on the other for his support.'"

1. In the absence of evidence clearly showing that there is an unusual expense because of chronic illness or other conditions an income of \$50 per month, for any one person is held to place such person in a nondependent status.

2. Likewise, if there be two members of the family whose income is \$90 per month, it is held that such persons are in a nondependent status. Also, an additional income of \$15 per month for additional members of such family shall constitute nondependence.

Examples: (a) A father or mother whose income is \$50 per month will be held to be nondependent and not entitled to an allowance.

(b) A father and mother whose income is \$90 per month will be held to be nondependent and not entitled to an allowance.

(c) If there be a father and mother and one or more brothers and sisters and the income of the family equals \$90 for the father and mother and \$15 for each child in addition, the family will be held to be nondependent.

3. Board in rural communities and in cities of 30,000 or less shall be computed at the rate of \$10 per month, unless the weight of the evidence shows that the same should be computed at a higher figure, but in no such case shall it be computed at higher than \$20 per month. In cities of over 30,000 inhabitants, board shall be computed at the rate of \$20 per month, unless the weight of evidence shows that it should be calculated at less or in excess of that amount, but in no such case shall it be fixed at more than \$25 per month.

4. Where the enlisted man contributed his services in any business and did not receive wages, his contribution shall be calculated upon the basis of \$35 per month exclusive of board in the absence of evidence clearly showing his services are not of that value.

5. Contributions by the enlisted man for the purpose of making payments on real estate purchased by the allottees, neither used nor to be used as a home by the allottees, shall not be considered as a contribution because of dependency.

6. The payment by the enlisted man of monthly payments or interest upon the indebtedness of a home occupied by allottees shall be considered as a contribution because of dependency upon the theory that it is identical with rent.

It should be noted that the above regulations bear directly upon the question as to when a Class B allowance may prop-

erly be canceled because of lack of proof of dependency, and also when there is a right to have a Class B allowance reinstated after previous cancellation. The provisions of these regulations should be carefully borne in mind in making applications for reinstatement of Class B allowances.

It should be noted that the above regulations do not apply to cases of an alleged dependent father or dependent mother who seeks compensation.

## Insurance After the Insured Resumes His Civil Status

The following Treasury decision has recently been issued relative to the payment of premiums and the lapsation and reinstatement of yearly renewable term insurance granted under the provisions of the war-risk insurance act, applying to insured persons after discharge from military or naval service:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,  
BUREAU OF WAR-RISK INSURANCE,  
Washington, December 17, 1918.

(1) When any person insured under the provisions of the war-risk insurance act leaves the active military or naval service for reasons not precluding the continuance of insurance, the monthly premium which, had he remained in the service, would have been payable on the last day of the calendar month in which his discharge was effective will be payable on the first day of the calendar month following the date of his discharge, and thereafter monthly premiums shall be payable on the first day of each calendar month. The premium payable on the first day of any calendar month may, however, be paid at any time during such month. If the premium is not so paid the insurance shall lapse and terminate.

(2) If the insurance has lapsed for nonpayment of premium, such insurance may be reinstated: (a) If application is made at any time within two calendar months from the expiration of the calendar month in which the premium was payable, upon the applicant's signed statement to the effect that he is in as good health as at the expiration of the calendar month in which the premium was payable; (b) if application is made at any time subsequent to two calendar months and before the expiration of five calendar months from the expiration of the calendar month in which the premium was payable, accompanied by a formal report of examination made by a reputable physician, substantiating said applicant's statement to the satisfaction of the director of the Bureau of War-Risk Insurance.

(3) In cases of persons discharged from the active military or naval service prior to January 1, 1919, for reasons not precluding the continuation of insurance, if the insurance has lapsed for nonpayment of the first premium payable

after discharge, such insurance may be reinstated at any time on or before June 30, 1919, upon the applicant's signed statement to the effect that he is in as good health as at the date of his discharge, accompanied by a formal report of examination made by a reputable physician, substantiating said applicant's statement to the satisfaction of the Director of the Bureau of War-Risk Insurance.

(4) In every case where reinstatement of lapsed insurance is desired the applicant shall file with the Bureau of War-Risk Insurance a written application therefor, and make tender of all the sums which would have become payable as premiums if such insurance had not lapsed, provided, however, that no application will be required in connection with the reinstatement of insurance lapsed for nonpayment of the first premium payable after discharge, should such premium be tendered within the second calendar month following the date of discharge.

(5) All regulations heretofore made and which conflict with the foregoing are hereby revoked.

## What the Home Service Does for Disabled Soldiers

The Federal Board for Vocational Education, in cooperation with the office of the Surgeon General and the Bureau of War Risk Insurance, is publishing a joint series of rehabilitation pamphlets. In the second of this series, *To the Household of the Disabled Soldier and Sailor*, the following statement is given as to what the Red Cross will do:

The Red Cross is willing and anxious to help you and Bill in every possible way. The Red Cross does not stop with giving sweaters and socks to Bill when he is in the trenches or comforts and friendship when he is in the hospital. Every local chapter of the Red Cross has a home-service committee which tries to give all kinds of practical neighborly help and information to the family of every soldier or sailor which needs any such assistance while the husband or son or father or brother is at the front.

You may have never needed any such help. You may not need it now. But if you do; if there is any information you want about your allotment or allowance; if any business or legal matter is troubling you; if you need money until the Government check arrives; if the health or the school problems of the children are worrying you—in a word, if there is anything you would like to talk over with a wise and sympathetic friend, do not hesitate to go to the Red Cross home-service section in your town.

And don't get the idea that this would be "seeking charity." The Government has for years recognized the Red Cross as an official organization to help the Army and Navy in time of war, and in General Order No. 17 the War Department has especially approved this work the Red Cross is doing for the families

(Continued on page 27.)

## AMERICAN PRISONERS OF WAR REPORTED AS HAVING ARRIVED IN FRANCE

The War Department announces that the following-named American prisoners of war released from German prison camps and hospitals are reported to have been returned to France:

POLING, John H., private. Mandy Poling, 318 North Tyler Street, Van Wert, Ohio.  
 BOLING, Thurman, private. Mrs. Laura Boling, wife, R. F. D. No. 4, Philpot, Ky.  
 PIETILA, Waino, private. Emil Pietila, brother, White Pine, Antongon County, Mich.  
 ZIELINSKI, Joe, private. Alex Zielinski, father, Kitagrod, Podolsky, Russia.  
 HERIGON, August H., private. John Herigon, father, St. Thomas, Mo.  
 HOTT, John, private. Mrs. Sadie Hott, mother, Pittsboro, Ind.  
 SNYDER, Elmer Edward, private. Mrs. Dora Snyder, mother, 534 Magee Avenue, Bloomsburg, Pa.  
 MILLER, Francis J., corporal. Mrs. Verna Gummoe, mother, R. F. D. No. 1, Honesdale, Pa.  
 FAZIO, Salvatore, private. Tony Fazio, brother, 40 Lucille, Passaic, N. J.  
 FRAZIER, Enos E., private. Mrs. Sarah A. Frazier, mother, South Fork, Ark.  
 NEEL, Walter E., private. Mrs. Minnie Neel, 313 West Town Street, Salisbury, N. C.  
 TRACEY, Joseph J., sergeant. Mrs. Mary Tracey, mother, 5 Berkeley Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.  
 STEIN, John Peter, private, first class. Mrs. Charlotte Stein, mother, 1008 West Grant Avenue, Duquesne, Pa.  
 DENNINGER, Joseph, private. Mrs. Margaret Denninger, mother, 253 Fifty-eighth Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.  
 TLETON, Fred, private. Hon. Frederick W. Rowe, House of Representatives.  
 EKARSTEN, Robert, private. Andrew Sande, friend, Turner, Mont.  
 STURNIOLO, David, private. Joseph Sturnio, father, 4511 Fort Hamilton Parkway, Brooklyn, N. Y.  
 ENGEL, Francis J., private. F. J. Engel, father, 46 Romaine Avenue, Jersey City, N. J.  
 GALLATTO, Rosario, private. Frank Gallatto, cousin, Schenectady, N. Y.  
 HUSTED, Charles Jacob, private, first class. Mrs. Catherine M. Husted, mother, 980 North Sixty-sixth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.  
 MUNSSELMAN, John R., private. Sam Musselman, R. F. D. No. Rohrsburg, Pa.  
 ALBRIGHT, Harrison Ralph, private, first class. Miss May Albright, sister, Parrish Street, Philadelphia; also John F. H. Albright, father, 4308 Peen Street, Philadelphia, Pa.  
 O'NEILL, John, private. Mrs. Mary O'Neill, mother, 1782 Nostrand Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.  
 McMANUS, Bernard Joseph, corporal. Mrs. Margaret McManus, mother, 345 Myrtle Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.  
 CHESTER, Andrew J., private, first class. Andrew Chester, father, 6311 Hicks Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa.  
 O'HEARN, James, corporal. Mrs. Catherine O'Hearn, mother, 195 Chestnut Avenue, Risebank, Staten Island, N. Y.  
 VIOLA, Michael, corporal. Mrs. Petronilla Viola, 4017 Poplar Street, Philadelphia, Pa.  
 FISHER, Clair H., private, first class. Mrs. Ruth H. Fisher, mother, East Glastonbury, Conn.  
 LIPPERT, Frederick W., corporal. Mrs. M. Lippert, mother, 446 Franklin Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.  
 LAMAR, Arthur V., private. Mrs. J. Lamar, mother, 55 Fifth Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.  
 HENDERSON, Francis G., private. Mrs. Alice Henderson, mother, 565 Forty-ninth Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.  
 GALVIN, Michael T., private. Mrs. Mary Martin, aunt, 199 Richard Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.  
 BROWNE, Edward S., private. Thomas Browne, father, 1051 Madison Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.  
 DILLMAN, Eugene, sergeant. Mrs. Anna M. Dillman, mother, 8808 Darylme Avenue, Woodhaven, Long Island, N. Y.  
 PHIPPS, Harvey, corporal. Mrs. Nancy Phipps, mother, 704 West Cornwell Street, Aurora, Ind.  
 WOODWARD, Edgar M., corporal. Mrs. Emma Woodward, mother, Stoyestown, Pa.  
 ROMAZZO, John, private. Mrs. Anna Shaw, friend, Frederick Street, Beckskill, N. Y.

CREMONA, Christopher, private. Rev. Amedeo Reggio, friend, 407 East One hundred and fourteenth Street, New York, N. Y.  
 BRENNER, Abraham, private. Mrs. Celia Brenner, mother, 528 East One hundred and twentieth Street, New York, N. Y.  
 PELLATTIRO, Charles, private. Mrs. Mary Pellattiro, mother, Hooversville, Pa.  
 FRAZIER, Eugene P., private. Jennie Frazier, mother, R. F. D. No. 15, Connellsville, Pa.  
 RODGERS, John, private. Mrs. Elizabeth Kunkle, sister, Sixty-fifth Street and Chester Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa.  
 SNYDER, Ernest, private. Henry Snyder, father, 847 Lincoln Street, Easton, Pa.  
 FENSTERMAKER, William, private. Mrs. Amanda Rehrig, sister, Bowmanstown, Pa.  
 VOELMLE, Edward, private. Miss Bertha Voelmlc, sister, 449 Northeast Boulevard, Philadelphia, Pa.  
 ANDREWS, Vester L., private. Calvin Andrews, Piney Creek, N. C.  
 DEC, Tony. Stanislaw Dec, father, Nivski, Lublin, Russia.  
 SZAMKUL, Konstanty, private. Lauk Szamkul, father, Minsk, Gubezni Noushrudskoho Uezda, Horodesza, Russia.  
 SWITZER, William H., private. Julian G. Switzer, father, 104 South Second Street, Paducah, Ky.  
 WELLS, Charles S. Mary E. Wells, mother, R. F. D. No. 1, Martha, W. Va.  
 MESTAYER, Edward, private. Dennis Mestayer, father, Baldwin, La.  
 JOHNSON, Martin A., private. Mrs. Anelina Johnson, mother, 352 Wendell Street, Chicago, Ill.

### Red Cross Home Service

(Continued from page 26.)

of enlisted men. If you need help, go to the Red Cross and give them a chance.

All families and friends of disabled soldiers and sailors who are interested in the vocational training to be given them by the Federal Board for Vocational Education after their discharge from the military and naval service should address their communications either to the Federal Board for Vocational Education, Washington, D. C., or to the district office of the Federal board of the district in which he is located. These districts and the offices for each are as follows:

District No. 1.—Maine, Vermont, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, and Rhode Island. Office: Room 433, Tremont Building, Boston, Mass.

District No. 2.—Connecticut, New York, and New Jersey. Office: Rooms 711-712, 280 Broadway, New York.

District No. 3.—Pennsylvania and Delaware. Office: 1000 Penn Square Building, Philadelphia, Pa.

District No. 4.—District of Columbia, Maryland, Virginia, and West Virginia. Office: 606 F Street NW., Washington, D. C.

District No. 5.—North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, and Tennessee. Office: 1404 Candler Building, Atlanta, Ga.

District No. 6.—Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana. Office: 822 Maison Blanche Annex, New Orleans, La.

District No. 7.—Ohio, Indiana, and Kentucky. Office: 906-907 Mercantile Library Building, Cincinnati, Ohio.

District No. 8.—Michigan, Illinois, and Wisconsin. Office: 1600 The Westminster, 110 South Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

District No. 9.—Iowa, Nebraska, Kan-

## AGREEMENT BETWEEN U. S. AND GERMANY ANENT PRISONERS

(Continued from page 25.)

### ANNEX 7.

#### DEFINITIONS.

##### 1. Prisoners of War.

The term "prisoners of war" shall comprise those officers, officials, noncommissioned offi-

cers and enlisted or enrolled persons, male or female, of all branches and corps of the army, navy and marine corps whether on the active, retired or reserve lists, who are captured while in the active service of the armed forces of their State of Origin. Sanitary personnel are excluded.

##### 2. Civil Prisoners.

The term "civil prisoners" shall comprise all citizens or subjects of either Contracting Party held in confinement by the other for any reason except the violation of the penal laws in force in the territories of the Captor State or any of its subdivisions; inclusive of the officers and members of crews of merchant ships, and exclusive of persons coming within the definition of "prisoners of war," or Article 139 or 140.

##### 3. Officers.

The term "officer" shall comprise the officers of all corps of the armed forces, military or naval, of the two Contracting Parties and shall include commissioned, warranted, and appointed officers of the United States, "Hilfsoffiziere" of the German navy and officials with the rank of officer in the German army or navy.

##### 4. Noncommissioned Officers.

The term "noncommissioned officer" shall include in the American army corporals, and in the German army or navy, "Offiziersstellvertreter" and "Beamtenstellvertreter," "Deckoffiziere," "Vizedeckoffiziere," and "Hilfsdeckoffiziere."

##### 5. State of Origin.

The term "State of Origin" shall be held to mean:

(a) with reference to military or naval personnel, the State in whose armed forces they are commissioned, warranted, appointed, enlisted or enrolled;

(b) with reference to nonmilitary persons, the State with whose armed forces they are exclusively connected.

##### 6. Invalid and Valid Prisoners of War.

The term "invalid prisoners of war" shall comprise those who are eligible for internment in a neutral country or repatriation under the terms of this Agreement because of physical or mental unsoundness. All other prisoners of war shall be deemed "valid."

##### 7. Repatriation.

The term "repatriation" shall, when applied to prisoners of war and sanitary personnel, mean the return to American or German military control; as applied to civilians it is defined in Article 163.

sas, and Missouri. Office: 517 Chemical Building, St. Louis, Mo.

District No. 10.—Minnesota, North Dakota, and South Dakota. Office: Room 742 Metropolitan Bank Building, Minneapolis, Minn.

District No. 11.—Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, and Utah. Office: 909 Seventeenth Street, Denver, Colo.

District No. 12.—California, Nevada, and Arizona. Office: San Francisco, Cal.

District No. 13.—Montana, Idaho, Oregon, and Washington. Office: Seattle, Wash.

District No. 14.—Arkansas, Oklahoma, and Texas. Office: Dallas, Tex.

Better than money because they earn money; buy a WAR-SAVINGS STAMP TO-DAY.

## Health Conditions at Army Camps Within the United States As Reported to the Surgeon General for Week Ending Jan. 3

The War Department authorizes the following:

Herewith is a detailed report on the health conditions of troops in the United States for the week ended January 3. The report of the Division of Sanitation to the Surgeon General of the Army for that week is as follows:

1. A few cases of influenza continue to be reported from practically all large camps, but the number is relatively small, as compared with earlier weeks. Camp Travis and the Port of Embarkation, Hoboken, are the only stations reporting more than 100 new cases for the week.

2. Pneumonia continues to decline. There were 106 new cases reported from the 17 large tent camps, which have a combined numerical strength of approximately 162,000. In the cantonments, 253 new cases were reported, with a numerical strength of approximately 436,000. Camp Lewis leads in the number of new cases (69) with Camp McClellan second in this respect (32). A few scattering cases are reported from all cantonments. No new cases were reported from Camps Greenleaf, MacArthur, Cody, and Forrest. Aviation stations continue with a relatively high incidence of pneumonia.

3. A few cases of scarlet fever (22) continue to be reported from Camp Funston. There were 52 new cases of malaria reported from Camp Las Casas, Porto Rico, out of a total of 61 cases for all stations.

4. Continued demobilization is indicated by the falling off in the numerical strength of approximately 77,000, as compared with the strength of command for the preceding week. The admission and noneffective rates are higher than last week. The death rate is much lower. There were 197 deaths reported from all causes against 260 for the preceding week, giving a death rate for disease of 9.9 as compared with the death rate of 12.1 last week.

5. Special diseases were reported as follows:

	This week.	Last week.
Influenza.....	1,262	1,191
Pneumonia.....	518	539
Measles.....	240	287
Meningitis.....	14	22
Scarlet fever.....	58	50
Veneral diseases.....	1,011	1,055

NOTE.—The grouping of troops in the United States into "Divisional Camps," "Cantonments," "Departmental and Other Troops," appears no longer necessary, as conditions affecting the health of troops, other than housing, are now practically identical in all troop stations. The grouping heretofore followed will be discontinued commencing with this week's report.

### Summary.

Troops.	Noneffective rate.		Weekly admission rate for disease.		Death rate.			
	This week.	Last week.	This week.	Last week.	All causes.		Disease only.	
					This week.	Last week.	This week.	Last week.
Division camps.....	45.55	42.6	15.3	13.8	9.64	7.2	9.32	6.6
Cantonments.....	43.69	37.9	18.0	14.1	8.34	11.8	7.87	11.3
Departments, etc.....	52.41	46.9	23.6	17.0	13.59	17.1	12.75	15.9

### Cases of special diseases reported during the week ending Jan. 3, 1919.

Camp.	Pneumonia.	Dysentery.	Malaria.	Veneral diseases. <sup>1</sup>	Influenza.	Measles.	Meningitis.	Scarlet fever.	Noneffective per 1,000 on day of report.
Beauregard.....	6		1	35 (?)		9			38.57
Bowie.....	5		1	190 (?)	8	1			33.97
Cody.....					1			1	75.23
Forrest.....		1		3 (?)		14			58.99
Fremont.....	7			2 (1)	6				52.89
Greene.....	6			11 (?)	9	4			40.93
Greenleaf.....				2 (?)	2	1			32.33
Hancock.....	22			16 (5)	6		1		49.15
Kearny.....	11			22 (6)	41				16.48
Logan.....	4			18 (2)	33	11			40.39
MacArthur.....					2				51.47
McClellan.....	32			8 (4)	25	3	1		51.21
Sevier.....	4			7 (2)	3	1			38.59
Shelby.....	5			19 (7)	14				74.47
Sheridan.....	2			30 (5)		2	1		46.00
Wadsworth.....	1			3 (?)		4			40.35
Wheeler.....	1			6 (?)		6			196.68
Custer.....	8			17 (5)		4		4	23.17
Devens.....	9			14 (14)	35	3	1		35.78
Dix.....	11			3 (?)	27	1			68.06
Dodge.....	8			29 (9)	63	18		2	51.67
Eustis.....	10			7 (?)	10				68.31
Funston.....	20			23 (2)	41	2	2	22	39.32
Gordon.....	4			14 (?)	28	5			38.92
Grant.....	7			5 (?)	13	3			33.96
Humphreys.....	10			8 (1)	9	5			26.99
Jackson.....	19			36 (1)	7	15			43.25
J. E. Johnston.....	16		1	20 (4)	34	4		1	32.46
Las Casas.....	3		52	12 (?)	3				28.11
Lee.....	4			51 (2)	69	19	2	4	51.04
Lewis.....	69			19 (4)	15	7		3	48.54
Meade.....	5	1		10 (2)	30	21			22.82
Pike.....	15			11 (?)	23	3			60.01
Sherman.....	6		1	16 (?)	14	3		3	62.15
Taylor.....	10			22 (5)	9	2	2	2	58.25
Travis.....	6			17 (?)	114	19			64.72
Upton.....	13			10 (?)		1			37.64
N. E. Dept.....	1			13 (9)	5			4	36.90
Eastern Dept.....	12			13 (5)	51	1			21.89
S. E. Dept.....	8			6 (4)	34	4			29.60
Central Dept.....				4 (?)	18				26.14
Southern Dept.....	34		2	72 (10)	112	1	1		39.54
Western Dept.....	3	1	1	11 (?)	39				24.72
Aviation Camps.....	45		1	86 (?)	134	3		5	37.66
PORTS OF EMBARKATION.									
Hoboken.....	23		1	8 (?)	119	13	2	2	175.80
Newport News.....	3			41 (2)	11	15	1		208.95
Leavenworth, D. B.....						3		1	43.52
Jefferson Barracks.....				2 (2)		2			70.16
Columbus Barracks.....	5			2 (1)	1				63.68
Fort Logan.....									49.36
Fort McDowell.....	1				2				28.60
Fort Sill.....	5			20 (20)	25			1	22.63
Fort Slocum.....				5 (?)	1				23.14
Fort Thomas.....				1 (1)					51.03
West Point.....	5								32.69
Arsenals.....	9			43 (?)	12	2		3	31.54
Small stations.....									
Miscellaneous.....	11			8 (?)	4	5			22.22

<sup>1</sup> First figure in this column for each camp gives the total number of new cases during the week; the figure in parentheses is the number of other cases which were contracted during the week by men in that camp's command at the time of contracting the disease. The difference, therefore, is the number of cases first reported during the week which were either (a) cases brought from civilian life by recruits, or (b) cases brought by men transferred from other camps to the camp under which the case is reported, or (c) old cases which have previously evaded detection. An interrogation point signifies that the report from that camp did not segregate cases contracted at the camp from other cases.

