

WAR DEPARTMENT ASKS U. S. COMMERCE CHAMBERS TO HELP FIND EMPLOYMENT FOR DISCHARGED SOLDIERS

LETTER SENT TO ALL

**Assistant to the Secretary Wood
Outlines a General Plan by
Which Commercial Bodies
May Render Invaluable Aid.
Patriotic Help of All Urged.**

Publication of the following letter addressed to chambers of commerce throughout the United States, is authorized by Col. Arthur Woods, assistant to Secretary of War Baker, and chairman of the emergency employment committee for soldiers and sailors.

A similar letter has been sent by Col. Woods to 5,000 trade, industrial, and employers' organizations.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington, March 26, 1919.

From: Arthur Woods, Assistant to the Secretary of War.

To: The Chamber of Commerce.

Subject: Employment for discharged soldiers.

1. The War Department hopes very much that each chamber of commerce in the country will give its powerful aid in the matter of helping to find work for discharged soldiers. Such work can accomplish the best result if it proceeds along the lines indicated in a letter sent to all chambers of commerce in the country from the office of the United States Chamber of Commerce in Washington.

2. There is no need to emphasize the importance of this work, the duty we owe to the men who have been in the service, and privilege it is to be able to assist them in the readjustment of conditions from war service to peace service. American soldiers do not ask for charity, they are not assuming that the country owes them a living. The fact is, however, that the country drafted them from civil life and sent them to war. Their service has been praiseworthy beyond expression. The war is over; they have won peace for us, and since they were drafted into the war it is no more than fair that every assistance should be given in reestablishing them in worthy positions in private life.

(Continued on page 5.)

ORGANIZATION OF A COORDINATING COMMITTEE ON U. S. FOREIGN TRADE ANNOUNCED BY STATE DEPARTMENT

AMERICAN'S DEAD BODY FOUND, SLAIN BY MEXICAN BANDITS

Information has reached Monterey, Mexico, according to State Department advices to-day, that the dead body of Oscar Wallace, an American citizen, has been found near Progreso, Coahuila, and that he is believed to have been murdered.

Wallace was a ranch manager. He lived at the Hacienda Encinas near Progreso. He was kidnapped near there by Mexican bandits after an exchange of shots.

When this information reached the State Department acting Secretary Phillips instructed the American Embassy at Mexico City to request the Mexican Government to take all possible steps to rescue Wallace. Searching parties were immediately sent out and Wallace and his captors were traced in the direction of the mountains to the north.

GOVERNMENT'S PLAN TO SELL 100 MILLION POUNDS OF COPPER

Agreement with the United Metal Co. to Dispose of Stated Amounts Each Month

The War Department authorizes the following statement from the office of the Director of Sales:

An agreement has been reached whereby the United Metal Selling Co., representing the copper producers, will sell for the War Department approximately 100,000,000 pounds of copper and also whatever amount of copper scraps the War Department has to dispose of. Not less than 5,000,000 pounds of copper will be delivered by the United States to the copper producers each month for a period of 10 months, and then 10,000,000 pounds of copper per month will be delivered for a period of five months.

It was further agreed that the amounts delivered to the copper producers would be at least 10 per cent of their total sales, and in the event of good market conditions the copper producers would take in excess of this amount. The copper will be sold by the copper producers at market prices as determined by the average published quotations. A small consideration will be allowed the copper producers in marketing the copper for the Government to cover expenses of sales.

FUNCTION TO UNIFY EXTENSION EFFORTS

**Will Provide Advisory and
Supervisory Machinery for
Developing Business Interests
Abroad—All Government
Departments Concerned Represented.**

The Department of State, through Acting Secretary of State William Phillips, to-day announced the organization of a coordinating committee on foreign trade. An order authorizing such a committee was formally signed by the President on February 28, during his recent visit to Washington.

The committee includes representatives of all the governmental offices which deal in any way with foreign trade matters. Its duty is to formulate conclusions, and to harmonize and coordinate all governmental activities in any way connected with foreign trade, thus safeguarding the economic future of the Nation.

Functions of the Committee.

The committee will provide advisory and supervisory machinery of Government executives for unifying the work of further extending and developing the business interests of the United States in foreign channels.

Neither the committee as a whole nor its subcommittees will deal with specific cases of foreign trade interests except as they may be brought to its attention by the different Government offices now handling these matters. In other words, the American business public will not have direct communication with the committee, but will continue to deal as heretofore with the various preexisting agencies of the Government.

Present at Preliminary Meeting.

At a preliminary meeting which was held last Thursday in the office of Acting Secretary of State Polk, the following representatives of various governmental agencies were present:

- Department of State.—Acting Secretary Polk, Mr. Lay, and Mr. Frost.
- Department of Commerce.—Acting Secretary Sweet and Mr. Cutler.
- Shipping Board.—Chairman Hurley and Mr. Stevens.
- Treasury Department.—Acting Secretary Rowe and Mr. McGuire.
- Department of Agriculture.—Mr. Brand and Mr. Moomaw.

Department of Labor.—Acting Secretary Post.
 Navy Department.—Admiral Peoples.
 War Department.—Col. Dunn.
 War Trade Board.—Mr. DeLattre.
 Federal Trade Commission.—Commissioner Fort.
 Tariff Commission.—Commissioner Culbertson.
 Railroad Administration.—Mr. Spens.
 Interstate Commerce Commission.—Acting Chairman Woolley.
 Post Office Department.—Mr. Maddox.

Subcommittee on Organization.

A subcommittee on organization was created, with Julius G. Lay, acting foreign trade adviser of the Department of State, as chairman. To this committee, composed of the representatives of the Department of State, Treasury Department, Department of Commerce, War Trade Board, Shipping Board, Railroad Administration, and the Tariff Commission, was assigned the task of organizing subcommittees for particular functions.

Questions to be Treated.

Among the urgent questions to be treated by the Foreign Trade Committee may be mentioned tonnage allocations and marine freights, cable and radio facilities, reconstruction loans and Latin-American loans, consortiums for buying in Europe, labor and immigration, "key industries" (like the dye industry), and strategic raw materials.

All the foregoing questions, and many others, are at present engaging the attention of different Government officials in Washington; and it is to systematize the cooperation already taking place that the special Foreign Trade Committee has been formed. "Team work" on foreign trade policy from henceforth will be even closer than before.

STATE DEPARTMENT REPORTS AS TO CONDITIONS IN EGYPT

Acting Secretary of State Phillips announced to-day that Egyptian advices to the State Department report that conditions in both Cairo and Alexandria are generally quiet. The main lines of communication north of Cairo, which had been broken, have been restored, the main stations occupied, and a regular system of patrols placed. Practically all of the railway stations in the Minufia district had been destroyed.

The Bedouins have been very active and in large numbers, especially in the Beheral Province and near Komhamada, and disorderly mobs under the instigation of agitators have systematically carried on a campaign of destruction and looting. The peasants appropriated to themselves crops belonging to the State and set fire to the buildings of the employees and the buildings of the Behera Land Co., at Komel Wahaz, and the burning of Rosetta Markaz on the 17th has also been reported. Zifta was reported to have been captured on the same date when the police were overpowered by the mob who hoisted the Turkish flag.

The Agricultural Bank at Saff has also been reported to have been sacked and burned by the mobs. Patrol aeroplanes have been fired upon by the rioters and have retaliated with machine-gun fire and with bombs inflicting heavy casualties.

List of Transports and Army Units Sailing From France for United States

The War Department authorizes publication of the the following information: The transport *Ulua* sailed from Brest March 23 and is due to arrive at New York April 4, with the following troops:

Three hundred twenty-eighth Field Artillery, Field and Staff, Headquarters and Supply Companies, Ordnance and Medical Detachments, Batteries A, B, C, and F, Camp Custer, 30 officers, 978 men.

Base Hospital No. 112, scattered, 1 officer, 5 men.

Casual Company No. 755, scattered, 1 officer, 42 men.

Ten Casual officers, classified as follows: Field Artillery, 2; Medical, 5; Motor Transport, 1; Quartermaster, 1; Transportation, 1. Other casuals: Enlisted men 1, civilians, 8.

The transport *La Lorraine* sailed from Le Havre March 23 and is due to arrive at New York March 31 with the following troops:

Casual companies as follows:

No. 2476, Regular Army, 2 officers, 47 men; No. 2477, scattered, 2 officers (white), 73 men; No. 2478, South Carolina, 1 officer, 19 men; No. 2480, Nebraska, 1 officer, 20 men; No. 2481, scattered, 2 officers, 76 men.

Special Casual Company No. 2474, discharges, 2 officers (white), 3 men (colored).

Four casual officers classified as follows: Quartermaster, 1; corps intelligence police, 1; engineers, 2.

Other casuals: Civilians, 35.

The transport *Aquitania* sailed from Brest March 23, and is due to arrive at New York March 29 with the following troops:

Eighty-fifth Division, Headquarters, Camp Custer, 26 officers, 126 men; 3 field clerks.

TRADE RESTRICTIONS CONTINUED WITH CERTAIN PARTS OF TURKEY

The War Trade Board announces (W. T. B. R. 665), supplementing W. T. B. R. 602, issued February 15, 1919, which announced the resumption of trade with the territory embraced within the former boundaries of the Turkish Empire, that trade will be restricted with, and the blockade still be maintained against, a certain portion of such territory described as follows:

That portion of the coast of Arabia between Hall Point on the west coast and Rasmakalla on the south coast, both inclusive. Rasmakalla is on the Arabian Sea, east of the town of Makalla. The only portion of such coast above described to and from which shipments may continue to be made is that small section of the coast and the country adjacent thereto which includes the ports of Aden and the towns of Scheikhothman and Lahej.

Importation of Unset Diamonds Into United Kingdom Permitted

The War Trade Board announces (W. T. B. R. 664) for the information of exporters in the United States, that they have been informed that the proclamation of July 28, 1915, prohibiting the importation of unset diamonds into the United Kingdom, has been revoked.

Eighty-fifth Division, Headquarters Troop, Camp Custer, 2 officers, 115 men.

One hundred and sixty-sixth Field Artillery Brigade Headquarters, 8 officers, 61 men, divided as follows: Camp Kearney, 7 officers, 37 men; scattered, 1 officer, 24 men.

One hundred and sixty-ninth Infantry Brigade Headquarters, Camp Custer, 3 officers, 19 men.

Three hundred and forty-seventh Field Artillery, complete, 24 officers, 1,385 men, divided as follows: Camp Kearny, 21 officers, 999 men; Camp Funston, 1 officer, 101 men; Camp Lewis, 1 officer, 140 men; Camp Dodge, 1 officer, 85 men.

Three hundred and forty-eighth Field Artillery, complete, 26 officers, 1,323 men, divided as follows: Camp Funston, 22 officers, 1,096 men; Camp Kearny, 2 officers, 143 men; Camp Lewis, 1 officer, 47 men; Camp Dodge, 1 officer, 37 men.

Following detachments' 134th Field Artillery, totaling 2 officers, 71 men, divided as follows: Camp Dix, 1 officer, 42 men; Camp Upton, 1 officer, 29 men.

Detachment 112th Ammunition Train, Camp Dix, 1 officer, 46 men.

Detachment 135th Field Artillery, Camp Upton, 1 officer, 49 men.

Detachment 112th Engineers, Camp Dix, 1 officer, 59 men.

One hundred and forty-fifth Infantry, Companies F, G, H, K, I, L, and M, 14 officers, 1,077 men, divided as follows: Camp Sherman, 8 officers, 537 men; Camp Upton, 2 officers, 233 men; Camp Funston, 1 officer, 125 men; Camp Dodge, 2 officers, 130 men; Camp Devens, 1 officer, 52 men.

Medical and camp detachments 146th Infantry, 6 officers, 342 men, divided as follows: Camp Upton, 2 officers, 234 men; Camp Devens, 1 officer, 28 men; Camp Taylor, 1 officer, 47 men; Camp Funston, 1 officer, 26 men; Camp Sherman, 1 officer, 7 men.

Three hundred and thirty-seventh Infantry, field and staff, headquarters and supply companies, 5 officers, 314 men, divided as follows: Camp Custer, 4 officers, 281 men; Camp Kearney, 1 officer, 33 men.

Base Hospital No. 92, New York, 1 officer, 5 men.

Base Hospital Unit No. 40, 65 officers, 116 men, 23 nurses, 3 civilians.

Casual companies as follows: No. 1017, scattered, 23 officers, 183 men; No. 749, New York, 1 officer, 7 men.

Ninety-eight casual officers classified as follows: General officers, 5; Medical, 36; Air Service, 6; Engineers, 8; Ordnance, 6; Quartermaster, 13; Transportation, 1; Infantry, 7; Field Artillery, 4; Coast Artillery, 3; Machine gun, 1; Intelligence, 2; Chemical Warfare Service, 1; Military police, 1; Motor transport, 1; Adjutant General, 1; Army service, 1; unidentified, 1.

Other casuals: Enlisted men, 6; special courier, 1 enlisted man; 2 enlisted men, prisoners, and 3 guards; field clerks, 3; nurses, 7; civilians, 7.

Also 69 soldiers' wives.
 Navy personnel, 12 officers and 6 wives.

Corrections in Priority And Units Sailing Lists

The War Department authorizes the following cabled corrections:

In the announcement March 11 of organizations assigned to early convoy (published in the Official United States Bulletin Mar. 12) the 10th Antiaircraft should read "10th Aero Squadron." On the battleship *Connecticut*, which left Brest March 12 and was due at Newport News March 24, the 253d Field Artillery Brigade Headquarters should read "62d Field Artillery Brigade Headquarters."

On the transport *Mercury*, which left St. Nazaire March 15 and is due at Newport News March 29, the Headquarters 76th Infantry Brigade, Camp Jackson, should read "Headquarters 59th Infantry Brigade, Camp Jackson, 5 officers and 20 men."

RULES FOR APPOINTMENT OF THE NEW CENSUS FORCE OUTLINED IN A CIRCULAR ISSUED BY THE DIRECTOR

JOBS FOR ABOUT 95,000

Four Hundred Supervisors to Have Charge of 90,000 Enumerators—Office Staff in Washington—No Appointments Prior to July 1

The Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, issues the following:

PRELIMINARY CIRCULAR CONCERNING THE APPOINTMENT OF THE FOURTEENTH DE-CENNIAL CENSUS FORCE.

1. Supervisors of Census.

The act providing for the fourteenth and subsequent decennial censuses, which was approved on March 3, 1919, provides that the enumeration shall be made as of January 1, 1920. The Census Bureau now has under consideration the selection and appointment of not to exceed 400 supervisors, who will have charge of the 90,000 enumerators. The law also provides that the supervisors shall be appointed by the Secretary of Commerce upon the recommendation of the Director of the Census; and that the boundaries of the supervisors' districts shall, so far as practicable and desirable, conform to those of the congressional districts. Under date of March 4 the Secretary of Commerce wrote the Director of the Census, in part, as follows:

Test Examination Required.

"A test examination, of which a record will be kept, is to be required for appointment to the post of supervisor. In addition to this, a careful personal inquiry is to be made separately respecting the qualifications of each candidate. Of this inquiry, also, a record will be kept.

"In making appointments from those who shall have passed the test examination and the separate inquiry as to qualifications, preference is to be given to those candidates who have had executive, administrative, statistical, or accounting experience and to those who have had charge of bodies of men as administrators, provided in all cases that men with the experience stated possess the other qualifications necessary.

"You will arrange to give notice to the above effect to every candidate applying for appointment and to his sponsors, and no candidates are to be selected for appointment who do not pass both the test examination and the personal inquiry."

Duties and Compensation.

The supervisors' duties will occupy their time for about seven months. Their compensation will be \$1,500 plus \$1 for each thousand or major fraction of a thousand of population enumerated. The

Reductions of Sentence Recommended By J. A. G. Office Clemency Division

The Statistics Branch, General Staff, War Department, issues the following:

Reductions of sentences recommended by Clemency Division, Judge Advocate General's Department, during 1918, by kind of offense.—Those cases came before the Clemency Division in which any application for clemency was filed. A specially appointed clemency board reviews all cases of men still in confinement and all other cases involving penalties of any severity.

Figures for the number of sentences are for the period October 1, 1917, to September 30, 1918, the nearest yearly period for which figures are available.

| Offense. | Number of court-martial sentences. | Recommended for reduction. | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------|
| | | Number. | Per cent. |
| Desertion..... | 2,025 | 577 | 28.5 |
| Disobedience, regulations, assault and attempted assault..... | 208 | 46 | 22.2 |
| Mutiny..... | 173 | 34 | 19.7 |
| Sleeping on post..... | 51 | 10 | 19.6 |
| Disobedience, orders..... | 609 | 63 | 10.3 |
| Absence without leave..... | 1,196 | 105 | 8.8 |
| Miscellaneous, forgery, etc..... | 3,362 | 112 | 3.3 |
| Total..... | 4,848 | 200 | 4.1 |
| Total..... | 12,472 | 1,147 | 9.2 |

Reductions of sentences recommended by Clemency Division, Judge Advocate

appointments will be made about July 1, 1919, and will be duly announced through the press. Applications for this position should be addressed to the Director of the Census, Washington, D. C.

2. Local Enumerators.

The law provides that the enumerators shall be selected by the supervisors of the respective districts, subject to the approval of the Director of the Census; and that each enumerator shall complete the work required in his district within 30 days from the commencement of the enumeration, except in cities having 2,500 inhabitants or more, under the preceding census, in which places the enumeration must be completed within two weeks. The census requires as enumerators active, energetic persons of good address and thorough trustworthiness. They must have at least an ordinary education and be able to write plainly and with reasonable rapidity. The applicants will be given a practical test—consisting in the filling out of a sample schedule—to determine their fitness to perform the duties to be required of them in the event of appointment. The enumerators will in most cases be paid on a per capita basis, the rates of compensation varying to meet conditions in different localities.

A person desiring employment as enumerator should defer filing his or her application until the appointment of the supervisor for the district in which employment is desired, and should then make application direct to him.

3. Interpreters.

A small number of interpreters will be employed to assist the enumerators of

General's Department, during 1918, by length of sentence, principal military offenses only. The average reduction recommended was nearly 90 per cent of the original sentence.

Figures for the number of sentences are for the period October 1, 1917, to September 30, 1918, the nearest yearly period for which figures are available.

| Length of original sentence. | Number of sentences—principal offenses. | Recommended for reduction. | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------|
| | | Number. | Per cent. |
| Under 2 years..... | 3,886 | 330 | 8.5 |
| 2 to 3 years..... | 483 | 174 | 36 |
| 3 to 5 years..... | 482 | 135 | 28 |
| 5 to 10 years..... | 1,064 | 197 | 18.5 |
| 10 to 15 years..... | 626 | 68 | 10.9 |
| 15 to 25 years..... | 373 | 33 | 8.8 |
| 25 years and more..... | 159 | 10 | 6.3 |
| Total..... | 17,073 | 947 | 13.4 |

¹ Omitting 551 sentences involving life or death or forfeiture only.

their respective districts in the enumeration of persons not speaking the English language, but no authorization will be given for such employment in any district until due and proper effort has been made to employ an enumerator who can speak the language or languages for which the services of an interpreter would otherwise be required. It will be the duty of the interpreters to accompany the enumerators and faithfully translate the latter's inquiries and the replies thereto, but in no case shall any such interpreter perform the duties of the enumerator unless commissioned as such by the Director of the Census.

A person desiring employment as interpreter should defer filing his or her application until the appointment of the supervisor for the district in which employment is desired and should then make application direct to him.

4. Special Agents, Censuses of Manufactures and of Mines and Quarries.

A census of manufactures and of mines and quarries will be taken for the year ending December 31, 1919. The special agents whose services will be required in connection with the collection of these statistics will not be appointed until the early part of 1920. The bureau will later issue a circular with reference to these appointments.

5. The Temporary Clerical Force in Washington, D. C.

Persons desiring appointment to these positions (except those who have recently occupied competitive classified positions in the Federal service and whose names are now on the appropriate reemployment registers established by Executive order of Nov. 29, 1918) will be required to pass examinations which will be conducted throughout the country by the United States Civil Service Commission. Eligible registers will be established as a result of these examinations, and certifications will be made by the Civil Service Commission upon request of the Director

(Continued on page 4.)

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RATES BY MAIL.

| | | |
|-------|--------------------------------------------------|--------|
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HISTORIC FLAG GIFT TO STATE WINNING VICTORY LOAN HONORS

Elliott Woods, superintendent of the United States Capitol at Washington, has presented to the Treasury Department the large American flag which floated over the dome of the Capitol Building during the inaugural ceremonies March 5, 1917, and which was flown again when the President delivered his war address to Congress April 2, 1917, and during the passage of the war resolution April 4 and 5, 1917. This flag was also flown on the occasion of the visits of the various foreign missions to the Capitol and was raised again the day the armistice was signed.

The Bureau of Publicity of the Treasury Department has announced that this flag will be awarded as a permanent souvenir to the State which attains the largest percentage of over-subscription of its quota in the Victory Liberty loan campaign. It is expected that this flag will become a permanent exhibit in the State capitol building of the State winning it.

The Distinguished Service Cross And Distinguished Service Medal

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 28.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington, February 21, 1919.

II. Distinguished service cross and distinguished service medal. Subparagraphs (a) and (b) of paragraph 1, and paragraphs 4, 5, and 6, General Orders, No. 6, War Department, 1918, as amended by section 1, General Orders, No. 20, War Department, 1918, relating to the distinguished service cross and the distinguished service medal, are rescinded, the matter being covered by paragraphs 182 to 189, Army Regulations (C. A. R. No. 80).

INDUSTRIAL BOARD CONFERENCES.

The Industrial Board of the Department of Commerce met to-day with representatives of the glass industry at 11 a. m., the coal industry at 2 p. m., and the building hardware industry at 3 p. m.

NAVY COMMISSION TO ALASKA TO INVESTIGATE COAL FIELDS

The Navy Department announces that a commission, consisting of five members, three naval officers, a mining engineer, and a geologist, will be sent to Alaska for the purpose of investigating to ascertain what steps should be taken in connection with the development of the Matanuska coal fields. Exhaustive preliminary investigations led to the decision to center upon the Matanuska fields.

The commission will sail with the vessels recently ordered to leave Puget Sound Navy Yard on April 1, 1919, to patrol Alaskan waters. It will be under the direction of a line officer of rank and will include two junior officers, Mr. Sumner Smith, superintendent of mining in Alaska, and Mr. Theodore Chapin, geologist, both of whom are now in Alaska and who were obtained through the Alaskan Engineering Commission.

Provisions of Act That Failed.

In the naval appropriation act which failed of passage at the last session of Congress was the following provision:

"One million dollars of which, or so much thereof as may be necessary, may in his discretion, be used by the Secretary of the Navy in mining coal or contracting for the same in Alaska, the transportation of the same, and the construction of coal bunkers and the necessary docks for use in supplying ships therewith; and the Secretary of the Navy is hereby authorized to select from the public coal lands in Alaska such areas as may be necessary for use by him for the purpose stated herein."

With a view to reopening the whole matter before the next Congress the Secretary of the Navy ordered the present investigation, the expenses of which will be defrayed out of funds available under existing appropriations.

In general, the instructions to the commission will require as exhaustive a survey as practical in order to reach a decision as to the procedure to be followed in the work contemplated under the provision in the legislation referred to.

Survey of Mines Opened.

Further, it will include a survey of condition of mines already opened, cost per ton of coal produced, including expense incident to the development, extent of fuel in sight, local commercial demands and quality of coal required, attitude of mine operators as to prospects and development of leases in the respective districts.

Cost and detail analysis of transportation facilities to Seward and Anchorage; necessity for developments and improvements at those places; study of water and pier facilities.

Report on Terminals.

Report on terminal improvements at Seward and Anchorage, including necessity for storage plants, location and size of; extensions to be made to present railroad system, and capacity of rolling stock with respect to expected demands both military and commercial.

Review of labor situation, including availability from local sources, type of

AUTHORITY AND REGULATIONS FOR WEARING THE FOURRAGERE

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington, February 21, 1918.

GENERAL ORDER No. 28.

III. Wearing of the fourragere.—1. American Sanitary Section 646 (formerly known as American Sanitary Section No. 5) and the 103d Aero Squadron (formerly the Lafayette Escadrille) having received two citations of the French Orders of the Army and having been specifically awarded the fourragere in the colors of the Croix de Guerre (green and red) by the French Ministry of War, the members of these two organizations are authorized to wear that fourragere as part of their uniform during the continuance of the present emergency.

2. Members of these organizations, when transferred to another organization, will cease to wear the fourragere, except that those who were present on each of the occasions for which the organization was cited may continue to wear the fourragere during the present emergency even when transferred to another organization. Those entitled to wear this fourragere regardless of future assignment will receive special letters as authority therefor.

3. The wearing of any type of fourragere, except as provided herein, is prohibited and all commanding officers will take the necessary action to prevent the unauthorized use of that decoration.

[421.7, A. G. O.]

BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF WAR:

PEYTON C. MARCH,
General, Chief of Staff.

OFFICIAL:

P. C. HARRIS,
The Adjutant General.

RULES FOR CENSUS APPOINTMENTS

(Continued from page 3.)

of the Census. At the proper time the Civil Service Commission will announce the date and scope of the examinations. Until a person has been certified to the Census Bureau by the commission (either from a register established as a result of the special census examinations or from an appropriate reemployment register) it is useless for him or her to apply to the bureau for employment.

The requirement for clerks will be greatest during the spring and summer of 1920; no appointments whatever can be made prior to July 1, 1919, and but a comparatively small number will be made between that date and January 1, 1920.

SAM L. ROGERS,
Director of the Census.

MARCH 21, 1919.

labor needed; rates of pay; and housing facilities.

Summary of mining and power equipment required; estimated cost; equipment now available and to what extent it has proven adequate and satisfactory for productions thus maintained.

Better than money because they earn money; buy a WAR-SAVINGS STAMP TO-DAY.

DISPOSITION OF OFFICERS PLACED IN CLASS THREE AND QUALIFIED FOR STAFF CORPS

MAY BE REEXAMINED AT STATION

*Rules and Regulations Stated in
Circular Issued by Acting Chief
of Staff—Requisitions Made by
Telegraph.*

The War Department authorizes publication of the following circular (Circular No. 138):

Disposition of Officers Placed in Class 3.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington, March 22, 1919.

1. Any officer of class 3 (Cir. 75, W. D., 1918), who has been found qualified for service in a staff corps only, will, if he so desires, be reexamined at his present station to determine his fitness for service in a branch of the line of the Army or for service in either the line of the Army or a staff corps.

2. Results of reexamination of an officer or any other matters relevant to the classification of a class 3 officer will be forwarded to The Adjutant General of the Army for file with the officer's application on Form 151-CPB-GS. In the event of discharge for any reason of a class 3 officer, he should be cautioned to keep The Adjutant General of the Army advised of any change in his permanent address as originally recorded on Form 151-CPB-GS.

3. The sending of class 3 officers to schools heretofore established for the instruction of such officers electing service in the Engineers, Coast Artillery, Field Artillery, Cavalry, and Infantry is discontinued for the time being. It is the policy of the War Department to utilize class 3 officers for any duties they are competent to perform regardless of the arm in which commissioned, thereby releasing officers of class 1 and class 2 for discharge. Officers of class 3 will therefore, when their services can not be utilized at their present station, be reported to The Adjutant General of the Army for assignment elsewhere or for discharge if there are no suitable vacancies to which they can be assigned.

4. Commanding officers of camps, posts, and stations will report by telegraph to The Adjutant General of the Army, room 330, and not to the chiefs of staff corps, the names of class 3 officers surplus at the camp, post, or station after class 1 and 2 officers have been replaced by class 3. These reports will be numbered serially and will include officers of all branches of the service. An officer so reported will not be available for assignment by the camp, post, or other commander without first obtaining authority from the War Department for assignment.

5. Requisitions for class 3 officers to replace those of class 1 and 2 will be made by telegraph to The Adjutant General of the Army, room 330. Requisitions will be numbered serially, and will include only needs additional to those covered by previous requisitions.

6. The semimonthly officers' reports,

71°-19-2

ASKS BUSINESS MEN TO HELP SOLDIERS FIND WORK

(Continued from page 1.)

3. In some 2,000 cities of the country there exists bureaus for returning soldiers and sailors. These bureaus have been working in affiliation with the Employment Service of the Department of Labor, but they are operated and supported by private agencies, many of them local, the others such welfare societies as the Red Cross, the Jewish Welfare Board, National Catholic War Council, War Camp Community Service, Salvation Army, American Library Association, Y. M. C. A., Y. W. C. A., and Chamber of Commerce. Although no set methods of procedure can be laid down, since the conditions in different localities vary, it is evident that the best results will be accomplished if all organizations and individuals working to help the soldiers are coordinated into one group. The bureau for returning soldiers and sailors is the established and natural unit for other organizations to work with and strengthen. It is hoped, therefore, that your chamber will cooperate with this bureau, either by lending it active support and by definitely taking the responsibility of finding for soldiers of your city their old jobs or better ones—or by forming a committee of the chamber which will provide the jobs for soldiers, whose names you can find at the bureau.

4. Most of the soldiers who are discharged from the Army find employment for themselves, usually going back to their old jobs. It is therefore a minority that need help. The work is made more difficult than it would otherwise be by the human tendency of soldiers upon discharge to linger awhile in large cities,

Form No. 680, A. G. O., from camps, posts, or stations making reports as prescribed in paragraph 4, or requisitions as prescribed in paragraph 5, will carry as an inclosure, on letter paper, a statement showing (a) number class 1 and 2 officers to be replaced; (b) number class 3 officers available for replacing these class 1 and 2 officers; (c) number of class 3 officers short or surplus; (d) list of surplus class 3 officers showing after the name of each officer a brief notation of his special qualifications, if any.

7. In the event of class 3 officers being reported to The Adjutant General of the Army for assignment, and there being no suitable vacancies to which they can be assigned, instructions may be issued by the War Department directing their discharge. The report of discharge, Form 150-CPB-GS, in such cases will contain notation that the officer is a class 3 officer discharged on account of being surplus. The discharge of such officers in no way prejudices their application for future appointment in the permanent establishment. Applications will remain on file in the War Department and such discharged officers will be considered along with all others in filling such vacancies in the permanent establishment as future legislation may provide.

By order of the Secretary of War:

FRANK MCINTYRE,

Major General, Acting Chief of Staff.

Official:

P. C. HARRIS,

The Adjutant General.

instead of going home to find employment at once. Many soldiers also feel that they are qualified to have better positions, and therefore earn better pay than they did before the war. In this they are right, for the war has made them better men. Unfortunately, this is a hard time in which to make the improvement which they are rightly ambitious to make, for industry is in a period of transition and jobs are hard to find. The soldier should be urged to go back to his home town and, unless a better position can be obtained for him, take his old job, not because that is the best he is fitted for, but because, owing to the industrial situation, it is an unfavorable time for him to seek a different position. He should certainly not give up his aim to get the better job, but he should work for it from his old position, and not from a state of unemployment.

Some men are probably stranded in places away from their home and have not enough money to take them back. In such cases it is hoped that you will be able to arrange for financing their return, probably by means of communicating with the chamber of commerce in their home, town and having them provide the necessary amount to supplement what the soldier has and carry him home, such amount to be loaned and returned by the soldier when he is able to do so.

5. Your invaluable assistance in this patriotic service will be greatly appreciated.

ARTHUR WOODS,
Assistant to the Secretary.

DIRECTOR OF SALES SUMMARY OF SALES FROM MARCH 8 TO 14

The War Department authorizes the following statement from the office of the Director of Sales:

Sales reported to the office of the Director of Sales from March 8 to March 14, inclusive, are as follows:

| | |
|-------------------------------------------------------|---------------|
| Aeroplanes..... | \$319,000.00 |
| Aeroplane equipment..... | 679,887.00 |
| Animals..... | 9,284,018.32 |
| Building utilities..... | 25,098.52 |
| Miscellaneous building material..... | 95,035.30 |
| Chemicals and acids..... | 25,000.00 |
| Clothing and equipage..... | 1,773,098.10 |
| Ferrous metal, including scrap..... | 71,977.96 |
| Nonferrous metals, including scrap..... | 234,591.83 |
| Fuels..... | 314,728.40 |
| Hardware..... | 1,876.08 |
| Lumber..... | 38,218.10 |
| Machinery, machine tools, and engineer equipment..... | 224,824.85 |
| Masonry material..... | 6,269.00 |
| Medical and hospital supplies..... | 2,122.65 |
| Motors and vehicle equipment..... | 666.44 |
| Motor-vehicle accessories..... | 281.66 |
| Office equipment..... | 64,981.57 |
| Oils, greases, etc..... | 35,228.48 |
| Railway material..... | 1,835.54 |
| Real estate..... | 49,258.00 |
| Subsistence..... | 2,895,240.11 |
| Textiles, including wool..... | 26,324,697.90 |
| Trucks and trailers..... | 450.00 |
| Miscellaneous..... | 25,426.10 |
| Total..... | 42,499,827.00 |

It will be noted that there has been no sale of passenger automobiles or trucks. The amount of \$450 listed under trucks and trailers was a sale of kitchen trailers.

LIQUOR SEIZED BY CUSTOMS OFFICERS MAY BE SOLD BY TREASURY DEPARTMENT, ATTORNEY GENERAL RULES IN OPINION

STATE LAWS NO BAR TO SUCH PROCEEDING

*Advises, However, That Sales
Be Made Only in States
Having No Prohibitory
Laws—Imported Spirits
May Be Reexported Under
Conditions.*

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
Washington, March 18, 1919.

THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge your letter of March 15, stating that the various collectors of customs are holding in their custody quantities of distilled spirits and wines which were seized as having been imported in violation of section 15 of the food control act of August 10, 1917, section 301 of the revenue act of October 3, 1917, and section 1 of the act approved November 21, 1918, prohibiting the importation of distilled, malt, vinous, or other intoxicating liquors, and also stating that quantities of spirits are under bond in warehouses as authorized by Senate Joint Resolution No. 99, of October 6, 1917, permitting the entry under bond for exportation within one year from the date of entry of any distilled spirits shipped from a foreign country prior to September 1, 1917.

You state that no provision is made by these statutes for the disposition of the spirits imported in violation of their provisions, and submit to me five questions, which will be stated in connection with my answers thereto.

Section 15 of the food control act of August 10, 1917 (40 Stat., 282), contains this language:

"Nor shall there be imported into the United States any distilled spirits."

Section 301 of the revenue act of October 3, 1917 (40 Stat., 308), prohibits the importation of distilled spirits save for certain excepted purposes.

Section 1 of the act approved November 21, 1918, is, in part, as follows:

"The Commissioner of Internal Revenue is hereby authorized and directed to prescribe rules and regulations, subject to the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, in regard to the manufacture and sale of distilled spirits and removal of distilled spirits held in bond after June 30, 1919, until this act shall cease to operate, for other than beverage purposes; also in regard to the manufacture, sale, and distribution of wine for sacramental, medicinal, or other than beverage uses. After the approval of this act no distilled, malt, vinous, or other intoxicating liquor shall be imported into the United States during the continuance of the present war and period of demobilization: Provided, that this provision against importation shall not apply to shipments en route to the United States at the time of the passage of this act."

Joint Resolution No. 99, approved October 6, 1917 (40 Stat., 427), is as follows:

"That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to permit the entry of distilled spirits shipped from any foreign country to the United States prior to September 1, 1917, into bonded warehouses in the United States, under bond to be given by the importer of such distilled spirits, conditioned for the export of such goods to some foreign country within the period of one year from and after the entry thereof into the United States."

The questions submitted and my answers thereto are as follows:

(1) "Can spirits brought into the United States in violation of the acts above cited be seized and forfeited under section 3082 of the Revised Statutes as having been imported contrary to law?" Section 3082 of the Revised Statutes expressly provides that any merchandise fraudulently or knowingly imported or brought into the United States shall be forfeited. I am therefore of opinion, beyond doubt, that spirits brought into the United States in violation of the acts mentioned may be seized and forfeited under this section.

(2) "When the value of such spirits is not more than \$500, can they be forfeited and sold by summary proceedings under sections 3074 to 3077, inclusive, of the Revised Statutes?" The sections referred to provide a summary method of sale "in all cases of seizure of property subject to forfeiture for any of the causes named in any provision of law relating to the customs," etc. Liquors imported in violation of the statutes referred to are not subject to customs duties. Their importation is simply prohibited. The offense consists in bringing them in at all and not in bringing them in without the payment of duty or tax. If the language quoted from section 3074 be construed as applying only to laws for the imposition and collection of customs duties, the summary method of selling would be confined to property brought into the country in violation of such laws and would not include that brought in in violation of a mere prohibition against importation. But I do not think the language can fairly be given so narrow a construction. The whole matter of importing property into the United States is subject to the proper control of the customs officers to whom the enforcement of such laws is committed. I think, therefore, a law which prohibits particular property from being brought into the country through the ports is a law "relating to the customs" as much as a law which imposes customs duties. I am accordingly of the opinion that when the value of spirits imported contrary to law, because in violation of the statutes mentioned, is not in excess of \$500 they may be forfeited and sold by the summary proceedings provided for in sections 3074 to 3077 of the Revised Statutes.

(3) "May spirits or other intoxicating liquors brought into the United States in violation of either of the acts men-

tioned be permitted to be exported?" As section 3082 of the revised statutes expressly provides for the forfeiture of such spirits, this question must, in general, be answered in the negative. It is stated, however, that, in several instances, where liquor was imported into the United States contrary to the provisions of the act of August 10, 1917, and the other acts referred to, the importer brought in such liquors in good faith and in ignorance of such legislation, having immediately before making the shipments made inquiry of the United States consuls at foreign ports and being informed that there was no law prohibiting the importation of such liquors. The act of August 10, 1917, became effective September 1, 1917. Offenses under it are limited to those who "willfully" violate its provisions, and section 3078 of the Revised Statutes provides that where such liquors have been seized and sold under the summary proceedings provided, the owner shall be entitled to receive from the United States the proceeds of sale upon a showing that he "did not know of the seizure, and was in such circumstances as prevented him from knowing of the same, and that such forfeiture was incurred without willful negligence or any intention of fraud on the part of the owner of such property." In the instances referred to I am of the opinion that you would be authorized to permit the liquor to be exported instead of having it sold.

(4) "When spirits, wines, or other intoxicating liquors are forfeited to the United States in a State where the sale of distilled spirits or intoxicating liquors is prohibited by State laws (a) can such spirits be sold by the United States in the State where forfeited, and (b) if not, can they be shipped to and sold in a State where the State laws do not prohibit the sale of distilled spirits?" I am inclined to the opinion that such sales would not be unlawful even in States whose laws prohibit the sale of liquor. There is no doubt, however, that such liquors may be shipped to and sold in a State where there are no such prohibitory laws, and to avoid embarrassment and seeming conflict with local laws I am of opinion that this should always be done.

(5) "May spirits entered for warehousing under Senate Joint Resolution of October 6, 1917, be withdrawn for exportation after one year from the date of entry? If not, can such spirits be forfeited and sold or otherwise disposed of by a collector of customs?" As stated above, the food control act was approved on August 10, 1917, and went into effect September 1, 1917. Upon its going into effect Congress evidently assumed that there was a large amount of liquor in the country which had previously been imported. Since the sale here of that liquor had suddenly been prohibited, the joint resolution referred to was passed to provide a reasonable opportunity to dispose of it by exporting it. Accordingly the joint resolution authorized its entry into bonded warehouses under bond to be given by the importer of such distilled spirits conditioned for the export of such goods to some foreign country within the period of one year from and after the entry thereof into the United States. Nothing else appearing, I would say that for a period of one year following its entry into the bonded warehouse the owner of such liquor would be free to

export it, and that after the expiration of one year it would stand in the same plight as other liquor lawfully in bonded warehouses.

Section 2971 of the Revised Statutes is as follows:

"Any goods remaining in public store or bonded warehouse beyond three years shall be regarded as abandoned to the Government, and sold under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe, and the proceeds paid into the Treasury. In computing this period of three years, if such exportation or transshipment of any merchandise shall, either for the whole or any part of the term of three years, have been prevented by reason of any order of the President, the time during which such exportation or transshipment of such merchandise shall have been so prevented shall be excluded from the computation."

I am of the opinion that the owner of liquor entered in a bonded warehouse under the joint resolution mentioned was entitled to be free to export it for the full period of one year, not counting any time during which an order or proclamation of the President may have prevented its exportation. In all cases in which the owner has been thus free to export the liquor for 12 months his right to export it has expired. But the joint resolution does not provide that immediately upon the expiration of these 12 months the liquor shall be forfeited. I think the result is that it must remain in the bonded warehouse subject to section 2971 of the Revised Statutes. Having been entered under a bond that it should be exported, there would seem to be no way to remove it from the warehouse. On the other hand, under section 2971 it can not be said to be forfeited to the Government until it shall have been in the warehouse as long as three years, excluding any time when its exportation or transshipment shall have been prevented by an order of the President. At the same time, whenever the three years during which no order of the President stands in the way of its exportation has expired it will be forfeited to the Government and may be sold unless in the meantime Congress shall have given relief by providing for its removal in some other way than that provided by the joint resolution of October 6, 1917. I am, however, of opinion that it can not be forfeited and sold until it has been in the warehouse for three years free from any such order of the President as is above mentioned.

Respectfully,

A. MITCHELL PALMER,
Attorney General.

Working Down of Rifle Bolts Authorized by the Department

WAR DEPARTMENT.
Washington, March 3, 1919.

Bulletin No. 9.

I. Working down rifle bolts.—Bolts of rifles may be worked down when necessary to make them function smoothly. The work will be performed as prescribed in instructions issued by the Ordnance Department, under the supervision of division, camp, post, or station ordnance officers and by specially trained personnel.

BULGARIAN IMPORT EMBARGO ON LONG LIST OF ARTICLES

Chargé d'Affaires C. S. Wilson, at Sofia, reports as follows:

In order to limit the purchase of goods abroad and to prevent the further depreciation of the national currency, the Bulgarian Government, by a law passed January 9, 1919, has prohibited the importation of the following articles:

Figs; dates; raisins; hazel nuts, with or without shells; vanilla, saffron; cocoa, ground or not, without sugar; flowers, leaves, moss, and other plants for decoration; brandies—grape, plum, mastic, etc., in kegs, bottles, and other receptacles; cognac, rum, pilsen, bitters, absinthe, etc. (with the exception of medicines) in kegs and other receptacles; liqueurs; mineral waters with the exception of those used for medical purposes; candies and preserved fruits; Turkish delight; halva; chocolate and cocoa, powdered or in cakes, with sugar; ethereal spicy oils and artificial odoriferous preparations; perfumery, perfumed water, pomade, tooth paste, salve, and other toilet articles; varnish; canes; chairs; upholstered furniture; ordinary furniture; expensive furniture; tapestries; picture frames; hats of all kinds trimmed with flowers, feathers, and other ornaments; handiwork made of coral, hoofs, and bones, with the exception of buttons, combs, and cigarette holders; precious stones; marble; earthenware, gilded or decorated in colors, in relief or otherwise; porcelain, gilded or decorated in colors, in relief or otherwise; handiwork in plaster with the exception of that for schools; small articles of clay, porcelain, and terra cotta, with the exception of buttons; articles made of ordinary and crystal glass which are not absolutely necessary, such as vases, fancy dishes, fruit dishes, etc.; glass and enameled beads, bracelets, artificial coral, crystal, with the exception of buttons; cut glass and imitations of precious stones; glass and porcelain flowers and ornaments, wreaths and other glass and porcelain articles with or without metallic decorations; wall paper; picture post cards, copybooks, notebooks, stitched registers, tickets, bills, invoices, waybills, visiting cards, calendars, etc., printed in colors or not, engraved or lithographed; albums, baskets, boxes, pocketbooks, and other articles of papier-mâché, tarred cardboard, or carton-pierre, or of any other kind of cardboard, varnished or not, combined or not with wood, glass, linen, leather, common metals, or paper, silvered or not; lamp shades and fans, tinfoil for bouquets and candles, flowers, leaves, and other similar articles of paper, with the exception of collars, cuffs, and all kinds of wearing apparel made of paper; pictures, snapshots mounted on paper cardboard; manufactures of hard leather, common sheepskin, goatskin, or transparent skin, combined or not with wood, paper, or other common material; manufactures of fine and ordinary leather, such as hand bags, satchels, pocketbooks, albums, etc.; articles of rawhide; tanned leather articles; silks; curtains, passementerie, laces, and trimmings, and ribbons, of pure or mixed silk; clothes and other articles of silk, or of silk embroideries, trimmings, laces, etc.; hats of felt, beaver, and other material, trimmed with flowers and other decorations; cotton laces and embroideries; fancy work made of laces and trimmings of cotton; linen laces and embroideries with silk threads; laces and embroideries of pure linen; articles for traveling, hunting, camping, whether in waxed or impregnated cloth or not, combined or not with wood, leather, or common metals, such as hand bags, satchels, etc.; all articles of fashion, such as artificial flowers, ornamental feathers, and manufactures thereof; mixtures of precious metals; articles of gold and silver, and gold and silver plate, with or without precious stones; articles of precious metals decorated with precious stones; imitation jewels; gold and silver leaf; gold and silver, and gold and silver plated chains; watches, with the exception of those made of common metal; clocks made of precious metals or decorated with precious metals, or with chimes; imitation tinsel for sewing, weaving, or other purposes; beads, spangles, and the like of copper, brass, or other metals except gold and silver, combined or not with cotton or silk, and not gilt or silvered; iron fixtures with the exception of medical; pianos, organs, pianolas, harmonicas, harmoniphones, hand organs, and hurdy-gurdies; articles of amber, with or without other material, ornamented or not with precious metals or stones; articles of ivory, tortoise shell, and mother-of-pearl,

Germans Took 4,765 U. S. Men; 4,376 Reported Free, 233 Dead

The Statistics Branch, General Staff, War Department, issues the following:

Revision of prisoners records, which have been compiled from reports of prisoners from all sources, for the purpose of eliminating duplicate names, brings the total number of military prisoners taken to 4,765. Of these, 4,376 have been reported released and 233 dead. The list of 156 names of prisoners whose status is still doubtful was forwarded on March 20 to the Central Records Office, A. E. F., for checking and investigation.