# NAMES OF SOLDIERS WHO DIED IN ARMY CAMPS LAST WEEK

*Causes of deaths by camps.*

Camp or department.	Number of deaths.	Cause.
Beauregard.....	1	Pneumonia, 1.
Bowie.....	1	Pneumonia, 1.
Cody.....	0	
Forrest.....	1	Tubercular meningitis, 1.
Fremont.....	0	
Greene.....	1	Internal hemorrhage following gunshot wound, 1.
Greenleaf.....	0	
Hancock.....	3	Pneumonia, 2; tuberculosis, 1.
Kearny.....	1	Pneumonia, 1.
Logan.....	2	Meningitis, 1; peritonitis, 1.
MacArthur.....	2	Cause not reported, 2.
McClellan.....	7	Pneumonia, 7.
Sevier.....	3	Pneumonia, 3.
Shelby.....	2	Pneumonia, 2.
Shoridan.....	2	Pneumonia, 2.
Wadsworth.....	2	Pneumonia, 1; cause not reported, 1.
Wheeler.....	2	Pneumonia, 1.
Humphreys.....	1	Broncho-pneumonia, 1.
Jackson.....	5	Pneumonia, 3; cerebrospinal fever, 1; pyopneumothorax, 1.
Las Casas.....	2	Malaria, 1; splenomyelogenous leucæmia, 1.
Meade.....	2	Pneumonia, 1; traumatism, 1.
Gordon.....	4	Pneumonia, 4.
Sherman.....	5	Pneumonia, 4; heart disease, 1.
Grant.....	5	Acute lobar pneumonia, 3; ruptured syphilitic aneurism, 1; gunshot wound, 1.
Funston.....	5	Pneumonia, 3; empyema, 1; meningitis, 1.
Pike.....	4	Pneumonia, 3; pyæmia, 1.
Eustis.....	2	Influenza, 1; traumatism, 1.
Custer.....	2	Pneumonia, 1; septicæmia, 1.
Devens.....	3	Pneumonia, 3.
Dix.....	10	Pneumonia, 6; tuberculosis, 1; anæmia, 1; diabetes, 1; aortic insufficiency, 1.
Dodge.....	3	Pneumonia, 3.
Johnston.....	1	Pneumonia, 1.
Lee.....	0	
Lewis.....	4	Pneumonia, 1; tuberculosis, 1; scarlet fever, 1; suicide, 1.
Taylor.....	3	Septicæmia, 1; fracture of skull, 1; pneumonia, 1.
Travis.....	5	Pneumonia, 4; rupture of bladder, 1.
Upton.....	4	Pneumonia, 4.
No. Eastern.....	1	Influenza, 1.
Eastern.....	6	Pneumonia, 6.
Western.....	2	Influenza, 2.
Southern.....	15	Pneumonia, 8; fractured skull, 2; embolism, 1; empyema, 1; subphrenic abscess, 1; pneumococic meningitis, 1; peritonitis, 1.
Central.....	1	Frontal hemorrhage and shock, 1.
Southeastern.....	4	Broncho-pneumonia, 3; traumatism, 1.
Aviation camps.....	25	Pneumonia, 20; abscess of lung, 1; syphilis, 1; plegmonous gastroenteritis, 1; mitral insufficiency, 1; traumatism, 1.
Hoboken.....	11	Pneumonia, 5; influenza, 4; meningitis, 1; tuberculosis, 1.
Newport News.....	7	Pneumonia, 4; dysentery, 1; gonorrhæa, 1; paralysis, bulbar, 1.
Deaths:		
Camps.....	30	Last week..... 26
Cantonments.....	70	Do..... 109
Departmental troops, etc.....	72	Do..... 73
	172	208

## Soldiers Who Died Last Week.

List of names of soldiers (not members of the American Expeditionary Forces) reported to The Adjutant Gen-

eral's Office as having died during the week ending January 3, 1919. (Included in this list are the names of soldiers (not members of the American Expeditionary Forces), not previously published, who died prior to the week mentioned and subsequently to March 8, 1918. These names are indicated by an asterisk.)

Camp Alfred Vail, N. J.—Pvt. (first class) John J. Fagan, Westport, Conn.\*

Camp Amatol, N. J.—Pvt. Herbert H. Federman, 608 Second Street, Parabos, Wis.\*

Camp Beauregard, La.—Pvt. Allie Allein, Nebo, La.\*; Pvt. Louis Blankenship, Ike, La.\*; Pvt. Luther Robinson, Athens, La.

Camp Bowie, Tex.—First Lieut. Dexter Edward Bailey, 116 Third Street, Brookings, S. D.\*; Pvt. Willie Oney, Waldo, Ky.\*

Camp Cody, N. Mex.—Pvt. Henry Trout, Schuiter, Okla.\*; Pvt. Lloyd M. Williams, Route No. 2, Springtown, Tex.\*

Camp Crane, Pa.—Pvt. Roy F. Angstadt, Vero, Fla.\*

Camp Custer, Mich.—Pvt. John Anderson, general delivery, Charlson, N. Dak.\*; Pvt. John A. Barstad, Nome, N. Dak.; Pvt. Perl L. Geyer, 177 Oxford Street, Portland, Me.\*; Pvt. John B. Johnson, general delivery, Midland, Mich.\*; Wagoner Rushton M. Jones, general delivery, Devils Lake, N. Dak.\*

Camp Devens, Mass.—Corpl. Steven N. Barry, 792 Hall Street, Manchester, N. H.\*; Pvt. Max Greenberg, 1196 First Avenue, New York, N. Y.\*; Pvt. Peter Lynch, Roslyn, N. Y.\*; Pvt. Edward Massie, Dillon, Mont.\*; Pvt. Henry Mitchell, Monticello, Fla.\*; Corpl. Charlie Scott, Woodbine, Ga.\*

Camp Dix, N. J.—Pvt. Dexter Ables, White Signal, N. Mex.; Pvt. Edward Bonneville, R. F. D. No. 2, Stockton, Md.; First Sergt. Constantine J. Kromer, 3625 West Eighth Street, Los Angeles, Cal.; Cook William McKeever, box 53, Rosslyn, Va.; Pvt. Glenn W. McNay, Council Bluffs, Iowa\*; Pvt. Thomas Aloysius Swanwick, 595 Bergenlin Avenue, west, New York, N. Y.\*; Pvt. George J. Wolf, 400 Linden Avenue, Elizabeth, N. J.\*

Camp Dodge, Iowa.—Pvt. Albert Davis, Alba, Mo.\*; Pvt. (first class) John W. Pientka, Tampa, Kans.\*; Pvt. Milton Smith, Dennisville, Me.\*; Pvt. Walter I. Wilson, general delivery, Barney, Iowa.\*

Camp Eustis, Va.—Pvt. (first class) James G. Autrey, 2610 Twenty-eighth Street, Fort Worth, Tex.\*; Corpl. Frank J. Gnos, Navato, Cal.\*; Pvt. Floyd Williams, 1309 Melrose Street, Walla Walla, Wash.

Camp Fremont, Cal.—Corpl. Jacob Schultz, 109 Pope Street, Redwood City, Cal.\*; Corpl. John B. Worley, Manhattan, Kans.\*

Camp Gordon, Ga.—Sergt. Hinton R. Ameron, R. F. D. No. 1, Agricola, Ga.\*; Corpl. William Linder, 170 Eighth Avenue, Long Island City, N. Y.\*; Pvt. Charles McGuire, Arctic, R. I.\*; Pvt. Roger F. Rourke, 5624 Kenwood Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

Camp Grant, Ill.—Pvt. Clarence Arthur Anderson, Route 2, box 42-F, St. Croix Falls, Wis.\*; Pvt. Jonathan Berkley, Clayton, Miss.\*; Corpl. Ivan Edgar Cole, Route 2, box 9, Abbeville, Miss.\*; Recruit E. B. Fox, Hernando, Miss.\*; Pvt. Ernest H. Houston, Route 2, Ashland, Ill.\*; Pvt. John Komoruski, R. L. box 108, Sank Rapids, Minn.\*; Pvt. John W. Larimer, 5880 South Campbell Avenue, Chicago, Ill.; Second Lieut. Chauncey C. Lyons, Abilene, Tex.\*; Pvt. Jimmie McWaters, Angola, La.\*; Pvt. Irvin Oliver, Route 4, box 87, Oxford, Miss.; Pvt. Percy Ross, Benoit, Miss.\*; Pvt. Edward William Ylk, 847 North Mozart Street, Chicago, Ill.\*; Pvt. Percy Earl Widger, box 241, Imperial, Nebr.\*; Recruit Robert Wilson, jr., Baines, La.\*

Camp Greene, N. C.—Pvt. Walter Berner, 3712 Chollaffe Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.\*

Camp Hancock, Ga.—Pvt. Earl G. Adams, Chest Street, Seekonk, Mass.\*; Cook Dermot B. Albee, 20 Goddard Court, Orange, Mass.\*; Pvt. Arthur Lemieux, 17 Reed Street, Manchester, N. H.; Pvt. Marshall Mallard, Batesville, Ala.\*; Second Lieut. Roy Divers Schlemmer, Columbia, Ill.\*; Pvt. Paul H. Schultz, 811 North Central Avenue, Marshfield, Wis.\*

Camp Humphreys, Va.—Pvt. Joe Coakes, Holly Grove, Ark.\*; Pvt. Claude Mirce, R. F. D. No. 1, Perryville, Ala.\*; Pvt. Dee Mitchell, Emelle, Ala.\*; Pvt. Henry Sweet, Jena, Fla.\*; Pvt. Claude W. Tipton, rural route No. 11, Columbus, Ind.\*; Corpl. Charles E. Wilmoth, R. F. D. No. 1, Iume, Ill.\*; Pvt. George Winslow, 16 Park Street, Mansfield, Mass.\*

Camp Jackson, S. C.—Pvt. Clarence O. Edwards, Mullins, S. C.\*; Pvt. John J. Hahn, 362 East Avenue, Rochester, N. Y.; Pvt. Roy

H. Henning, R. F. D. No. 2, Loraine, Ill.; Sergt. (first class) James J. Lane, 491 Main Street, Concord Junction, Mass.\*; Pvt. William A. Lee, 112 Spencer Street, Canastota, N. Y.\*; Pvt. William H. McFarland, Rogers, Tex.\*; Pvt. John Stengel, 370 Lenox Avenue, Bridgeport, Conn.; Pvt. Samuel A. Vaughn, 1909 Second Street, Louisville, Ky.\*; Pvt. Thomas T. Williams, St. Catharine, Fla.\*; Pvt. John Wilson, route No. 3, Lexington, S. C.

Camp Johnston, Fla.—Pvt. John Barber, R. F. D. No. 1, box 3, Simpsonville, S. C.\*; Pvt. Aaron Chasteen, Tony Creek, S. C.; Pvt. Michael Tanitz, 134 Morris Street, Jersey City, N. J.\*

Camp Jones, Ariz.—Pvt. Wallace W. Asher, Lehi, Utah.\*; Pvt. Elmer K. Taylor, 5500 Hodiadmond Avenue, St. Louis, Mo. (Pineblawn branch)\*

Camp Kearny, Cal.—Pvt. Wayne H. French, 22 West Simpson Street, Portland, Oreg.\*; Pvt. Leland H. March, Moab, Utah.\*; Pvt. Ralph L. Ruge, Jackson, Cal.\*; Chief Mechanic William W. Whitney, San Diego, Cal.\*; Pvt. Clifford A. Williams, Milford, Beaver County, Utah.\*

Camp Knox, Ky.—Pvt. Kenneth L. Savage, 518 Water Street, Piqua, Ohio.\*

Camp Lee, Va.—Pvt. Forman Goodwyn, box 115, Ellamore, W. V.; Pvt. Loyd M. Landrum, R. F. D. No. 2, Ingram, Va.\*; Pvt. Fred L. Lebold, Albion, Wash.; Pvt. Patrick Milum, Genoa, W. V.\*; Pvt. Antone V. Roberts, R. F. D., box 35, Visalia, Cal.

Camp Lewis, Wash.—Pvt. August F. Banchero, 421 North Brown Street, Napa, Cal.; Pvt. Eugene L. Bobb, 1145 Lake Street, Los Angeles, Cal.\*; Recruit Andrew G. Carlson, Ottobol, Sweden.\*; Pvt. (first class) John C. Knight, general delivery, Angola, Cal.

Camp Logan, Tex.—Corpl. George Andrie, River Falls, Wis., route 5; Maj. Theophilus Parvin Caplinger, Wallace, Ind.

Camp McArthur, Tex.—Pvt. John H. Fincher, Blanchard, La.; Pvt. Harrison Hines, 1201 George Street, Houston, Tex.\*; Pvt. William Moehlmann, R. F. D. No. 1, box 70, Otto, Tex.\*; Pvt. William M. Stanton, Model, Colo.\*

Camp McClellan, Ala.—Pvt. Forrest Callaway, route 1, Salem, Ind.\*; Pvt. James E. P. Kelly, 708 Tilden Avenue, Utica, N. Y.\*; Pvt. Fred Staehlin, 24 West Street, Paterson, N. J.\*; Pvt. Emmett Surgeon, route 3, Salem, Ind.\*

Camp Meade, Md.—Cook Jason J. Birchard, Hazelton, Iowa.\*; Pvt. Frank Crum, 2116 Braddock Avenue, Swissvale, Pa.\*; Pvt. Grover, R. Harbert, R. F. D. No. 1, Tolson, W. Va.\*; Sergt. Louis R. Heath, Diamond Street, Clifton Heights, Pa.\*; Pvt. Benjamin Kemp, 1841 Penn Avenue, Baltimore, Md.\*; Pvt. Tony A. Plohar, R. F. D. No. 3, Kewanee, Wis.; Pvt. Glen Wyatt, Maud Street, Clarksburg, W. Va.\*

Camp Merritt, N. J.—Pvt. Thomas Douglas, 304 Main Street, Gloucester, Mass.; 2d Lieut. Alfred A. Farwell, 32 High Street, Turners Falls, Mass.; Wagoner Edward B. George, San Lorenzo, Cal., R. F. D. No. 1, box 92; Pvt. Leslie Horner, Davidson, W. Va.; Pvt. Oscar Kaplan, Grand Street, Roselle, N. J.\*; Pvt. Nobel A. Rankin, Lawson, Okla.\*; Sergt. Walter Roche, 115 West Sixty-second Street, New York, N. Y.; Pvt. (first class) Edgar H. Voigt, 1558 West Forty-sixth Street, Los Angeles, Cal.\*

Camp Mills, N. Y.—Pvt. Roland Burns, R. F. D. No. 3, Abbeville, S. C.; Pvt. David E. Dampman, jr., 844 Pine Street, Easton, Pa.\*; Pvt. (first class) Walter C. Ford, 218 South Lombardy Street, Richmond, Va.; Corpl. William A. Gregg, Sidman P. O., Lovett, Pa.\*; Pvt. M. Handron, 1002 Magnolia Avenue, Elizabeth, N. J.\*; Sergt. Robert L. Henderson, R. F. D. No. 35, Connellsville, Pa.; Pvt. Sidney A. Warden, 405 Erie Street, Syracuse, N. Y.

Camp Pike, Ark.—Pvt. Ernest Archie, Indianola, Miss.\*; Pvt. John Broom, Matison, Miss.\*; Pvt. Frank E. Brown, box 592, Roganusa, La.\*; Corpl. Louis Edelman, Tuscauloosa, Ala.; Pvt. Judge Fields, Blenville, La.; Cook Lee Otto Flesher, Trenton, Mo.\*; Maj. Daly Rado Gass, 5720 Solway Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.\*; Pvt. Len Hamilton, box 5, Selma, Ark.\*; Pvt. Fred C. Johnson, route 1, Beebe, Ark.; Pvt. Ethan A. Lance, Strawberry, Ark.\*; Pvt. Artie Rider, Ozark, Ark.\*; Pvt. Cleburn Tate, Willow Springs, Ark.\*; Cook Dock R. Wilmot, Lexington, Mo.\*

Camp Sevier, S. C.—Pvt. Henry Abel, jr., 311 North Main Street, Waterbury, Conn.\*; Pvt. George F. Adams, R. F. D. No. 1, box 32, Wilkesboro, N. C.\*; Pvt. Charles L. Armstrong, 91 Meadow Street, Rye, N. Y.; Pvt. Luther C. Hellams, Grey Court, route 1,

# NAMES OF SOLDIERS WHO DIED IN ARMY CAMPS LAST WEEK

Laurens County, S. C.\*; Pvt. Louis J. Hill, route 1, Beaufort, N. C.; Corpl. Joseph N. Roger, Melrose, La.\*; Pvt. Early Scott, route 1, box 73, Ellenton, S. C.\*

Camp Shelby, Miss.—Pvt. Fil Davis, Waynesboro, Miss.; Pvt. Charles F. Horn, Quinlan, Okla., route 2.

Camp Sheridan, Ala.—Pvt. John Brown, R. F. D. B, box 144, Maryana, Fla.\*; Pvt. James H. Casey, Arlington, Ga.\*; Pvt. Travis Lee, 1202 East Grove Street, Montgomery, Ala.; Pvt. Elmer L. Wolf, Sinco, Neb.\*

Camp Sherman, Ohio.—Pvt. Raymond Arthur, 817 Fourth Street, Portsmouth, Ohio.\*; Pvt. Leslie Garret, route 1, Munford, Ala.; Corpl. Roy Hartel, route 1, Apple Creek, Ohio; First Lieut. Wallace M. Leonard, Jr., 64 Eldredge Street, Newton, Mass.\*; Pvt. Leo Louisgann, 10 Little Field Street, Cheboygan, Mich.\*; Pvt. Jess D. Park, 304 Crawford Avenue, Altoona, Pa.\*; Pvt. Tommie O. Simpson, Halespoint, Tenn.\*; Pvt. Charles Stone, R. F. D. No. 3, Wakeman, Ohio; Pvt. Andrew Thompson, 803 East Third Street, Corsicana, Tex.; Pvt. Ethan Weimer, Winchester, Ind.\*

Camp Stanley, Tex.—Mechanic Amon Wax, 1759 North Kedzie Avenue, Chicago, Ill.\*

Camp Stuart, Va.—Pvt. Benjamin Byar, Jago, Tex.; Pvt. Robert Frasier, Lancaster, S. C.\*; Pvt. Mills Thomas Greene, Aboskie, N. C.\*; Pvt. Harry Peterson, Grand Rapids, Minn.; Pvt. Oscar G. Scheffeld, Rathdrum, Idaho; Pvt. Charlie Smith, Mount Olive, Miss.; Pvt. John Smurl, 608 South Main Street, St. Parsons, Pa.\*; Pvt. Edgar Werling, R. F. D. No. 2, Rochester, Minn.\*

Camp Taylor, Ky.—Pvt. Andrew J. Brown, Red Oak, Iowa; Pvt. Emory Deitemyer, R. F. D. No. 2, Woodville, Ohio; Pvt. Abraham Lincoln Gannon, 584 Myrtle Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.\*; Pvt. James C. Head, Franklin, Ohio; Pvt. Marvin H. Lee, Jonesboro, Tenn.; Pvt. Ralph M. Scott, R. F. D. No. 7, Cadiz, Ohio.\*; Pvt. Clarence Sowers, Cusick, Ky.\*; Pvt. Ezra Young, Lewisburg, Ky.\*

Camp Tecate, Cal.—Pvt. Jefferson B. Walker, Arxestia, Miss.\*

Camp Travis, Tex.—Pvt. (first class) Gustav A. Erickson, 2851 East One hundred and third Street, Chicago, Ill.\*; Corpl. Elmer J. Fanton, Carthage, S. Dak.\*; Pvt. John E. Freeman, Hamon, Tex.\*; Pvt. Walter Ganzert, route 1, Round Rock, Tex.; Pvt. (first class) Virgil W. Hamilton, route 1, Garrison, Tex.; Pvt. Earl Perkins, 1010 North Sixteenth Street, Omaha, Neb.\*; Pvt. John T. Reagan, Rusk, Tex.\*; Pvt. Andres Rodriguez, 311 West Nueva Street, San Antonio, Tex.; Pvt. Earl Rudder, Galden, Mo.\*; Pvt. Fay D. Sheek, Mancos, Colo.\*

Camp Upton, N. Y.—Pvt. Daniel H. Buck, 42 Colchester Avenue, Burlington, Vt.\*; Pvt. Julian Glazier, 106 Hawthorne Avenue, Yonkers, N. Y.\*; Sergt. Simon Leibowitz, 335 East Fifty-sixth Street, New York City, N. Y.\*; Pvt. Benjamin M. Lumpf, 579 Bergen Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Pvt. John Swan Moberg, 1927 Benedict Avenue, Bronx, N. Y.\*; Cook John Nelson, 347 Fayette Street, Bridgeton, N. J.; Pvt. Antonio Nucitello, 19 Dingle Street, Rochester, N. Y.\*; Pvt. Egbert Eugene Raynor, Hauppauge, Long Island, N. Y.