The record of Army, Marine, and civilian prisoners taken by the central powers as of March 20, is as follows:

| | Army. | Marine. | Civilian. |
|---------------------------|-------|---------|-----------|
| Taken prisoners..... | 4,686 | 79 | 281 |
| Died..... | 229 | 4 | |
| Released or recorded..... | 4,304 | 72 | 116 |
| Status doubtful..... | 153 | 3 | 165 |

The following table shows by rank the number of military prisoners taken and the number reported dead:

| | Taken prisoner. | Died. |
|-------------------------|-----------------|-------|
| Lieutenant colonel..... | 1 | |
| Major..... | 4 | |
| Captain..... | 27 | 3 |
| First lieutenant..... | 262 | 29 |
| Second lieutenant..... | 101 | 17 |
| Total officers..... | 395 | 49 |
| Enlisted men..... | 4,370 | 184 |
| Total..... | 4,765 | 233 |

combined with other material, including precious stones; jewelry of amber, ivory, and tortoise shell, with or without decorations, combined with other material, including precious metals and stones; articles of leather, silk, or plush, with or without ornaments of amber, tortoise shell, ivory, mother-of-pearl, or precious stones; articles of wood, cane, straw, fiber, cardboard, bronze, steel, glass, porcelain, ornamented with amber, tortoise shell, mother-of-pearl, ivory, leather, silk, plush, or precious stones and metals; articles of celluloid, and similar composition materials; all toys; parasols of pure and mixed silk, or made of lace or trimmed with lace and embroideries, including parasols with handles of gold, silver, precious stones, and ivory; faps of wood, cloth, or feathers, mounted or not; and wigs.

Articles which are imported by the national institutions, by military authorities, hospitals, and Red Cross for their own use are excepted. Articles and materials mentioned above are allowed to be brought in by travelers if it is clear from the quantity that the goods are for personal use and not for sale.

Goods not included in the above list may be imported without licenses, and there is an unconfirmed report that articles of a kind not made in Bulgaria are admitted free of duty.

Easy to buy, convenient to handle, no red tape—Get a WAR-SAVINGS STAMP to-day.

PROCEEDINGS OF U. S. SUPREME COURT

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Monday, March 25, 1919.

Present: The Chief Justice, Mr. Justice McKenna, Mr. Justice Holmes, Mr. Justice Day, Mr. Justice Van Devanter, Mr. Justice Pitney, Mr. Justice McReynolds, Mr. Justice Brandeis, and Mr. Justice Clarke.

John H. Minds, of Philadelphia, Pa.; Edmund D. Adecock, of Chicago, Ill.; Henry W. Moore, of Philadelphia, Pa.; Walter L. Tooze, Jr., of Dallas, Ore.; Fred E. Page, of Greene, N. Y.; Clarence E. Pigford, of Jackson, Tenn.; George Lull, of San Francisco, Calif.; John J. Dailey, of San Francisco, Calif.; Eugene L. McCain, of Pawhuska, Okla., and Robert F. Cogswell, of Washington, D. C., were admitted to practice.

No. 155. The United States, petitioner, v. Brooklyn Eastern District Terminal. On writ of certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit. Judgment of the Circuit Court of Appeals reversed, and judgment of the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of New York affirmed; and cause remanded to the said District Court. Opinion by Mr. Justice Brandeis.

No. 170. Union Tank Line, plaintiff in error, v. William A. Wright, comptroller general of Georgia. In error to the Supreme Court of the State of Georgia. Judgment reversed with costs, and cause remanded for further proceedings not inconsistent with the opinion of this court. Opinion by Mr. Justice McReynolds. (Mr. Justice Day concurs in the result.) Dissenting: Mr. Justice Pitney, Mr. Justice Brandeis, and Mr. Justice Clarke.

No. 178. Dominion Hotel (Inc.), plaintiff in error, v. the State of Arizona. In error to the Supreme Court of the State of Arizona. Judgment affirmed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice Holmes.

No. 220. St. Louis Poster Advertising Co., plaintiff in error, v. the City of St. Louis, et al. In error to the Supreme Court of the State of Missouri. Judgment affirmed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice Holmes.

No. 2. The St. Louis Poster Advertising Co., appellant, v. the City of St. Louis et al. Appeal from the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Missouri. Decree affirmed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice Holmes.

No. 230. The Board of Public Utilities Commissioners, appellant and plaintiff in error, v. the Manila Electric Railroad & Light Co. Appeal from and in error to the Supreme Court of the Philippine Islands. Dismissed for the want of jurisdiction. Opinion by Mr. Chief Justice White.

The Chief Justice also announced the following orders of the court:

No. 265. Crescent Milling Co., appellant, v. the H. N. Strait Manufacturing Co. et al. Appeal from the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota. Per curiam: Dismissed for want of jurisdiction upon the authority of section 6 of the act of September 6, 1916, chapter 448, 39 Stat., 726, 727.

No. 272. Neely Powers, trustee, etc., plaintiff in error, v. Scott County Milling Co. In error to the Supreme Court of the State of Mississippi. Per curiam: Dismissed for want of jurisdiction upon the authority of section 237 of the Judicial Code, as amended by the act of September 6, 1916, chapter 448, 39 Stat., 726.

No. 261. Chesapeake & Ohio Coal & Coke Co., plaintiff in error, v. the Toledo & Ohio Central Railway Co. In error to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Fourth Circuit. Per curiam: Dismissed for want of jurisdiction upon the authority of section 128 of the Judicial Code; *Stevenson v. Fain*, 195 U. S., 165, 166; *Hull v. Burr*, 234 U. S., 712, 720; *St. Anthony's Church v. Pennsylvania R. R. Co.*, 237 U. S., 575, 577; *Delaware, Lackawanna & Western R. R. Co. v. Yurkonis*, 238 U. S., 439, 444.

Nos. 266 and 267. Crescent Milling Co., plaintiff in error, v. H. N. Strait Manufacturing Co. In error to the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota. Per curiam: Dismissed for want of jurisdiction upon the authority of section 6 of the act of September 6, 1916, chapter 448, 39 Stat., 726, 727.

Nos. 268 and 269. Crescent Milling Co., plaintiff in error, v. the H. N. Strait Manufacturing Co. In error to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Eighth Circuit. Per curiam: Dismissed for want of jurisdiction upon the authority of section 128

of the Judicial Code; *Stevenson v. Fain*, 195 U. S., 165, 166; *Hull v. Burr*, 234 U. S., 712, 720; *St. Anthony's Church v. Pennsylvania R. R. Co.*, 237 U. S., 575, 577; *Delaware, Lackawanna & Western R. R. Co. v. Yurkonis*, 238 U. S., 439, 444.

No. 270. Crescent Milling Co., appellant, v. the H. N. Strait Manufacturing Co. Appeal from the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Eighth Circuit. Per curiam: Dismissed for want of jurisdiction upon the authority of section 128 of the Judicial Code; *Stevenson v. Fain*, 195 U. S., 165, 166; *Hull v. Burr*, 234 U. S., 712, 720; *St. Anthony's Church v. Pennsylvania R. R. Co.*, 237 U. S., 575, 577; *Delaware, Lackawanna & Western R. R. Co. v. Yurkonis*, 238 U. S., 439, 444.

No. 22. Original. The State of Tennessee, complainant v. The State of Arkansas et al. Motion to set case for oral argument on motion to dismiss granted, and the case assigned for argument on Monday, April 14, next.

No. 708. The United States, appellant, v. Conrad S. Babcock. Motion to place on the summary docket granted.

No. 915. The United States, appellant, v. Herbert B. Hayden. Motion to place on the summary docket granted.

No. 492. Ohio Valley Water Co., plaintiff in error, v. Ben Avon Borough et al. Motion to advance granted, and the case assigned for argument on Monday, October 6, next.

No. 759. Alex J. Groesbeck et al., appellants, v. Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway Co. Motion to advance granted, and the case assigned for argument on Monday, October 6, next, after the case heretofore assigned for that day.

No. 874. Edward A. Rumely, appellant, v. Thomas D. McCarthy, United States Marshal, etc., et al. Motion to advance granted, and case assigned for argument on Monday, April 14, next, after the cases heretofore assigned for that day.

No. 881. The United States of America, appellant, v. The Board of County Commissioners of Osage County, Okla., et al. Motion to advance granted, and case assigned for argument on Monday, April 14 next, after the cases heretofore assigned for that day.

No. 914. Mark Eisner, as collector of United State internal revenue, etc., plaintiff in error, v. Myrtle H. Macomber. Motion to advance granted, and case assigned for argument on Monday, April 14 next, after the cases heretofore assigned for that day.

No. 849. C. C. Calhoun, petitioner, v. Bland Massie. Petition for a writ of certiorari to the Supreme Court of Appeals of the State of Virginia granted.

No. 860. Fidelity Title & Trust Co., ancillary administrator, etc., petitioner, v. The Dubois Electric Co. Petition for a writ of certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit denied, with reservation of and without prejudice to the right to apply for a reinstatement of the petition at any time before the end of this term in case the judgment below should fail to award a new trial.

No. 852. Southern Railway Co., petitioner, v. Hugh Pettit et al. Petition for a writ of certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Sixth Circuit denied.

No. 853. North American Telegraph Co., petitioner, v. Northern Pacific Railway Co. Petition for a writ of certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Eighth Circuit denied.

No. 854. Daly-West Mining Co. et al., petitioners, v. Catherine Savage et al. Petition for a writ of certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Eighth Circuit denied.

No. 867. Troy Deason, petitioner, v. The United States of America. Petition for a writ of certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit denied.

No. 873. Edward E. Gold et al., petitioners, v. James T. Newton, Commissioner of Patents. Petition for a writ of certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit denied.

No. 875. Arthur L. Blunt, petitioner, v. The United States of America. Petition for a writ of certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Seventh Circuit denied.

No. 883. J. B. Gray, petitioner, v. Bank of Hartford et al. Petition for a writ of certiorari to the Supreme Court of the State of Arkansas denied.

No. 887. Wilhelm Knauth et al., petitioners, v. John W. Knight et al. Petition for a writ of certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit denied.

No. 890. Henry A. House, petitioner, v. Laurence W. Luelien. Petition for a writ of certiorari to the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia denied.

No. 897. James F. Bishop, administrator, etc., petitioner, v. Great Lakes Towing Co. Petition for a writ of certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Seventh Circuit denied.

No. 898. North British & Mercantile Insurance Co., petitioner, v. H. Baars & Co. Petition for a writ of certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit denied.

No. 907. Otto Higel Co. (Inc.), petitioner, v. Autopiano Co. Petition for a writ of certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit denied.

Order. It is ordered that the cases heretofore placed on the summary docket, viz. Nos. 419, 485, 472, 708, and 915, be assigned for argument at the head of the call for Monday, April 14, next.

The Chief Justice also announced that the court will take a recess from Monday, the 31st instant, to Monday, April 14, next.

No. 202. Southern Oregon Co., appellant, v. The United States. Joint motion to remand to the District Court with directions to modify final decree submitted by Mr. Solicitor General King for the appellee and by Mr. John M. Gearin for the appellant.

No. 697. Daniel O'Connell et al., plaintiffs in error, v. The United States of America. Motion to advance submitted by Mr. Solicitor General King for the defendant in error.

Nos. 776 and 777. The United States of America, plaintiff in error, v. August Ferger et al. Motion to advance submitted by Mr. Solicitor General King for the plaintiff in error.

No. 921. U. S. G. Hughes, petitioner, v. The United States of America. Petition for a writ of certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the eighth circuit, submitted by Mr. James T. Lloyd in behalf of Mr. John T. Barker for the petitioner, and by Mr. Assistant Attorney General Porter for the respondent.

No. 922. J. H. Hughes, petitioner, v. The United States of America. Petition for a writ of certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the eighth circuit, submitted by Mr. James T. Lloyd in behalf of Mr. John T. Barker for the petitioner, and by Mr. Assistant Attorney General Porter for the respondent.

No. 354. The United States, appellant, v. Sheridan-Kirk Contract Co.; and

No. 355. Sheridan-Kirk Contract Co., appellant, v. The United States. Motion to remand to the Court of Claims for finding of additional facts submitted by Mr. George A. King for Sheridan-Kirk Contract Co. in support of the motion, and by Mr. Assistant Attorney General Erlerson for the United States in opposition thereto.

No. 286. Luella Swartwood, as sole administratrix, etc., plaintiff in error, v. Lehigh Valley Railroad Co. Passed, on motion of Mr. Frederick S. Tyler in behalf of counsel for the plaintiff in error.

No. 289. Guy E. Bowerman, appellant, v. C. D. Hamner as receiver of the First National Bank of Salmon. Passed, on motion of Mr. Alex. Britton in behalf of counsel for the appellant.

No. 186. William H. Odell, appellant, v. F. C. Farnsworth Co. et al. Submitted by Mr. Samuel E. Darby for the appellant. No appearance for the appellee.

No. 293. Pennsylvania Railroad Co., plaintiff in error, v. James H. Minds, surviving and liquidating partner, etc. Passed, on motion of Mr. James H. Minds for the defendant in error.

No. 294. Pennsylvania Railroad Co., plaintiff in error, v. James H. Minds et al., etc. Passed on motion of Mr. James H. Minds for the defendants in error.

No. 809. Arkansas Central Railroad Co., plaintiff in error, v. W. L. Goad. Petition for writ of certiorari herein submitted by Mr. Thomas B. Pryor for the plaintiff in error, in support of the petitioner, and by Mr. Charles I. Evans for the defendant in error, in opposition thereto.

No. 835. St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern Railway Co., plaintiff in error, v. H. T. Truc, Jr. Petition for a writ of certiorari herein submitted by Mr. Thomas B. Pryor for the plaintiff in error, in support of the petitioner.

No. 910. Pulp Wood Co., petitioner, v. Green Bay Paper & Fibre Co. Petition for a

(Continued on page 9.)

RETURN TO THE CIVIL SERVICE OF POSTAL EMPLOYEES WHO ENTERED THE ARMY OR NAVY

OFFICE OF POSTMASTER GENERAL,
Washington, March 21, 1919.

The President promulgated the following Executive order on July 18, 1918:

"A person leaving the classified civil service to engage in the military or naval service of the Government during the present war with Germany and who has been honorably discharged, may be reinstated in the civil service at any time within five years after his discharge, provided that at the time of reinstatement he has the required fitness to perform the duties of the position to which reinstatement is sought."

Employees who are honorably discharged from the Army or Navy and who do not desire to reenter the Postal Service should tender their resignations; and reports of their separation should be submitted on the proper forms. These persons will be eligible for reinstatement in any suitable position in the classified civil service in accordance with the order quoted above.

The Executive order does not extend the period of eligibility in the case of persons separated from the classified civil service for a period exceeding one year, but who subsequently entered the military or naval service and have been honorably discharged therefrom.

Further information regarding reinstatements under this order may be obtained by consulting the local civil service secretary.

A. S. BURLERSON,
Postmaster General.

MADE ENGINEER IN CHARGE OF HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION

Thomas H. MacDonald, chief engineer of the Iowa State Highway Commission, has been appointed by the Secretary of Agriculture as engineer in immediate charge of the work under the Federal aid road act, which provides for cooperation between the States and the Federal Government in the construction and improvement of roads. Mr. MacDonald will assume his new duties as soon as he can close up his work in Iowa. In the meantime he will continue to keep in close touch with the Federal aid road work of the department. Steps already have been taken to expedite the resumption and extension of highway construction under the terms of the Federal law, as amended by the post office appropriation act, and nothing will be omitted to facilitate the vigorous prosecution of the work.

Mr. MacDonald will supervise and direct all the activities of the Bureau of Public Roads under the Federal aid road act, including the expenditure of the additional appropriation of \$209,000,000 provided by the post office appropriation act for the extension and development of highway construction during the present and the next two fiscal years.

When you buy war-savings stamps you do not give—you receive.

71°—19—3

SUPREME COURT PROCEEDINGS

(Continued from page 8.)

writ of certiorari to the Supreme Court of the State of Wisconsin submitted by Mr. Moses Hooper for the petitioner.

No. 916. William A. Hamilton, petitioner, v. The United States of America. Petition for a writ of certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Eighth Circuit submitted by Mr. George I. Haight, Mr. Ralph F. Potter, Mr. James H. Wilkerson, and Mr. Edwin H. Cassels for the petitioner and by Mr. Assistant Attorney General Porter for the respondent.

No. 276. Richard H. Dana, individually, plaintiff in error, v. Richard H. Dana, executor, etc., et al. Argued by Mr. Hollis R. Bailey for the plaintiff in error and by Mr. William Harold Hitchcock for the defendants in error.

No. 300. Charles S. Ashley, plaintiff in error, v. William Cushing Wait et al. Passed on motion of Mr. William Harold Hitchcock for the plaintiff in error.

No. 279. P. D. Camp et al., petitioners, v. Morgan V. Gress. Argument commenced by Mr. T. D. Savage for the petitioner, continued by Mr. D. Lawrence Groner and Mr. W. M. Toomer for the respondent.

Adjourned until to-morrow at 12 o'clock. The day call for Tuesday, March 25, will be as follows: Nos. 279, 281, 282, 283, 284 (and 285), 291, 158, 295, 296, and 297.

Tuesday, March 25, 1919.

Present: The Chief Justice, Mr. Justice McKenna, Mr. Justice Holmes, Mr. Justice Day, Mr. Justice Van Devanter, Mr. Justice Pitney, Mr. Justice McReynolds, Mr. Justice Brandeis, and Mr. Justice Clarke.

Frank A. Kemp, jr., of Boulder, Colo., was admitted to practice.

No. 297. Minerva B. Cruzan, administratrix, etc., plaintiff in error, v. New York Central & Hudson River Railroad Co. Passed.

No. 279. P. D. Camp et al., petitioners, v. Morgan V. Gress. Argument continued by Mr. William Toomer for the respondent, and concluded by Mr. Thomas H. Willcox for the petitioner.

No. 281. The City of Pawhuska, plaintiff in error, v. Pawhuska Oil & Gas Co. et al. Argued by Mr. Preston A. Shinn for the plaintiff in error, and by Mr. T. J. Leahy for the defendants in error.

No. 282. United Railroads of San Francisco, appellant, v. City and County of San Francisco et al. Argued by Mr. Garret W. McEnerney for the appellant, and by Mr. Hiram W. Johnson for the appellees. Leave granted counsel for the appellees to file supplemental brief within three days.

No. 283. A. P. Chalker, administrator, etc., et al., plaintiffs in error, v. The Birmingham & Northwestern Railway Co. et al. Argument commenced by Mr. C. E. Pigford for the plaintiff in error.

Adjourned until to-morrow at 12 o'clock. The day call for Wednesday, March 26, will be as follows: Nos. 283, 284 (and 285), 291, 158, 295, 290, 298, 299, 301, and 302.

CONFER WITH INDUSTRIAL BOARD.

Representatives of Departments Discuss Cooperation Plans.

Cooperation by the various Government departments and agencies in the work of the Industrial Board of the Department of Commerce was discussed by the board yesterday with the members of the newly appointed cooperating committee of the Industrial Board.

Those present, in addition to the members of the board, were: Dr. Harry A. Garfield, representing the Fuel Administration; Edward N. Hurley, the Shipping Board; Col. Boggs, the War Department; L. McH. Howe, the Navy Department; George O. May, the Treasury Department; J. G. Lay, the State Department; C. M. Weld, the Interior Department; C. J. Brand, the Department of Agriculture; J. A. Egerton, the Post Office Department; Cecil Barnes, the Food Administration; M. K. Delattre, the War Trade Board; Alex. Pugh, the War Trade Board; E. B. Meyer, jr., the War Finance Corporation; and H. E. Willis, the Federal Reserve Board.

SEALED PROPOSALS INVITED

Treasury Department.

BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING.

Sealed proposals will be received by the Bureau of Engraving and Printing until March 31, 1919, for furnishing and delivering the articles named below:

Five thousand coated tablets of bismuth subnitrate, 5 grains each.

Five thousand coated tablets of sedan.

Twenty thousand coated tablets of soda mint, 5 grains each.

Ten thousand coated tablets of throat No. 3.

Ten thousand chocolate-coated tablets of rhinitis, F. S.

Sixty 1-ounce tubes of analgesic balm.

Six 4-ounce jars of pineoline.

Twenty-four 1-ounce tubes of surgical lubricant.

Twenty-four 1-pint bottles of milk of magnesia.

Two 1-pint bottles of camphorated oil.

Two 1-pound jars of mentholated vaseline.

Twenty thousand chocolate-coated tablets of coryza.

Navy Department.

BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS.

The Bureau of Yards and Docks of the Navy Department has invited bids on the following projects:

3797. Navy Yard, Portsmouth, N. H.: An addition to Building No. 42 for a spar shop. Estimated cost, \$72,000.

3772. Norfolk: Galvanizing plant and oxy-acetylene plant. Estimated cost, \$108,000.

8819. United States Naval Hospital, Wards Island: Extension of underground electric system and switchboard. Estimated cost, \$5,000.

Post Office Department.

Order No. 2918.—Post Office Department, Washington, March 24, 1919. Sealed proposals, in duplicate, will be received at the office of the purchasing agent of this department until 2 p. m., April 24, 1919, for furnishing canvas satchels with leather backs, collector's sacks, rural carriers' canvas sacks, special-delivery satchels, coin sacks, cotton towels, cotton cloth, cheesecloth, flags, shoulder and carriers' tie straps, belting and rawhide lacing as they may be ordered for use of the Postal Service from time to time during the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1919, and ending June 30, 1920. Blank proposals, with specifications and instructions to bidders, will be furnished upon application to the purchasing agent.

A. S. BURLERSON,
Postmaster General.

Department of the Interior.

ST. ELIZABETHS HOSPITAL.

Sealed proposals will be received by St. Elizabeths Hospital for furnishing and delivering the articles named below:

Until 4 p. m., March 28, 1919: Seven thousand five hundred pounds of smoked sugar-cured shoulders, to weigh not less than 6 nor more than 10 pounds; 24,600 pounds of fresh beef.

Until 4 p. m., March 31, 1919: Ten thousand and twenty pounds of artificially colored oleomargarine in 2-pound packages.

Department of Commerce.

LIGHTHOUSE SERVICE.