Camp Wadsworth, S. C.—Pvt. Albert Anderson, R. F. D. No. 3, box 32, Jonesville, S. C.; Pvt. Grover C. Chaney, Swansea, S. C.\*; Pvt. Elsie Lawson, Norcross, Tenn.; Cook Roy Powers, R. F. D. No. 1, East Topsham, Vt.\*

Camp Wheeler, Ga.—Recruit Sam Porter, Hawksville, Ga.\*

Fort Bayard, N. Mex.—Pvt. (first class) Roscoe J. Shelton, general delivery, Pacific, Mo.\*

Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind.—Pvt. Arlo C. Armstrong, 784 North Thirteenth Street, Corvallis, Oreg.\*; Pvt. Harry W. Clay, 230 Wilson Avenue, Topeka, Kans.\*

Fort Bliss, Tex.—Corpl. Robert L. Garrett, Pittsburg, Tex.; Sergt. George Miller, Sawtelle, Cal.\*; Pvt. John G. Smeelink, 651 Grandville Street, Grand Rapids, Mich.\*; Pvt. George C. Smith, Lexington, Tex.

Fort Crockett, Tex.—Pvt. George F. Bartholomew, Allentown, Pa.; Pvt. George Franklin Bartholomew, Schnecksburg, Pa.

Fort Douglas, Utah.—Pvt. James Wilson, 233 Almon Street, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Fort McHenry, Md.—Pvt. Justice A. Crawley, Bainbridge, Ga.\*; Pvt. James Stevison, Mowqua, Ill.\*

Fort McKinley, Me.—Pvt. Thomas A. Hefferman, 22 Sarsfield Street, Roxbury, Mass.\*

Fort McPherson, Ga.—Pvt. Fred B. Martin, 4415 Avenue E, Birmingham, Ala.\*

Fort Monroe, Va.—Pvt. (first class) Arthur B. Howell, 905 North Fiftieth Street, Omaha, Neb.\*

Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.—Pvt. Lillard Acuff, Webber Falls, Okla.\*; Pvt. Vincenzo Feola,

126 Miller Street, Rankin, Pa.\*; First Lieut. Frank B. McNett, 460 Oak Street, Chattanooga, Tenn.\*; Pvt. Edward Maline, R. F. D. No. 4, Winchester, Ill.; Pvt. Clyde Shannon, R. F. D. No. 1, Mercer, Pa.\*

Fort Riley, Kans.—Pvt. Charles I. Cassidy, Creede, Colo.\*; Corpl. Frank A. Pavey, 524 Ashland, Topeka, Kans.

Fort Russell, Wyo.—Pvt. Raymond J. Collins, Maple Plains, Minn.; Pvt. Edgar W. Farr, 1693 Pearl Street, Miles City, Mont.\*; Pvt. (first class) Rowen W. Wood, Rochester, Wash.\*

Fort Sam Houston, Tex.—Sergt. David L. Schaur, 94 Nassau Street, Orange, N. J.; Sergt. John V. Shen, route 2, box 64, Oklahoma City, Okla.\*; Sergt. Robert E. Terry, 321 Augusta Street, San Antonio, Tex.

Fort Sill, Okla.—Cook Kazimierz Broton, 1438 Buick Street, Detroit, Mich.\*; Pvt. Ralph Close, 532 North Eighth Street, Reading, Pa.\*; Musician Chester B. Helm, Morgantown, Ky.; Pvt. Willie Logan, R. F. D. No. 3, Oxford, Miss.; Sergt. Ferdinand C. Ramm, 504 Liberty Street, Independence, Mo.\*; Sergt. Avenue H, Crowley, La.\*

Fort Slocum, N. Y.—Sergt. Frank Kuhn, Haubstadt, Ind.

Fort St. Philip, La.—Pvt. Jasper R. Ward, Minden, La.

Fort Thomas, Ky.—Recruit David H. Asprill, 111 North Plum Street, Lancaster, Pa.

Fort Williams, Me.—Pvt. Charles Denicks, 15 Burr Street, Jamaica Plains, Mass.\*; Pvt. Leo H. Woodcock, Carraussett, Me.

Fort Worth, Tex.—Pvt. (first class) Clayton B. McGovern, Waterville, Minn.\*

Jefferson Barracks, Mo.—Pvt. Eugene B. Heckart, Wellville, Mo.\*

Vancouver Barracks, Wash.—Pvt. Owen Bechtel, R. F. D. No. 5, Mantou, Mich.\*; Pvt. Phillips Penson, general delivery, Boynton, Okla.\*; Pvt. Rudolph H. Pietsch, general delivery, Millington, Mich.; Pvt. William E. Fryer, Pottsville, Ark.\*; Pvt. Earl H. Tate, box 445, Belleville, Kans.; Pvt. Silvester S. Wells, post office box 263, Deridder, La.\*; Pvt. Fred L. Williams, R. F. D. No. 1, Sedro Woolley, Wash.\*; Pvt. Hamp Williams, general delivery, Ideal, Ga.; Pvt. Henry S. Wolftrain, St. Johns, Oreg.

Whipple Barracks, Ariz.—Lieut. Col. Carl E. Holmberg, Whipple Barracks, Ariz.

Call Field, Tex.—Chaufeur Ernest E. Arnold, 57 Union Street, Jersey City, N. J.\*

Ellington Field, Tex.—Pvt. David L. Voorhees, 79 Race Street, Bloomfield, N. J.\*

Guestner Field, La.—Sergt. James J. Quinan, 415 Oakwood Avenue, Owosso, Mich.\*

Kelly Field, Tex.—Pvt. Joseph P. Hoover, 2202 Clinton Avenue, Ft. Worth, Tex.\*; Pvt. (first class) Horace B. Kehoe, 6344 Drexel Boulevard, Chicago, Ill.

Love Field, Tex.—Second Lieut. Ralph Phelps Collier, R. F. D. No. 3, Battle Creek, Mich.\*

March field, Cal.—First Lieut. Robert L. Campbell, Riverside, Cal.\*

Rockwell Field, Cal.—Chaufeur Stanley L. Thompson, 951 North Sixteenth Street, Salem, Oreg.\*

Souther Field, Ga.—Pvt. John M. Kuhn, 23 Fulton Street, Sandusky, Ohio.\*; Chaufeur Wallace H. Miner, 1223 South Berendo Street, Los Angeles, Cal.\*

Albany, N. Y.—Pvt. Edison F. Young, Warrensburg, N. Y.\*

Arcadia, Cal.—Pvt. Cleaths Weaver, Second Street, Wormsberg, Pa.

Berlheim, Pa.—Pvt. Walter H. Zuendel, 934 Tioza Street, Philadelphia, Pa.\*

Bloomington, Ind.—Pvt. Glenn Stultz, Terry, Mich.\*

Brookings, S. Dak.—Pvt. Charley R. Doman, Valley Springs, S. Dak.\*; Pvt. Leo F. Halter, Flandreau, S. Dak.\*; Pvt. William J. Horan, Ideal, S. Dak.\*

Brooklyn, N. Y.—Corpl. Eugene T. Hallinan, 170 Euclid Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.\*; Pvt. Wm. Heldeman, 741 Liberty Street, Newport, Ky.\*; Pvt. Isadore Latner, 5504 Fifteenth Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.\*; Sergt. Matthew F. Shillito, 1837 Sixty-second Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.\*; Corpl. Frederick Weiss, box 311, Coatesville, N. J.

Brownville, Tex.—Pvt. William H. Anderson, R. F. D. No. 4, Vandalia, Ill.\*; Pvt. (first class) William H. Anderson, Kanona, N. Y.\*; Maj. Fayette Odell Kirby, 613 North Eighth Street, Columbia, Mo.

Brunswick, Me.—Pvt. Samuel G. Bush, 213 North Fullerton Avenue, Montclair, N. J.\*

Camden, N. J.—Pvt. Edward B. May, 428 Pearl Street, Camden, N. J.

Cape Girardeau, Mo.—Pvt. Eiden Plummer-Hood, Perryville, Mo.\*

Capitran, Cal.—Corpl. Harry H. Hoagland, 520 Chestnut Avenue, Long Beach, Cal.\*

Champaign, Ill.—Pvt. Robert Marion Green, 5600 Dorchester Avenue, Chicago, Ill.\*; Pvt. Peter M. Huisinga, Deland, Ill.\*

Chicago, Ill.—Col. Leroy T. Hillman, 2417 Broadway, Indianapolis, Ind.; Col. Harris L. Roberts, The Wyoming, Washington, D. C.

Cleveland, Ohio.—Pvt. Julius Bridler, R. F. D. "A," box 162, Hanford, Cal.\*; Sergt. (first class) Grier W. Coberly, 2232 Jackson Avenue, Wichita, Kans.\*; First Lieut. Walter M. Eaton, Madras, Oreg.\*; Pvt. Henry Ruff, 564 North Twenty-sixth Street, East St. Louis, Ill.\*

Delrio, Tex.—Pvt. Robert W. Lynch, 626 Tama Street, Boone, Iowa.\*; Pvt. Harold A. McCune, 5024 Fulton Street, Chicago, Ill.\*

Deming, N. M.—Pvt. Jose E. Moya, Las Canons, N. M.\*

Detroit, Mich.—Pvt. George V. Eppers, R. F. D. 2, Elkhart, Ind.\*; Pvt. Orville Delong, R. F. D. 2, Jonesboro, Ind.\*

Douglas, Ariz.—Corpl. Archie Hardie, Oxford, Cal.\*; Sergt. William H. Joslin, 1314 Wyoming Street, San Antonio, Tex.\*; Pvt. Joseph T. Scott, 1133 Porter Street, Philadelphia, Pa.\*; Sergt. Carol W. Woody, Rockdale, Tex.\*

Due West, S. C.—Pvt. Walton G. Gibson, White Oak, S. C.\*

Elka Park, N. Y.—Pvt. George W. Hommel, Ellis Island, N. Y.—Pvt. Robert J. Phelps, R. F. D. 3, Elkmount, Ala.

Eveitt, Ranch, Tex.—Pvt. Thomas Magnolia, 682 Third Avenue, Elizabeth, N. J.\*

Fitchburg, Mass.—Capt. James Joseph McGuire, 136 Governor Street, Hartford, Conn.

Fox Hills, N. Y.—Corpl. Frank E. Kappler, 510 West One hundred and forty-fourth Street, New York City, N. Y.\*; Sergt. Carl D. Snook, 90 Forest Avenue, Gloversville, N. Y.

Gainesville, Fla.—Pvt. Paul L. Willoughby, 200 Roux Street, Gainesville, Fla.\*

Garden City, N. Y.—Pvt. Joe Maxwell, Box 105, R. F. D. 2, Memphis, Tenn.

Hampton, Va.—First Lieut. William C. Whitaker, 1820 Northwestern Avenue, Oklahoma City, Okla.\*

Hoboken, N. J.—Pvt. Georgia Meyer, 302 Central Avenue, Jersey City, N. J.; Wagoner Frank Powell, Evansville, Ind.

Houston, Tex.—Cook Absolom C. Soape, Anadarko, Okla.\*

Jefferson City, Mo.—Second Lieut. Robert W. McClain, 462 Metropolitan Bank Building, Washington, D. C.\*

Junction City, Wash.—Pvt. Clarence H. Cluster, Scooby, Mont.\*

Kansas City, Mo.—Wagoner Herman Otto Stearies, Route No. 2, Alton, Mo.; Sergt. James D. Walker, Guilford, Miss.

Lafayette, Ind.—Pvt. Herbert S. McCauley, 540 Walnut Street, Meadville, Pa.\*

Lakewood, N. J.—Pvt. Pasquale Geroff, Chivanall, Providence Avallina, Italy.\*

Laredo, Tex.—Wagoner Prieshoff, Beckemeyer, Ill.

Lincoln, Neb.—Pvt. Howard D. Everton, Crafton, Neb.\*

Los Angeles, Cal.—Second Lieut. Charles Jackson Drake, Jewell, Kans.\*

Macon, Ga.—Pvt. Anderson Long, R. F. D. No. 4, Hogansville, Ga.\*

Markleton, Pa.—Sergt. (first class) Francis Blackburn, 5027 Garfield Avenue, St. Louis, Mo.

Meridian, Miss.—Pvt. Jacob Potasnic, Meridian, Miss.\*

Metuchen, N. J.—Pvt. John B. Wright, Spaulding, Aroostook, Me.\*

Middletown, Pa.—Sergt. Michael J. Scanlon, Bell Avenue, North Braddock, Pa.\*

Milwaukee, Wis.—Pvt. Ray A. Wigginton, 709 Rush Avenue, Viroqua, Wis.\*

Monticello, Ark.—Pvt. John E. McCloy, Monticello, Ark.\*

Mount Prospect, Ill.—Pvt. Paul Ruge, Mount Prospect, Ill.\*

Newark, N. J.—Pvt. Edward F. Bischeld, 618 East Eighth Street, Grand Island, Neb.\*

New Haven, Conn.—Pvt. Harry Hignight, Transit Avenue, Louisville, Ky.\*

New Orleans, La.—Pvt. Louis Marie Lane, Houma, La.\*

Newton, Kans.—Pvt. Melvin James Savage, rural route 1, Newton, Kans.\*

New York City, N. Y.—Maj. Charles F. Cook, 207 Lefferts Avenue, Richmond Hill, N. Y.; Second Lieut. Lyle Hubbard, 2412 Dublin Street, Sioux City, Iowa.\*; Pvt. (first class) John Menteer, Wakefield, Kans.\*; First Lieut. James Thomas Risinger, Buffalo Gap, Tex.; Pvt. Henry Skelton, Bisme, Ill.\*

North Terre Haute, Ind.—Pvt. Ray Potter, Clinton, Ind.\*

(Continued on page 38.)

## LIST OF CASUALTIES REPORTED AMONG THE UNITED STATES FORCES OVERSEAS

### SECTION 1, JANUARY 11, 1919.

The following casualties are reported by the commanding general of the American Expeditionary Forces:

Died from wounds.....	102
Died in aeroplane accident.....	3
Wounded severely.....	75
Missing in action.....	6
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>186</b>

#### Died from Wounds.

##### LIEUTENANTS.

CUNNINGHAM, Floyd L. Imes M. Cunningham, Minong, Wis.  
KIRKPATRICK, John. Mrs. Sue S. Kirkpatrick, 1600 Gray Street, Lynchburg, Va.

##### SERGEANTS.

BAILES, James E. James H. Bailes, Fort Hill, S. C.  
BIEBER, Joseph. Mrs. Sarah J. Bieber, 86 Norman Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.  
LAKE, Bazel G. John W. Lake, Castle Dale, Utah.  
ROBERTS, William I. John S. Roberts, Athens, Tenn.  
SIMPSON, William S. David Simpson, Daltzell, Ill.  
WILSON, John B. John W. Wilson, box 117, Vineland, N. C.

##### CORPORALS.

DAVIS, Harry. Mrs. Millie Davis, Bethel, Ohio.  
FRANCIS, Raymond. Mrs. Cathrine Francis, 408 Livingston Street, Philadelphia, Pa.  
HAVENS, Ralph D. Mrs. Sarah R. Jackson, Wantago, N. Y.  
LIECHTY, Joseph. August Liechty, 24 Center Street, Clifton, N. J.  
McCANN, Mark. Mrs. Virginia McCann, Fair Ground Addition, Clarksburg, W. Va.  
McDONNELL, Thomas P. Mrs. Margaret McDonnell, 272 Ninth Street, Jersey City, N. J.  
MOORER, Minter M. D. W. Moorer, Bay Minette, Ala.  
THOMAN, George F. Mrs. S. B. Thoman, 559 West College Street, York, Pa.  
WOOLIS, Joseph Charles. Mrs. Harry Hurtean, 32 Front Street, Lawrence, Mass.

##### WAGONERS.

AMUNDSEN, Frederick W. Mrs. Caroline Amundsen, 83 Osborn Avenue, East Norwalk, Conn.

##### PRIVATEs.

ROBISON, George F. Mrs. Clara Robison, Brakenban, Okla.  
ROGERS, Robert C. Edward G. Rogers, R. F. D. 2, Forksville, Pa.  
ROMSKY, John C. Mrs. Estella Graaga, 17 Orchard Place, Jamaica, N. Y.  
ROSENBERG, Sam. Dave Rosenberg, 259 Thatford Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.  
SCANNELL, Francis P. J. W. Scannell, 713 Clinton Avenue, Des Moines, Iowa.  
SCHMIDT, Chauncey W. Herman W. Schmidt, 1162 Hershey Avenue, Muscatine, Iowa.  
SCHRAUB, Henry E. Philip Schraub, R. F. D. 1, Versailles, Ind.  
SLATER, Jesse E. Mrs. Violet Slater, Glenham, N. Y.  
SMITH, Albert. Miss Elmer Smith, 336 Fifteenth Avenue, Laurel, Miss.  
SMITH, Francis L. Isaac F. Smith, 512 Second Street NE., Minneapolis, Minn.  
SMITH, William A. Mrs. Mary J. Smith, 17 Waverly Avenue, Lyndbrook, Long Island, N. Y.  
SPIVEY, Ocio C. Kenie T. Spivey, R. F. D. 1, Windsor, Va.  
STUBSTAD, Emil O. Mrs. Emma Lang, Daisy, N. Dak.  
THOREN, Arthur C. John A. Thoren, Solway, Minn.  
POWERS, Paul James. Mrs. Lawrence Powers, 262 East Fourteenth Street, Elmira Heights, N. Y.  
TULAN, James A. Miss Annie Tulan, 403 East Jackson Street, Stockton, Cal.  
WAGNER, Max M. Nathan Wagner, 764 Park Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.  
WEAVER, D. Robert Perry, Fairview Street, Durham, N. C.

WILSON, John L. Mrs. Gladys Wilson, 3046 Bloomington Avenue, Minneapolis, Minn.  
WISHART, Raymond. Mrs. Amanda Wishart, Setauket, N. Y.  
WITMER, Monroe K. Levi B. Witmer, Lititz, Pa.  
ZUCCHERO, Santo. Mrs. Josephine Zucchero, 69 Carroll Street, New York, N. Y.  
ATWATER, Allen H. Horatio W. Atwater, 4218 Union Avenue, Chicago, Ill.  
BARBER, Herbert H. David R. Barber, R. F. D. 1, Elon College, N. C.  
BERGMAN, Axel Halmar. Mrs. Eliza Bergman, 814 East Market Street, Elmira, N. Y.  
BILLING, Loe J. Mrs. Catherine Billing, Lisbon, N. Dak.  
BOYD, John N. Mrs. Mollie J. Boyd, 623 Twelfth Street, Greeley, Colo.  
BRODINE, Edward. August Brodine, R. F. D. 2, Elm Creek, Nebr.  
BUCKINGHAM, Jennings Alceous. Ottis Buckingham, Mount Airy, Md.  
BURKE, Enos W. Mrs. Lillian Burke, 668 Third Street, Shelton, Pa.  
CAMPBELL, Theodore II., jr. Mrs. Annie Fannie Campbell, 875 Fourth Street, South Boston, Mass.  
CAPASSO, Joseph. Mrs. Carolina Capasso, 304 East Twentieth Street, New York, N. Y.  
CARLSON, Otto John. Mrs. Nielsigne K. Carlsen, 3722 Laguna Avenue, Oakland, Cal.  
CARMEL, Louis. Fedell Carmel, R. F. D. 2, Pittsburg, Kans.  
CASANI, Luigi. Mrs. Mary Casani, 304 South Campbell Street, Louisville, Ky.  
CHARWATT, Joseph. Miss Rose Charwatt, 3559 One hundred and Twenty-ninth Street, Cleveland, Ohio.  
COCHRAN, Carl C. Mrs. Mary Cochran, 202 Second Street, Rankin, Pa.  
CRAWLEY, William B. John E. Crawley, R. F. D. 5, Woodruff, S. C.  
CUCHA, Philip. Joe Cucha, Sopris, Colo.  
DAL PORTO, Peter P. Mike Pal Porto, 2405 Fifteenth Street, San Francisco, Cal.  
DEBOLT, Chester O. Mrs. Louise C. Debolt, Clarissa, Minn.  
DICKSTEIN, Morris. Israel Dickstein, 304 East Broadway, New York, N. Y.  
DOERR, William. Frank Doerr, 2635 Norwood Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.  
DOYLE, James J. Mrs. Mary Doyle, 2115 Webster Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.  
EICHMAN, Max. Jacob Levine, 415 Claremont Parkway, New York, N. Y.  
ELMQUIST, Emil H. John P. Elmquist, Wilcox, Pa.  
ESHELMAN, James E. Mrs. Margaret E. Eshelman, R. F. D. 1, Hoopole, Ill.  
FEIMER, John. Miss Anna Feimer, care of Presbyterian Hospital, Chicago, Ill.  
FELIX, Basil C. Mrs. C. B. Hopkins, Forsyth, Mont.  
FRYER, Harry. Samuel Fryer, 418 Cherry Street, Pottstown, Pa.  
GADDY, Samuel W. S. F. Reno, Opera House Block, Pueblo, Colo.  
GAGNE, Fredrick O. Mrs. Mary Majeu Gagne, 16 Main Street, North Ridge, Mass.  
GARRETT, Guy T. Mrs. Lizzie F. Garrett, R. F. D. 7, Eastman, Ga.  
HAND, Elmer F. Mrs. Emma M. Hand, 502 South Second Street, Laramie, Wyo.  
HANRAHAN, Edward Joseph. William Hanrahan, 535 Railroad Avenue, Steubenville, Ohio.  
HEFFERNAN, William P. Mrs. Marion Heffernan, 1281 Green Street, San Francisco, Cal.  
HICKEY, George L. Mrs. Mary J. Hickey, 414 South Meadow Street, Watertown, N. Y.  
HINSON, Comadore. Hugh L. Henry, Coxburg, Benton County, Tenn.  
HOPSON, Claud. William Hopson, Roan Mountain, Tenn.  
HUSTIS, James H. Mrs. Sarah Wright, Nelsonville, Pa.  
KAHN, Leon L. Mrs. Mollie Kahn, Bald Eagle Lake, Minn.  
KLOSTERMAN, Albert. Mrs. A. Klosterman, 723 West Sixty-fourth Street, Chicago, Ill.  
LAWRENCE, William. Mrs. Mary Jane Brown, 14 West One hundred and thirty-sixth Street, New York, N. Y.  
LEBARON, Lynn L. Mrs. Clara L. Lebaron, 69 West High Street, Union City, Pa.  
LINGE, Gerhard Q. Paul G. Linge, Dallesbergstein 1411, Christiania, Norway.