Sealed proposals will be opened by the lighthouse superintendent, Boston, Mass., at 2 o'clock p. m., May 1, 1919, for rebuilding wharf at Lighthouse Depot, Woods Hole, Mass. Information upon application to the above office.

MAIL TO CZECHO-SLOVAKIA.

The Swiss postal director has advised the American Legation at Berne, Switzerland, that postal traffic with Czecho-Slovakia has now been resumed, but an exception is made as to sending remittances of any kind.

UNIFORM DATE FOR RETURNING FEDERAL RAILROAD ACCOUNTS

The United States Railroad Administration, Division of Accounting, issues the following:

ACCOUNTING CIRCULAR No. 81.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 17, 1919.

Consideration is being given to the need for establishing a uniform date for stating operating revenues, operating expenses, and other income accounts, and for closing the accounts monthly, so that reports of results shall reach this division and be tabulated within the month succeeding that for which the reports are made.

To the end that such a date may be ascertained and fixed, Federal auditors of Class I roads shall promptly make reply to the following queries:

(1) What is the earliest date after the end of the month that revenues, expenses, and other income items can be stated from the accounts as they are now kept?

(2) What is the earliest date after the end of the month that revenues, expenses, and other income items can be stated from accounts built up from estimates based on data reasonably consistent and safe for making such estimates?

(3) If statements of expenses, revenues, and income items are required to be reported to this division by the 10th of the month following that for which they are made, what is your opinion of the reasonableness and feasibility of basing such statements upon accounts, closed if necessary, at the end of the month upon estimates and adjusting the difference between estimates and regularly ascertained figures in the subsequent months' accounts and reports?

(4) What changes in your system of accounting will be necessary if you were obliged to state the accounts and determine the revenues, expenses, and other income items by the 10th of the month following that for which the report is made?

(5) What would be the additional cost, if any, to close the accounts in time to submit therefrom a statement of income not later than the 10th of the month following that for which the report is made?

(6) Are you now making for the information of your Federal manager or other officers, estimates, either weekly or monthly, of revenues, expenses, and other income items, and how do such estimates compare with the recorded figures when ascertained? If you were making such estimates prior to January, 1918, and have since abandoned them, what was the reason for so doing?

C. A. Prouty, Director.

VISITORS FROM LATIN AMERICA.

Two distinguished Latin American officials are expected to arrive in United States ports next Friday. Julio Zamora, of Bolivia, who, with the rank of minister plenipotentiary, is coming on a special mission concerning financial matters, will reach New York about Friday on the steamer *Panama*.

M. Quillermo Andrevo, recently appointed as the Panama minister to Great Britain, is expected to reach New Orleans about Friday on the steamer *Parissima*.

Meat Production in United States Surpassed All Records During 1918; Review of Output For Past 19 Years

The Department of Agriculture authorizes the following:

Meat production in the United States, in the total of all classes, was 18,865,000,000 pounds in 1900, and in 1918 war-time needs promoted a production of 23,366,000,000 pounds. If 1900 is represented by 100, the production of 1909 was 104.6, of 1914 was 95.8, of 1916 was 110.1, of 1917 was 99.7, and of 1918 was 123.9. The mass of crop production in 1916 was considerably below that of the other years since 1913, and this caused a movement of meat animals to market in 1916 that was above normal and left a movement below normal to 1917. Undoubtedly the stupendous production of 1918 was never before reached in this country, and certainly not in any other country by long odds.

Beef production, which was 8,963,000,000 pounds in 1900, reached 9,797,000,000 pounds in 1918, and the comparative production was from 100 in 1900 to 106.5 in 1909, to 79.9 in 1914, to 87.7 in 1916, to 95.2 in 1917, and to 109.3 in 1918.

Beef Production in 1918.

Owing to overslaughtering, mutton production increased from 616,000,000 pounds in 1900 to 776,000,000 pounds in 1914, and this was followed by decline to 508,000,000 pounds in 1917, but in 1918 there was slight gain to 558,000,000 pounds. Lamb and goat meats are included in the figures.

Hogs are quickly responsive to greater demand for their meat and its products. While the production of pork was only 9,773,000,000 pounds in 1917, it expanded enormously to 13,011,000,000 pounds in 1918. With pork production at 100 in 1900, it reached 102.7 in 1909, 109.2 in 1914, 131.9 in 1916, 105.2 in 1917, and 140.1 in 1918.

Since 1900 the population of this country has increased nearly 39 per cent, and meat production has not been able to struggle successfully against this colossal fact. Pork, however, has demonstrated its ability to do so, and its per capita production of 122.2 pounds in 1900 was overtopped in 1918, when the quantity was 123.8 pounds.

Beef production declined from 117.9 pounds per capita in 1900 to 72.6 pounds in 1914, followed by upward movement to 77.1 pounds in 1916, 82.4 pounds in 1917, and 93.2 pounds in 1918. Mutton production has fallen from 8.1 pounds per capita in 1900 to 5.3 pounds in 1918.

Meat Total Per Capita.

The meat total fell from a production of 248.2 pounds per capita in 1900 to 183.3 pounds in 1914, but there was increase to 203.8 pounds in 1916, drop to 181.8 pounds in 1917, with rebound to 222.3 pounds in 1918, or 10 per cent under 1900.

While the United States has always been a surplus meat country, for many years by a large margin, it became a deficiency country in 1914 and 1915 in the production of fresh, chilled, and frozen beef, of all beef in 1914, and also in the production of mutton in 1914-1917; that is to say, the consumption was greater

than the production, and imports were larger than exports.

The national surplus of all kinds of meat was 2,458,000,000 pounds in 1900 and only 718,000,000 pounds in 1914; but in 1916 it was 1,811,000,000 pounds, in 1917 it was 1,695,000,000 pounds, and this was nearly doubled in 1918, when the previous highest record was far exceeded and the surplus was 3,027,000,000 pounds, three-quarters of which was pork and pork products.

It is easy to compute what fraction of the national product of meat the national surplus has been. In 1900 it was 13 per cent, and this was the fraction in 1918, but between these years it was lower and sank as low as 4 per cent in 1914.

Domestic Exports.

Of the total domestic exports of meats and meat products, animal fats and oils were 37 per cent in 1900 and 55 per cent in 1914, but the percentage thereafter declined, and by 1918 it had dropped to 21 per cent. During the war the fraction has been low.

If all of the meat produced in this country had been consumed here, still the resulting per capita consumption of 1900 would not have been subsequently equaled. After sending many hundreds of millions of pounds of meat to foreign countries every year there was still the bulk of the production left to make in this country one of the largest per capita consumptions to be found among all countries. This was 215.9 pounds in 1900, 201.1 pounds in 1909, 176 pounds in 1914, 186.1 pounds in 1916, 165.4 pounds in 1917, and 193.5 pounds in 1918. More properly, these were potential consumptions, because no account is taken of the difference between the stocks at the beginning and end of the years. For 1918 this difference appears to have been unusually large, the stocks being small at the beginning of the year and large at the end.

War Situation Met.

Meat producers met the war situation magnificently in 1918. They increased meat production in one year by 24 per cent, and this made possible an increase of national meat surplus in one year by 79 per cent and an increase of per capita consumption by 17 per cent. Notwithstanding the very high prices of meat in this country in 1918, and with prices rising above 1917, a large fraction of the population must have greatly increased its meat consumption in that year.

ASSIGNED TO HAWAII COMMAND.

WAR DEPARTMENT.

Washington, February 21, 1919.

General Orders, No. 28.

I. Assignment to command.—By direction of the President, Brig. Gen. Henry C. Hodges, jr., United States Army, now at Camp Beauregard, La., will proceed to Honolulu, Hawaii, and assume command of the Hawaiian Department, relieving Brig. Gen. John W. Heard.

Treasury Decision on Form of Bonds Prescribed for Extending Payment of Floor Tax on Spirits and Tobacco

The Treasury Department issues the following:

BONDS FOR EXTENDING DATE OF PAYMENT OF FLOOR TAXES.

Forms of bonds prescribed for extending, to a date not exceeding seven months from the passage of the revenue act of 1918, payment of floor taxes imposed by said act, upon distilled spirits, etc., and tobacco, etc. (T. D. 2798).

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER
OF INTERNAL REVENUE,
Washington, D. C., —.

To Collectors of Internal Revenue:

Section 1306 of the revenue act of 1918 provides that the person required by said act to pay floor taxes shall, within 30 days after its passage, make return in such form and under such regulations as the commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary, shall prescribe, and provides further that:

"Payment of the tax shown to be due may be extended to a date not exceeding seven months from the passage of this act, upon the filing of a bond for payment in such form and amount and with such sureties as the commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary, may prescribe."

Section 1320 provides, in part:

"That wherever by the laws of the United States or regulations made pursuant thereto, any person is required to furnish any recognizance, stipulation, bond, guaranty, or undertaking, hereinafter called 'penal bond,' with surety or sureties, such person may, in lieu of such surety or sureties, deposit as security with the official having authority to approve such penal bond, United States Liberty bonds or other bonds of the United States in a sum equal to their par value to the amount of such penal bond required to be furnished, together with an agreement authorizing such official to collect or sell such bonds so deposited in case of any default in the performance of any of the conditions or stipulations of such penal bond. The acceptance of such United States bonds in lieu of surety or sureties required by law shall have the same force and effect as individual or corporate sureties, or certified checks, bank drafts, post-office money orders, or cash, for the penalty or amount of such penal bond. The bonds deposited hereunder, and such other United States bonds as may be substituted therefor from time to time as such security may be deposited with the Treasurer, or an Assistant Treasurer of the United States, a Government depository, Federal reserve bank, or member bank, which shall issue receipt therefor, describing such bonds so deposited. As soon as the security for the performance of such penal bond is no longer necessary, such bonds so deposited, shall be returned to the depositor."

1. Under authority of the sections quoted above, it is hereby prescribed that the bonds to be given for extending date of payment of floor taxes shall be in a penal sum of not less than the amount of tax due, including all accrued

penalties and interest, and shall be given with sureties hereinafter provided, and shall be executed in duplicate upon the forms supplied by the department.

2. Bonds with corporate surety or personal sureties without collateral.—The bond for payment of floor taxes shall, if given with corporate surety or personal sureties without collateral, be executed on Form 723a. There shall be not less than two personal sureties who will be required to furnish affidavits of justification on Form 33.

3. Bonds with personal surety supported by collateral.—The collector may, whenever he deems it necessary, require a bond with personal sureties to be supported with satisfactory securities. In such a case the bond shall be executed on Form 723b. Affidavits of justification on Form 33 will also be required, except where the value of the collateral deposited is clearly in excess of the amount due under the bond. A full description of the collateral must be inserted in the bond and the collector should give the depositor a receipt in substantially the following form:

Received of _____ of _____, on _____, 1919, as security for the payment within seven months from the passage of the revenue act of 1918 of floor taxes imposed by said tax, shown to be due by an inventory and return filed in the office of the collector of internal revenue for the _____ collection district of _____ on or about _____, 1919, the following articles: _____, which articles are to be returned to the above-mentioned _____ upon the satisfaction of a bond executed to the United States on _____, 1919, and partly secured by said articles. _____, Collector.

4. Liberty or other bonds of the United States may be deposited as security for the payment of floor taxes. In every case in which such bonds are deposited as security the principal must execute a bond and agreement on Form 723c. The bonds deposited shall at their par value be not less than the amount of the penal sum of the bond, which shall be not less than the amount of tax due, including all penalties and interest accrued. The agreement, which is made a part of the bond, authorizes collectors to sell such bonds in case of any default in the performance of any of the conditions or stipulations of such penal bond.

Coupon bonds received hereunder or coupon bonds substituted for other bonds shall be deposited by the collector with the Treasurer of the United States in Washington, or with the Federal reserve bank of his district or, in special cases, with a branch of such Federal reserve bank. The Treasurer of the United States or the Federal reserve bank or branch thereof shall issue triplicate receipts for such bonds, describing such bonds so deposited. On receipt of such receipts, the collector will forward one to the taxpayer and another to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue. Registered bonds received hereunder, or substituted for other bonds, shall be assigned to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue and forwarded to him direct. Coupon bonds shall be forwarded by registered mail insured. In order to effect insurance, the

Mails for U. S. Forces in Russia Lost by Sinking of Steamship

OFFICE OF SECOND ASSISTANT
POSTMASTER GENERAL,
Washington, March 19, 1919.

The London office advises the loss of mails by the sinking of a vessel, name not revealed, conveying mails presumably from a British port to Archangel, Russia.

Among the mails was one sack from New York for the Russian post office at Archangel containing about 50 ordinary letters for Archangel and 38 sacks of newspapers and parcel-post packages for members of the American Expeditionary Forces at Archangel, made up of—

Eight sacks for the 310th Engineers.
Twenty-eight sacks for the 339th Infantry.

One sack for the 337th Field Hospital.
One sack for the 337th Field Ambulance.

All this mail accumulated at New York between November 9 and November 12, 1918.

OTTO PRAEGER,
Second Asst. Postmaster General.

collector shall, on prescribed insurance form, notify the Secretary of the Treasury, Division of Public Moneys, of the shipment made. In this connection, reference is made to article 187 (a) of regulation No. 2, revised, and it should be clearly stated on such notice that the shipment consists of Liberty bonds or other United States bonds received for floor tax. No indication of the contents shall be placed on the outside of a registered package. Registered bonds shall be forwarded by registered mail, and no insurance shall be placed.

5. Collectors must approve all bonds and satisfy themselves as to the sufficiency of security offered as collateral with personal surety bonds.

Bonds of the United States or other collateral deposited as security shall be returned to the depositor as soon as the taxes (including penalty and interest due, if any) have been paid. If taxes are paid in installments, a proportionate amount of the collateral deposited may be surrendered, in the discretion of the collector. Where partial payments are accepted, collectors shall see that the last due date of such payment does not exceed seven months from the passage of the act.

6. Time for filing bonds.—Bonds for payment of floor taxes and collateral may be accepted after the expiration of 30 days allowed for filing of floor-tax returns, even after assessment has been made, provided the penal sum is sufficient to cover the tax due plus accrued penalties and interest, if any. The 10-day period allowed by law for payment after notice and demand begins from the date of such notice and demand and not from the expiration of the seven months' extension allowed under the bond.

DANIEL C. ROPER,
Commissioner.

Approved, March 11, 1919.

CARTER GLASS,
Secretary of the Treasury.

Help the Victory Liberty Loan.

GERMAN PREPARATIONS FOR REENTERING WORLD'S MARKETS

Trade Commissioner Norman L. Anderson, at Stockholm, Sweden, reports:

German business circles fully realize that the signing of peace will only mean the beginning of a new and even harder commercial war, and that all the resources of business will be required to put industrial Germany on a sound defensive basis. The German press announces several large measures which are either partly carried through or projected, and which involve the efforts of various lines of trade to bulwark themselves for the coming struggle. A veritable network of organizations is growing up, which may be divided into two groups, those which are commercial-scientific and those which are purely commercial.

Leipzig Technical Fair.

The Technische Messe G. m. b. H. (Technical Fair) recently floated in Leipzig will undertake to promote the trade interests of manufacturers of machinery, electrical apparatus, tools, chemicals, factory equipment, railway rolling stock, etc. It expects to develop and encourage the German inventive genius and, through a suborganization known as the brokers' bureau, will advertise new technical ideas and attempt to make commercial applications of all kinds of technical inventions. The Technical Fair will also obtain licenses to promote and organize industrial exhibits and expositions.

Mention has been made from time to time in the past of the Company for Home and Foreign Undertakings, Hamburg, which, with a capital of \$5,950,000, is planning a series of broad-scope measures for the revival of trade and the placing of German goods. Special attention is being given to the development of commercial relations with the Balkans, the Caucasus, and Persia. German boards of trade already existing or to be established in the principal centers of these regions will cooperate with the home organization.

Plans for Gathering Information.

The Germans believe that one of the requisites for increasing commercial relations with foreign countries is the dissemination of information concerning business opportunities abroad and the cultivation of a broad and thorough study of conditions in foreign markets. To this end the Prussian Minister of Public Instruction some time ago ordered the organization of special commissions attached to the universities for the study of foreign countries, and also proposed for the ensuing year an increase in the appropriations to the universities for financing scientific expeditions. The Ministries of Bavaria and Wurttemberg are working along the same lines. Baden and Hamburg have also assigned large sums for similar purposes.

Trade Educational Propaganda.

The views and proposals of the board of trade of Plauen, a center largely interested in export, will be interesting in this connection. This organization regards as of prime importance the establishment of German boards of trade in foreign countries, which shall be independent of the Government and free from Govern-

Four Forms of Way Bills are Prescribed By Order of Railroad Director General To Facilitate the Movement of Freight

The United States Railroad Administration issues the following:

General Order No. 60, March 14, 1919:

General Orders Nos. 11 and 21 provide for the adoption of universal interline waybilling. A standard form of waybill was prescribed in General Order No. 11, which it has now been considered advisable to amend. To further facilitate the movement of freight and promote economy in waybilling, four forms of waybills are herein prescribed. They are to be used in waybilling:

- A. Single consignments.
- B. More than one consignment.
- C. A stray freight.
- D. Live stock.

1. Waybill Form AC No. 506 shall be used for all single carload or less-than-carload consignments, whether local or interline; provided, however, that a single waybill may be made to cover a special train moving at a lump-sum charge for the train or for shipments which, on account of their length, require more than one car. The size of this waybill shall be 8½ by 11 inches, but for special classes of traffic, requiring a larger waybill, the form may be 8½ by 22 inches. This waybill must be printed on paper equal to "60-pound (or heavier) No. 1 manila, 24 by 36."

2. Waybill Form AC No. 507 shall be used in cases where blanket waybilling of more than one consignment of less than carload freight, whether local or interline, is desirable or necessary to promote economy or efficiency. The size of this waybill shall be 8½ by 11 inches, but for special classes of traffic requiring a larger waybill, the form may be 8½ by 22 inches. This waybill must be printed on paper equal to "40-pound (or heavier) No. 1 manila, 24 by 36."

3. An astray freight waybill Form AC No. 508 is prescribed for waybilling astray freight. The size of this waybill shall be 8½ by 11 inches, and it must be printed on paper equal to "40-pound (or heavier) No. 1 manila, 24 by 36."

4. Waybill Form AC No. 509 is prescribed for waybilling carload consignments of live stock when special stub is required at destination stockyards. The size of this waybill shall be 8½ by 11 inches—to be printed in two parts—the additional part is for the use of destination agents at live stock centers in collecting transportation charges. It must be printed on paper equal to 60-pound (or heavier) No. 1 manila, 24 by 36.

5. Necessary copies of waybills may be made on forms similar to the waybills or on plain paper, in either case the copy

shall be on paper lighter in weight than the original.

6. All waybills must be prepared with typewriter, pen and ink, or indelible pencil.

7. The practices and blanks used by carriers in preparing underlying forms at the time of making the waybill shall be adjusted to meet the arrangement and requirements of the waybill forms herein prescribed.

8. At each point where freight is transferred from one car into another, the agent making the transfer shall appropriately stamp or indorse the waybill as follows:

Transferred to-----
At-----
North and South R. R.-----
(Stamp, if used, must be 1½ by ½ inch.)

9. Paster scale tickets, if used, to indicate weight, shall not be larger than 2 by 4 inches, and shall show length of the car, capacity of the car, stenciled weight of the car, and any other data considered necessary. Such tickets shall be pasted on the face of the waybill in the space below the line provided for the shipper's name and above the revenue columns.

10. The use of these waybill forms shall be inaugurated by each carrier under Federal control not later than June 1, 1919, but where the stock of the forms heretofore used become depleted or exhausted, or it is otherwise practicable or economical to begin earlier the use of the forms herein prescribed, carriers shall forthwith utilize them. The use of astray freight waybill forms shall be inaugurated as early as possible, and in no case later than June 1, 1919.

11. In the event that stocks of waybills of the old forms are on hand, and can not be conveniently used prior to June 1, 1919, such waybill forms shall be used after that date in waybilling local less-than-carload shipments until the supply thereof is exhausted.

12. Proper weight for the assessing of freight charges must be shown on waybills. In cases where an authorized weight or railroad track scale weight of a carload shipment is not known at time of making waybill, and it is desired to complete waybill by using an estimated weight—110 per cent of marked car capacity should be used, showing thereon "110 per cent of capacity." In all such cases the waybill must indicate in proper space the point where car is to be weighed.

13. Nothing herein contained shall be considered as requiring the discontinuance of the so-called mani-bill, uni-bill, or the consolidated billing and abstracting plan. These forms of billing, when they are economical and efficient in their operation, may, until further advised, be continued in use for less-than-carload local traffic.

WALKER D. HINES.

Better than money because they earn money; buy a WAR-SAVINGS STAMP TO-DAY.

ENLISTED MEN OF THE DORA COMMENDED FOR GALLANTRY IN RESCUING COMRADE

The Secretary of the Navy has commended the following enlisted men who composed the armed guard of the S. S. *Dora* when that vessel was torpedoed on September 4 for their gallant conduct and attention to duty, and particularly Haven F. Harris, chief boatswain's mate, United States Navy, in command of the armed guard, who rescued one of the men who had fallen from the rigging after the ship was torpedoed and fractured both of his legs:

Haven F. Harris, chief boatswain's mate, United States Navy; father, Frank P. Harris, 463 West Forty-fourth Street, New York, N. Y.

Harold William Gehring, coxswain, United States Navy; father, Charles Gehring, 88 Covert Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Charles Michael Bessinger, gunner's mate third class, United States Navy; father, Charles Bessinger, 141 Springfield Avenue, Newark, N. J.

Joseph E. Hennegan, seaman second class, United States Navy; mother, Mrs. Emma Hennegan, 1804 1/2 Ninth Street, Sacramento, Cal.

Arthur Baugh Knowles, seaman, United States Navy; mother, Mrs. Laura Knowles, Lagan, Utah.

John W. Jones, seaman, United States Navy; mother, Mrs. Jessie E. Jones, 537 South Flower Street, Los Angeles, Cal.

Ellis Grant Hardesty, seaman second class, United States Navy; mother, Mrs. Edith Laura Hardesty, 425 North Grande Avenue, Bozeman, Mont.

George E. Lynch, seaman, United States Navy; mother, Mrs. Minnie Lynch, box 412, Lake View, Oreg.

Farries Wallace Mackay, seaman, United States Navy; father, Charles G. Mackay, 107 Glenwood Avenue, East Orange, N. J.

Norman P. Houck, seaman, United States Navy; mother, Mrs. Elsie Houck, Stewart, Minn.

Emery C. Quade, seaman, United States Navy; mother, Ida May Thompson, 2344 East Lake Avenue, North Seattle, King County, Wash.

Thomas J. Prehoda, seaman, United States Navy; mother, Mrs. Isabelle Prehoda, 1148 Detroit Avenue, Hollywood, Cal.

Robert H. Parker, seaman second class, United States Navy; father, John Alma Parker, Joseph, Utah.

Leland H. Myers, seaman, United States Navy; mother, Mrs. Grace Myers, 714 Third Street, Petaluma, Cal.

Herman Potthoff, seaman, second class, United States Navy; father, Fred Potthoff, 82 Terrace Avenue, Jersey City, N. J.

Clyde Earl Walters, seaman, United States Navy; brother, Owen R. Walters, 109 South Maine Street, Roswell, N. Mex.

Henry B. Mako, seaman, United States Navy; mother, Mrs. Bertha Mako, Klabor, Lewis County, Wis.

Joseph McCabe, seaman, United States Navy; mother, Armie M. Smith, Ritchland, Oreg.

Charles William Locke, electrician, second class (radio), United States Navy;

next of kin, John B. Locke, Eureka, W. Va.

Solomon Everett, seaman, first class, United States Naval Reserve Force; mother, Mrs. Emily Everett, Washington, Beaufort County, N. C.

Emil Dinga, electrician, second class (radio), United States Navy; mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Dinga, 1233 First Avenue, New York, N. Y.

Howard Taylor Bunting, electrician, third class (radio), United States Navy; father, Charles M. Bunting, Crosswicks, N. J.

The Secretary of the Navy has commended the following men of the Navy for their conspicuous bravery and courage on the night of November 1, in going aboard the schooner *Hjelteneas*, which was a mass of flames, at Norfolk, Va.:

J. O. Siegel, boatswain's mate, second class, after rescuing two men from the crews' quarters went back the third time. Right after he had entered the crews' quarters a steam pipe over the door carried away, making it impossible for him to escape. Siegel then became overcome with smoke and fell to the deck. He was finally rescued by his shipmates, who carried him out and rendered first aid. Siegel was in such condition that a medical officer worked over him most of the night, and for a while his life was despaired of. Siegel has been recommended for a medal of honor and a gratuity of \$100. John O. Siegel enlisted in December, 1917; wife, Mrs. Theresa Siegel, 1318 Cherry Street, Milwaukee, Wis.

Frank B. Brown, coxswain, United States Navy, reenlisted in May, 1918; father, George Brown, Fisherville, Ky.

Claude A. Black, seaman, United States Navy, reenlisted in December, 1917; uncle, Ballom Black, Potts Camp, Miss.

Aloysius J. Fawcett, engineman, first class, United States Navy; reenlisted in August, 1915; mother, Caroline Lang, Earl and Leslie Avenues, Covington, Ky.

The Secretary of the Navy has commended Edward R. Metz, yeoman (first class), United States Naval Reserve Force, for his gallant conduct and bravery displayed on October 5, when the U. S. S. *Mary Alice-S. P. 397* was hit by submarine *C-13* and sunk in the waters of Long Island Sound.

The day being very chilly, Metz was in full uniform and had on his pea jacket. Immediately after the ship was struck he proceeded to his post and rendered very able assistance in helping Rear Admiral Gill, who was on board at the time as president of the inspecting board, undress and strap his life belt on. He stood his post until the bridge of the ship was under water, then went aft on top sides, still fully clothed, and secured a life jacket for himself. At the time the commanding officer was without any life-saving device, and Metz offered his jacket, but the officer would not accept. Metz immediately started a search and procured another in the boatswain's locker, at great risk of losing his life, as the ship was well under water. Although told to jump overboard, Metz obtained a jacket and helped the commanding officer

RED CROSS FIRST AID COURSES FOR PUBLIC SCHOOL CHILDREN

First-aid instruction for public-school children is to be introduced under the supervision of the American Red Cross in schools throughout the United States.

Most of the State superintendents of instruction have indorsed the Red Cross first-aid course, according to reports received by Col. C. H. Connor, Medical Corps, United States Army, assistant director general of military relief of the Red Cross, from Dr. E. R. Hunter, director of the first-aid division, who has just finished a tour of the country.

New York City is now introducing the course in all its public schools; Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, California, Washington, and Alaska have arranged for the teaching of first aid. As a result of the indorsement of the course in many other States, the spread of first aid instruction is expected to be steady.

The Boy Scouts of America have officially championed the course, and a special merit badge will be awarded by that organization to each scout who passes the examination and receives a Red Cross certificate.

It is roughly estimated there are 100,000 fatal accidents in the United States each year, and first-aid authorities in the Red Cross believe in many of these cases death could be averted by timely first-aid treatment administered while the doctor is being sought.

into it, and both had just sufficient time to take to the water before the ship submerged.

Metz enrolled in December, 1917; wife, Mrs. Loretta Veronica Metz, 615 Seventy-sixth Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

The Secretary of the Navy has commended Isaac Simpson, chief boatswain's mate, United States Naval Reserve Force, and Gregory A. Warren, coxswain, United States Navy, for their courageous and efficient attention to duty displayed on October 14 in boarding the abandoned steamship *Huntscliff* in an attempt to secure towing hawsers, previous attempts having failed. Further, for remaining on board while the ship had a permanent list of 35°, succeeding in rigging the hand steering gear and steering the ship.

Simpson enrolled in April, 1917; mother, Mrs. Mary C. Simpson, Marcus Hook, Delaware County, Pa.

Warren enlisted in April, 1917; mother, Mrs. Delia Warren, 225 Nassau Street, Princeton, N. J.

The Secretary of the Navy has commended Myer Pep Levine, seaman, United States Naval Reserve Force, for his gallant action in jumping overboard to the rescue of George C. Haines, seaman, United States Navy, who fell from the dock at Barry Docks, Wales, on November 30, and being unable to swim, was in great danger of losing his life.

Levine enrolled in May, 1918; father, Louis Levine, 210 South Third Avenue, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

The philosophy of the W. S. S. is save, save, save.

Home-Bound Soldier Mail from France Enormously Increased Since Armistice

Men Have More Time for Writing and Forwarding Souvenirs Since Fighting Stopped—Ten to Thirty Letters a Day Averaged by Some of the Battle-Freed Boys.

The Post Office Department issues the following:

Since the boys "over there" have stopped fighting they have taken to letter writing.

The home-bound mail from France has increased enormously since the signing of the armistice, and the parcel post has become a souvenir service. The volume of souvenirs may be measured by the ton, consisting of shell cases, parts of rifles and revolvers, bayonets, uniform buttons, small fragments of demolished airplanes, and endless bits and fragments of things inconsequential as well as rare.

A captured German helmet is the most prized token. Four or five hundred thousands of these have come through the mail since the war began, and the shipping requirements of the Postal Service were relaxed, so that a large number have come through unwrapped, with only a shipping tag for the address.

Dispatched from Two Ports.

The mail from the American Forces in France is dispatched from two ports, Bordeaux and Brest.

During the month of November—the armistice having been signed on the 11th—17,615,400 letters were dispatched from Bordeaux, besides 2,816 sacks of papers, 5,419 sacks of customs packages, and 26,089 pieces of registered mail, the whole volume amounting to 287½ tons.

The fight-freed boys got into full swing of letter writing during December and January, and for these months the amount of mail increased about 20 per cent over the plethoric month of November. One soldier wrote 30 letters in a single day. It is not known how many others equalled or surpassed this record. Frequently 12 to 15 letters were sent by each soldier.

No Let-Down in Sight.

It is likely to be some time before the home-bound mail from France grows less. As the number of boys coming home increases the impulse to write becomes stronger among those who remain. The regularly equipped post offices at Bordeaux and Brest, from which all mail from the Expeditionary Forces to the United States is dispatched, have the most extensive distribution service of any post office in the world. While a larger volume of mail is carried by the New York and Chicago offices, their fields of distribution are more restricted. From Bordeaux mail is dispatched to every State in the Union, and to every city, town, hamlet, and rural delivery route in each State.

Mr. Richard N. Bird, who was detailed by the Post Office Department to take

general charge of the offices at Bordeaux and Brest, has recently returned from France and his report of the work over there is full of interest.

Controlled by Army.

Mail leaving this country addressed to the Expeditionary Forces in France passes out of the jurisdiction of the Post Office Department into that of the Army when it leaves the port of debarkation at New York. The Army collects the soldiers' mail through approximately 150 Army post offices scattered throughout France, making the letters up in packages by States, and delivers it to the officials of the Post Office Department at Bordeaux and Brest. Before being dispatched to the United States all mail is sorted at Bordeaux or Brest and made up for direct dispatch to cities and railway mail routes in this country.

Letters for the State of Ohio, for instance, are made up in packages for 74 railway mail routes and 195 cities or towns in that State, and go direct to these points without being rehandled at New York. Direct sacks are made up for Cincinnati, Cleveland, Columbus, Toledo, Dayton, Springfield, and Akron. In addition to this sacks full of mail are made up at Bordeaux and labeled direct to several railway mail routes, and these sacks are not opened until they reach these cities or mail routes.

The Pennsylvania Mail.

For Pennsylvania mail is made in full sacks direct to Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Harrisburg, and Altoona, also for railway postal lines. Recently in one day there were dispatched from Bordeaux for Pennsylvania 15 tie sacks, 4,000 letters to a sack, or a total of 60,000 letters, in one day for that State. New York State will run a little heavier than Pennsylvania.

In this manner the mail is handled and sorted in France for every State in the Union. The pouches or sacks when received in New York are sent direct to the railway postal cars and dispatched on fast mail trains to the routes or cities for which they are labeled. About 85 per cent of the mail is handled in this way.

Prior to the middle of last January, when Brest was made a terminal for the dispatch of mail, this work was all done at Bordeaux. All parcels, newspapers, etc., are dispatched from Bordeaux for the reason that large vessels can not tie up at the docks at Brest and the mail must be handled by lighters. In addition to the big liners lying between New York, Bordeaux, and Brest, the English liners between Plymouth and New York stop at Brest for the United States mail.

Every bit of mail is cleaned up to the very minute of sailing, and choice between sending it by a slower boat or by a faster boat that may sail a day later is determined by the time scheduled for the boats to arrive in New York. The boat to arrive first is given the mail in preference to sending it a day ahead by a slower boat. Approximately 25 dispatches, or one every day except Sunday, are made from either Bordeaux or Brest each month, and the time to New York is about

10 days, with an infrequent delay of a day or two due to storms or accident.

No Delay in Distribution.

The soldiers being located with substantial permanency since the signing of the armistice there is no delay in the distribution of mail on the other side by the Army except where it is improperly addressed or the unit to which it is addressed is one selected to return to the United States. In the latter case the mail is held on this side. Whenever any mail from the Army post offices is delayed reaching Brest or Bordeaux, the date of its receipt at those terminals is noted by "back-stamp" on the delayed letters.

The site of the Bordeaux terminal post office is on the river close to the depots. The building is 250 feet long and 28 feet wide and is well ventilated and lighted. It was built by the United States Army Engineers from plans submitted by Mr. Bird. It has every convenience for employees, and every appliance for the proper handling of mail. Provision is made for 10,000 separations of letter mail and 400 separations of paper mail.

COAL PRODUCTION ESTIMATED IN GEOLOGICAL SURVEY REPORT

The United States Geological Survey issues the following, dated March 22:

The production of bituminous coal during the past few weeks has varied but very little, and the current week's output, estimated at 8,065,000 net tons, is no doubt a fair barometer of bituminous coal demand. As during recent weeks, the current week's output fell approximately 3,000,000 net tons below the production for the same week of 1918, bringing the excess in the output for the coal year to date over the same period of last year down to 13,670,000 net tons, and it is estimated that the close of the coal year on March 31 will find the excess at not more than 8,000,000 net tons, and the actual output at approximately 558,000,000 net tons for the year. The daily average per working day during the week ended March 15 is estimated at 1,344,000 net tons, as against 1,806,000 net tons for this coal year to date, and 1,760,000 net tons for that period of the 1918 coal year ending with March 16.

Production of anthracite in the United States during the week ended March 15, estimated at 1,206,000 net tons, was approximately 20 per cent in excess of production during the week ended March 8, estimated at 989,000 net tons. Compared with the production during the week ended March 16, 1918, when the output was 2,099,000 net tons, the current week's production was exceedingly low. The daily average per working day during the week ended March 15 is estimated at 201,000 net tons, as against 298,000 net tons for the coal year to date, and 318,000 net tons for the same period ended March 16, 1918. Total production for the period April 1, 1918, to March 15, 1919, is estimated at 89,317,000 net tons, as compared with 95,370,000 net tons during the same period of last year.

Easy to buy, convenient to handle, no red tape—Get a WAR-SAVINGS STAMP to-day.

Classification and Pay of Federal Railroad Police as Fixed in Supplement to General Order Number 27

The United States Railroad Administration issues the following:

SUPPLEMENT NO. 14 TO GENERAL ORDER NO. 27.

Effective January 1, 1919, superseding General Order No. 27, and in lieu thereof, as to the employees herein named, the following classifications, rates of pay, and rules for overtime and working conditions for all employees in the police department upon railroads under Federal control are hereby ordered:

ARTICLE I.

OFFICIALS—CLASSIFICATION.

(a) Chief of police—to embrace all titles heretofore applied to the ranking officer in charge of the police department.

(b) Inspector of police—to embrace titles of assistant superintendent, assistant chief special agent, assistant chief of police, special agent, inspector, and any other designation heretofore applied to distinguish the official position next in rank to the chief or ranking officer.

(c) Captain of police—to embrace titles of assistant special agent, chief patrolman, inspector of special agents, and all other employees who may be properly classified under this title.

(d) The calendar monthly compensation for the above officials shall be determined by the regional directors.

ARTICLE II.

MONTHLY RATED EMPLOYEES.

(a) Lieutenant of police—to embrace titles of detective sergeant, detective, assistant special agent, investigator, and all other titles heretofore applied to designate the officer of the police department next in authority to the captain (except employees coming under the classification of section (a) of Article III). For this class of employees establish monthly compensation, observing the following limits: Minimum, \$140 per month; maximum, \$185 per month.

(b) Sergeant of police.—To embrace titles of sergeant, roundsman, and all other titles heretofore applied to designate the employee next in rank to the lieutenant, as defined in section (a)—(except employees coming under the classification of section (a), Article III). For this class of employees, establish monthly compensation, observing the following limits: Minimum, \$120 per month; maximum, \$165 per month. For the reasons stated in section (c) train riders will also be paid under this section.

(c) The employees coming under the provisions of this article shall be paid by the calendar month. On account of their duties and assignments being irregular and diversified as to hours, responsibilities, and service, it is impracticable to establish assigned hours of service or provide for payment of overtime. Each regional director or his representative shall, in conference with the employees or their representatives, determine the proper compensation, observing the prescribed limits.

ARTICLE III.

HOURLY EMPLOYEES.

(a) Patrolmen—to embrace titles of patrolman, chief patrolman, special patrolman, station patrolman, guard, and watchman. This article shall not be construed to apply to employees so designated coming under the supervision of other departments, such as clock pullers and employees whose principal duties are to guard against fires, protect buildings, and watch crossings and tunnels, and all other employees who are included in the provisions of either Supplement No. 7 or No. 8.

ARTICLE IV.

RATES OF PAY.

(a) For patrolmen who were, on January 1, 1918, prior to the application of General Order No. 27, receiving less than thirty-two (32) cents per hour, as determined by sections (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), and (g) of this article, establish a basic minimum rate of thirty-two (32) cents per hour, and to this basic minimum rate and all hourly rates of thirty-two (32) cents per hour, and to this (13) cents per hour, establishing a minimum rate of forty-five (45) cents per hour, provided that the maximum shall not exceed fifty-five (55) cents per hour.

(b) To determine the hourly rate for positions held by monthly paid employees, multiply by 12 the regular monthly rate in effect

as of January 1, 1918, prior to the application of General Order No. 27 (exclusive of all compensation for extra services), divide by 306 (number of working days for the year), and apply provisions of section (c) of this article.

(c) To determine the hourly rate for positions held by weekly paid employees, multiply by 52 the regular weekly rate in effect as of January 1, 1918, prior to the application of General Order No. 27 (exclusive of all compensation for extra services), divide by 306 (number of working days for the year), and apply provisions of section (e) of this article.

(d) To determine the hourly rate for positions held by daily paid employees, multiply the daily rate in effect as of January 1, 1918, prior to the application of General Order No. 27 (exclusive of all compensation for extra services) by 306, divide the result by 306 (number of working days for the year), and apply provisions of section (e) of this article.

(e) Employees who were on January 1, 1918, prior to the application of General Order No. 27, paid on a basis of 10 hours or more to constitute a day's work, shall receive one-eighth of the wages received for 10 hours on January 1, 1918, prior to the application of General Order No. 27, as their basic hourly rate; employees working less than 10 hours and over 8 hours shall receive one-eighth of the wages received for the number of hours recognized as a day's work.

(f) Where there are no regularly assigned or established daily hours for the purpose of computing the hourly rate, daily hours shall be regarded as 10, one-eighth of which will be the hourly rate.

(g) In determining the hourly rate, fractions less than one-fourth of 1 cent shall be as one-fourth of 1 cent; over one-fourth and under one-half as one-half cent; over one-half and under three-fourths as three-fourths of 1 cent; over three-fourths as 1 cent.

ARTICLE V.

MAXIMUM MONTHLY RATE.

No rates shall be applied to establish a salary in excess of \$250 per month.

ARTICLE VI.

PRESERVATION OF RATES.

(a) Employees temporarily or permanently receive the higher rates while occupying such positions; employees temporarily assigned to lower-rated positions shall not have their rates reduced.

(b) Higher rates than herein provided, which have been authorized and put into effect since January 1, 1918, shall be preserved.

(c) The entering of employees into existing positions, or the changing of their classification or work, shall not operate to establish a less favorable rate of pay or condition of employment than is herein established.

ARTICLE VII.

HOURS OF SERVICE.

For patrolmen, eight consecutive hours, exclusive of the meal period, shall constitute a day's work, except that where two or more shifts are worked in continuous service, eight consecutive hours with not to exceed 20 minutes for meals shall constitute a day's work.

ARTICLE VIII.

OVERTIME AND CALLS.

(a) Where there is no existing agreement or practice more favorable to the employees, overtime for hourly employees shall be computed for the ninth and tenth hour of continuous service, pro rata on the actual minute basis, and thereafter at the rate of time and one-half time. Even hours will be paid for at the end of each pay period, fractions thereof will be carried forward.

(b) When notified or called to work, outside of established hours, employees will be paid a minimum allowance of three hours.

(c) Employees will not be required to suspend work during regular hours to absorb overtime.

ARTICLE IX.

PROMOTION AND SENIORITY.

(a) For employees specified in Articles II and III, promotion shall be based on ability, merit, and seniority; ability and merit being sufficient, seniority shall prevail. The management shall be the judge, subject to an appeal as provided for in Article X.

(b) Seniority will be restricted to each captain's jurisdiction.

(c) Seniority rights of employees referred to herein, to: (1) new positions and (2) vacancies will be governed by paragraphs (a) and (b) of this article.

(d) Employees declining promotion will not lose their seniority.

(e) Employees accepting promotion will be allowed 30 days in which to qualify, and, failing, will be returned to former position without loss of seniority.

(f) New positions or vacancies will be promptly bulletined for a period of 5 days, in the subdivision in which they occur. Employees desiring such positions will file their applications with the designated official within that time, and an appointment will be made within 10 days thereafter. Such position or vacancy may be filled temporarily pending an assignment. The name of the appointee will immediately thereafter be posted where the position or vacancy was bulletined.

(g) In reducing forces, seniority shall govern; when forces are increased, employees will be returned to the service and positions formerly occupied in the order of their seniority. Employees desiring to avail themselves of this rule must file their names and addresses with the proper official. Employees failing to report for duty or to give satisfactory reason for not doing so within seven days from date of notification will be considered out of the service.

(h) A seniority roster, by captain's jurisdiction, of all employees coming under the provisions of this article, showing name, date of entering the service, and date of each promotion or change, will be accessible to the employees affected.

(i) The roster will be revised in January of each year, and shall be opened to correction for a period of 60 days thereafter, on presentation of proof of error by an employee or his representative. The duly accredited representative of the employee shall be furnished a copy of the roster upon written request.

ARTICLE X.

DISCIPLINE AND GRIEVANCES.

(a) An employee disciplined, or who considers himself unjustly treated, shall have a fair and impartial hearing, provided written request is presented to his immediate superior within ten (10) days of the date of advice of discipline, and the hearing shall be granted within ten (10) days thereafter.

(b) A decision will be rendered within ten (10) days after the completion of hearing. If an appeal is taken, it must be filed with the next higher official and a copy furnished the official whose decision is appealed within ten (10) days after date of decision. The hearing and decision on the appeal shall be governed by the time limits of the preceding section.

(c) At the hearing, or on the appeal, the employees may be assisted by a committee of employees, or by one or more duly accredited representatives.

(d) The right of appeal by employees or representatives, in regular order of succession and in the manner prescribed, up to and inclusive of the highest official designated by the railroad to whom appeals may be made, is hereby established.

(e) An employee on request will be given a letter stating the cause of discipline. A transcript of the evidence taken at the investigation or on the appeal will be furnished on request to the employee or representative.

(f) If the final decision decrees that charges against the employee were not sustained, the record shall be cleared of the charge; if suspended or dismissed, the employee shall be returned to former position and paid for all time lost.

(g) Committees of employees shall be granted leave of absence and free transportation for the adjustment of differences between the railroad and the employees.

ARTICLE XI.

RULES FOR APPLICATION OF THIS ORDER.

(a) Where existing payroll classification does not conform to Articles I, II, and III, employees performing service in the classes specified therein shall be classified in accordance therewith.

(b) Vacations with pay are abolished for employees specified in Article III.

ARTICLE XII.

INTERPRETATION OF THIS ORDER.

The rates of pay and rules herein established shall be incorporated into existing

(Continued on page 16.)

COMMITTEE REPORT ON BRITISH POST-WAR FINANCE FACILITIES

Consul General Robert P. Skinner, at London, reports:

The chancellor of the exchequer, jointly with the British minister of reconstruction, appointed a committee on November 26, 1917, consisting of 12 persons eminent in financial and banking circles, to consider and report whether the normal arrangements for the provision of financial facilities for trade by means of existing banking and other financial institutions will be adequate to meet the needs of British industry during the period immediately following the termination of the war, and if not, by what emergency arrangement they should be supplemented.

Summary By Committee.

This committee has now made its report and thus summarizes the conclusions reached:

There will be an increased demand for credit facilities during the reconstruction period. The character of the demand will also differ from that of normal times in that it will consist of a greater demand for loans secured upon capital goods compared with loans secured upon consumable goods.

The ability of trade and industry generally to provide for its financial needs will depend largely upon the amount of reserve it has been possible to accumulate. There are three main divisions under this head:

(a) Firms that have been engaged upon war work from a date soon after the commencement of the war.

(b) Firms that became engaged upon war work at a later period of the war.

(c) New firms created as a result of the enormously increased demand for war material of all descriptions.

We anticipate the chief financial difficulties will be in connection with the third group.

Future Government Policy.