McCARRIBER, Vincent. Daniel McCarriber, Glen Willard, Pa.  
McCORMICK, John A. James P. McCormick, 106 Avenue A, New York, N. Y.  
McKENNEY, George C. Mrs. Francis McKenney, Rease Avenue, Walla Walla, Wash.  
MANKE, Edward L. Fred Manke, 616 Clinton Street, La Crosse, Wis.  
MASCADRI, Angelo. Battista Mascadri, Provincia Brescia, Preseglie, Italy.  
MATHES, Joseph J. Mrs. Mary Mathes, 17 Speedway Avenue, Newark, N. J.  
MELEKY, George. Muchnel Meleky, 431 East Seventeenth Street, New York, N. Y.  
MESCHUDE, Theodore J. Joseph Meschude, 1520 Destroham Street, St. Louis, Mo.  
MILLER, Howard M. Mrs. Roda I. Miller, 442 East Washington Street, Chambersburg, Pa.  
MOENS, Edward F. Mrs. Mary Moens, 2853 Emerald Avenue, Chicago, Ill.  
MONGUSO, Angelo. David Monguso, 85 Withers Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.  
MORGESE, Giuseppe. Joseph Mardiello, 336 East One hundred and fourteenth Street, New York, N. Y.  
NAHN, Edward. Miss Catherine Nahn, 654 South Fifteenth Street, Newark, N. J.  
O'CONNELL, Daniel. Miss Beatrice O'Connell, Randall's Island, N. Y.  
PENGUITE, Ralph S. Emmett Peguite, Mason, Ohio.  
PETERSON, Andrew L. Mrs. Andrew L. Peterson, box 544, Hudson, Wis.  
PHILLIPS, Willie S. Walter Phillips, Ralph, Ala.  
POLICASTRO, Frank J. Mrs. Anna Policastro, 305 Miller Street, Newark, N. J.  
RIGOTTI, Ludvico. Palma Rigotti, Coraopolis, Pa.

#### Died in Aeroplane Accident.

##### LIEUTENANTS.

BEEHLER, Charles H. Charles W. Bounty, 172 Bedford Street, Stamford, Conn.  
SMITH, Cedric A. Charles R. Smith, 112 Broadway Avenue, Wilmette, Ill.

##### SERGEANT.

MILOVICH, Samuel N. Miss Louise Roche, Springdale, Pa.

#### Wounded Severely.

##### MAJOR.

DUNCAN, George M. Mrs. Nona M. Duncan, 540 Iona Street, Youngstown, Ohio.

##### LIEUTENANTS.

BULL, Cornelius H. Mrs. William B. King, 1822 Wyoming Avenue, Washington, D. C.  
EVERETT, Leroy. Mrs. Anna Everett, 210 East Grant Street, Trenton, N. J.  
FRIERSON, Robert Payne. W. L. Frierson, Department of Justice, Washington, D. C.  
WOARMS, Edwin II. Mrs. Carrie C. Woarms, 1 West Ninety-second Street, New York, N. Y.

##### SERGEANTS.

BEMIS, Hugh P. E. S. Bemis, 160 Hill Street, Barre, Vt.  
RINGHAM, John P. Mrs. Maud G. Baird, Douglaston Park, Douglaston, N. Y.  
BOONE, Reuben H. Miss Lillian Boone, 203 Texas Street, Shreveport, La.  
CARL, David. Mrs. Edith Johnson, 25 South Prince Street, Flushing, N. Y.  
CARLSON, Victor S. Axel W. Carlson, 3954 Portland Avenue, Minneapolis, Minn.  
CAUNTER, Donald T. Mrs. Harold Caunter, 12825 Speedway Overlook Boulevard, East Cleveland, Ohio.  
DUFFY, Edward F. Mrs. Edward F. Duffy, 241 Emerson Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.  
EDWARDS, Tom. Mrs. Tom Edwards, 2523 North Twenty-sixth Street, North Birmingham, Ala.  
ESTEP, Ralph. Mrs. Sallie K. Estep, 130 Boulevard Street, Statesville, N. C.  
GLOVER, John M. Mrs. Sarah Glover, Hampton, Tenn.  
GAYTON, Allen R. Mrs. Cassie Margaritte Gayton, Camp Verde, Ariz.  
HARRISON, George S., Jr. Mrs. Sallie E. Harrison, Rosaryville, Md.  
JONES, Alton E. William Jones, R. F. D. 1, Minerva, Ohio.  
KORSMOE, Albert E. Mrs. Ole Korsmo, 723 Fourteenth Avenue west, Ashland, Wis.  
LANGAN, Thomas E. Mrs. James Langan, Council Bluffs, Iowa.

# CASUALTIES REPORTED BY GEN. PERSHING

LANTZY, Paul M. William A. Lantzy, Bingler Avenue, Spangler, Pa.  
 LOVETT, Carl. Simon Lovett, Monday, Ohio.  
 MARIOTTI, William. Mrs. Mabel Mariotti, 2348 Kimball Avenue, Chicago, Ill.  
 MEYER, Richard H. Mrs. Adeline S. Meyer, 101 Chauncy Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.  
 MOORE, James D. Charles C. Moore, 2658 Peach Street, Erie, Pa.  
 WOLFROEM, Philip Homer. J. O. Wolfroem, Western Avenue, Findlay, Ohio.

## CORPORALS.

ARVIN, Samuel Otis Deigman. Mrs. Fred Arvin, 302 South Pennsylvania Avenue, Anthony, Kans.  
 BLESSUM, Olgar O. John Blessum, Webb, Saskatchewan, Canada.  
 BROWN, Bernard T. Mrs. Bernard T. Brown, Phillipsburg, Pa.  
 BROWN, Charles David. Mrs. Mary A. Brown, 227 1/2 Main Street, Waterloo, Iowa.  
 DIXON, Bennie. E. Dixon, Uvalda, Ga.  
 DOYLE, William K. Mrs. Minnie Doyle, Fountain City, Tenn.  
 EAGAN, James F. Mrs. Catherine Eagan, 252 Halladay Street, Jersey City, N. J.  
 EBERHART, Sidney P. Miss Helen E. Eberhart, 2230 Maryland Avenue, Topeka, Kans.  
 FINE, Abe. Samuel Fethoitz, 84 Eastwick Street, Philadelphia, Pa.  
 FLOYD, Ira M. Mrs. McCree Hatchell, Effingham, S. C.  
 FUGHT, Francis M. Mrs. Mary Cole, 236 Arbella Street, Pittsburg, Pa.  
 GALLOWAY, Earl. Mrs. Charles Galloway, 618 Howard Street, Findlay, Ohio.  
 HAINES, Bernard J. Albert Haines, 106 1/2 East Tiffin Street, Fostoria, Ohio.  
 JOSEPH, Isiah. Mrs. Mary Marshall, 2218 Runaval Street, Houston, Tex.  
 KEAVY, Thomas J. Michael F. Keavy, 65 Monument Street, Charlestown, Mass.  
 KOBLENTZ, Miles. Mrs. Musa Spencer, Hebron, Ill.

LEDERTHIEL, Paul E. Mrs. Margaret A. Lederthiel, 332 Frank Street, Rochester, N. Y.

MCGIRK, Barton E. Matthias McGirk, Goldthwaite, Tex.

MAFFEY, Albert. Joseph Maffey, Milan, Ind.  
 MALLETT, Frank. Mrs. Eva Mallett, 125 Oak Avenue, Torrington, Conn.

MARK, Joseph Allen. Mrs. Augusta Marx, 211 High Street, Saginaw, Mich.

MORRISSEY, Raphael A. Mrs. Edna Morrissey, Hooper, Utah.

NYMARK, David. Miss Agnes Carter, R. F. D. 2, Utica, S. Dak.

O'KEEFE, John F. Mrs. Hannah O'Keefe, 851 Balboa Street, San Francisco, Cal.

OLIVER, R. B. Mrs. C. Brook, Bainbridge, Ga.

OSTLER, Robert E. William A. Ostler, La Fayette, Ind.

PATE, Willie L. Dove S. Pate, R. F. D. 1, Lamar, S. C.

PAULUCCI, Joseph W. Hugh E. Pearce, Kenton, Ohio.

PIATKIEWSKI, Theodore. Mrs. Valentine Piatkewski, 615 Poland Avenue, Youngstown, Ohio.

RITTNER, Arthur P. Paul Rittner, 190 Babcock Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

SADLER, William H. Hugh T. Sadler, Coker-creek, Tenn.

SCOTT, James. Mrs. Ada Scott, Millhaven, Ga.

SLONAKER, Jerry M. John P. Slonaker, New Kensington, Pa.

SMITHERS, Carl W. Mrs. J. F. Robinson, Kalispell, Mont.

STASTNY, Jaroslav. Joseph Blecky, Bottineau, N. Dak.

TOMES, Alois F. Mrs. Mary Tomes, Clarkson, Nebr.

WFBER, Charles. Mrs. Barbara Weber, 47 Nelson Avenue, Newark, N. J.

WIETGREFE, Erwin A. Fred Wietgrefe, New Hampton, Iowa.

WORMACK, James. Mrs. Mattie Atkins, Cummoek, N. C.

## BUGLERS.

BRADLEY, Frank. Mrs. Janie Bivens, New Brownsville, Tex.

BURKHART, James M. Mrs. Eva Burkhart, 8004 Ford Avenue, Youngstown, Ohio.

MORSE, Herbert H. William F. Morse, 124 University Avenue, Rochester, N. Y.

## MECHANICS.

ALLCOCK, Martin L. J. W. Allcock, box 3, Waco, Mo.

LAUB, Walter O. Mrs. Sidney Laub, 2014 East Clearfield Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

WALKER, Clifford A. William M. Walker, 726 Walnut Street, Williamsport, Pa.  
 WILLIAMS, Joseph. Mrs. Julia Lavally, Ellenburg Depot, Franklin County, N. Y.  
 WOLFE, Ira. Mrs. Burt Wolfe, R. F. D. 2, Crooksville, Ohio.

## HORSESHOER.

VAN VORIS, Edward M. C. A. Van Voris, box 231, Middleburgh, N. Y.

## COOK.

ELLIS, Manley H. William C. Ellis, Heath Springs, S. C.

## Missing in Action.

### SERGEANTS.

DALEY, Joseph E. Eugene O. Daley, 97 Main Road, Chestnut Hill, Mass.  
 FELTINGTON, Harry. Herman Felter, 62 Bates Street NW., Washington, D. C.

### CORPORALS.

JENSEN, Peter. James Jensen, Sauk, Wash.  
 LANGEMAK, Fritz. J. C. Langemak, Sturgeon Bay, Wis.  
 TORNETTA, Charles Salvatore. Sebastian TorNETTA, 2402 Amsterdam Avenue, New York, N. Y.  
 WHEELER, Waston R. Mrs. Mary R. Wheeler, Randolph, Wis.

## SECTION 2, JANUARY 11, 1919.

The following casualties are reported by the commanding general of the American Expeditionary Forces:

Killed in action	59
Died from accident and other causes	11
Died from disease	101
<b>Total</b>	<b>171</b>

## Killed in Action.

### LIEUTENANTS.

SHAW, John Scranton. Mrs. John C. Shaw, 50 West Forty-ninth Street, New York, N. Y.

SHERIDAN, Philip B. Mrs. Mary J. Sheridan, 6 Wisteria Street, Salem, Mass.

### SERGEANT.

GRONO, Harry A. Gust Grono, East 902 Sinto Avenue, Spokane, Wash.

### CORPORALS.

DOUGLAS, Abraham. James Douglas, 39 Ormond Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.

MAYNARD, John B. W. R. Hayes, New Wellington, Pa.

### COOK.

TREHOULIS, Demetriosh Loukas. James Pourtas, 106 Squires Avenue, Endicott, N. Y.

### PRIVATE.

ABRAMO, Albertici. Mrs. Clementina Abramo, Massa Carrara, Bagnone Per Corlog A, Italy.

BAVIS, Carey. Mrs. Bess Bavis, Georgetown, Ohio.

BECK, Charlie R. Henry Beck, R. F. D. 5, High Point, N. C.

BLAUE, Edwin C. Mrs. Mary Blaue, New Florence, Mo.

BORDSON, Frugoa M. Mrs. Ole Thomasen, Cutter City, Cal.

BRIDGHAM, John C. Mrs. Emma Bridgham, 25 Safford Street, South Braintree, Mass.

BROWN, Walter B. Andrew Brown, Brainerd, Minn.

BURMAN, Cleveland. Mrs. Mattie B. McKenzie, R. F. D. 1, Pinehurst, Ga.

CARLSON, Axel J. Mrs. Matilda Carlson, 3711 Dockens Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

CASSERLY, Frank J. Mrs. Mary Casserly, Willsbrook, Caslerca, County Roscommon, Ireland.

CHANEY, William L. Benjamin Chaney, Yakima, Wash.

COUSTIN, Robert. Mrs. David Lee, 1408 North Watt Street, Youngstown, Ohio.

DAVIDOVITCH, Andrew. Mrs. Pekia Davidovitch, Gryowiers, Russia.

DAVIS, Charles F. John D. Davis, general delivery, Redbird, Mo.

DUNCAN, Timney J. Mrs. F. C. Duncan, Winder, Ga.

ELLISON, Gus. Mrs. Mary Ellison, Athens, Greece.

FINLEY, Ray A. John Finley, Smithton, Pa.

GALIANO, Antonio. Cosimo Galiano, McComas, W. Va.

GLABES, Ruben. Mrs. Mary Glabes, Weskan, Kans.

GOOSMAN, William F. Mrs. Emma Goosman, 3750 Drake Avenue, Cincinnati, Ohio.

GREENWAY, Clarence E. Mrs. Bertha Greenway, Campobello, S. C.

GRIFFIN, William V. Mrs. Margaret Griffin, Opal Street, Logan, Philadelphia, Pa.

HONAKER, John. Mrs. Mary Honaker, Mount Hope, W. Va.

IVY, Willie G. Mrs. Fronie D. Ivy, R. F. D. Starrsville, Ga.

KVIATKOSKI, Alexander. Vladyslav Gazevski, box 17, Millers Falls, Mass.

LABUDOVICH, Savo. Miss Plara Labudovich, Niogich, Montenegro.

LEKAN, Mike. Mrs. Marie Zuccaro Fu Francesco, Bari Fu Bitritto, Italy.

MCKEON, James. Mrs. Susie McKeon, 2864 Eighth Avenue, New York, N. Y.

MCNEIL, William. Charles McNeil, 81 Columbus Street, Newark, N. J.

MANTLE, Thomas E. Mrs. Annie Mantle, general delivery, Lane, Mo.

MAR QUER, Manuel. Mrs. G. C. Bonellos, 152 East Highland Avenue, Redlands, Cal.

MICHAUD, Joseph. Peter Micaud, St. Leon, Quebec, Canada.

MIRARCHI, Frank. Mrs. Elizabeth Mirarchi, 631 Kater Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

MOBIUS, Frank. Miss Martha Mobius, R. F. D. 1, Hartford, Wash.

MOORE, Hagan. Grant Moore, Cumberland Gap, Tenn.

NABBRUCI, John. Frank Nabbruch, 259 Amherst Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

NILLES, John Thomas. Mrs. Regina Nilles, Algoma, Mich.

NOLIN, Ovilla. Mrs. Oliven Nolin, 80 Mosher Street, Holyoke, Mass.

OEM, Albert. Herman Ohm, R. F. D. 5, box 53, Albert Lea, Minn.

PALMIERI, Asparo. Pete Palmieri, 9 Stanton Street, New York, N. Y.

PITTMAN, George T. James F. Martin, 602 Tuttle Street, Augusta, Ga.

POWELL, Jessie D. Moses Powell, R. F. D. A, box 157, Milan, Ga.

QUALLS, Jim L. Mrs. Dora A. Qualls, Story, Ark.

RENO, Frank. Mrs. Grace H. Reno, East Ninety-fifth and Holmes Lane, Canarsie, Brooklyn, N. Y.

RICKMAN, John H. Mrs. Essie Garvin, 280 1/2 Second Street, Portland, Ore.

SALVESEN, Arthur S. Mrs. Katherine Salvesen, 674 Fifty-first Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

SCHILDKNECHT, Henry G. Mrs. Mary Schildknecht, 384 East One hundred and fifty eighth Street, New York, N. Y.

SCHNEIDER, Philip A. Mrs. Mary A. Schneider, 4135 Manyunk Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa.

SMITH, Henry J. James C. Farrow, 2164 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y.

SZUTKA, Michael. Mrs. Mary Oichowik, Estas Street, Ipswich, Mass.

WEIDE, Earl C. Mrs. Martha Weide, 123 Demond Place, Buffalo, N. Y.

WELLS, Henry S. Martin H. Wells, Soldier, Kans.

WILLIAMS, James H. Mrs. Louisa Williams, Relay, Md.

## Died of Disease.

### CAPTAIN.

DOSE, Frederic Charles. Mrs. Frederic Dose, 320 McDonough Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

### LIEUTENANTS.

COLEMAN, Robert H. Mrs. Susan N. Coleman, 16 East Eager Street, Baltimore, Md.

EVANS, George R. Mrs. I. B. Barnes, Taylor Boulevard, Louisville, Ky.

ROBERTSON, Charles A. Mrs. Lelia A. Robertson, Hopkinsville, Ky.

TILTON, Herbert O. William A. Tilton, Eatontown, N. J.

### Y. M. C. A. SECRETARY.

OSEN, Eric G. Y. M. C. A. Overseas Personnel, 437 Madison Avenue, New York, N. Y.

### SERGEANTS.

CARPENTER, Alfred D. Alfred D. Carpenter, Oswego, Kans.

GODDARD, Louis David. Fred L. Goddard, Stanley, Wis.

HAGER, Albert E. Mrs. Anna Hager, Central Avenue, Caldwell, N. J.

JACKSON, Charles Benjamin. Mrs. Mary Jackson, 2319 Twelfth Street, Port Huron, Mich.

LOUDD, James H. Mrs. Mary A. Loudd, 1546 South Keeler Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

MCMAH, Thomas J. Mrs. Annie McMath, 48 Richdale Avenue, Somerville, Mass.

## CASUALTIES REPORTED BY GEN. PERSHING

NILSON, Harry Samuel. Capt. John Amos Nelson, Pier 5, Hoboken, N. J., Q. M. C., U. S. A.

QUINN, William F. Miss Margaret Quinn, 1634 East Eyre Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

## CORPORALS.

BOOMER, James M. Mrs. Bessie A. Boomer, Tucker Avenue, North Dartmouth, Mass.

COOKE, Charles A. Mrs. Ophelia Briggs, 122 Franklin Avenue, Arlington, R. I.

HASLEE, Herbert E. Oliver Haslee, R. F. D. 31, Glenbeulah, Wis.

HEIMSOOTH, Theodore. Louis Heimsooth, R. F. D. 2, Arlington Heights, Elk Grove, Ill.

LEITCH, C. Russel. Charles T. Leitch, Broad and Main Streets, Quakertown, Pa.

PETERSON, Ernest E. James F. Peterson, R. F. D. 2, Kinde, Mich.

PETERSON, Edgar O. Mrs. Margaret Peterson, Canton, S. Dak.

SALLADAY, Bryan B. Victoria Salladay, box 21, Falcon, Colo.

SPRUNT, Henry M. Mrs. M. Sprunt, 23 Union Street, Brechin, Scotland.

## CHAUFFEUR.

NELSON, Russell W. C. J. Nelson, Belmont, Mont.

## WAGONERS.

McAULIFFE, Frank T. Mrs. Nora McAuliffe, 33 Cameron Avenue, Cambridge, Mass.

WILSON, Carroll H. Mrs. Mertie Wilson, Delois, Mo.

## MECHANIC.

ROBINSON, Joseph. W. L. Simmons, 750 Meeting Street, Charleston, S. C.

## COOK.

VAN WERT, Ralph. Mrs. Nellie Van Wert, 315 Oswego Street, Syracuse, N. Y.

## PRIVATEES.

ADKISON, Barney A. Mrs. Elmore L. Adkison, R. F. D. 2, Brighton, Tenn.

ALTIC, Russel. Edward Altic, 257 North Young Street, Frankfort, Ind.

ARMSTRONG, Almiron. Mrs. Jane Armstrong, R. F. D. 7, Yakima, Wash.

BATES, John M. Mrs. Josie Bates, Beardstown, Tenn.

BELL, James. Miss Sallee Bell, Trenton, Ky.

BOCOOCK, Dorus F. George T. Bocoock, R. F. D. 1, Elmira, Mich.

BRISON, George. Mrs. Ollie Brison, R. F. D. 1, Gracy, Ky.

BROWN, Clint. Green Brown, Fourth Street, Statesville, N. C.

BROWN, Robey Alonzo. Mrs. Georgia Ann Brown, Lenoir, N. C.

BUNN, Claude. Mrs. Wilson L. Bunn, R. F. D. 2, Summit, Ga.

BUTLER, Thomas Alexander. Mrs. Sarah Butler, 1701 Hickox Street, West Jacksonville, Fla.

CHRISTENSEN, Chris M. Mrs. Jennie Christensen, Ellsworth, Iowa.

CISZEK, Joseph Frank. Jacob Ciszek, 175 Kopernik Street, Detroit, Mich.

COURSEY, Clyde. Albert C. Coursey, Anders Retreat Park, Colo.

CRAWFORD, Lloyd D. Mary Crawford, R. F. D. 4, Dushore, Pa.

DANTONIA, Pete. Mrs. Teresa Dantonia, Doma Montenero, Proriccio, Diehlel, Italy.

DELZEIT, Edward N. John J. Delzeit, Denton, Kans.

DUPLANTIS, Julius M. Mrs. Odiele Duplantis, Lydia, La.

EHRIE, John. Detlef Ehrig, R. F. D. 3, Gladbrook, Iowa.

FEILZER, Fred. Mrs. Margaret Feilzer, 2414 Dupont Avenue, North Minneapolis, Minn.

FERRUGANNO, Pasquale P. Carl Ferruganno, 152 Grant Street, Framingham, Mass.

FILES, Herbert C. Mrs. Alice Files, R. F. D. 2, Sturgis, Miss.

GEMBLE, James. Oete Gemble, 717 Fehr Avenue, Louisville, Ky.

GINGRICH, Russell A. Mrs. Alma D. Gingrich, West Milton, Ohio.

GRANT, Henry T. Malley Grant, R. F. D. 3, Chesterfield, S. C.

HILLRICHS, Reinhardt. Henry Hillrichs, R. F. D. 3, Akron, Ga.

HOLLAND, Frederick F. Mrs. Bridget Holland, 201 Green Street, Manchester, N. H.

HUNT, George T. John C. Jordan, 1119 East Main Street, Chattanooga, Tenn.

HUNTER, Marcellus. James Hunter, R. F. D. 3, Waskom, Tex.

JOHNSON, Callie. Mrs. Rody Johnson, 644 Main Avenue, San Antonio, Tex.

JOHNSON, Cornelius. Mrs. Creasie Johnson, Mineral Springs, Ark.

JOHNSON, Jacob. Mrs. Victoria Johnson, 2531 Washington Avenue, New Orleans, La.

JORDAN, Howard. Mrs. Kate Jordan, 1134 Clover Street, Camden, N. J.

KELLOOG, Francis E. Ray C. Kellogg, Volga, Iowa.

KNAPSCHAFFER, Leo J. Mrs. Elizabeth Knapschafer, 502 East Main Street, Coldwater, Ohio.

KYER, William C. Miss Mabel Lancaster, 909 T Street NW, Washington, D. C.

LANNIGAN, Lawrence A. Mrs. Cora E. Lannigan, 1839 Maiden Lane, St. Louis, Mo.

LARSON, Edward. Oscar Nelson, 412 East One hundred and forty-eighth Street, New York, N. Y.

LEUDERALBERT, John E. Miss Gertrude Leuderalbert, 2134 Gilbert Avenue, Cincinnati, Ohio.

LIGHT, William. Samuel Light, 411 Wauhatchie Pike, St. Elmo, Chattanooga, Tenn.

LYNCH, John M. John M. Lynch, 201 East Second Street, Garnet, Kans.

MINCY, William. Mrs. Mattie Mincy, 109 Pine Street, Caryville, Fla.

MOODY, Lorenzo D. Mrs. Fannie W. Moody, 908 Selma Avenue, Tampa, Fla.

MOSLEY, George W. Billu Mosley, Hyden, Ky.

MUNSON, Albin S. Peter Munson, Lily, S. Dak.

NESSMITH, John W. Mrs. Emily J. Nesmith, R. F. D. 1, Mount Rozell, Ala.

OLSEN, Hyrum. Hyrum Olsen, Logan, Utah.

OSHEL, Marion L. Mrs. Ida B. Oshel, Carrier Mills, Ill.

PFLUG, Alfred R. Mrs. Ida Rainey, 265 Ocean Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

POZZI, Laurance. Augustino Pozzi, route H, box 119, Fresno, Cal.

RILEY, Joseph P. Mrs. Johanna Riley, 230 Colone Street, Albany, N. Y.

ROBERSON, Bob L. Jep Roberson, R. F. D. 1, Carrs Station, Ga.

ROMER, George. Miss Dagnar Romer, 1001 Lorel Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

RYAN, James J. Mrs. Nora Ryan, Winconne, Wis.

SANDERS, Fred W. Mrs. Minnie Sanders, 1718 Hughes Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

SATTLER, John F. Mrs. Johana Sattler, 1507 Berry Street, Harrisburg, Pa.

SAUR, George A. John Saur, R. F. D. 2, box 33, Fort Atkinson, Wis.

SAYLOR, Herman P. Miss Elizabeth Saylor, 41 West Mount Airy Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa.

SCHLAICH, Frank. Mrs. Anna Schlaich, 1466 Commonwealth Avenue, New York, N. Y.

SCHUTZ, John N. Mrs. John N. Schutz, 6327 Wayne Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

SIMPSON, John. Mrs. Nera Simpson, Locksburg, Ark.

SIMPSON, John R. Joe Simpson, Escondido, Cal.

SMEDINGA, Jacob. Ribert Dyksterhuis, Terrebonne, Oreg.

SMITH, Henry L. Mrs. Della Smith, R. F. D. 1, Albertville, Ala.

SOWELL, Eulor B. Robert J. Sowell, box 55, R. F. D. 3, Lake Park, Ga.

STEIGER, Philip. Henry Steiger, Macedon, N. Y.

TUCKER, Jeff Morgan. Mrs. Sussie Daniels, R. F. D. 3, Greenville, Tex.

WEATHERFORD, Everett F. Mrs. Mary J. Weatherford, R. F. D. 4, Philpot, Ky.

WHITING, Herbert G. Elizabeth Bruce, 5 Park Street, Haverhill, Mass.

WILLIAMS, John J. Sarah Williams, Conneaut, Pa.

WOLFBURGER, William. Mrs. Elizabeth Diehl, 1082 Honeywell Avenue, Bronx, N. Y.

WOOD, Stanley F. B. B. Wood, Middle Street, Merrimac, Mass.

WOODMANSEE, Leon C. Mrs. Laura Woodmansee, Escoheag, R. I.

## Died from Accident and Other Causes.

## LIEUTENANT.

ROBINSON, Lambert C. Mrs. E. J. Robinson, Brandon, Rankin County, Miss.

## SERGEANT.

ELWELL, Arthur S. Mrs. O. C. Elwell, 122 State Street, Portland, Me.

## PRIVATEES.

BOWERS, Nelson. Mrs. Maude Bowers, 1416 North Tenth Street, Reading, Pa.

FLYNN, Michael A. Michael Flynn, 11 Washington Street, Belleville, N. J.

KOETHER, Fred G. Mrs. Christina Koether, 2137 West Chicago Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

McCLORY, John L. Mrs. Nora O'Connell Praisiv, 1837 West Fifty-eighth Street, Chicago, Ill.

MACBETH, Kenneth E. Mrs. Clara E. Macbeth, Harbor Creek, Pa.

MURRAY, James W. Ole S. Miller, Princeton, Tex.

SCHUCHTER, Albert G. Mrs. Josephine Schuchter, 115 West Sixth Street, Muncie, Ind.

STOREY, William G. Mrs. Mary Storey, 2112 South Eleventh Street, Springfield, Ill.

TYLER, James M. William M. Tyler, Guide Rock, Nebr.

## CORRECTIONS IN CASUALTY LIST.

Wounded (Degree Undetermined), Previously Reported Killed in Action.

## PRIVATEES.

FREITAG, Frank. Mrs. Mary Freitag, 932 Grattan Street, Chicopee Falls, Mass.

GIRVIN, Forrest. Ed Girvin, Livermore, Ky.

MARTIN, William P. Mrs. Esther Martin, 1011 Kearsley Street, Flint, Mich.

MASTRIANNI, Pasquale. Michael Mastrianni, Logiana, Naples, Italy.

NIEMEYER, Joseph. Mrs. Elizabeth Niemeyer, Delphos, Ohio.

Missing in Action, Previously Reported Killed in Action.

## PRIVATE.

BEISSWANGER, John C., jr. John C. Beisswanger, 615 Eisenbrown Street, Reading, Pa.

Returned to Duty, Previously Reported Killed in Action.

## SERGEANT.

DONAHUE, Harry J. Harry Donahue, 5011 Woodland Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa.

## PRIVATEES.

HARWELL, William H. Green W. Harwell, 2901 Avenue D, Polytechnic, Tex.

MANDEVANOS, Spero G. Christ Mantlvanos, 806 East Broad Street, Richmond, Va.

SIDENSTRICKER, Aaron M. Mrs. Elizabeth Sidenstricker, Neck City, Mo.

TITUS, Clifford C. William J. O'Neill, 361 George Street, New Haven, Conn.

WICE, George J. Alfred Wice, Dryburg, Mich.

Wounded Severely, Previously Reported Died of Wounds.

## CORPORAL.

KIMMEL, Martin L. Mrs. Jennie M. Kimmel, 1206 East Madison Street, Portland, Oreg.

## PRIVATEES.

ABNEY, Ira. Mrs. Rose Abney, Station B, R. F. D. 2, Columbus, Ohio.

SPACKMAN, Edwin A. William Spackman, 420 East Grant Street, Lancaster, Pa.

VANDERPOOL, Matthew. Ezra Vanderpool, Towanda, Pa.

Returned to Duty, Previously Reported Died of Wounds.

## SERGEANT.

RHODES, Roger Alonzo. Mrs. Birdie Bean, Passaconway Avenue, Haverhill, Mass.

## PRIVATEES.

KING, John M. Mrs. Bridget King, 71 Bowers Street, Lowell, Mass.

PINA, James B. Jose Pina, 521 East Madison Street, Phoenix, Ariz.

Severely Wounded, Previously Reported Died of Disease.

## CORPORAL.

BJORNBERG, Arthur W. Mrs. M. Bjornberg, 14 Hotchkiss Street, Middletown, Conn.

## PRIVATE.

GRIMES, Hady B. James H. Grimes, Glendale, Ky.

Returned to Duty, Previously Reported Died of Disease.

## PRIVATE.

MADLE, Vincent R. Mrs. Kate Madle, 414 East Belgrade Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Killed in Action, Previously Reported Wounded Severely.

## CORPORAL.

TUCKER, Edward C. William C. Tucker, R. F. D. 2, Lynchburg, Tenn.

# CASUALTIES REPORTED BY GEN. PERSHING

## PRIVATE.

THORP, Jason E. Mrs. Harriet Thorp, R. F. D. 5, Portland, Mich.

**Killed in Action, Previously Reported Missing in Action.**

## LIEUTENANT.

MERRILL, John F. Mrs. L. W. Merrill, Mechanic Station, N. J.

## SERGEANTS.

MILLER, Ernest Gustave. Gustave Fred Miller, 712 East Ninth Street, Marshfield, Wis.

RICHARDSON, Charles T. Miss Mary Richardson, 2441 Irving Street, Seattle, Wash.

## CORPORALS.

RUPPE, Marcus G. George Ruppe, 405 Hancock Street, Hancock, Mich.

WALLING, Martin. Walter Walling, 619 Main Street, Avon, N. J.

## PRIVATES.

BELDEN, Harry O. Mrs. Mattie Belden, Rush City, Minn.

BERANEK, Joseph Benjamin. Mrs. Barbra Beranek, 1303 Caledonia Street, La Crosse, Wis.

BEZIO, Joseph. Edward Bezio, 1007 Main Street, Marinette, Wis.

BLEVINS, Willie. George W. Blevins, Inc., Ky.

BOISVERT, Albert J. Joseph Boisvert, 52 Salem Street, Worcester, Mass.

CAPELLUPO, Frank. Mrs. Marie Antonio Cortes, Magliano Province, Italy.

CLARK, George J. Mrs. Mary Collins, 9 Clapp Street, Linden, Mass.

CROSETTO, John B. Andrew Crosetto, box 60, South Wilmington, Ill.

FUNKHOUSER, John F. M. M. Funkhouser, 127 Frank Street, Dayton, Ohio.

GILLESPIE, William H. Mrs. Garnet Gillespie, Putney, W. Va.

KYRITSIS, Arthur. Spiros Kyritsis, Karditsa Thesalia, Greece.

LAGAIPA, Gefando. Antonario Lagaipa, 53 East Ninth Street, Oswego, N. Y.

LANGFORD, Richard J. Richard F. Langford, Osseo, Minn.

MCDONALD, Clarence G. Charles M. McDonald, R. F. D., Vincent, Ohio.

MCHUGH, Joseph. Mrs. Anna Gallagher, 777 South Twentieth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

MILES, Oscar G. Edgar E. Miles, Wilmore, Ark.

MOUW, John H. William Mouw, 865 Grandville Avenue, Grand Rapids, Mich.

NORMAN, Maurice. Mrs. Emeline Norman, 209 South Warman Avenue, Indianapolis, Ind.

OLIVE, Antonio. Mrs. Mollie Olive, 1230 Peter Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

OLIVERA, Manuel, jr. Manuel Olivera, 374 Hope Street, Fall River, Mass.

POTENZA, Fortunato. Mrs. Adella Potenza, 34 Watts Street, New York, N. Y.

QUILTY, Edward W. Mrs. Mary Quilty, 31 Palmer Avenue, Springfield, Mass.

REESE, Harry. John Reese, Wilton Junction, Iowa.

REINKENS, Alfonso. John J. Reinkens, Montezano, Wash.

REYNOLDS, Le Roy N. Andrew M. Reynolds, Newport, Pa.

RICHARDSON, Arthur C. Clark Richardson, Lyons, Ohio.

RIDER, Francis E. John Rider, East Berlin, Pa.

RILEY, Mike. Henry Riley, Can Creek, Ky.

ROBINSON, Charles A. Stephen D. Robinson, Cottonwood, Minn.

RODOVANITCH, Pete. Nikola Rodovanitch, Duleino, Montenegro.

ROMEZ, Jacob S. Efemy Romez, Borisov, Selo Wolinsky, Gubernia, Russia.

RONAN, James J. J. J. Ronan, Johnson Avenue, Spuyten Duyvil, N. Y.

ROONEY, Charles J. Mrs. Teresa Rooney, Brownsville Road, Broughton, Pa.

RYAN, Clifford T. William C. Ryan, Emerson, Nebr.

SLOMKA, Mike. Frank Slomka, 1101 Fifteenth Avenue, South Milwaukee, Wis.

SMITH, Albert H. Mrs. Ethel Shy, Edgemoor, Mo.

SOFLANOS, Louis. Christ Soflanos, Agia Paraskivi Methylene, Greece.

SULLIVAN, Clarence. Mrs. Celestine Sullivan, Laberine, La.

TEDESCO, Mike. Mrs. Cathrine Tedesco, Province di Cosenza on Aprigliano, Italy.

TINELO, Frank. John Romfo, 2524 Sixth Street, Watervliet, N. Y.

TUCKER, Osco. Edward F. Tucker, Laurel Springs, N. C.

TURNER, Parley C. Mrs. Mary E. Turner, Holden, Utah.

TURNER, Sherman H. Mrs. Nevada Faust, 225 Barton Street, Knoxville, Tenn.

VOPAT, Frank L. James Vopat, Goudyville, S. Dak.

WALTERS, Claude W. Mrs. Annabelle Walters, Burton, Kans.

WARD, William M. Will Ward, Fish Springs, Tenn.

WARNER, Benjamin H. Miss May Warner, Forepaugh Building, Seven Corners, St. Paul, Minn.

WATHEN, George O. Mrs. Henrietta H. Wathen, St. Edward, Nebr.

WINKELTAU, Ernest H. William E. Bostwick, 20 Mills Avenue, Mount Olive Station, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WOLDKANIS, Bronislaw. Andrew Lawnikanis, 47 Vernon Avenue, Bayside, N. Y.

**Died of Wounds, Previously Reported Missing in Action.**

## PRIVATES.

JENKINS, Thomas J. Mrs. Della Jenkins, Frostburg, Md.

THORMAN, Nick A. John M. Petterson, Skepperstad, Smolan, Sweden.

**Died of Disease, Previously Reported Missing in Action.**

## PRIVATES.

REPOLI, Alphonso. Antonia Tayhavia, 908 1/2 Main Street, Norfolk, Va.

TIEMANN, William C. Mrs. Helen Freeman, 4751 South Broadway, St. Louis, Mo.

**Died, Previously Reported Missing in Action.**

## PRIVATES.

GEROSKI, Lukass. John Jonice, 829 West Wealthy Street, Grand Rapids, Mich.

MILANSTER, John. Frank Milanster, 181 Third Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

TEDRICK, Claude E. Douglass Tedrick, McAlester, Okla.

**Wounded Severely, Previously Reported Missing in Action.**

## CORPORALS.

KIEKE, Otto W. Henry Kieke, Burton, Tex.

PIOTRSKI, Joseph. Joe Davis, 917 New Willow Street, Trenton, N. J.

## PRIVATES.

LAWSON, Paul H. Henry Lawson, Johnson City, Tenn.

LEGG, Herschel D. Mrs. Lizzie Legg, Charleston, Wash.

McCLARY, Luke W. Isaac A. McClary, Ocall, Tenn.

McCORMICK, Dudley J. Stephen McCormick, Caseville, Mich.

McKEON, Edward W. Mrs. James McKeon, 10 Main Street, West Warren, Mass.

NEWELL, James L. Thomas Newell, R. F. D. 3, Belle Plaine, Minn.

PENNEFEATHER, Harry. William Pennfeather, 201 Milwaukee Street, Milwaukee, Wis.

PHINEY, Thomas D. Oscar Phiney, Vista, Mo.

RAGAN, John A. Mrs. John Ragan, R. F. D., Arenzville, Ill.

RICKERT, Glennis H. Ambrose Rickert, 618 Front Street, Freeland, Pa.

THOMAS, Jesse A. William A. Thomas, 3 Water Street, Charleston, W. Va.

WEBSTER, Fred L. Mrs. Hattie Mahon, Alvin, Tex.

WELLS, Owen. Chris C. Wells, Sardis, Ky.

WILBURN, Jim Berry. Mrs. Nancy L. Wilburn, Wolfe City, Tex.

ZYSKA, Joseph. Mrs. Mary Zewicka, Lee, Pa.

**Wounded Slightly, Previously Reported Missing in Action.**

## CORPORAL.

BRANNELLY, John A. Mrs. Delia F. Brannelly, 1921 McKean Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

## PRIVATES.

BOLTON, William L. Mrs. Dorothy Bolton, 9414 Anderson Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio.

IAGAN, Andrew. Lawrence Maher, 328 West Thirty-sixth Street, New York, N. Y.

HAGRE, Edward W. Miss Alma K. Hagee, 6126 Suburban Avenue, St. Louis, Mo.

PERLINI, Alfredo. Mrs. Martha Reed, Brewster, N. Y.

**Wounded in Action (Degree Undetermined), Previously Reported Missing in Action.**

## CORPORAL.

WILLIAMS, John R., jr. Mrs. Emma I. Williams, Cold Springs Lane and Charles Street, Roland Park, Md.

## PRIVATES.

ARCHULETA, Patricio. Mrs. Rinita Archuleta, Rowe, N. Mex.

BERNHARDT, Sidney F. Mrs. Mary E. Bernhardt, Cape Vincent, N. Y.

CAVANAH, Elzie L. Miss Pearl Cavanah, 536 South Santa Fe, Salina, Kans.

CONY, Louis C. Mrs. Ella Cony, 308 Perry Street, Trenton, N. J.

FELSKIE, Charles S. Herman Felske, R. F. D. 4, Reedsburg, Wis.

GROSS, Harold O. Henry Gross, 3549 North Warnock Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

HASTING, Jim W. James B. Hasting, R. F. D. 2, Algood, Tenn.

HERMES, Nicholas. Jacob Hermes, Walperton, N. Dak.

HOPFELICH, Anthony O. Anthony Hopflich, R. F. D. 15, Jeffersontown, Ky.

HOLMES, Welby. Ebb Tom Holmes, Garlin, Adair County, Ky.

JOHNSON, Niels G. Victor Vidine, Atlantic, Iowa.

JOHNSON, Samuel T. William G. Johnson, box 630, Stockton, Cal.

LIPSON, Frank A. Mrs. Mary Lipson, 1021 West Sixteenth Street, Chicago, Ill.

McCLANNAHAN, Norman R. Sam McClannahan, Millidgeville, Ill.

McGUIGAN, Thomas. Mrs. Anna McGuigan, 445 Plainfield Street, Providence, R. I.

MALTBY, George Eno. Eli S. Maltby, Canton, Kans.

MOORE, Roger L. Miss Vallene Moore, Amazonia, Mo.

NORMAN, Ernest W. Mrs. Fred Burdick, 15 Woodland Avenue, Stamford, Conn.

SOLBERG, Alfred B. Mrs. Hilda Solberg, R. F. D. 3, box 6, Duluth, Minn.

SOMERVILLE, Petty. Mrs. Leontean Howard, 18 Addison Street, Grafton, N. Va.

WILLEY, Louis E. Mrs. Margaret E. Willey, Thornton, Wash.

ZAREBA, Joseph. Frank Lasenski, 26 Bristol Street, New Haven, Conn.

**Returned to Duty, Previously Reported Missing in Action.**

## LIEUTENANT.

BROWN, Bache N. Mrs. B. N. Brown, 45 East Sixty-second Street, New York, N. Y.

## PRIVATES.

BECK, Truxton H. Mrs. John A. Beck, 1010 Oak Street, Salem, Oreg.

BOERNER, Jacob. Joe Boerner, Lamar, Nebr.

BROOKS, Morris. Alex Brooks, 121 Seneca Street, Utica, N. Y.

CAPRIA, Pasquale. Mrs. Mary Capria, 204 West One hundred and thirty-second Street, New York, N. Y.

CARL, James P. Peter Carl, Redlake Falls, Minn.

GIORGIO, Frank. Miss Elizabeth Giorgio, 18 Prospect Avenue, Natick, R. I.

GONZALES, William. Mrs. Emma L. Gonzales, 47 Fremont Street, Somerville, Mass.

GRAHAM, John R. Mrs. Sadie Graham, 1766 North Taney Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

HEISER, Ray H. Mrs. Florence L. Heiser, 428 Dean Street, Scranton, Pa.