Uncertainty being the greatest deterrent to industry and finance alike, it is important that the Government should pronounce its future policy with regard to—

(a) The future fiscal policy of this country;

(b) The rationing of raw materials and priority of essential industries and urgent requirements;

(c) The break clause in connection with the termination of contracts for munitions of war;

(d) The disposal of State-owned factories and surplus stores.

To achieve the reconstruction of trade and industry on sound financial and economic lines it will be necessary—

(a) To reestablish a sound financial basis by means of an effective gold standard;

(b) To check any undue expansion of credit, which can only be reflected by a further rise in prices;

(c) To take steps to reduce to more normal proportions the inflation of credit due to the war.

The banks will be in a position to meet demands for ordinary banking facilities.

There will be some difficulty in providing all the extended-credit facilities

Total of Troops Returned to U. S. Now Exceeds Half-Million Mark

The following statement, showing that the number of troops debarked in the United States now exceeds the one-half-million mark, is made public from the Office of the Chief of Staff:

| | Officers. | Nurses. | Civilians. | Men. | Army total. | Navy. | Marine. | Grand total. |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|---------|------------|-----------|-------------|--------|---------|--------------|
| Net number of troops in American Expeditionary Forces Feb. 28 or en route to United States..... | 80,116 | 9,242 | 1,017 | 1,557,175 | 1,627,550 | 24,845 | 24,629 | 1,677,064 |
| Total number of troops debarked in United States from American Expeditionary Forces Mar. 1 to Mar. 20, inclusive..... | 4,808 | 1,273 | 575 | 118,787 | 125,443 | 563 | 903 | 126,929 |
| Total number of troops en route to United States Mar. 20..... | 2,000 | 313 | 337 | 73,543 | 76,793 | 63 | 224 | 77,060 |
| Total number of troops debarked in or en route to United States Mar. 20..... | 7,408 | 1,586 | 912 | 192,330 | 202,226 | 646 | 1,127 | 204,069 |
| Total number of casualties reported in March..... | 91 | 2 | 20 | 2,226 | 2,339 | | | 2,339 |
| Total deductions to Mar. 20... | 7,409 | 1,588 | 932 | 194,556 | 204,575 | 646 | 1,127 | 206,348 |
| Net number of troops in American Expeditionary Forces Mar. 20..... | 52,617 | 7,654 | 85 | 1,362,619 | 1,422,975 | 24,199 | 23,502 | 1,470,676 |
| Total number of troops debarked in United States to Mar. 20..... | 27,940 | 2,146 | 3,663 | 448,241 | 482,010 | 13,550 | 4,474 | 500,034 |

which may be required. To meet this difficulty we recommend—

(a) An increase in the capitals of the banks.

(b) The acceptance by the banks of deposits for longer periods at fixed rates of interest.

(c) The strengthening of industrial concerns by increase of share capital.

(d) We believe the British Trade Corporation will be of great assistance to trade and industry. Additional institutions of a similar character may be necessary in the future.

It will be necessary, when dealing with applications for loans, for the banks to exercise discretion on broad lines when judging the character of the risk, but it will also be necessary, in order to check the inception of speculative enterprises of an unessential character, to exercise some discrimination as to the purpose for which the money is required.

In order that enterprises of national importance may have the first call upon the available supply of capital, it is desirable to maintain, for a period after the war, supervision over new issues and over the export of capital.

To provide capital necessary for reconstruction, it is important that the habit of saving should be encouraged.

Commercial and Industrial Enterprises.

It is desirable to improve the machinery for the promotion and issue of commercial and industrial enterprises. We recommend for this purpose—

(a) Working arrangements between the banks and the large financial group comprising the investment trust companies, issuing houses, etc.; and

(b) It will also furnish greater protection to the investor if the banks can undertake some responsibility for the bona fides of undertakings on behalf of which they agree to accept subscriptions.

In regard to State aid to industry, we recommend—

(a) The formation of a committee to deal with cases of hardship arising out of contracts for munitions; and

REPORT ON GRAIN MOVEMENT AT NORTH ATLANTIC PORTS

Despite the continued unsettled labor conditions at the port of New York, which have interfered with the movement of export freight, grain is being cleared actively in considerable quantities at all North Atlantic ports with the exception of Newport News. This information is contained in a report on overseas traffic for the week ended March 20 made public by Walker D. Hines, Director General of Railroads.

With a total working capacity of 23,575,000 bushels, there were 21,491,000 bushels of grain in elevators at these ports. There were received during the week 4,473,000 bushels, while 3,935,000 bushels were cleared. At South Atlantic and Gulf ports there were 12,585 carloads of export freight on hand as against 11,821 for the week previous.

The total number of carloads of export freight on hand at North Atlantic ports during the week was 36,009, compared with 34,765 for the week previous.

PAY OF RAILROAD POLICE.

(Continued from page 15.)

agreements and into agreements which may be reached in the future on the several railroads and should differences arise between the management and the employees on any of the railroads as to such incorporation, intent, or application of this order, such questions of differences shall be referred through the director of the division of labor, as prescribed in Supplements Nos. 6 and 8 (a) to General Order No. 27 for decision, subject always to review by the Director General. Agreements or practices, except as changed by this order, remain in effect.

WALKER D. HINES,
Director General of Railroads.

(b) It would be of assistance to manufacturers and others if arrangements can be made by which a portion of the excess-profits duty can be retained for a period in the form of a loan.

President's Letter Accepting Resignations Of Woman's Committee, Council of Defense

The United States Council of National Defense announces the following:

The President of the United States has accepted the resignations of the members of the woman's committee, Council of National Defense, in the following letter to Dr. Anna Howard Shaw:

THE WHITE HOUSE,
Washington, February 27, 1919.

MY DEAR DR. SHAW: The Secretary of War has presented to me your letter of February 17, setting forth a copy of the resolution of the woman's committee tendering the resignation of its members and effecting the dissolution of the committee. This action, I understand, is taken because in the opinion of the committee, its distinctive work is at an end, and so much as remains to be done is covered by the field division of the Council of National Defense. In accepting these resignations and consenting to the dissolution of the committee, it would be invidious to make any assessment of its work by way of comparison with that of any other agency organized in the great emergency through which the country has just passed. But surely you and the members of the committee must be confident that the women of America responded in this war with service and patriotic enthusiasm which were at once an invaluable aid to the Nation's cause and a wholesome demonstration of the solidarity of opinion and feeling among our people. In the midst of sacrifice the women of America found their consolation in service. The organization of this work was intrusted to many agencies of specialized kinds, but the centralization of the impulse was largely the work of the woman's committee.

It would be difficult to overestimate the importance of the function the committee has served in being both a vast bureau for the dissemination of information and itself a wellspring of inspiration and zeal. I beg you to accept for yourself and the members of the committee this expression of my deep appreciation of the service they have rendered the Nation.

Cordially and faithfully, yours,
WOODROW WILSON.

Secretary Baker's Letter.

In transmitting the letter of the President the members of the woman's committee, the chairman of the Council of Defense wrote:

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington, March 6, 1919.

MY DEAR DR. SHAW: The President has accepted the judgment of the woman's committee as to the conclusion of its work, and, as the designation of the committee proceeded directly from the President, his letter to you is of course the official recognition of the completion of your great task. I beg you to permit me, however, as chairman of the Council of National Defense, and if I may without confusion add, as Secretary of War, my own word of appreciation of the committee's effective work. When we went into the war there were many agen-

cies for the expression of opinion and the coordination of the energies of men. The great body of the women of the country, however, were not organized in any groups or associations which bore a direct relationship to the Government or to the emergencies which faced the people. Everywhere the voices of women mingled with those of the men in asking that some authoritative direction be given to the impulse which moved them to help, and many sorts of societies began to be organized which were local and special but had no central object and no representative here in Washington to which they could all look for guidance and understanding. The woman's committee at once upon its organization became such an agency and representative. That there have been difficulties in establishing the work of the committee goes without saying. It was a new task and had to be conceived upon very large and yielding lines, but the result I think may be viewed with both gratitude and enthusiasm.

No other national emergency will find us in the same situation. Landmarks have been set and we have discovered the capacity of women for organized and associated cooperation with the Government in the gravest problems of our national life, and the history of the war will undoubtedly contain permanent evidence both of the work done by the committee and the ground broken and prepared by it for future cultivation. How much all of this helped the Council of National Defense it would be impossible briefly to say. Indeed, the Council of National Defense, during its war phase and aside from its peace-time functions was a curious agency—organizing and disappearing; creating and turning over to others the work which it had planned. To some extent the woman's committee partook of the same character of the council and the net result was a widespread and helpful association between men and women in practically all of the fields of endeavor which went to make up the aggregate of our national strength of sentiment and action.

I beg to convey to your associates on the committee some portion of the sentiment which I here express, which, in brief, is one of grateful appreciation.

Cordially, yours,

NEWTON D. BAKER,
Secretary of War and Chairman
Council National Defense.

Dr. ANNA HOWARD SHAW,
Chairman Woman's Committee,
Council National Defense.

Members of Committee.

The members of the woman's committee were: Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, Miss Ida M. Tarbell, Mrs. Josiah E. Cowles, Mrs. Stanley J. McCormick, Miss Maude Wetmore, Mrs. Philip North Moore, Miss Agnes Nestor, Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, Mrs. Joseph P. Lamar, Mrs. Antoinette Funk, and Miss Hannah J. Patterson. They were appointed in April, 1917. The woman's committee had two functions to perform, one to serve in an advisory ca-

REGIONAL DIRECTOR'S REPORT FOR CENTRAL WESTERN REGION

In a report from Hale Holden, regional director for the central western region, to Walker D. Hines, Director General of Railroads, conditions generally were favorable to all railroad operation during the month of February and all traffic moved currently. The equipment of all classes in this region was plentiful during the month and a surplus of box and coal cars has accumulated.

Movement of Hogs.

Mr. Holden states that the hog movement in the region is rapidly returning to a normal basis, which will make possible the removal of embargoes at all primary markets within the near future. The Kansas City market handled a total of 10,906 cars of live stock inbound, an increase compared with February, 1918, of 769 cars. A total of 3,390 cars moved outbound, an increase of 723 cars for February, 1919, over the corresponding month last year. Four hundred and thirty-six special oil trains were operated from the midcontinent field during the month with 10,904 cars, an average of 25 cars per train. One hundred and six special trains were employed in the transportation of troops, a total of 45,790 men being handled.

Reports of Terminal Managers.

Terminal managers in this region report favorable conditions with a free movement and interchange of traffic through all terminals.

The Illinois Central Railroad made several readjustments in its passenger train schedule in Illinois during the month in the interest of "on time" service, and was authorized to add an additional train between Clinton, Ill., and St. Louis, Mo., which resulted in an increase of 105,850 passenger-train miles per annum.

TRADING IN OILS AND FATS.

Consul General Robert P. Skinner, at London, cables as follows:

Minister of munitions from March 18 licenses all persons to sell, purchase, and deal in seeds, oils, and fats, subject only to condition that no sale or dealing shall be at prices in excess of fixed maximum price as set out in orders of May 9 and June 19, 1917. This order affects coconut oil, cotton oil, tallow, and various other seed oils.

capacity to the Council of National Defense in all matters pertaining to activities and interests of women, and the other to coordinate the organized and unorganized forces of the women of the country in order to secure greater efficiency in defense work for the Nation. In order to do the latter the committee built up an extensive machinery of State divisions and local units.

When the field division of the Council of National Defense was created in September, 1918, it took over this machinery and that function of the woman's committee which related to directing the work in the States, the woman's committee continuing as an advisory committee until the present.

LIST OF CASUALTIES REPORTED AMONG THE UNITED STATES FORCES OVERSEAS

SECTION 1, MARCH 26, 1919.

The following casualties are reported by the commanding general of the American Expeditionary Forces:

| | |
|------------------------|-----------|
| Killed in action..... | 4 |
| Died from wounds..... | 7 |
| Died of disease..... | 27 |
| Missing in action..... | 1 |
| Total..... | 39 |

Killed in Action.

CORPORAL.

MUSTO, Angelo. Mrs. Emily Zecca, 2314 South Alder Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

PRIVATES.

HANSON, Henry. Paul N. Hanson, Old Colony Apartments, Seattle, Wash.
HAZELBAKER, Elvin L. Howard Hazelbaker, Otway, Ohio.
WELSTEAD, Walter J. Mrs. Helen Ballou, 732 East Ninety-second Street, Chicago, Ill.

Died from Wounds.

CORPORAL.

MARLIN, Jesse. L. C. Hall, Billings, Mont.

PRIVATES.

HABERLE, Henry J. Harry J. Haberle, Barnesville, Minn.
HEALY, John. Mrs. James Connor, 216 Harmon Street, Coatesville, Pa.
JENKS, Harry A. Mrs. Carrie Jenks, 120 North Sixty-first Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
McCOLLUM, Leonard F. Jesse M. McCollum, R. F. D. 1, Portersville, Ala.
MARTIN, Robert. Mrs. Emma Martin, McHenry, Ill.
MEYERS, William. Mrs. Theresa Meyers, 2804 Marvin Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio.

Died of Disease.

SERGEANT.

ADAMS, David F. Mrs. Theresa Brunett, 464 South Second Street, New Bedford, Mass.

CORPORALS.

McKINNEY, Arthur W. Miss Letitia Byers, 2118 Tenth Street, Niagara Falls, N. Y.
MORRIS, James E. James E. Morris, sr., Forest City, Iowa.

MECHANICS.

BROWN, Irvin H. Mrs. Simon Brown, R. F. D. 1, Lewisburg, Pa.
LUCAS, Earl. William E. Lucas, R. F. D. 3, Ashland, Ohio.
MORRISON, Thomas. Mrs. Ellen Richards, 801 North Fourth Street, Columbus, Ohio.
Y. M. C. A. SECRETARY.

VROOMAN, Marjorie. Y. M. C. A. Overseas Casuals, 347 Madison Avenue, New York, N. Y.

NURSE.

LIDE, Julia. Mrs. E. R. Chisholm, 722 Travis Street, Shreveport, La.

WAGONERS.

EVANS, Herbert M. Mrs. Mary C. Evans, Duncan, Okla.
McFADDEN, Frank. Frederick McFadden, 414 South Sangamon Street, Chicago, Ill.

COOK.

ROSS, Henry J. Mrs. Bell Ross, R. F. D. 1, Rush, Ky.

PRIVATES.

BENISCHECK, Clem M. Mrs. Emma Benischeck, 433 Comanock Street, Roxboro, Pa.
CAHILL, William Aloysius. Miss Julia M. Cahill, 416 Rutherford Avenue, Trenton, N. J.
DAVIS, Patsy. Mrs. Mary Davis, box 14, Centerville, Tex.
ERICKSON, Andrew E. Mrs. Maggie Erickson, R. F. D. 2, Stratford, Iowa.
GREEN, Richard Lee. Miss Vera Darney, 606 Chartress Street, Anaheim, Cal.
HAGENDON, Jay G. George A. Hagendon, general delivery, Harbor Beach, Mich.
HARDY, Roy. Mrs. Lucy Hardy, 720 North Eleventh Street, Terre Haute, Ind.
HARRIS, Percy. Mrs. Adline White, Shellmound, Miss.

HASTINGS, Homer W. Mrs. Laura E. Hastings, R. F. D. 1, Meifa, Va.
HASTINGS, Lemuel D. Mrs. Fannie Hastings, Canisteo, N. Y.
HILL, Horace J. Isaac Hill, Lost Creek, Tenn.
HOMER, Max F. Mrs. Silby Van Woner, 1198 Calder Avenue, Beaumont, Tex.
HORNER, Howard J. Mrs. Margaret M. Horner, R. F. D. 1, box 46, Jefferson City, Mo.
KITTLE, Raymond L. Walter Seymour Kittle, R. F. D. 3, Amora, Ind.
LANE, Alfred W. William Lane, R. F. D. 47, Rhinebeck, N. Y.
LAWSON, Axel Herman. Anderson Augusta, 501 South Sixth Street, Red Oak, Iowa.

Missing in Action.

LIEUTENANT.

EISENBARTH, Robert J. Henry Eisenbarth, 1814 Leonard Street, Indianapolis, Ind. Left England November 18, 1918, en route to Marquise, France, and has not been heard from since.

SECTION 2, MARCH 26, 1919.

The following casualties are reported by the commanding general of the American Expeditionary Forces:

| | |
|------------------------------------------|-----------|
| Died from accident and other causes..... | 13 |
| Died in aeroplane accident..... | 1 |
| Died of disease..... | 11 |
| Wounded severely..... | 18 |
| Missing in action..... | 4 |
| Total..... | 47 |

Died in Aeroplane Accident.

PRIVATE.

GAVIN, John Joseph. Mrs. Catherine Gavin, 136-A Nineteenth Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Died from Accident and Other Causes.

SERGEANTS.

CLARK, Joseph Francis. Mrs. Silvia Clark, 24 Mount Pleasant Street, Derry, N. H.
DOYLE, Abram. Mrs. Kate C. Doyle, Park Avenue, Suffern, N. Y.
DRISCOLL, John Joseph. Miss Ellen Sweeney, 132 Alabama Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

PRIVATES.

CATES, Edwin L. William H. Cates, R. F. D. 3, Wood River, Nebr.
FISHER, John. Andrew A. Brink, Bemidji, Minn.
HATZINGER, Leo F. Mrs. Mary Hatzinger, 44 Park Avenue, Columbus, Wis.
JACOBUS, Clarence E. Mrs. James F. Noone, 438 Harrison Avenue, Harrison, N. J.
JOHNSON, Charles Albert. Swan H. Johnson, R. F. D. 1, Inavale, Nebr.
KARRICK, Arthur. Mrs. Ada Turley, 24 Jamerson Street, Mount Sterling, Ky.
MORTENSON, Bennie L. Mrs. Bertina Mortenson, 1628 Franklin Street, Dayton, Oreg.
PERRY, Harrison. Mrs. Anna Perry, Park, Va.
REGENT, Horace. Mrs. Anna Regent, 10 Ridge Road, Trainer, Pa.
SEARS, Robert G. Henry H. Sears, North Ferrisburg, Vt.

Died of Disease.

PRIVATES.

LEE, Wieland. Mrs. Annie Mayo Lee, 222 West Fair Street, Atlanta, Ga.
McCANN, John Patrick. John Patrick McCann, sr., Commercial Avenue and Wolf Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
McCLARE, Arthur E. Mrs. Halle M. McClare, 726 Stowell Avenue, Milwaukee, Wis.
McHARRY, Ray N. Mrs. Elizabeth McHarry, 310 East Sixth Street, Caruthersville, Mo.
MANN, Russell G. William A. Mann, 429 East Locust Street, Kankakee, Ill.
MENARD, William. Arthur Menard, Flatrock, Mich.
NAYLOR, Wesley. Andy Naylor, Newton, Va.
ROBIN, Eugene. Mrs. Mattie Mahles, Lattie, La.

RODGERS, Joe C. Jim Rodgers, Rupert, Ga.
SMITH, Clarence E. Mrs. Clarence Smith, Glen Cove, N. Y.
STRAW, Harry. Mrs. Edna Paul, Dayton, Ohio.

Wounded Severely.

LIEUTENANTS.

BOLDON, Harry. Mrs. L. C. Commons, 46 North Irvington Street, Indianapolis, Ind.
FISHER, Chester L. Mrs. Catherine Fisher, 349 K Street, South Boston, Mass.

SERGEANT.

LINDEE, Albert. Mrs. Anna M. Rich, 63 Flohr Avenue, Buffalo, N. Y.

CORPORAL.

ROGERS, Ralph J. Mrs. Sarah Rogers, 2427 Campbell Street, Kansas City, Mo.

MUSICIAN.

MARCKS, Adam G. Samuel Russell, Fifth Street, Coplay, Pa.

PRIVATES.

ANDEREGG, John F. John Anderegg, 10 Jackson Street, North Warren, Pa.
CARDEN, Leo. Mrs. Jennie Battie, 155 Wyoming Street, Carbondale, Pa.
DOYLE, Frank J. Earl A. Doyle, 7920 Central Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio.
FLOOK, Herman E. J. F. Flook, Marion, Kans.
KAATZ, William F. Mrs. Anna Kaatz, R. F. D. 2, Scodale, via St. Joseph, Mich.
LASKIE, Thomas F. William Laskie, 155 Eureka Avenue, Wyandotte, Mich.
MONTUANO, Biaggio. Mike Montuano, Fejlie, Italy.
MORROW, Sam. Mrs. Elizabeth Morrow, Russell Springs, Ky.
OLSON, Isaac R. John Olson, box 196-M, Iola, Wis.
PORATH, Arthur A. Otto F. Porath, R. F. D. 3, Merrill, Wis.
ROSS, James. Mrs. Ida Logwood, 165 West One hundred and thirty-sixth Street, New York, N. Y.
SHELTON, Walter H. Mrs. Julia Shelton, West Station, Tex.
SMITH, William H. John H. Smith, 345 Fifth Avenue, care of James McCutcheon & Co., New York, N. Y.

Missing in Action.

CORPORAL.

PRINCE, Arthur. Mrs. Frank E. Gilbert, box 504, Onoway, Mich.

PRIVATES.

ALLAN, June. Mrs. Marion Allan, Long Beach, Miss.
DOWNS, Cecil Roy. Mrs. Millicent Jennie Downs, 1160 East One hundred and twelfth Street, Cleveland, Ohio.
O'ROURKE, Arthur. Mrs. K. O'Rourke, Monticello, La.

CORRECTIONS IN CASUALTY LISTS.

Wounded (Degree Undetermined), Previously Reported Killed in Action.

PRIVATE.

KAMINSKY, Joseph F. Mrs. Ben Peterson, Hutchinson, Minn.

Returned to Duty, Previously Reported Killed in Action.

WAGONER.

WILDNER, Rudolph. Mrs. Frieda Wildner, 162 St. Nichols Avenue, New York, N. Y.

PRIVATE.

SUTTER, Mike N. Gust Sutter, 300 Twik Street, San Francisco, Cal.

Killed in Action, Previously Reported Died.

PRIVATES.

GABRIEL, William Elmer. Mrs. Susan Ann Gabriel, Kennett, Mo.
MIESSE, James W. W. G. Miesse, Marion, Kans.
SWANSON, Peter. Swan S. Bratteland, R. F. D. 2, Randall, Iowa.

OVERSEAS CASUALTY LIST

Returned to Duty, Previously Reported Died.

LIEUTENANT.

WARNE, Ronson J. Mrs. Grace Warne, Matawan, N. J.

PRIVATE.

DYER, Lem M. Albert Monroe Dyer, R. F. D. 1, Baxter, Tenn.
ROGERS, Joe N. W. P. Rogers, R. F. D. 2, Thoratou, Tex.

Died, Previously Reported Wounded (Degree Undetermined).

PRIVATE.

HAWKINS, Grover C. Richard Hawkins, Railroad Avenue, Hammondton, N. J.

Killed in Action, Previously Reported Missing in Action.

CORPORAL.

JACKMAN, Clarence T. Mrs. John Jackman, Columbia, Ky.

McCLABAN, Carey R. E. P. McClaran, Culver, Kans.