McNEILL, Clarence A. Mrs. Emma McNeill, 93 Maplewood Avenue, Gloucester, Mass.

RASINOWITZ, Barney. Miss Lena Rabinowitz, 1968 Marmoon Avenue, New York, N. Y.

RIORDAN, John A. Mrs. Sarah Riordan, 422 Thirteenth Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

SMITH, Walter C. Mrs. Elizabeth Smith, Barren Island, Brooklyn, N. Y.

SPERANZA, Giuseppe. Mrs. Concetta Cipri, Palmi, Province Di Reggio, Italy.

STARK, Frank A. Emil Stark, Svennevad, Sweden.

TURNER, William J. Mrs. Margaret Turner, 328 Cass Avenue, Detroit, Mich.

VESCOIO, Michele. Charles Vescio, 98 Second Street, Buena Vista, Pa.

WESALO, Jacob. John Kowolcik, 4624 Marshfield Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

WUCHORPFENNIG, Reinhold. Mrs. Elizabeth Wucherpennig, route 4, box 47, Edgar, Wis.

## CASUALTIES REPORTED BY GEN. PERSHING

## Sick in Hospital, Previously Reported Missing in Action.

PRIVATE.

DOUGHERTY, William H. Mrs. P. Murphy, 476 Thorp Street, Fond du Lac, Wis.

## Erroneously Reported Killed in Action.

LIEUTENANTS.

MARTIN, Robert. Mrs. Emily Martin, 232 Arnold Street, New Bedford, Mass.

SHAW, John H. J. Henry Shaw, 16 Allerton Street, Plymouth, Mass.

WHITE, Albert F. Richard James White, 65 Brownsville Avenue, Lynn, Mass.

PRIVATES.

LINAKA, John jr. Mrs. John Linaka, 228 East Dorset Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

PALMIER, Giarpan. Gange Salvatone, 12 Stanton Street, New York, N. Y.

## Erroneously Reported Died from Wounds Received in Action.

LIEUTENANT.

ROBERTSON, Charles A. Mrs. Vira Robertson, 1329 Sandy Boulevard, Portland, Oreg.

SERGEANT MAJOR.

GLOCK, Harry E. Mrs. Bertha Glock, 576 West Side Avenue, Jersey City, N. J.

PRIVATE.

HOHN, Joseph. Andrew Hohn, 634 George Street, Greensburg, Pa.

## Erroneously Reported Died of Disease.

LIEUTENANT.

COLEMAN, Robert. Robert H. Coleman, 33 Church Street, Saranac Lake, N. Y.

PRIVATES.

CHRISTENSEN, Chris N. John Peterson, R. F. D. 3, Larchwood, Iowa.

ROBERTSON, Robert K. Mrs. Minnie L. S. Robertson, R. F. D. 2, Roopville, Ga.

SALVESON, Henry. Salve Salvesson, 1820 Wisconsin Avenue, Superior, Wis.

WILLIAMS, John J. Mrs. Laura L. Williams, R. F. D. 1, Chesapeake City, Md.

## Erroneously Reported Missing in Action.

PRIVATE.

GARY, Andrew. Lucien I. Gary, Jennings, La.

## SECTION 2, DECEMBER 17, 1918—Con.

[The deaths reported in this section were printed in a previous issue of THE OFFICIAL U. S. BULLETIN.]

The following casualties are reported by the commanding general of the American Expeditionary Forces:

## Wounded Severely.

PRIVATES.

SHANER, Robert J. Robert A. Shaner, Colchester, Ill.

SHARKEY, Philip. Mrs. Anna Sharkey, 719 Oakhill Avenue, Youngstown, Ohio.

SKELLY, Thomas L. Dennis Skelly, Le Sueur, Minn.

SLOAN, Thomas. Mrs. Charlotte Sloan, Pona, Minn.

SMITH, Joseph C. Mrs. Margaret Smith, Antioch, Ill.

SMITH, Ralph S. William J. M. Smith, R. F. D. 2, Bluff City, Tenn.

STARKS, William L. Robert L. Starks, Cooper, Tex.

STERLING, Wayne R. Lula Trice, Hewitt, Tex.

STEWART, James E. Clyde H. Smith, R. F. D. 1, Shepard, Ohio.

STOKES, Stockley. W. C. Stokes, Woodlake, Cal.

STORMAN, William S. Mrs. Mary. Storman, 1430 Dixon Street, Chicago, Ill.

STOTLER, John H. H. B. Stotler, 300 Chicago Street, Fairmont, W. Va.

STOUT, Eugene. Mrs. A. L. Stout, R. F. D. 3, Holden, Mo.

STRATNIGH, Nick. Samuel Stratnigh, R. F. D. 1, Greenville, Mich.

STROUP, Ivey B. David J. Stroup, route 2, Dallas, N. C.

STUCK, Earl E. John Edward Stuck, Mount Ave. Ill.

SULLIVAN, Arthur L. Martin C. Sullivan, Srar, Okla.

TANBERG, Henry J. Mrs. Lucille Tanberg, 626 County Line, Fostoria, Ohio.

TARTARICI, Charles. Joseph Noleba, 42 East Eighteenth Street, New York, N. Y.

TAYLOR, Walter Daniel. Herman Taylor, Ramsay, North Harwich, Essex, England.

TUGEL, Fritz. Gustav Tugel, Manteca, Cal.

TURNER, Hal. Richard E. Turner, Helen, Ga.

WAGEMANN, Daniel. Daniel Wagemann, Forbes, N. Dak.

WASHINGTON, Robert. Mrs. Ora Miles, R. F. D. 3, Johnston, S. C.

WHISSON, John H. Ole Shenller, 224 Water Street, Baraboo, Wis.

WICKEL, Raymond F. Mrs. Mary Wickel, 1308 Birch Street, Reading, Pa.

WIGHT, Wilford. Miss Emma Wight, R. F. D. 1, Molad, Idaho.

WILBURN, George R. Noah E. Wilburn, Summerfield, Pa.

WILLIAMS, Klase. Mrs. Elizabeth J. Williams, Hilltop, W. Va.

WILLIAMS, Raymond Treloar. Mrs. Hattie Williams, Wellsville, Mo.

WILSON, Clarence G. Mrs. Mary E. Wilson, 227 First Avenue NW, Roanoke, Va.

WILSON, Perry A. A. T. Wilson, R. F. D. 5, Louisburg, N. C.

WILSON, Roland. Walter Wilson, Church Lane, Neodon, Pa.

WILSON, Roy. William J. Wilson, Ribolt, Ky.

WISE, Harold E. J. Louis F. Wise, 2722 Portland Avenue, Minneapolis, Minn.

WITHROW, Foza A. Ames D. Withrow, Marvel, W. Va.

WOODALL, James A. Mrs. Rachel E. Woodall, 3201 Avenue F, Birmingham, Ala.

YANCEY, Edward J. Mrs. May Yancey, 1523 Market Street, Tacoma, Wash.

ANDERSON, Joseph. Will Anderson, Zetella, Ga.

ANYS, Glen H. Mrs. Charles Anys, R. F. D. 3, Petoskey, Mich.

ATWOOD, Charles P. Mrs. Hannah Atwood, Orange, Cal.

AYERS, George. Mrs. Virgie Ayers, 322 West Second Street, San Angelo, Tex.

BREITKREITZ, Gustav. William Selka, 2904 Wade Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio.

BRUCKNER, William. Joseph Bruckner, 2403 Snyder Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

BUTTS, Theodore I. Mrs. Addie Butts, 504 Logan Avenue, Lake Geneva, Wis.

CAMERON, Edward R. Mrs. Blanche Cameron, Edenburg, Pa.

CARNEY, Patrick A. John Gildea, 581 Amsterdam Avenue, New York, N. Y.

CRAFT, John R. Mrs. Jennette Craft, Grand Junction, Colo.

CROWE, Louis A. Daniel Crowe, Aid, Mo.

CURTIS, Everett. Mrs. Ida Kendall, general delivery, Summerfield, Kans.

DAMICO, Antonio. Antonio Panicea, 124 River Street, Rome, N. Y.

DANCY, Frank. Mrs. Mary Dancy, R. F. D. 4, box 72, Tarboro, N. C.

DIETZ, Harry A. Mrs. Luella Dietz, Conway, S. C.

DIGBY, Carter. Steve D. Digby, R. F. D. 5, Leonard, Ark.

DONAY, Adam. Antonio Antonigio, 3105 Brighton Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

DORIS, Constantinos. Nick Doris, Carmatra Street, Ikara, Greece.

DROLL, Joseph P. Mrs. Droll, 194 Green Street, Annapolis, Md.

EVES, Herman B. David W. Eves, R. F. D. 2, Warriors Mark, Pa.

FEJERRA, Samuel. Mr. Mengera, 427 La Salle Street, Berwick, Pa.

FITZGERALD, Curtis J., jr. Mrs. Sarah Fitzgerald, 633 St. Johns Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.

FUNDERBURK, Jeff. W. T. Funderburk, 229 Laurel Street, Rock Hill, S. C.

GOLDBERG, Peter. Bernard Brody, 1312 Eighth Street, Douglas, Ariz.

GOODROW, Henry C. Henry W. Goodrow, 193 State Street, Ogdensburg, N. Y.

GOODWIN, Daniel F. Frank B. Goodwin, R. F. D. 1, Gaston, S. C.

GRANT, John. Mrs. John Grant, 1712 Austerbaum Avenue, New York, N. Y.

HAMILTON, Alexander W. Mrs. Lauretta Hamilton, 2004 Mainview Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

HART, Jesse L. Mrs. Emma Hart, 1606 West Fourth Street, Owensboro, Ky.

HATFIELD, James T. Joe Hatfield, Big Creek, W. Va.

HENRICKSEN, Alfred. Mrs. Elizabeth Henricksen, West New York, N. J.

HETTINGER, Edward F. Herman Walter Antemann, 23 James Street, Albany, N. Y.

HICKEY, Thomas F. Thomas Hickey, 2178 Lexington Avenue, New York, N. Y.

HOLZ, Samuel. Max Holz, 5639 Indiana Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

HOPKINS, Fred, jr. Wm Hopkins, R. F. D. 1, Denton, Tex.

HOWE, Dennis R. Dennis Howe, R. F. D. 1, Diagonal, Iowa.

HUGHES, Thomas L. Thomas A. Hughes, R. F. D. 3, Marion, Ky.

INMAN, John D. Mrs. Emma Inman, 5907 Third Avenue South, Birmingham, Ala.

INSTEAD, Louis. Mrs. Orlug Insterfjord, Brekke Sagen, Bergen, Norway.

JONES, John W. George W. Jones, Adel, Okla.

JONES, Leland B. A. S. Jones, Little Meadows, Pa.

JONES, Lovell R. Richard Jones, 717 East Superior Street, Kokomo, Ind.

JULINE, Roy W. Mrs. Emma Juline, Donovan, Ill.

LEBEDA, Tom. Kondrat Lebeda, Eordewka, Russia.

LEARING, Arthur T. Simmon Learing, 1714 West Court Street, Flint, Mich.

MCWHITE, Thad. Claude McWhite, 4238 Fairfax Avenue, St. Louis, Mo.

MANCUSI, Frank. Mrs. Mary Mancusi, 1028 Annin Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

MARZALEK, Kazimier. Tom Lukowski, 1133 Zenth Avenue, Milwaukee, Wis.

MARTIN, George. Mrs. Gertie Martin, Hanna, Okla.

MARTZ, Howard F. Mrs. Nellie Martz, R. F. D. 6, Bethany, Mo.

MASON, Ray B. Mrs. Ida Mason, Beloit, Kans.

MATHIEWS, Edgar K. Mrs. Maria Mathews, 88 South Hawk Street, Albany, N. Y.

MAUGER, Joseph E. Mrs. Nina Mauger, 53 Hancock Street, Dorchester, Mass.

MENSCHEL, Edward M. Emiel Menschel, R. F. D. 1, Hastings, Iowa.

MERCER, Marvel M. Mrs. Lillie M. Mercer, 401 South Jackson Street, Litchfield, Ill.

MERKA, Joe F. Paul Merka, Benchley, Tex.

MESSER, Barney. Jessie Messer, Missouri Valley, Iowa.

MILAM, Jess L. Mrs. Sarah Milam, Henrietta, Okla.

MILLARD, Clifford M. James W. Millard, Waldron, Ark.

MONAHAN, Frank E. Mrs. Mary Monahan, 98 Hayes Street, Napa, Cal.

MURRELL, William T. Mrs. Florence Murrell, route 2, Vinemont, Ala.

NAPOLITANO, Joseph A. Mrs. Francis Napolitano, 207 Twenty-third Street, Water-vliet, N. Y.

NEWMAN, Frank H. Mrs. Margaret F. Newman, 58 Twenty-first Street, Elmhurst, N. Y.

NOLAN, Maurice P. Mrs. Mary E. Nolan, 2820 Bell Street, Kansas City, Mo.

NOLIN, Ovilla. Mrs. Ollven Nolin, 80 Mosher Street, Holyoke, Mass.

O'GUIN, Jasper G. George L. O'Guin, Kimmons, Tenn.

OPPENHEIMER, Arthur L. A. L. Oppenheimer, 404 Sheldon Avenue SE, Grand Rapids, Mich.

PACHTMAN, Harry. Jacob Pachtman, 64 Cannon Street, New York, N. Y.

PETICK, Karl. Gust Petick, 1314 South Forty-eighth Court, Cicero, Ill.

PIGOTT, Amos E. Mrs. Camilla J. Ferrebee, Central Station, W. Va.

REEVES, Robert L. Joe N. Reeves, R. F. D. 1, Newell, Ala.

REITER, John D. Miss Minnie Reiter, Main Street, Red Hill, Pa.

ST. JOHN, William. Stephen Bates, Suncock, N. H.

SCHAFFNER, William G. William G. Schaffner, 663 Canada Street, St. Paul, Minn.

SCHELLHORN, Harry. Mrs. Mary Schellhorn, 163 Wyckoff Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

SCHNEIDER, Paul G. Miss Marie Teela Schneider, 612 North Third Street, Pottsville, Pa.

SEIFERT, John. John Seifert, 1365 Pleasant Street, Fall River, Mass.

SHEEHAN, William J. Mrs. Katherine H. Sheehan, 588 Dorchester Avenue, South Boston, Mass.

SKEBBA, William. Mrs. Helen Skebba, 208 Brookfield Avenue, Waukesha, Wis.

SMITH, Wilbert. Mrs. Mary Smith, 2313 Carey Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

SMOOT, Harvey R. Irvin Smoot, R. F. D. 3, Proctorville, Ohio.

SNOOK, Frederick. Mrs. Andrew Snook, Marwood, Pa.

SELVESON, George T. Mrs. Evelyn Selveson, R. F. D. 1, Rubicon, Wis.

STEPHENSON, Thomas. Mrs. Lydia Stephenson, Anon, Mont.

STERN, Mathew W. Mrs. Agnes Stern, 33 Elkton Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

STEWART, Herbert S. John W. Stewart, general delivery, Council Grove, Kans.

STILWELL, Harry C. Simeon Stilwell, Ma-sontown, Pa.

STITES, Walter F. George W. Stites, 206 Rice Avenue, Jeffersonville, Ind.

# CASUALTIES REPORTED BY GEN. PERSHING

- STOKES, Rembert R. George W. Stokes, Lynchburg, S. C.
- STRACK, Charles L. August A. Strack, 252 Cornelia Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.
- THIBODEAUX, Joseph. P. L. Thibodeau, Branch, La.
- TRACEY, Merle A. Mrs. Clarence W. Tracey, R. F. D. 3, Monmouth, Ill.
- VANKEERSBILCK, Rene. Richard Vankeersbilck, 621 Fifteenth Street, Moline, Ill.
- WALDO, Ralph W. Mrs. Vinnie M. Waldo, general delivery, Cozad, Nebr.
- WELLS, Joseph L. William H. Wells, Dinwiddie, Va.
- WELNINSKI, William. Mrs. Rosie Cendroski, 1508 Division Street, Chicago, Ill.
- WESSELS, John. Miss Helen Wessels, 110 First Street, Albany, N. Y.
- WHITNEY, Ralph N. Williston N. Whitney, 750 North Belmont Avenue, Indianapolis, Ind.
- WILLINGHAM, Marshall C. Mrs. Bertha V. Willingham, Boyd, Va.
- WILSON, Allan R. Mrs. Sarah V. Wilson, general delivery, Wheeling, W. Va.
- WOODARD, Bally W. Frank Woodard, 18 Glen Street, Glens Falls, N. Y.
- WORDEN, William. John Worden, 558 Henrietta Avenue, Logan, Ohio.
- YOUNGBLOOD, Andrew J. Mrs. Mary Youngblood, Eagan, Ga.
- ZAGATA, John. John Zagata, Housaatonie, Mass.
- ZAKIZEWSKI, Frank. Frank Zakizewski, 3 East Main Street, Glen Lyon, Pa.
- ZAVADSKY, Morris. Louis Caplan, 799 Washington Street, Staughton, Mass.
- ABEYTA, Manuel. Mrs. Placida Abeyta, Chamisal, N. Mex.
- ALCARN, Claude. Mrs. Elizabeth Strugeon, Patriot, Ind.
- BAUKNIGHT, George. Mrs. Hattie Bauknight, Earle, S. C.
- BEERS, William B. George Beers, store No. 2, Herndon, W. Va.
- BELL, Frank L. Mrs. Catherine W. Bell, 118 Ridge Avenue, Punxsutawney, Pa.
- BIENSON, Haldor T. John Benson, 15 Bekkegaten, Sarpsborg, Norway.
- BRADFORD, George H. Miss Boena Bradford, 411 Borden Street, Orange, Tex.
- BLANCH, William. William Branch, 740 Berrera Street, San Antonio, Tex.
- BROOKS, Ardie. Mrs. C. A. Brooks, Ready, Ky.
- BROUILLARD, Albert L. Mrs. Emma Brouillard, Moran, Kans.
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- CLEMENDONE, Amedeo. Luigi Clemendone, Tortorto Province of Termo, Italy.
- COOK, Doyal C. Rufus A. Cook, R. F. D. 2, Pratt City, Ala.
- CORDES, Henry W., jr. Mrs. Sofia K. Cordes, R. F. D. 2, Prairieview, Ill.
- DEMAREST, James. John G. Demarest, R. F. D. 1, Necedah, Wis.
- DENTON, Harry C. Mrs. Addie Denton, Hazel Green, Mo.
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- FRANKLIN, Benjamin. Gin Franklin, Mitchell County, N. C.
- GILLETTE, Lloyd Townsend. Mrs. Maude Gillette, Canoe Camp, Pa.
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- HUNTER, Iris. Charles Hunter, R. F. D. 2, Lowndesville, S. C.
- HUTO, Oliver F. William Huto, North Bangor, N. Y.
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- LEFLER, Homer. William Mason Lefler, Newsum, N. C.
- McGRUDER, Leo A. Mrs. Lizzie Graham, general delivery, Harrisonville, Mo.
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- HAMILTON, Charlie L. Al Hamilton, Maylene, Ala.
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- JUDKINS, Leo R. Leon Judkins, Kingston, Ill.
- JUSTICE, George Washington. Roland Justice, Deakin, Ky.
- JUSTUS, James F. Mrs. Lulu M. Justus, R. F. D. 2, Biltmore, N. C.
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- LANGLEY, Bert. David Langley, R. F. D. 2, Caseville, Mich.
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- LLOYD, Joseph E. James Herran, Seaville, N. J.
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- LUTZ, William. Mrs. Mary Lutz, 700 Gaigen Lane, Milwaukee, Wis.
- McCOOK, James H. Charlie H. McCook, Gordon, Ga.
- McGEE, Silas G. Harrison McGee, Garvin, Okla.
- McGILL, Fred J. F. McGill, 162 Vine Street, Batavia, N. Y.
- McNICKELE, Howard O. Mrs. Sadie Chapman, Letart Falls, Ohio.
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## CASUALTIES REPORTED BY GEN. PERSHING

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- MERENBLOOM, Frank I. Mrs. Jennie Merenbloom, 227 South Edea Street, Baltimore, Md.
- MIEHE, Herbert R. August Miehe, R. F. D. 1, Oelwein, Iowa.
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- MOORE, Verle C. Mrs. Annie C. Moore, 928 South Hope Street, Los Angeles, Cal.
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- O'BRIEN, Michael D. Mrs. Dora McHamee, 99 Church Street, Woonsocket, R. I.
- PENDERGRAFF, William, James T. Pendergraft, R. F. D. 6, Henderson, N. C.
- PETERS, Grover C. Mrs. Alma Peters, Alabama City, Ala.
- PETERSON, Carl. Mrs. Carl Peterson, 606 Victor Avenue, Victor, Colo.
- POILLOCK, John B. Mrs. Mabel Poillock, 102 Wildwood Avenue, Buffalo, N. Y.
- POUSSON, Willie. Maxile Pousson, Iota, La.
- PRESTON, Albert E. John Preston, R. F. D. 1, Battle Creek, Iowa.
- QUINN, Franklin Kyle. Mrs. Rosa Brookshire, R. F. D. 4, Candler, N. C.
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- RODGERS, Samuel V. Mrs. Emma Rodgers, 1446 North Paxon Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
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- SCIACCA, Antony. Mrs. Rose Sciacca, 1922 Light Street, Baltimore, Md.
- SINGLETON, John. Mrs. Jane Singleton, Eagle Point, Ore.
- SPORY, Harvey S. Mrs. Rebecca Miller, Boswell, Somerset County, Pa.
- STRICKLAND, Albert. Charles Strickland, Stone Harbor, N. J.
- STRIPPOLI, Carlo. Miss Filamena Lastella, 134 Huron Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.
- STOVALL, Samuel C. Mrs. Lucinda Stovall, Sipe Springs, Tex.
- VERMILLION, Ben. John W. Vermillion, R. F. D. 1, Fontana, Kans.
- WALDMAN, Maurice. Samuel Waldman, 1560 North Second Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
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- CALDWELL, Louis M. Charles H. Roades, R. F. D. 6, Abilene, Tex.
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- DRAKE, Charles E. Sir Francis Drake, South Hill, Ky.
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- HALL, Robert. John Hall, Tazewell, Tenn.
- HANSELMAN, Elvin Milton. John Hanselman, Millersville, Pa.
- HELTON, Roy G. Bazie Helton, Sevierville, Tenn.
- HENDERSON, Elmer W. Mrs. Myrtle Henderson, R. F. D. 1, Asher, Okla.
- HENDERSON, James A. John M. Henderson, Estes Mill, Miss.
- LENDRICKS, Richard L. Mrs. Sallie A. Hendricks, Herford, N. C.
- HENRY, John E. Mrs. Mamie T. Henry, Mangum, Okla.
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- MANSFIELD, William I. Mrs. Laura B. Mansfield, general delivery, Russellville, Ky.
- MARTINE, Charles H. Mrs. Carrie Martine, Bagley, Minn.
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- MYERS, John W. Mrs. Nancy K. Myers, 412 Lynn Street, Findlay, Ohio.
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- ROSS, Henderson G. Mrs. Avie Lee Boyd, Sulphur Springs, Tex.
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- RUSH, George H. Mrs. Mary Riley Rush, R. F. D. 3, Jefferson City, Tenn.
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- SNOW, Bennie. James Campbell, Ponca, Mo.
- SPARKS, Manley Foster. Roxford Sparks, Krebs, Okla.
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- BANNER, John. Mrs. John Banner, Bedford, Pa.
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- CHIAVERINI, Joseph. Gaetano Chiaverini, 79 Bradford Street, Providence, R. I.
- DAVIS, Sidney E. Henry A. Davis, Metz, Mo.
- DOUGLAS, John B. Mrs. Mattie Douglas, 821 South Third Street, Hopewell, Va.
- DOWDY, Monroe. Mrs. Lee Ella Dowdy, Ingram, Tex.

# CASUALTIES REPORTED BY GEN. PERSHING

OPPENHEIM, Isidor. Joseph Weinrobe, 15 Nightingale Street, Dorchester, Mass.  
 O'REARDON, Daniel G. Mrs. Daniel O'Reardon, 856 Green Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.  
 PIZULA, Sam. George Pizula, Priezbre, Serbia.  
 POLECCI, Tony. Guiseppe Polecci, Calabria, Italy.  
 PONDY, Julius J. Frank Pondy, 767A, Lafayette Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.  
 RAY, Albert Franklin. Mrs. Cornie Ray, Okmah, Okla.  
 REGISTER, Clyde A. John F. Register, R. F. D. 1, Dover, N. C.  
 ROMANI, William M. Mrs. Mary Romani, 373 East Seventh Street, St. Paul, Minn.  
 SCHLAUDER, Edwin E. Mrs. Susan Schmauder, Broad Street, Wind Gap, Pa.  
 SCHMIDT, Andrew J. Frank B. Schmitt, St. Mathews, Ky.  
 SMITH, John E. David Smith, R. F. D. 2, Center Hall, Pa.  
 SMITH, Leo J. William Smith, 150 Brunswick Avenue, Trenton, N. J.  
 SMITH, Leonard. Bolin Smith, 6424 North Broadway, St. Louis, Mo.  
 SMITH, Lloyd T. Thomas Smith, Uhrichsville, Ohio.  
 SMITH, Ralph C. Mrs. Clara Deremer, 709 Ninth Street, NE, Canton, Ohio.  
 SMITH, Ray. Mrs. Callie Smith, 15 Eddie Street, Dayton, Ohio.  
 SMITH, Roy F. Mrs. Minnie Smith, Clarksville, Iowa.  
 SNIPES, Ashley M. John Snipes, R. F. D. 2, Pavo, Ga.  
 SNYDER, Roy. Mrs. Anna Snyder, Hambolt, Ohio.  
 SOLOMON, Charles W. Mrs. Nettie Jennings, Twenty-third Street and Eighth Avenue, Terre Haute, Ind.  
 STAHLHUT, Edward A. Henry H. Stahlhut, R. F. D. 1, Edwardsville, Ill.  
 STANKIWEZ, Walter. Mrs. Alexandra Likaswecz, 4435 South Wood Street, Chicago, Ill.  
 STANT, Mack. Mrs. Mary Stant, East Main Street, Circleville, Ohio.  
 STANTON, Henry E. Edward L. Stanton, 610 Charlotte Avenue, St. Louis, Mo.  
 STEPHENS, Walter. Mrs. Florence Stephens, 4103 North Morgan Street, Tampa, Fla.  
 STEWART, Claud G. Mrs. Elsie Stewart, R. F. D. 1, Clement, Okla.  
 STEWART, Crawford. Mrs. Melisa Stewart, R. F. D. 1, Wickliffe, Ohio.  
 STEWART, Lloyd F. M. Joseph M. Stewart, Linton, N. Dak.  
 STOCK, Glenn. Mrs. Nettie Stock, Hoisington, Kans.  
 STOENS, John K. Theodore Stoens, box 31, Natick, Mass.  
 STUCKLE, Willie. Mrs. Marie Stuckle, 174 Avon Avenue, Newark, N. J.  
 SWANSON, Arthur. Gust Swanson, Jackson, Minn.  
 SYRETCHEN, Edward F. Mrs. Julia Syretchen, 5 Albany Street, Foughkeepsie, N. Y.  
 THIESFELD, Walter. Henry Thiesfeld, Pectone, Ill.  
 THOMAS, Frank. Fred Thomas, 16 Turner Street, Plymouth, Pa.  
 VAN ANTWERP, Harry V. Mrs. Gladys Van Antwerp, R. F. D. 4, Cedar Rapids, Iowa.  
 WARFIELD, Lloyd S. Mrs. Margaret I. Warfield, Florence, Md.  
 WILCOX, Channel. Mrs. Mary Moran, Hastings, Colo.  
 WILEY, Frank J. Mrs. Ellen Wiley, 123 Jackson Street, Paterson, N. J.  
 WILLIAMS, Claud A. James F. Williams, Enon, Mo.  
 WILKES, Arthur. Cebron Wilkes, Glandier Street, Pelham, Ga.  
 WINES, Edward Joseph. Mrs. May Wines, 137 Columbia Avenue, Jersey City, N. J.  
 WING, Eng. Hong Sam, 786 Broad Street, Bridgeport, Conn.  
 WINTER, Herbert. Herman Winter, 1016 Penbody Avenue, Memphis, Tenn.  
 WISE, David. Mrs. Rachael Wise, 2175 East Seventy-ninth Street, Cleveland, Ohio.  
 ZETTI, Nicholas. Carbatto Zetti, 65 Springfield Avenue, Summit, N. J.  
 BEACH, Clarence R. Mrs. Katherine K. Beach, 7 Pleasant Street, Pittsfield, Mass.  
 BEYER, Casper. Mrs. Frances Beyer, 1212 Kalamazoo Avenue, Petoskey, Mich.  
 BRANCH, Melvin S. Joseph I. Branch, Covert, Mich.  
 BURKHARD, Joseph W. William R. Burkhard, 1756 Tompkins Avenue, New York, N. Y.  
 CROOKS, George O. Mrs. Estella Crooks, R. F. D. 3, Kenton, Ohio.  
 DEHAVEN, Archie M. John Gull, Anderson, Cal.

ESLINGER, Everett Adison. Mrs. Ida Eslinger, 630 North Jefferson Street, Springfield, Mo.  
 HAZEN, Carle B. Mrs. Bessie Hazen, 44 Miles Street, Union City, Pa.  
 HORTON, Sewell C. Henry M. Horton, box 35, Posterville, Tenn.  
 HOWARD, Raymond. Mrs. David R. Carey, 1258 South Peach Street, West Philadelphia, Pa.  
 HUDSON, Ernest B. W. M. Hudson, Elkin, N. C.  
 HUTCHINS, Luther Q. Walter W. Hutchins, Newalla, Okla.  
 HYKIN, Louis. Mrs. Anna Weinstock, 282 South Third Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.  
 JETT, Admol L. Mrs. Sarah A. Jett, R. F. D. 2, Fredericksburg, Va.  
 JOHNSON, Arthur. Mrs. Alida S. Johnson, box 84, Ludlow, Pa.  
 KLUCKMAN, Arthur A. Rudolph Kluckman, Pollock, S. Dak.  
 KRISTENSON, Carl E. Louis K. Kristenson, R. F. D. 5, Geneva, N. Y.  
 MALONE, Archie Daniel. John Anderson Malone, Oak Grove, La.  
 MIKA, Stanley H. John Mika, 331 Monroe Street, Youngstown, Ohio.  
 MOORE, Herman. John W. Moore, Hilham, Tenn.  
 MULLEN, Joseph A. Mrs. Tessie Mullen, 413 East Sixty-ninth Street, New York, N. Y.  
 NIEDLEMAN, Charles B. Abraham Niedleman, 89 Grand Street extension, Brooklyn, N. Y.  
 NULISCH, Oswald. Mrs. Mary Nulisch, McGarle, Tex.  
 PAINTER, Jacob F. Mrs. J. F. Painter, Poplar Street, Greensburg, Pa.  
 PLANNER, Max M. John Planner, Menasha, Wis.  
 PODOLSKY, Harry. Morris Podolsky, 209-211 Seigel Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.  
 ROCHFORD, Martin M. Mrs. Maggie Daley, 146 Twenty-third Street, West New York, N. J.  
 SMITH, Chesley Dowey. Mrs. Josephine Smith, 209 North Colwell Street, Fort Scott, Kans.  
 STOUT, Fred J. Mrs. Minnie Stout, R. F. D. 1, New Stanton, Pa.  
 SUMLER, Grover C. Mrs. Flora C. Sumler, Pleasant Point, Tenn.  
 SWANSON, Olof. Neis Baverly, 308 South Black Street, Bozeman, Mont.  
 SWIRCKI, Edward. Miss Anna Swiecki, 215 Stanson Street, Herkimer, N. Y.  
 TAYLOR, Clarence L. Mrs. Alice C. Taylor, 520 London Street, Portsmouth, Va.  
 WHITE, Timothy W. Mrs. Kate White, Hickory Street, Suffield, Conn.  
 WHITFORD, Matthew C. Matthew Whitford, Fork Ridge, Tenn.  
 WOOLARD, Jacob E. Justice Rael, Mount Carmel, Ill.  
 ZIEPPERING, Henry Frederick. Mrs. Charlotte Zepperling, Fort Wayne, Ind.  
 ALMEN, Carl F. John Almen, Bison, S. Dak.  
 CONNER, Luther J. Mrs. Melonia Conner, Rock Hill, S. C.  
 FRANKLIN, Horace C. Mrs. Flora A. Franklin, Yoder, Colo.  
 FURLONG, Thomas F. Mrs. Cathrine Furlong, Jinx Street, Providence, R. I.  
 GLINN, Archie. Mrs. Ann Glinn, West Plains, Mo.  
 GULECKO, Michael. Stephen Sitnyk, 545 East Twelfth Street, New York, N. Y.  
 HARMON, Fred M. Mrs. Burchie L. Harmon, care of Ed Van Horn, Pinesville, Mo.  
 HOFF, Hjalmar. Lars M. A. Hoff, Madison, Minn.  
 LAUGHLIN, Ward B. Homer Laughlin, Nellie, Ohio.  
 LINDERMAN, Asher. Mrs. Mary Yazell, 223 South Plumb Street, Plymouth, Ind.  
 LOVELESS, Herbert. W. F. Loveless, Rock Hill, S. C.  
 MCGAUGHEY, John. Miss Elizabeth Gass, Edgarmstone, Princeton, N. J.  
 MARQUET, John H. Samuel H. Marquet, Birdsboro, Pa.  
 MAYER, John S. Mrs. Mary Gallagher, 407 East Sixty-ninth Street, New York, N. Y.  
 OLIVER, Lawrence C. Mrs. Laurina Oliver, box 553, Opelousas, La.  
 REID, Elton N. Elton J. Reid, Welbourne, Md.  
 SHOUP, Leslie E. Mrs. Laura Shoup, Ono, Cal.  
 STIRN, Warren. Mrs. Amelia Stirn, 957 East One hundred and fifty-sixth Street, New York, N. Y.  
 WICKER, Charles. Mrs. Elizabeth Wicker, 720 West Lehigh Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa.  
 SMITH, Howard E. Mrs. Ella Schuessler, 446 Fourteenth Street, Wellsville, Ohio.  
 SROKA, John. Fabian Jacewski, 234 Gudzen Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

TROTTER, James A. Mrs. Sarah Trotter, 1211 Euclid Avenue, Knoxville, Tenn.  
 VALENTINE, John A. Mrs. E. S. Flick, R. F. D. 1, Petersburg, Ohio.  
 VARELLO, Joseph. Mrs. Katherine Vineys, 1024 Fifty-seventh Street, Oakland, Cal.  
 WESLEY, John. Mrs. Victoria Veal, Roopville, Ga.  
 VIESNEWSKI, Cestaw. Mrs. Stella Moriszewska, 519 North Seventh Street, East St. Louis, Ill.  
 WHITE, William H. Porter Lee White, Ada, Okla.  
 WHITE, Holland O. Henry O. White, North Bennington, Vt.  
 WILKIE, Millard F. Mrs. Cora Easterline, Dexter, Mo.  
 WILLIAMS, Aneurin R. Mrs. Elizabeth Williams, 55 New Brunswick Avenue, Rahway, N. J.  
 WINTER, Walter A. Mrs. Gertrude Slover, 464 Evergreen Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.  
 YOUNG, Ben H. Alfred Young, Lebanon, Mo.  
 YOUNG, Philip. Mrs. Mary Young, 228 C Street SW., Washington, D. C.  
 BARCLAY, William J. Mrs. Rose Barclay, 684 Brockhurst Street, Oakland, Cal.  
 BOND, Ellis. Mrs. Mamie Bond, 105 Gordon Street, Jackson, Tenn.  
 BRESNSHAN, Raymond. John Bresnschan, Coleville, Wash.  
 BURKHALTER, Wyatt L. John W. Burkhalter, R. F. D. 2, San Augustine, Tex.  
 DUBOIS, Henry. Mrs. Selina Dubois, 960 South Water Street, New Bedford, Mass.  
 FERRISS, Bernardo. Antonio Ferriss, 408 Werringer Street, Clarksburg, W. Va.

## Soldiers Who Died Last Week.

(Continued from page 30.)

Oak Park, Ill.—Pvt. Narmon Hook, 327 North Grove Avenue, Oak Park, Ill.\*  
 Otisville, N. Y.—Pvt. (first class) Francis L. Manning, Middleport, N. Y.; Pvt. Joseph A. Reynolds, 1439 Walnut Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.  
 Pittsburg, Kans.—Pvt. Sherman Elmo Jeffers, R. F. D. No. 1, Boylis, Ill.\*  
 Pittsburgh, Pa.—Corpl. Gerald C. McQuillen, 120 Fullerton Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.\*  
 Presidio, Cal.—Pvt. Roger K. Cramer, 1321 Grand Avenue, Kansas City, Mo.\*; Pvt. Joseph Finkelstein, 206 Harrison Street, Paterson, N. J.\*; Corpl. Samuel Ladeen, 909 Kelly Street, Portland, Oreg.\*; Sergt. Holman Pastor, 94 Levant Street, San Francisco, Cal.\*  
 Pullman, Wash.—Pvt. Dollan Booker Atwell, 229 Keel Street, Memphis, Tenn.\*  
 Rochester, N. Y.—Sergt. Richard F. Abraham, 3256 Sandusky Avenue, Bellefontaine, Ohio\*; Pvt. Carlos Mason Darleng, 17 East Putney Street, Coxing, N. Y.\*; Second Lieut. Luther G. Sweetman, 13715 Earlwood Road, Cleveland, Ohio.  
 San Fordyce, Tex.—Pvt. (first class) Charles F. Bellman, 130 Souldard Street, St. Louis, Mo.\*  
 San Francisco, Cal.—Pvt. Harry T. Wilson, Roanoke, Va.\*  
 San Pedro, Cal.—Pvt. Newell O. Anderson, 602 Beacon Street, San Pedro, Cal.\*  
 Santa Ana, Cal.—Pvt. Glenn J. Bonner, box 69, Urbana, Mo.\*  
 Springfield, Mass.—Pvt. Ralph F. Worst, 543 Keowee Street, Dayton, Ohio.\*  
 South Beach, Oreg.—Pvt. Charles L. Clinton, Western Bridge Co., Harrisonville, Mo.\*; Pvt. William Edmiston, Boone, N. C.; Pvt. Constant Steelant, 510 Notre Dame, Grone, Detroit, Mich.\*; Pvt. William S. Taylor, Newville, W. Va.  
 St. Paul, Minn.—Pvt. Charles H. Archambault, 3605 Ogden Street, Chicago, Ill.\*; Pvt. Robert S. Broclous, 98 West New Court, Youngstown, Ohio; Pvt. Harry A. Ratti, 59 Central Avenue, Madison, N. J.\*  
 Tecate, Cal.—Pvt. Jefferson B. Walker, Artesia, Miss.\*  
 Urbana, Ill.—Pvt. Lloyd K. Bartholomew, 908 West Second Street, Dixon, Ill.\*  
 Vancouver, Wash.—Corpl. Clifton E. Schock, 106 Cedar Place, Mobile, Ala.  
 Washington, D. C.—First Lieut. Herbert Graham Kubel, 1000 East Capitol Street, Washington, D. C.  
 Waynesville, N. C.—Pvt. James Bailey, 123 St. Gaul Street, Savannah, Ga.\*  
 West Point, N. Y.—Pvt. Peter J. Boland, Highland Falls, N. Y.  
 Winfield, Kans.—Pvt. Samuel Otis Holmes, R. F. D. No. 1, Wichita, Kans.\*; Pvt. Noel Vernon Warren, Winfield, Kans.\*

# LIST OF GOVERNMENT CONTRACTS AND PURCHASE ORDERS

## BOARD OF REVIEW

The following is a list of purchase orders and contracts passed by the board of review, under date of January 6, 1919:

Purchase orders and contracts under \$25,000 made on open-market purchase or let to lowest bidder, and submitted to the board for consideration after execution and delivery:

1002. Manila Trading & Supply Co., Manila, P. I., 2,000 index cards, 6 cloths for mimeograph machine, 432 lead pencils, 72 typewriter ribbons, \$4,841.87.
- 3772-2877. Lackawanna Mills, New York City, 7,519 shirts, \$13,534.20.
- 2-13143. David Millar, New York City, 20,000 bags sugar, \$5,700.
4757. La France Novelty Co., New York City, 1,000,000 chevrons, \$6,000.
- 2847-2952. Wm. C. Callahan, Allentown, Pa., 5,891 canvas foot leggings, \$5,431.50.
- 3771-2876. Lackawanna Mills, New York City, 8,217 pairs drawers, \$14,790.60.
4013. Phillips, Jones & Co., New York City, 22,000 summer drawers, \$12,760.
- Mot. 1950. Walker Mfg. Co., Racine, Wis., 1,200 Badger 5-ton truck jacks, \$7,560.
- 2-12974. American Sugar Ref. Co., New York City, 82,000 pounds sugar, \$8,614.10.
- 15356-G. Carnation Milk Prod. Co., Chicago, Ill., 57,072 pounds evaporated milk, \$7,847.40.
- 2-12986. Guedalla & Co., New York City, 6,000 boxes cigars, \$10,500.
- 190-D. R. J. Reynolds Tob. Co., Winston-Salem, N. C., 150,000 packages cigarettes, \$15,399.
- 2-12989. Benite Revira Co., New York City, 4,000 boxes cigars, \$6,370.
- 10-1029. Phillip Morris & Co., New York City, 153,618 packages cigarettes, \$23,192.70.
- 2-13019. Dreste & Snyder, New York City, 21,341 pounds butter, \$10,474.02.
- Mot. 1861. Fisk Rubber Co., Washington, D. C., 250 casings, \$9,100.
- Mot. 1873. Fisk Rubber Co., Washington, D. C., 5,725 casings and tubes, \$20,925.
- 2-13021. M. Marcus, Bronx, New York, 25,000 pounds beef, \$5,937.50.
- 2-13022. Milton Marcus, New York City, 80,000 pounds beef, \$16,704.
- Mot. 1957. Winton Motor Car Co., Cleveland, Ohio, 1 lot motor parts, \$10,113.54.
- Mot. 1578. United States Tire Co., New York City, 385 casings and tubes, \$11,804.25.
- Mot. 1918. Standard Woven Fabric Co., Walpole, Mass., 1 lot motor parts, \$6,750.
- Mot. 1917. Silvev Co., South Bethlehem, Pa., 1 lot motor parts, \$11,284.
- 2-12991. Henry Pols, New York City, 30,000 pounds beef, \$6,240.
17. American Sterilizer Co., Erie, Pa., 3 disinfectors (Standard-American), \$7,665.
- 2-12971. Wm. Lanning & Son Co., Bridge-ton, N. J., 144,000 pounds tomatoes, \$9,600.
- 4-7554. W. J. Macklem, Chapel, Md., 282,000 pounds tomatoes, \$23,300.
- 4-1487. N. H. Fooks Co., Preston, Md., 105,600 pounds tomatoes, \$8,140.
- 4-2536. N. H. Fooks Co., Preston, Md., 100,800 pounds tomatoes, \$7,770.
1550. Firstone Tire & Rubber Co., Wash-ington, D. C., 3,430 tubes, \$6,795.50.
- 4-2935. Alexander Noble, Preston, Md., 119,700 pounds tomatoes, \$9,975.
- 2-12977. Mason Au & Magenheimer, Brook-lyn, N. Y., 40,000 pounds chocolates, \$16,000.
- 4-2323-(additional). H. J. McGrath Co., Bal-timore, Md., 189,800 pounds tomatoes, \$15,000.
- 4-1763-(additional). St. Michaels Packing Co., St. Michaels, Md., 84,975 pounds toma-toes, \$6,105.
1010. Cudahy Packing Co., Seattle, Wash., 17,700 pounds bacon, ham, and cheese, \$6,888.03.
- S 862. Bradas & Cheens, Louisville, Ky., 40,000 pounds chocolate, \$17,000.
- 4-7555. Bel Air Packing Co., Bel Air, Md., 118,944 pounds tomatoes, \$9,163.60.
- Sub. 1599. Walter Baker & Co. (Ltd.), Bos-ton, Mass., 25,000 pounds chocolate, \$8,250.
- 189-D. R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co., Win-ston-Salem, N. C., 9,236.5 pounds tobacco, \$5,780.04.
- 2-12817. Birdseng Bros., New York City, 41,423.75 pounds asparagus, \$5,879.50.
- P-821. Carmen Laundry Supply Co., Kansas City, Mo., 45,000 pounds chip soap, \$6,356.25.
1008. National Grocery Co., Seattle, Wash., 40,000 pounds coffee, \$11,200.