WAGNER, Gustave C. Julius Wagner, 281 Senator Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

PRIVATE.

JORDAN, Charles Loanleaf. Mitchell Jordan, Yoder, Colo.

MAJORS, Carl E. Mrs. Mary Hodson, Afton, Okla.

RADCLIFFE, Clifton D. Amos Radcliffe, Wolsey, S. Dak.

RAPINI, Onafria. Joe Rapini, Oglesby, Ill.

SORTLAND, Christ. Ole John Sortland, Province Bremnes, Bergen, Norway.

TAYLOR, Douglas M. J. H. Taylor, Bay Minette, Ala.

Died, Previously Reported Missing in Action.

PRIVATE.

CRANMER, Ralph T. Woodford W. Cranmer, 106 Portland Place, Staten Island, N. Y.

KWIATHOWSKI, Marcel. Mrs. Mary Luthewics, 45A Galvany Street, Waltham, Mass.

LAUGHLIN, Howard E. John L. Laughlin, 201 South Maple Street, Mount Carmel, Pa.

Wounded Slightly, Previously Reported Missing in Action.

PRIVATE.

VAN WICKLEN, Lester B. Miss Charlotte E. Weirthmer, 648 Silkworth Avenue, Richmond Hill, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Wounded (Degree Undetermined), Previously Reported Missing in Action.

PRIVATE.

CLEMENT, Joe. Joe Clement, 3948 Lee Avenue, St. Louis, Mo.

COLLINS, Patrick. Miss Margaret Collins, 180 East Eighty-second Street, New York, N. Y.

Sick in Hospital, Previously Reported Missing in Action.

PRIVATE.

JOHNSON, Percy E. Mrs. Laura Johnson, 1404 Ida Avenue, Wichita, Kans.

Returned to Duty, Previously Reported Missing in Action.

SERGEANT.

PATTERSON, John D. Mrs. Elizabeth Patterson, 13 North Lindenwood Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

CORPORAL.

MATSON, William Reginald. Mrs. Grace Richardson, Marcus, S. Dak.

PRIVATE.

KRUGER, Dennis. Mrs. Julia Kruger, 31 West Hudson Avenue, Toledo, Ohio.

SIEKMAN, Harold H. Henry Siekman, 2413 North Nineteenth Street, St. Louis, Mo.

TROHKIMOINEN, Oscar. Alex Trohkimoinen, R. F. D. 1, Vale, S. Dak.

Returned to Military Control, Previously Reported Missing in Action.

PRIVATE.

PENNINGTON, Frank Lee. William Pennington, Groveland, Tenn.

Erroneously Reported Killed in Action.

PRIVATE.

TUCKER, Ellis A. William B. Tucker, Mineola, Kans.

Erroneously Reported Died of Disease.

CORPORAL.

DURBIN, Ralph D. Mrs. Hughes Durbin, Wind Ridge, Pa.

PRIVATE.

DAVIS, Olen L. Mrs. Sarah Davis, 709 South Tryon Street, Charlotte, N. C.

DAVIS, Olie. Hazel Davis, Danville, La.

WILSON, James Alexander. Mrs. Melinda Wilson, 916 Berkeley Avenue, Norfolk, Va.

Erroneously Reported Wounded (Degree Undetermined).

CORPORAL.

SMITH, William H. Herbert L. Smith, Georgetown, S. C.

PRIVATE.

KRUEGER, Carl J. Leo Krueger, R. F. D. 4, Kansas Cnty, Kans.

RED CROSS RELIEF PROGRAM FOR THE BALKAN COUNTRIES

The following statement, authorized by the American Red Cross Commission to Europe, was issued at national headquarters of the organization:

"Information collected by the American Red Cross Commission to Europe indicates that greater distress probably prevails in the Balkans than in any other accessible part of war-swept Europe, except Poland. Provision for feeding and clothing the populations of these countries must and will be made by various Governments, either individually or collectively.

Commission Organized.

"In order to meet immediate needs of these most sorely afflicted peoples an American Red Cross operating commission of large dimensions has just been organized and dispatched to the Balkans. The action taken follows a conference held in Paris between Henry P. Davison, chairman of the American Red Cross War Council, and the American Red Cross Commission to Europe. The Balkan commission is headed by Lieut. Col. Henry W. Anderson, of Richmond, Va., who will have headquarters at Rome, where communication with Balkan States is less difficult than from any other point. Maj. William E. Thompson, a member of the commission, will remain in Paris to dispatch further supplies and personnel.

Proceeding in Separate Groups.

"Under Col. Anderson a large force of American Red Cross workers has been recruited from staffs working during hostilities in France and Italy. This force is now proceeding in separate groups to various Balkan countries.

"Large quantities of supplies accumulated against possible needs during hostilities in France and Italy will be drawn upon for the Balkans. It is not expected that operations there will be of long duration, but it is believed that during the winter and until the beginning of the next harvest, or when allied Governments have been able to marshal resources for relief on an extensive scale, the American Red Cross can possibly save the lives of thousands and prevent

Permits to Accompany Parcels For Prisoners of War in U. S.

OFFICE OF THIRD ASSISTANT
POSTMASTER GENERAL,
Washington, March 20, 1919.

Postmasters shall not accept for mailing parcels addressed to prisoners of war interned in war prison barracks in the United States under the control of the War Department unless the parcels are accompanied with permits issued by the War Department authorizing the sending to the addressees of the articles contained in the parcels.

Such parcels are not entitled to be mailed free, but the proper amount of postage must be prepaid thereon.

A. M. DOCKERY,
Third Asst. Postmaster General.

the extreme misery of a far greater number.

"American Red Cross subcommissions for both North and South Serbia have been recruited largely from the former Italian organization. The work in North Serbia will be handled by a force of 70, under the leadership of Lieut. Col. Thomas W. Farnam, of New Haven, Conn. Col. Farnam's headquarters will be at Belgrade. The personnel for South Serbia, with headquarters at Saloniki, Greece, will number 24 and be under command of Maj. J. P. Carey.

The Greek Commission.

"The Greek commission under Lieut. Col. Edward S. Capps, of Princeton, has been increased by the personnel most needed, including physicians and nurses, to a total of 75. This commission has already considerable supplies, and further emergency needs are now being filled.

"For Montenegro, where great distress prevails, an American Red Cross unit consisting of about 40 people, including nurses and doctors, with motor trucks to insure prompt transportation inland is ready to move by French ships on which space has been allotted the American Red Cross by the Montenegrin Government for about 700 tons of supplies. Maj. Edwin Grant Dexter heads the Montenegrin unit.

"The commission for Roumania, together with 3,000 tons of supplies, is also ready to proceed under Lieut. Col. H. Glendon Wells, of Chicago, with staff of 65.

"For Albania a unit of about 25 has been organized under Maj. Glenfred O. Bellis for both medical and general relief with a limited amount of supplies such as foodstuffs, clothing, and medicines, diverted from Serbia, Roumania, and Greece."

JOIN FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM.

The following State institutions have been admitted to the Federal Reserve System during the week ending March 21, 1919: Milford Trust Co., Milford, Del.; Farmers Savings Bank, Lytton, Iowa; W. B. Worthen Co., bankers, Little Rock, Ark.; Union Trust & Savings Bank, East St. Louis, Ill.

Contribute to the Red Cross fund.

SOLDIERS HONORED BY PERSHING FOR HEROISM

The commander in chief, in the name of the President, has awarded the distinguished-service cross to the following named officers and soldiers for the acts of extraordinary heroism described after their names:

Pvt. ALBIN LINDSTEN, Company H, 117th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2156105.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Bellcourt, France, September 29, 1918. Responding to a call for volunteers by his company commander to locate the source of machine-gun fire, which had cut off the headquarters platoon from the rest of the company, Pvt. Lindsten crawled through the barrage, ascertained the position of the guns, and led the platoon to safety. He then crawled back through the barrage, located the rest of the company, and guided the platoon to them. Home address, Mrs. Katherine Lindsten, mother, 920 East Sixth Street, White Bear, Minn.

Corpl. JOHN W. THOMPSON, deceased, Company E, 119th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1316445.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Bellcourt, France, September 29, 1918. With another soldier, Corpl. Thompson rushed a hostile machine gun, which was firing on his company, and killed two of the enemy. He then continued to advance close behind the barrage and displayed great bravery in the attack. Shortly before the company's objective was reached he was severely wounded, and has since died of his wounds. Next of kin, Mrs. John W. Thompson, sr., mother, Mount Pleasant, Tenn.

Pvt. ANIELLO SPAMANATO, Company L, 357th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2854210.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Montfaucon, France, October 25, 1918. Pvt. Spamanato was on a patrol with three other soldiers, when they were fired upon by a hostile machine gun 50 yards in advance of the line. After several hand grenades had been thrown at the machine-gun nest, one of the crew was seen crawling away. Pvt. Spamanato killed this man with his rifle and then rushed the nest alone, capturing the gun and three surviving members of the crew, two others having been killed by hand grenades. Home address, Mrs. Theresa Spamanato, wife, Semitile, Province Caserte, Italy.

Corpl. GEORGE D. CASWELL, Company M, 105th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1224730.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Ronsoy, France, September 27, 1918. Corpl. Caswell braved the perils of exacting machine-gun fire when he ventured out to rescue a wounded comrade. He completed this mission and returned for another comrade, who was lying wounded still farther forward. He also successfully brought this man to safety. That evening he led a detail through the murderous fire to replenish the supply of hand grenades. While returning to the lines he was seriously wounded when the box which he was carrying exploded. Home address, Edward K. Caswell, father, 364 Third Street, Troy, N. Y.

Pvt. (First Class) CHARLES H. ROBIN-TON, Company A, 105th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1203329.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Ronsoy, France, September 29, 1918. During operations against the Hindenburg line, Pvt. Robinton went forth, in the face of unusually heavy machine-gun fire, to aid a wounded comrade. He administered first aid, and, while shielding the man from the enemy fire, he received a severe wound in the back. Despite this wound, he struggled back to safety, bringing his comrade with him. Home address, Alex Robinton, 1 Rand Street, Illon, N. Y.

Pvt. ANTHONY SCLAFONI, Company A, 105th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1203426.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Ronsoy, France, September 29, 1918. While the advance against the Hindenburg line was at its height, Pvt. Sclafoni, seeing a Lewis gunner exposed to the enemy, ran to his assistance. On the way he was seriously wounded, but continued on, reaching the position and using his body to shield the gunner, while the latter poured a fire into the enemy. He was wounded three times, finally losing consciousness, but after his wounds were dressed he insisted on leaving the field unaided. Home address, Mrs. Josie Sclafoni, mother, 13 Christie Street, New York City.

Sergt. LEON R. MATSON, Company M, 105th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1224735.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Ronsoy, France, September 27-29, 1918. On the morning of September 27, after all the officers and most of the sergeants of his company had been killed, Sergt. Matson took command and led

the company into effective combat, making repeated reconnaissance in front of the line under severe machine-gun fire. On September 29 he led his men forward, capturing an important knoll, and held it with a small number of men. Finding the ammunition and food depleted, he led a detail through the heavy machine-gun fire, bringing back both food and ammunition. Home address, Nelson P. Matson, father, 79 Gorton Street, Corning, N. Y.

Pvt. (First Class) WALTER KLINGE, Company M, 105th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1224744.) For extraordinary heroism in action near St. Souplet, France, October 17, 1918. When sent out as a scout with a small patrol consisting of an officer and two men, Pvt. Klinge courageously went ahead alone, killed two enemy scouts, whom he encountered, and drove the gunners away from two machine guns. When the patrol came up the capture of the guns was completed with their assistance. Home address, Charles H. Klinge, brother, 1908 Silver Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Corpl. FRED W. EDGAR, Company G, 30th Infantry. (A. S. No. 546891.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Jaulgonne, France, July 24, 1918. Corpl. Edgar placed five wounded men in a shell hole in front of the enemy's machine gun emplacements and protected them until nightfall with his rifle fire. He then went for aid and returned with stretchers to find that three of them had left the place. After helping to carry the two remaining to the rear, he returned to make further search, in which he was unsuccessful, but returned with one German prisoner whom he had captured. Home address, Henry J. Edgar, father, 62 Preserberger Avenue, South Ozone Park, N. Y.

Corpl. GEORGE W. SARTAIN, Company K, 30th Infantry. (A. S. No. 547762.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Jaulgonne, France, July 26, 1918. Corpl. Sartain gave aid to three wounded comrades during a heavy bombardment and after four unsuccessful attempts, finally succeeded in carrying them to a dressing station. Home address, George W. Sartain, father, 1346 Franklin Street NE, Washington, D. C.

Corpl. CONSTANTINE MALICHIS, deceased, Company I, 30th Infantry. (A. S. No. 547492.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Bois de Aigremont, France, July 15, 1918. Corpl. Malichis volunteered and carried a message from his company post of command to the battalion post of command through the thickest of the German barrage. He was killed in action the same day. Home address, Alexander Malichis, father, 600 Davis Avenue, Mobile, Ala.

Corpl. FRANK BROWN, deceased, Company A, 30th Infantry. (A. S. No. 545204.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Mezy, France, July 15, 1918. Having been detailed to carry rations to another company of his regiment, and learning, upon his arrival there, that an attack was imminent, Corpl. Brown volunteered and remained with the company commander. He continued on duty long after he had been mortally wounded, and was killed in action later in the day. Home address, Joseph Brown, friend, 140 East Thirteenth Street, New York, N. Y.

Corpl. JOHN MARCINIAC, Company A, 30th Infantry. (A. S. No. 545327.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Crezancy, France, July 15, 1918. After his company had been ordered to withdraw, Corpl. Marciniak returned to the scene of the struggle and, throughout the whole night, worked untiringly in the evacuation of the wounded, exposed to the terrific bombardment of the enemy. Home address, Frank Marciniak, brother, 34 Jay Street, Amsterdam, N. Y.

Pvt. ERNEST DUNCAN, Company A, 30th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2180096.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Crezancy, France, July 15, 1918. During the engagement Pvt. Duncan set an example to the other members of his company by his gallant conduct. After the company was ordered to withdraw, he voluntarily returned to the position his company had held, and throughout the night assisted in evacuating the wounded. Home address, Willard Duncan, R. F. D. No. 3, Paris, Mo.

Pvt. GUISEPPE MINARDI, Company A, 30th Infantry. (A. S. No. 545342.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Crezancy, France, July 15, 1918. During the engagement Pvt. Minardi set an example to the other members of his company by his gallant conduct. After the company was ordered to withdraw, he voluntarily returned to the position his company had held, and throughout the night assisted in evacuating the wounded.

Home address, Guiseppe Minardi, mother, Via Cancinto, Province Di Siracusa, Italy.

Pvt. WILLIAM D. WEAVER, Medical Detachment, 30th Infantry. (A. S. No. 546302.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Jaulgonne, France, July 15-21 and 24-27, 1918. From July 15 to 21 Pvt. Weaver worked continuously among the wounded of his regiment, never hesitating for the heaviest fire. He volunteered and remained with the unit which relieved his regiment, and continued his work with the new unit from July 24-27. Home address, W. D. Weaver, Charleston, W. Va.

Pvt. WILLIAM J. FRANK, Headquarters Company, 30th Infantry. (A. S. No. 544519.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Bois de Aigremont, France, July 14-15, 1918. On the night of July 14-15 Pvt. Frank volunteered and carried messages through heavy shell fire, after other runners had been killed in the attempt to perform the same mission. Home address, Mrs. Wenzel Frank, mother, Wahpeton, N. Dak.

Pvt. TONY GALKA, Company A, 30th Infantry. (A. S. No. 545294.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Crezancy, France, July 15, 1918. After his company had withdrawn from their position, Pvt. Galka voluntarily returned to the former position, and throughout the night of July 15-16 assisted in evacuating the wounded. Home address, John Galka, father, Podla, Poland.

Pvt. WILLIAM BOEHLE, Company A, 30th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2177783.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Crezancy, France, July 15-16, 1918. After his company had withdrawn from their position, Pvt. Boehle voluntarily returned to the former position, and throughout the night of July 15-16 assisted in evacuating the wounded. Home address, Garret Boehl, R. F. D. No. 1, O'Fallon, Mo.

Pvt. REDWALD H. BLEASDALE, Headquarters Company, 30th Infantry. (A. S. No. 544469.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Mezy, France, July 15, 1918. Pvt. Bleasdale remained with his gun during a heavy bombardment, until his gun pit was blown in, and then removed his gun to another position and continued the fire under heavy machine-gun fire. Later, in the same action, he volunteered and went to reconnoiter a small woods, believed to be occupied by enemy troops. There he killed several Germans single handed, and returned to our lines with an American soldier. Home address, Joseph R. Bleasdale, father, route No. 5, Jonesville, Wis.

Pvt. EDWARD W. RUDOLPH, Headquarters Company, 30th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2395940.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Mezy, France, July 15, 1918. Pvt. Rudolph successfully carried messages through terrific artillery and machine-gun fire and was twice wounded while performing the mission. Home address, Mrs. E. W. Rudolph, wife, 328 Fulton Street, Carthage, Mo.

Pvt. ELROY BUB, Headquarters Company, 30th Infantry. (A. S. No. 544477.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Mezy, France, July 15, 1918. Pvt. Bub successfully carried messages through terrific artillery and machine-gun fire and was wounded while performing the mission. Home address, Mrs. B. Bub, mother, 786 Seventh Street, Milwaukee, Wis.

Pvt. EDWARD H. SMALLYON, Machine-Gun Company, 30th Infantry. (A. S. No. 362648.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Mezy, France, July 15, 1918. Given a message to send by buzzer, Pvt. Smallyon found that all his wires had been destroyed. He immediately started through the bombardment and safely delivered the message, although nearly surrounded by the enemy. Home address, Mrs. J. T. Bruligman, aunt, 35 Seymour Street, Hartford, Conn.

Pvt. GARLAND GREEN, Company D, 30th Infantry. (A. S. No. 546149.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Mezy, France, July 15, 1918. During the German artillery bombardment of July 15, Pvt. Green carried messages between company and battalion headquarters, and, although wounded in the arm, refused evacuation until relieved two days later. Home address, Mrs. Nancy Green, mother, Bakers Creek, N. C.

Sergt. PAUL BATES, deceased, Company F, 30th Infantry. (A. S. No. 546660.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Crezancy, France, July 15, 1918, and near Cunel, France, October 10, 1918. During a terrific bombardment on the morning of July 15 Sergt. (then Pvt.) Bates carried in and dressed the wounded at great personal risk to himself. On October 10, near Cunel, although fatally wounded, Sergt. Bates continued to command

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his men in attack on machine guns until the end. Next of kin, Mrs. Vida Viola Snell, sister, 22 Bronell Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Pvt. WILLIAM REINHARD, Company I, 30th Infantry. (A. S. No. 547600.) For extraordinary heroism in action in the Bois de Aigremont, France, July 15, 1918. Pvt. Reinhard carried messages during a heavy German barrage until he was seriously wounded, when he showed great fortitude, his one thought being that his message must be delivered. Home address, Sarah Reinhard, mother, 542 Heckle Avenue, Spring City, Pa.

Pvt. (First Class) GEORGE OBENOUR, Company A, 30th Infantry. (A. S. No. 545349.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Crezancy, France, July 15, 1918. Three times under terrific enemy fire, Pvt. Obenour carried messages to battalion and regimental headquarters. After the company had withdrawn, Pvt. Obenour voluntarily returned to the position his company had held and, throughout the night assisted in evacuating the wounded. Home address, Jacob Obenour, father, Martinsburg, Pa.

Sergt. E. GRAY SWINGLE, Company B, Sixth Engineers, deceased. (A. S. No. 158265.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Hamel, Somme, France, March 27-28, 1918. After being awakened by a sentinel who reported suspicious noises in the direction of the German forces, Sergt. Swingle gave his patrol orders to report in case he should be killed or wounded, and fearlessly advanced in the direction of the noises. He was severely wounded after advancing only a short distance and died the next day, despite unsuccessful attempts to rescue him. Next of kin, Bert Swingle, father, 30 West North Street, Newark, Ohio.

Corpl. CLARENCE O. KRAMPS, Battery C, Tenth Field Artillery. (A. S. No. 1038528.) For extraordinary heroism in action near St. Eugene, France, July 14-15, 1918. Corpl. Kramps remained on duty as chief of section after being very severely wounded. Later in the action, when one of his gun crew was wounded, he was lifted to the seat and continued to fire the piece in addition to his other duties until forcibly taken from the seat and sent to an aid station. Here it was found that he had been wounded in four places. Home address, Mrs. Anna Jones, mother, 16 South Minnie Avenue, Rosedale, Kan.

Pvt. BRAINARD W. JOHNSON, Sanitary Detachment, 116th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1290590.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Verdun, France. Pvt. Johnson repeatedly exposed himself to heavy machine-gun fire in giving first aid to the wounded and carrying them to the rear. Through his devotion to duty and disregard of danger, many lives were saved. Next of kin, M. W. Johnson, father, Basic City, Va.

Second Lieut. HARRY W. PINE, 853d Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Haumont, France. Lieut. Pine led a patrol of eight men in an attempt to gain entrance into the town of Haumont, which was stubbornly held by the enemy. Working his way through the rear outposts, he encountered an enemy patrol near the entrance, attacking and defeating it. He then proceeded through the entire town, capturing and returning with two prisoners, as well as obtaining valuable information. Next of kin, Mrs. Grace E. Thompson, 302 North Bordy Drive, Boralusa, La.

Sergt. BENJAMIN S. WEBER, Company D, 307th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1705234.) For extraordinary heroism in action at Fond de Vas, France, September 14, 1918. Although severely wounded, Sergt. Weber continued to lead his platoon in an attack on enemy machine-gun nests, through a sweeping artillery and machine-gun fire, until he fell, completely exhausted. Home address, Abe S. Weber, (brother), 230 West One Hundred and Eleventh Street, New York, N. Y.

Pvt. JOHN C. SCHROEDER, Company B, 119th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2159955.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Bellcourt, France, September 29, 1918. During operations in the region of Bellcourt, Pvt. Schroeder, unassisted, attacked an enemy stronghold and captured two machine guns and five prisoners. Home address, Mat Schroeder (father), Sherburn, Minn.

Pvt. (First Class) THOMAS G. CAGLE (deceased), Company L, 117th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1809440.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Poncheaux, France, October 7, 1918. When part of the line had been halted by heavy fire from three machine-gun nests, Pvt. Cagle and Corpl. George W. Spears,

armed only with rifles and bayonets, rushed the nearest hostile position, and, of the crew of six, killed three and put the remainder to flight. Being unable to advance on two other guns because of their heavy fire, these two soldiers then opened fire with their rifles and forced the remainder of the crew of approximately 12 to abandon the position, after two of their number had been killed and two wounded. Pvt. Cagle was wounded in this action, but he declined to be evacuated, and shortly afterwards was killed. Next of kin, Mrs. Addie Cagle (wife), Lenoir City, Tenn.