2-12810. Delaney Lawler Co., New York City, 93,000 pounds sweet potatoes, \$7,680.

Sub. 1600. Walter Baker & Co. (Ltd.), Bos-ton, Mass., 31,000 pounds chocolate, \$10,230.

Purchase orders or commodities purchased at board of trade or exchange prices, on Food Administration allotment, commander order, or by embarkation service:

13119-PH. North Packing & Provision Co., Boston, Mass., 7,000,000 pounds DS short fat backs, salt pork, \$167,380.

4-2943. Rockord Bros., Bon Air, Md., 563,104 pounds tomatoes, \$44,072.60.

1883. Grimes Perry Canning Co., Grimes, Iowa, 300,000 pounds sweet corn, \$32,500.

1884. Rockwell City Packing Co., Grimes, Iowa, 420,000 pounds sweet corn, \$35,000.

2-10572. Fox River Butter Co., New York City, 172,193 pounds butter, \$82,031.27.

14068-GS (additional allotment). Independ-ent Packing Co., Chicago, Ill., 200,000 pounds beef, \$58,425.

S-224. Nelson Canning Co., Springfield, Ark., 500,000 pounds tomatoes, \$37,500.

### PURCHASE TRANSACTIONS APPROVED.

Contracts over \$25,000.

Mot. 1134. Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co., Akron, Ohio, 700 casings, \$25,480.

19. Standard Oil Co., New York, N. Y., motor gasoline, 423 and point, 1,419,000 gal-lons, 25,800 drums, 23½ cents per gallon of 6 pounds plus ½ cent for filling and handling, \$340,560.

I.S. Pure Oil Co., Philadelphia, Pa., motor gasoline, 423 and point, (a) 319,000 gallons, 5,800 drums, (b) 231,000 gallons, 4,200 drums, \$132,000.

10391. George H. McFadden & Bros., New York, N. Y., 270,000 pounds coffee, \$35,505.

### SUPPLEMENTAL CONTRACTS.

Sup. 2858. Troy Carriage Sun Shade Co., Troy, N. Y., pocket revolver clips; unit price changed from \$0.41 less 80 per cent to \$0.41 less 70 per cent; change the price on 236,540 yards O. K. webbing shown as 0.35 yard to 0.435; also 572 pounds thread from \$2.70 to \$1.89 paid; also in place of 133,299 durable fasteners substitute 133,200 male section only 0.01 each.

Sup. to 4455-C. Spitz Bros. & Mayer Co., Chicago, Ill., cotton service breeches, change delivery to 3,500 weekly beginning August 31, w. c. and until completed October 5, 1918.

Sup. to 648-C. Textile Manufacturing Co., Chicago Ill., undershirts and drawers, pro-viding for halving at \$0.50 per bale.

1st Sup. 1880-B. United Shoe Repairing Ma-chinery Co., Boston, Mass., nails that the size of approximately 50,000 pounds remain-ing due shall be changed to ¾ flathead loose instead of ¾ flathead loose as stated in the original contracts.

Can. Agt. 1278. Gillette Safety Razor Co., Boston, Mass., blades, original contract calls for 6,000,000 pieces blades at \$0.025 each; it is found to be in public interest to cancel contract in its entirety, \$150,000 (decrease).

Sup. Can. Agt. 1281. Gillette Safety Razor Co., Boston, Mass., blades, contract canceled in its entirety, it being in the public interest so to do, viz. 10,800,000 pieces at \$0.02½ each; total \$270,000.

Can. Agt. 1279. Gillette Safety Razor Co., Boston, Mass., blades, cancellation of agree-ment entered into for the cancellation of the entire contract, it being in the public interest so to do, viz. 6,480,000 blades at \$0.025 each; total decrease of \$168,000.

Can. Agt. 1280. Gillette Safety Razor Co., Boston, Mass., blades, original contract can-celed in its entirety, it being in the public in-terest so to do, 5,040,000 blades at \$0.025 each, \$126,000.

## THE MARINE CORPS

Contracts have been placed by the quartermaster, United States Marine Corps, as follows:

January 6, 1919.

953. Daley-Williams Co., Boston, Mass., re-paring shoes.

954. Pioneer Coal Co., Louisville, Ky., coal.

956. J. H. Jolley & Co., Philadelphia, Pa., brass.

957. B. Tennesson Co., Philadelphia, Pa., wall tent files.

957. J. N. Meyers, Philadelphia, Pa., wall tent files.

## THE PANAMA CANAL

Following is a list of orders placed by the Panama Canal from January 2 to January 7:

Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, Navy Department, Washington, D. C., miscellane-ous material, \$19,602.09.

Joseph V. Ferguson & Co., New Orleans, La., 30,000 pounds straw, \$315.

Rome Wire Co., Rome, N. Y., 800 feet cop-per, \$35.48.

General Supply Committee, Washington, D. C., 2 chairs.

F. N. Du Bois & Co., New York City, 24 water-closet bowls, \$360.

Iver Johnson Arms & Cycle Works, Fitch-burg, Mass., 7 bicycles, \$294.35.

Bureau of Steam Engineering, Washington, D. C., pipe and fittings.

Bonney Vise & Tool Works, Allentown, Pa., parts for wrenches, \$32.

National Marine Lamp Co., New York, N. Y., 12 bilge pumps, \$18.

R. O. Vandercook, Chicago, Ill., 1 proof press, \$490.

W. O. Hickok Manufacturing Co., Harris-burg, Pa., 800 pens, 120 pints ink, \$194.16.

J. J. O'Connor, Jersey City, N. J., cooper-age at pier, \$24.52.

Cordley & Hayes, New York, N. Y., 1 water cooler, \$11.75.

Public Printer, Washington, D. C., 7,500 order jackets.

Hay Rubber Stamp Co., Washington, D. C., 8 stamps and dies, \$1.80.

Underwood Typewriter Co., Washington, D. C., 1 hard plate, \$1.50.

Merchants Transfer & Storage Co., Wash-ington, D. C., hauling, \$13.21.

L. C. Smith Typewriter Co., Washington, D. C., 1 typewriter, \$35.

J. L. Mett Iron Works, Washington, D. C., hardware for toilet compartments, \$274.55.

Jenkins Bros., New York City, 95 valves, \$603.

Jenkins Bros., New York City, 550 valves, 50 keys, \$874.50.

Toch Bros., New York, 20 gallons paint, \$39.

Bethlehem Steel Co., Bethlehem, Pa., 60 bars steel, \$118.40.

Chief of Ordnance, Washington, D. C., 18 blankets, 12 bridles.

H. Disston & Sons, Philadelphia, Pa., 24 saws, \$10.44.

Simmons Hardware Co., Philadelphia, Pa., 48 screw drivers, 18 shaves, \$33.78.

Kelly-Springfield Motor Tire Co., Spring-field, Ohio, 100 liners, 6 pins, \$39.23.

Kelly-Springfield Motor Tire Co., Spring-field, Ohio, 6 assemblies, \$232.50.

Peck-Stow, Wilcox, Southington, Conn., 24 pairs dividers, \$9.12.

National Lock Washer Co., Newark, N. J., 2,300 washers, \$5.10.

Melton-Rhodes Co., Greensboro, N. C., 144 desk trays, \$158.40.

Queen City Printing Ink Co., Cincinnati, Ohio, 25 pounds ink, \$75.

Dexter Folder Co., Pearl River, N. Y., 2 sets tapes, \$16.64.

Louis M. Pignolet, New York, voltammeter, \$14.40.

T. Somerville, Washington, D. C., 35 flanges, 50 cups, \$45.30.

Union Metal Works, Chelsea, Mass., 25 drains, \$27.50.

Greenfield Tap & Die Co., Greenfield, Mass., 1 garage repair set, \$9.69.

Goddell-Pratt Co., Greenfield, Mass., 2 grind-ers, \$5.20.

H. Disston & Sons, Philadelphia, Pa., 120 saw files, \$13.52.

Clendenin Bros., New York, 18 pairs cop-pers, \$18.

Stanley Rule & Level Co., New Britain, Conn., 18 bits, \$2.40.

North Bros. Manufacturing Co., Philadel-phia, Pa., 8 drills, \$12.

Sinclair & Valentine, New York, 75 pounds ink, \$75.

J. Baumgarten Sons' Co., Washington, D. C., 1 seal, \$3.50.

Kimble Electric Co., Chicago, Ill., 24 brushes, \$5.52.

Texas Co., New York, 2,000 pounds grease, \$340.

Rogers Paper Manufacturing Co., South Manchester, Conn., 50 pounds fullers' board, \$16.50.

## LIST OF GOVERNMENT CONTRACTS AND PURCHASE ORDERS

J. E. Hand & Sons' Co., Haddonfield, N. J., 15 cases tubes, \$52.50.  
 S. S. Stafford, New York, 48 bottles ink, \$5.04.  
 H. Bainbridge Co., New York, 24 bottles ink, \$4.40.  
 United States Tool Co., Cleveland, Ohio, 48 punches, \$16.80.  
 New York Air Brake Co., New York, N. Y., 300 bolt keys, \$21.  
 United Lead Co., New York, N. Y., 15 pounds wire, \$6.45.  
 Roberts Numbering Machine Co., Brooklyn, N. Y., 50 machines, 200 letters, \$407.50.  
 Dearborn Truck Co., Chicago, Ill., 18 drive chains, \$10.80.  
 Bobrick Chemical Co., Los Angeles, Cal., 18 dispensers, \$45.  
 J. Dixon Crucible Co., Jersey City, N. J., 720 pencils, \$24.60.  
 Shoemaker & Busch, Philadelphia, Pa., 720 eye shades, \$68.40.  
 J. A. Roebing Sons Co., Trenton, N. J., 15 pounds wire, \$4.25.  
 Reed & Prince, Worcester, Mass., 500 stove bolts, \$2.  
 Ludowici Celadon Co., Washington, D. C., 35 pieces starters, \$17.50.  
 J. H. Graham Co., New York, N. Y., 12 bits, 9 bits, \$33.21.  
 Addressograph Co., Washington, D. C., addressograph supplies, \$168.60.  
 New York Marine News Co., New York, N. Y., 1 subscription, \$6.  
 Duff Manufacturing Co., Pittsburgh, Pa., Jack parts, \$43.89.  
 Harbison Walker Refractories Co., Pittsburgh, Pa., 1,500 fire brick, \$143.50.  
 Quartermaster General, Washington, D. C., mule collars, \$30.  
 F. S. Banks & Co., New York City, 30 blocks, \$552.90.  
 Wilcox, Crittenden & Co., Middletown, Conn., 15,000 pounds nails, \$1,372.50.  
 United Lead Co., New York City, 75 lead bends, \$234.  
 American Mason Safety Tread Co., Lowell, Mass., 42 treads, \$117.60.  
 The Okonite Co., New York City, 1,500 feet cable, \$861.90.  
 Republic Bag & Paper Co., New York City, 100 reams paper, \$456.  
 The Central Brass Manufacturing Co., Cleveland, Ohio, 320 valves, \$261.20.  
 United Brass Manufacturing Co., Cleveland, Ohio, 203 valves, \$499.20.  
 Universal Trading Co., Brooklyn, N. Y., 1,200 boxes carbon paper, 80 reams ledger paper, \$1,145.40.  
 Henry Disston & Sons (Inc.), Tacony, Philadelphia, Pa., files, \$2,546.27.  
 Thomas Somerville Co., Washington, D. C., pipe fittings, \$235.71.  
 Nason Manufacturing Co., New York City, 8 valves, \$29.  
 United Brass Manufacturing Co., Cleveland, Ohio, 710 valves, \$312.41.  
 S. B. Strouse, Atlantic City, N. J., 9 pump valves, \$177.66.  
 Columbia Smelting & Refining Works, New York City, 2,500 pounds solder, \$661.25.  
 Standard Plumbing Supply Co., New York City, pipe fittings, \$1,642.57.  
 Aluminum Cooking Utensil Co., New Kensington, Pa., pots, pans, saute, \$123.54.  
 F. S. Banks & Co., New York, blocks, wire rope, \$62.92.  
 A. L. Morse Co., Boston, ins. escutcheon, hooks, \$80.76.  
 R. B. Wing Son, Albany, N. Y., anchors, breakers, \$147.  
 Independent Tack Co., Oil City, Pa., carpet tacks, \$39.90.  
 Barber Asphalt Paving Co., Philadelphia, Pa., 6,500 pounds cement, \$164.45.  
 Driver Harris Co., Harrison, N. J., 50 pounds resistance wire, \$152.50.  
 C. Howard Hunt Pen Co., Camden, N. J., 75 gross pens, \$43.50.  
 Henry Bainbridge & Co., New York City, 200 spools tape, \$66.  
 Manufacturers Brush Co., New York City, 216 brushes, \$62.37.  
 Rennous, Kleinle & Co., Baltimore, Md., 288 brushes, \$144.  
 D. A. Schnebel, New York City, 6 blocks, \$75.96.  
 American Cutlery Co., New York City, 36 knives, \$34.20.  
 Victor V. Clad Co., Philadelphia, Pa., 18 pans, 3 griddles, \$67.50.  
 The Cambridge Glass Co., Cambridge, Ohio, 216 bottles, \$77.76.  
 The Gouid-Mersereau Co., New York City, 48 tongs, \$65.76.  
 C. C. Galbraith & Son (Inc.), New York City, 30 grammet sets, \$85.59.

### GENERAL SUPPLIES DIVISION

The following is a list of purchase orders for the general supplies division not passed by the board of review:

January 4, 1919.

Gaylord Bros., Syracuse, N. Y., 1,000 pamphlet binders.  
 Royal Typewriter Co., Washington, D. C., 1,230 parts for typewriters.  
 L. C. Smith & Bros., Washington, D. C., 4,410 parts for typewriters.  
 Remington Typewriter Co., Washington, D. C., 11,300 parts for typewriters.  
 Corona Typewriter Co., Washington, D. C., 720 parts for typewriters.  
 F. W. Winne & Son (Inc.), Philadelphia, Pa., 1,000 jute packing.  
 Hospital Supply Co., New York, N. Y.

January 7, 1919.

Underwood Typewriter Co., Washington, D. C., 5,000 pieces spare parts for typewriters.

### AIRCRAFT PRODUCTION BUREAU

The following is a list of contracts and awards made by the office of the Director of Purchase for the Bureau of Aircraft Production:

Wright Martin Aircraft Corporation, New Brunswick, N. J., 13 Hispano Suiza type "E" or "I" built from rejected parts, \$26,000.  
 Curtiss Aeroplane & Motor Corporation, Buffalo, N. Y., spare parts for JN4-D planes, \$14.97.  
 R. P. Andrews Paper Co., Washington, D. C., Bristol board, books, and blotting paper, \$85.50.  
 Atlas Stationery Corporation, New York City, Bristol board, books, and blotting paper, \$24.35.  
 Eric Specialty Co., New York City, 1,000 castellated nuts, \$36.20.  
 Barber & Ross, Washington, D. C., brass wire screen, \$37.  
 National Screw & Tack Co., Cleveland, Ohio, 500 stove bolts, \$1.65.  
 Corbin Screw Corporation, New Britain, Conn., miscellaneous bolts, screws, etc., \$292.43.  
 Wright Martin Aircraft Corporation, Van Dyke negatives—Hispano Suiza—1 set and bill of material, \$40.  
 Wright Martin Aircraft Corporation, New Brunswick, N. J., 6 items of special tools for Hispano Suiza type A engine, \$87.90.  
 Wright Martin Aircraft Corporation, New Brunswick, N. J., 10 No. 11894 lower half water pumps (Hispano Suiza "I" engine), \$57.60.  
 The Linen Thread Company, New York City, 4½ pounds No. 10 Barbour's linen thread, 36 pounds 7-cord gray lockstitch, \$82.53.  
 Hydraulic Press Mfg. Co., Mt. Gilead, Ohio, 1 hydraulic press, \$1,701.  
 Whittaker-Glessner Co., Wheeling, W. Va., 7 galvanized steel sheets, \$6.93.  
 Scranton Bolt & Nut Co., Scranton, Pa., 1 keg hexagon nuts, \$20.20.

### War Department Central Bureau of Information

The War Department Central Bureau of Information has been established in the Office of the Adjutant General. Inquiries for information with reference to the War Department and its activities will receive prompt attention if directed to this office, which is located in Room 248, State, War and Navy Building, and may also be referred over the telephone by calling Main 2570, Branches 43, 44, and 45.

Scranton Bolt & Nut Co., Scranton, Pa., hexagon nuts, \$40.20.  
 Reed & Prince Manufacturing Co., Worcester, Mass., miscellaneous bolts and screws, \$140.70.  
 National Screw & Tack Co., Cleveland, Ohio, miscellaneous bolts and screws, \$95.20.  
 American Electrical Heater Co., Detroit, Mich., 1 electric glue pot, \$13.51.  
 Scranton Bolt & Nut Co., Scranton, Pa., ½ keg hexagon nuts, \$10.30.  
 Wickwire Bros., Corland, N. Y., 1,000 pounds brads, \$76.31.  
 American Steel & Wire Co., Washington, D. C., wire nails, \$90.10.  
 Wright Martin Aircraft Corporation, New Brunswick, N. J., repairs for Hispano Suiza engine, \$1.20.  
 Wright Martin Aircraft Corporation, New Brunswick, N. J., 36 No. 9642 Magneto gears for Hispano Suiza engines, \$331.70.  
 Wright Martin Aircraft Corporation, New Brunswick, N. J., 500 piston pin set screws, \$70.  
 Zenith Carburetor Co., Detroit, Mich., spares for Zenith Carb., \$154.  
 Wright Martin Aircraft Corporation, New Brunswick, N. J., 8 No. 11988 pistons for Hispano Suiza type "E" engines, \$120.56.  
 Wright Martin Aircraft Corporation, New Brunswick, N. J., 100,000 No. 11169 steel cotter pins, \$33.  
 United Shoe Machinery Corporation, Boston, Mass., 200,000 eyelets, \$102.  
 Hammacher-Schlemmer Co., New York City, 5 pounds washers, \$0.75.  
 H. C. Tack Co., Cleveland, Ohio, 15 pounds tacks, \$2.04.  
 Carborundum Co., Niagara Falls, N. Y., carborundum stones, \$17.40.  
 Davis-Bourneville Co., Jersey City, N. J., 6 cans welding powder, \$7.65.  
 Barber & Ross, Washington, D. C., tools.  
 Sharpleigh Hardware Co., St. Louis, Mo., tools.  
 Simmons Hardware Co., Washington, D. C., tools.  
 Barber & Ross, Washington, D. C., tools.  
 Sharpleigh Hardware Co., St. Louis, Mo., tools.  
 Simmons Hardware Co., Washington, D. C., tools.  
 Barber & Ross, Washington, D. C., tools.  
 Eastern Machine Screw Corporation, New Haven, Conn., 1,200 strut bolts, \$138.01.  
 Luther Grinder Mfg. Co., Milwaukee, Wis., 12 grinders, \$48.  
 Beaky-Raiston Co., Chicago, Ill., 40 grease guns, \$72.  
 Barber & Ross, Washington, D. C., 4 kegs nails, \$17.40.  
 Bay State Tap & Die Co., Mansfield, Mass., 29 chasers, screw plates, and wrenches, \$39.63.  
 John A. Roebing Son's Co., Trenton, N. J., 150 pieces balloon cable, 30 feet long, \$513.  
 Atlas Tack Co., Fairhaven, Mass., 51 pounds brass wire nails, \$31.61.

### ARCHITECT OF TREASURY

The Supervising Architect of the Treasury Department has awarded the following contracts since December 21, 1918:

Detroit post office: Miscellaneous repairs, painting, etc. J. P. Sullivan, Chicago, \$2,338.  
 New York assay office: Increase thickness of caissons, underdrainage, and waterproofing basement. Charles T. Wills (Inc.), New York, \$631,055.  
 Toledo (Ohio) post office: Painting and plaster repairs. Alfred Oson Co., Chicago, \$2,374.  
 San Francisco Marine Hospital: Construction (labor only) of A-1, B-1, and TB wards. Alfred H. Vogt, San Francisco, \$36,897.  
 Port Townsend (Wash.) Marine Hospital: Miscellaneous repairs and painting. J. P. Sullivan, Chicago, \$4,744.  
 Port Townsend (Wash.) Marine Hospital: Repairs to wharf. Olympic Pile Driving Co., Port Townsend, Wash., \$5,500.  
 San Juan (P. R.) post office: Repairs, painting, etc. Grohne Co., Joliet, Ill., \$2,486.  
 New York barge office: Miscellaneous changes. J. M. Knopp, New York, \$2,893.  
 Clarksburg (W. Va.) post office: Repairs to basement, etc. A. J. Watson, Clarksburg, W. Va., \$2,750.  
 Boston quarantine station: Repairs to wharf, etc. Abertlaw Construction Co., Boston, Mass., \$4,430.