Corpl. GEORGE W. SPEARS, Company L, 117th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1809476.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Poncheaux, France, October 7, 1918. When part of the line had been halted by heavy fire from three machine-gun nests, Corpl. Spears and Pvt. Thomas G. Cagle, armed only with rifles and bayonets, rushed the nearest hostile position, and, of the crew of six, killed three and put the remainder to flight. Being unable to advance on two other guns because of their heavy fire, these two soldiers then opened fire with their rifles and forced the remainder of the crew of approximately 12 to abandon the position after two of their number had been killed and two wounded. Home address, R. J. Spears (father), Lenoir City, Tenn.

Corpl. ARTHUR F. BRANDT (deceased), Company E, 168th Infantry. (A. S. No. 100943.) For extraordinary heroism in action northeast of Verdun, France, October 16, 1918. After his company had been in action three days during the attack on the Cote de Chatillon, and was to be relieved, Corpl. Brandt volunteered to guide the company to a position of security in the rear which he had selected. While the relief was being made under shell fire, this soldier and four others were severely wounded by a bursting shell. Realizing that his wound would prove fatal, Corpl. Brandt, while being carried on a stretcher, indicated the route to be taken by the company, being wounded in the face and scarcely able to talk. Through his extraordinary fortitude and will power the company was able to reach its position over difficult terrain and under enemy fire. Corpl. Brandt died from his wounds next day. Next of kin, Mrs. W. F. Brandt (mother), Postville, Iowa.

Pvt. CHESTER HAVEN, Company B, First Engineers. (A. S. No. 881756.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Exermont, France, October 9, 1918. Upon his own initiative, Pvt. Haven, with another soldier, displayed notable courage in attacking two machine guns which were hindering the advance. Undaunted by the heavy machine-gun fire, they poured deadly rifle fire upon the enemy gunners and forced them to flee toward our attacking troops, who captured them. Home address, Alfred R. Haven (father), Falls City, Ore.

Second Lieut. JEAN CHARLES GAUTHIER, French Army. For extraordinary heroism in action near Bussy Farm, France, September 29, 1918. While on duty as French liaison officer with the 371st Infantry, this officer was knocked down by a shell which burst near by during a severe artillery barrage. He immediately resumed the advance with the utmost coolness, affording an excellent example to the men near him. During the whole battle he was many times exposed to heavy fire in maintaining liaison and performing other voluntary service; his experience, sang froid, and judgment assisting materially in the success of the operation.

Capt. ANTON LEBRE, 344th Regiment of Infantry (French). For extraordinary heroism in action near Montfauxelle, France, September 29-October 4, 1918. While on duty as senior French officer near the colonel of the 371st United States Infantry, Capt. Lebre volunteered and went forward to make reconnaissance, during which he was wounded in the face by a bursting shell. After being evacuated, he insisted on returning to duty with the regiment, though he was still suffering from fever caused by his wound and exposure during the battle.

Marechal de logis ANDRE SIMONET, French Army. For extraordinary heroism in action near Trieres farm, France, September 30, 1918. While on duty with the 371st Infantry as interpreter, Marechal de logis Simonet rendered exceptional service to our forces by assuming command until the second in command could be notified, when the adjutant and commanding officer of the battalion to which he was attached were wounded. At this time he made a voluntary trip to

the regimental post of command to report conditions in the battalion.

Sergt. PAUL ASCHLIMAN, interpreter, French Army (attached First American Infantry Brigade). For extraordinary heroism in action near Villers-Tournelle, France, May 3-4, 1918. During a particularly intense bombardment of high explosives and gas shells, Sergt. Aschliman went through the town notifying and warning troops of the presence of gas and directing various elements passing that point; his mission at all times exposing him to this heavy fire. Home address, Mrs. L. E. Aschliman, mother, 203 North Grove Street, Oak Park, Ill.

First Lieut. GEORGE P. HAYS, 10th Field Artillery. For extraordinary heroism in action near Greves farm, France, July 14-15, 1918. When the artillery bombardment of July 15 had destroyed telephonic communication and had made the duties of runner most hazardous, Lieut. Hays undertook the task of maintaining liaison, despite the unprecedented fire of the enemy's artillery. He also reestablished liaison between two batteries of French artillery, when these units gave evidence of becoming scattered. Throughout the night he kept in constant touch with the units in the vicinity, being severely wounded, while performing this most valiant work. Home address, George S. Hays, father, rural route No. 4, Okarche, Okla.

First Lieut. HENRY A. BARBER, 9th Machine Gun Battalion. For extraordinary heroism in action near Moulins, France, July 14-15, 1918. Seeing his right flank badly exposed to the enemy's advance across the Marne, Lieut. Barber changed the position of two of his guns to meet this emergency, performing this task during terrific enemy fire. He then ran a distance of 150 yards in the open to stop the fire of our own infantry on our troops. Going forward to the aid of a wounded soldier, Lieut. Barber administered first aid and was carrying the wounded man to safety, when the latter died. Picking up the one remaining undamaged gun, he opened fire on the enemy, who were crossing the river, sinking one boat, killing many, and causing the others to abandon their boats. Home address, Mrs. Anna C. Barber, mother, 11 High Street, Cambridge, Md.

Sergt. RAYMOND N. MOORE, Company B, 124th Machine Gun Battalion. (A. S. No. 1391910.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Consenvoye, France, October 10, 1918. Sergt. Moore led his section of two guns to the aid of an infantry company. Failing in his attempt to establish an advantageous position, he alone took his gun 100 yards in advance of the line, exposed to violent machine-gun and artillery fire; and, setting it up, in an open field, silenced the fire of enemy machine-gun snipers who had been inflicting heavy losses on our troops. Home address, D. W. Moore, father, Canton, Ill.

First Sergt. RAYMOND A. SCHROTH, Company E, 311th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1746136.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Grand Pre, France, November 1, 1918. Sergt. Schroth was directed to lead an attack against an enemy machine-gun nest, which was impeding the progress of his company. Reaching a point within 50 feet of the stronghold, he ordered an attack, and six Germans near the gun sought to surrender until they saw the strength of his force, now reduced through casualties to two or three men. The enemy was then reinforced by 20 men and launched a severe counter-attack, which forced Sergt. Schroth to abandon his attack. After ordering his men to safety, he remained at his post alone, combatting against the superior forces until he drove a prisoner back to our lines at the point of his empty pistol. Despite his desire to provide safety for his patrol, he was the only survivor to return from the mission. Home address, Mrs. John Schroth, mother, 244 Jackson Street, Trenton, N. J.

Pvt. (First Class) HENRY DAVIS, Company H, 6th Infantry. (A. S. No. 733200.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Romagne-sous-Montfaucon, France, October 14, 1918. Although wounded, Pvt. Davis courageously led several attacks against machine-gun emplacements. While reconnoitering from an exposed position in front of the lines, he was wounded a second time by a sniper, but refused to go to the rear until ordered to do so. Next of kin, Henry Davis, father, Pomeroyton, Ky.

Sergt. ELMER W. HIGHLEY, Medical Detachment, 7th Engineers. (A. S. No. 915598.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Nantillois, France, October 13, 1918. Sergt. Highley, although wounded, remained on duty

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after his battalion had passed on and the other troops in the vicinity had been forced into dugouts, giving first aid and directing the evacuation of his wounded comrades on a heavily-shelled road. Next of kin, Mrs. George W. Highley, mother, Edgemont, S. Dak.

Sergt. DAVID A. OLLIPHANT, Company A, 7th Engineers. (A. S. No. 914141.) For extraordinary heroism in action at Romagne, France, October 14, 1918. By his energy, initiative, and courage, Sergt. Olliphant located several machine-gun nests and captured nine prisoners and an antitank gun when sent out with three other soldiers to locate the enemy positions. Next of kin, Miss Maggie Lynch, 398 East Front Street, Ashland, Ky.

Sergt. HARRY W. CAMPBELL, Company A, 7th United States Engineers. (A. S. No. 913943.) For extraordinary heroism in action at Romagne, France, October 14, 1918. Sergt. Campbell, on patrol with two other soldiers, captured a machine gun and 13 prisoners, killing two others who tried to escape. Home address, Alva H. Campbell, 1426 Grand Avenue, Dayton, Ohio.

Sergt. HARRY A. WILLIAMSON, Company C, 6th Infantry. (A. S. No. 731861.) For extraordinary heroism in action at Romagne, France, October 14, 1918. While advancing with his platoon, Sergt. Williamson located the position of an enemy machine gun. Without assistance he attacked the gun and successfully accomplished the capture of both gun and crew. Next of kin, Mrs. Nellie Williamson, Mena, Ark.

Corpl. CARL F. TURKOPP, 308th Battery, Trench Artillery, 158th Field Artillery Brigade. (A. S. No. 1956265.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Brabant-sur-Meuse, France, October 23, 1918. During the offensive operations in the Boissoles Bois, Corpl. Turkopp, although wounded by shell fire and knocked down by concussion, returned to his gun and continued to fire. So great was his exhaustion that it was necessary for him to be supported while doing his work. Next of kin, Mrs. Francis Turkopp, wife, One hundred and twenty-first and Chestnut Streets, Lancaster, Ohio.

Sergt. ELVER J. BOWLES, 308th Battery, Trench Artillery, 158th Field Artillery Brigade. (A. S. No. 1956164.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Brabant-sur-Meuse, France, October 23, 1918. During an offensive action in the Boissoles Bois, Sergt. Bowles remained in the open under direct fire of machine gun and artillery, assisting another soldier in operating a trench mortar for 57 minutes, firing 230 bombs. Repeatedly knocked down from concussion from exploding shells and bombs, he remained at his post until exhausted. Next of kin, Miss Cora Bowles, 2515 South Rosewood Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Sergt. HORACE L. HOLLOWAY, 308th Battery, Trench Artillery, 158th Field Artillery Brigade. (A. S. No. 1956210.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Brabant-sur-Meuse, France, October 23, 1918. During an offensive action in Boissoles Bois Sergt. Holloway remained at his post under the most hazardous circumstances. In the open, under fire of machine guns and 77's, he kept his mortar going for 57 minutes, firing 230 bombs. Repeatedly knocked down by concussion of exploding shells, he only ceased firing when exhausted. Next of kin, W. C. Holloway, father, 939 West Franklin Street, Baltimore, Md.

Sergt. CHARLES S. HOOVER, 308th Battery, Trench Artillery, 158th Field Artillery Brigade. (A. S. No. 1956211.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Brabant-sur-Meuse, France, October 23, 1918. Sergt. Hoover during the offensive action in the Boissoles Bois was in charge of two trench mortars. Wounded by shrapnel and knocked down by the explosion of bombs, he returned to the one mortar that was undamaged and continued to fire until it was put out of action. Next of kin, Mrs. Mary A. Hoover, station B, R. F. D. No. 2, Columbus, Ohio.

Corpl. EDWIN F. KEACHIE (deceased), Battery B, 5th Field Artillery. (A. S. No. 124004.) For extraordinary heroism in action at Solissons, France, July 18-24, 1918. Corpl. Keachie displayed unusual ability and courage by taking the place of officers who had been wounded and faithfully performing their duties while his battery position was under severe shelling fire. He continually exposed himself to violent bombardment until killed. Next of kin, Mrs. M. H. Keachie, 7142 Parnell Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

Pvt. (First Class) EARL C. PAYNE (deceased), Medical Detachment, 9th Infantry. (A. S. No. 5789.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Blanc Mont Ridge, France, Oc-

tober 7, 1918. Pvt. Payne displayed exceptional valor and devotion to duty by constantly attending the wounded under machine-gun and artillery fire. He continued his task until mortally wounded while rendering first aid to a wounded soldier under the direct observation of an enemy machine gunner. Home address, James R. Payne, father, 2330 South Eighteenth Street, St. Joseph, Mo.

Sergt. WILLIAM H. CROMPTON, Medical Detachment, 9th Infantry, 2d Battalion. (A. S. No. 5785.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Blanc Mont Ridge, France, October 7, 1918. He continued attending the wounded after the first-aid station, in which he was working, was struck by a shell, which wounded him and killed one of the men. Next of kin, Herbert Crompton, brother, 156 Covel Street, Fall River, Mass.

Pvt. NAPOLEON LAGASSEY, Company K, 23d Infantry. (A. S. No. 51686.) For extraordinary heroism in action near St. Etienne-aux-Arnes, France, October 3-9, 1918. While carrying a message Pvt. Lagassey was wounded in both legs and in the face, but delivered his message to the proper place before he collapsed from loss of blood. Next of kin, Georgianna Lagassey, mother, North Oxford, Mass.

Pvt. JOHN F. SMITH, Machine Gun Company, 5th United States Marine Corps. (A. S. No. 118835.) For extraordinary heroism in action near St. Etienne, France, October 4, 1918. During heavy enemy counterbarrage Pvt. Smith was engaged as a runner. In the execution of his duty he displayed exceptional bravery, carrying messages through intense shell fire, falling severely wounded after his fourth journey. Home address, Margaret D. Knox, mother, 46 West Franklin Street, Downers Grove, Ill.

Pvt. FREDERICK P. CRAVEN, Company C, 165th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2309519.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Landres St. Georges, France, October 15, 1918. After all company and battalion liaison agents had been killed or wounded, in an attempt to deliver an important message to the battalion commander, Pvt. Craven voluntarily undertook the task. Under heavy machine-gun, sniper, and artillery fire he accomplished his mission and returned with an answer. Home address, Patrick Craven, uncle, 8 Sumner Place, Roxbury, Mass.

Corpl. JOHN HAMMOND, Company C, 165th Infantry. (A. S. No. 114213.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Landres-et-St. Georges, France, October 15, 1918. Having observed four liaison men killed in an attempt to reach headquarters with an important position sketch, Corpl. Hammond volunteered to attempt the mission. He not only successfully reached his destination, but also returned to his post, the entire exploit being under most severe fire. Home address, Mrs. James Clark, 189 St. Marks Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Pvt. MICHAEL DONALDSON, Company I, 165th Infantry. (A. S. No. 89388.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Sommerance-Landres-et-St. Georges Road, France, October 14, 1918. Pvt. Donaldson rescued six severely-wounded men from a position extremely exposed to heavy shelling and machine-gun fire of the enemy, necessitating six trips to the crest of a hill to carry the wounded men back to a place of safety. Home address, Julia Donaldson, mother, Haverstraw, N. Y.

Pvt. JOSEPH P. WOODVILLE, Company B, 112th Machine Gun Battalion. (A. S. No. 1290986.) For extraordinary heroism in action in the Bois de Consenvoye, France, October 15, 1918. Pvt. Woodville remained at his gun until the position was destroyed, the other gun sentry killed, and he himself wounded. He refused first aid until the bombardment had lifted and kept up the morale of the other members of his section by his heroism and cheerfulness. Home address, Mrs. Bessie Woodville, mother, Earlhurst, Va.

Sergt. HARRY G. CLARK, Company G, 115th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1283262.) For extraordinary heroism in action in the Bois de Montagne, France, October 15, 1918. Sergt. Clark remained for two days by himself in a sniper's post in advance of the front line, killing 12 enemy scouts. When all of the officers of his company had been incapacitated this soldier took command and steadied his men by his own coolness and courage. He remained on duty until he was severely wounded while leading a combat liaison patrol. Next of kin, James D. Clark, brother, Dawson, Md.

Pvt. BRAINARD W. JOHNSON, Sanitary Detachment, 116th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1290596.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Verdun, France. Pvt. Johnson repeatedly exposed himself to heavy machine-gun fire in giving first aid to the wounded and carrying them to the rear. Through his devotion to duty and disregard of danger many lives were saved. Next of kin, M. W. Johnson, father, Basic City, Va.

Sergt. ANTHONY J. CHIRAFISI, Company H, 11th Infantry. (A. S. No. 736116.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Brandeville, France, November 3, 1918. Sergt. Chirafisi volunteered to establish liaison between the battalions of his regiment. He crossed a valley under heavy artillery fire and climbed for over an hour on a hill exposed to steady machine-gun fire, accomplished his mission, and returned by the same route. Home address, Joseph Chirafisi, father, box No. 35, High Cliff P. O. Wis.

Corpl. TOM SILVER, Company H, 11th Infantry. (A. S. No. 736111.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Fontaines, France, November 6, 1918. Corpl. Silver single handedly captured and destroyed a machine gun which was operating on the flank of his company, making progress possible. Home address, Jesse Silver, brother, E. F. D. No. 1, Comer, Ga.

Sergt. OLEX PHILLIS, Company L, Eleventh Infantry. (A. S. No. 737635.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Brandeville, France, November 5-10, 1918. Sergt. Phillis rendered excellent service on patrols and by volunteering his services for an expedition into the German lines. He captured several machine guns and rendered great assistance to the wounded by giving first aid in the absence of medical personnel. Home address, Steve D. Phillis, father, Mamatzani, Korsinthias, Greece.

Pvt. WILLIAM A. BLACK, Company H, Sixth Infantry. (A. S. No. 732379.) For extraordinary heroism in action during the Meuse offensive November 3-4, 1918. After three runners had been wounded in an attempt to deliver an important message, Pvt. Black volunteered and delivered the message, twice crossing a valley swept by machine-gun and artillery fire, and wading a river filled with ice and slush. Next of kin, Mrs. Margie Black, Clarke, La.

Pvt. CHRIST PAPADAKIS, Company H, Sixth Infantry. (A. S. No. 733237.) For extraordinary heroism in action at Romagnous-Montfaucou, France, October 14-15, 1918. Pvt. Papadakis for more than 48 hours carried litters with wounded or administered alone first aid to wounded while under continuous artillery and machine-gun fire. He continued his work until forced to stop from exhaustion. Next of kin, Mrs. Anna Papadakis, mother, Vlaherontissa, Chania, Crete Island, Greece.

Corpl. ROBERT E. CRAWFORD, Company D, Seventh Engineers. (A. S. No. 915492.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Verdun, France, November 4, 1918. When three boats in a pontoon footbridge across the Meuse River were destroyed by artillery fire, Corpl. Crawford volunteered and waded into the river under heavy shell fire and, by holding up the deck until new boats were launched and placed in position, permitted the uninterrupted crossing of the Infantry. John S. Crawford, father, Myra, Tex.

Sergt. EUGENE P. WALKER, Company D, Seventh Engineers. (A. S. No. 914715.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Verdun, France, November 4, 1918. When three boats in a pontoon bridge across the Meuse River were destroyed by artillery fire, Sergt. Walker volunteered and waded into the river under heavy shell fire, and by holding up the deck until new boats were launched and placed in position, although under great physical strain, permitted the uninterrupted crossing of the Infantry. Home address, Mrs. Sally Walker, mother, 132 Lindsey Street, Reidsville, N. C.

Pvt. JOHN HOGGLE, Company D, Seventh Engineers. (A. S. No. 1348778.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Briedles, France, November 4, 1918. When three of the boats supporting a pontoon bridge across the Meuse River were destroyed by artillery fire, Pvt. Hoggle voluntarily waded into the stream to a depth of four feet, under heavy artillery and machine-gun fire, and held up the deck of the bridge until new boats were launched and placed in position. Home address, Mrs. Sarah Hoggle, mother, Demar, Ala.

SOLDIERS HONORED BY PERSHING FOR HEROISM

Pvt. NOAH L. GUMP, Company B, Seventh Engineers. (A. S. No. 914855.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Brieculles, France, November 5, 1918. When three of the boats supporting a pontoon bridge across the Meuse River were destroyed by artillery fire, Pvt. Gump voluntarily waded into the stream under heavy artillery and machine-gun fire and held up the deck of the bridge until new boats were launched and placed in position. Next of kin, Mrs. Lella Hill, sister, R. F. D. No. 2, Fulton, Kans.

Sergt. JOHN C. BURGIN, Company A, Seventh Engineers. (A. S. No. 913940.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Romagne, France, October 14, 1918. Seriously wounded while advancing with his platoon under terrific shell and machine-gun fire, Sergt. Burgin refused treatment and led his men on to the objective. Next of kin, John Burgin, Bond, Ky.

Pvt. FRED A. CROWE, Company D, Seventh Engineers. (A. S. No. 914831.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Cunel, France, October 14, 1918. This soldier crawled forward under fire from machine guns and snipers and killed two Germans who were operating a machine gun in a tree. Next of kin, Mrs. Clara Crowe, mother, 2431 Bloomington Avenue, Minneapolis, Minn.

Pvt. STANLEY T. MURNANE, Company D, Seventh Engineers. (A. S. No. 914902.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Brieculles, France, November 4-5, 1918. When three of the boats supporting a pontoon bridge across the Meuse River were destroyed by artillery fire, Pvt. Murnane voluntarily waded into the stream under heavy artillery and machine-gun fire and held up the deck of the bridge until new boats were launched and placed in position. Next of kin, Mrs. Mary Murnane, mother, 2228 Marie Avenue, St. Paul, Minn.

Corpl. EARNEST A. CARLSON, 4th Regimental Section, Company C, 9th Field Battalion, Signal Corps. (A. S. No. 1113300.) For extraordinary heroism in action in the Bois de Rappes, France, October 22, 1918. Although he was almost exhausted from gas and fatigue, Corpl. Carlson remained on duty throughout the day and night, laying telephone lines from the regimental relay station to the front lines through heavy barrage fire from artillery and machine guns. Next of kin, Elna Carlson, 907 Franklin Avenue, Houston, Tex.

Corpl. CHESTER V. DAVIS, Company E, 6th Infantry. (A. S. No. 732421.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Brieculles, France, November 4, 1918. Corpl. Davis volunteered to carry a message to the battalion commander, notifying him that our barrage was falling short. Crossing a valley swept by shell and machine-gun fire, he swam the icy Meuse River and succeeded in delivering his message in time to avoid further casualties. Next of kin, Mrs. Rosa Davis Tennyson, Ind.

Sergt. GILMORE TOMLIN, Company G, 6th Infantry. (A. S. No. 732896.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Reigneville, France, September 12, 1918. Facing heavy machine-gun fire, Sergt. Tomlin alone charged a machine gun, which was causing his company many casualties, killed the gunner, and captured the gun. Next of kin, Mrs. Daisy Tomlin, mother, Lynchburg, Va.

Sergt. ANTHONY J. TAVANO, Company D, 11th Machine Gun Battalion. (A. S. No. 1273012.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Verdun, France, October 11, 1918. Sergt. Tavano voluntarily left his cover during a heavy bombardment and brought a wounded officer to a place of safety after the litter bearers were killed. He gave all the assistance possible to these wounded men before they died. Home address, Francisco Tavano, father, Philip Avenue, Dundee Lake, N. J.

Pvt. JOSEPH KANALEY, Company D, 11th Machine Gun Battalion. (A. S. No. 1272983.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Verdun, France, October 11, 1918. Pvt. Kanaley ran along a road that was being heavily shelled and secured a litter, returning with it over the same route, and assisted in carrying a wounded soldier to a first aid station. Home address, Jeremiah T. Kanaley, father, 15 Summer Street, Orange, N. J.

Pvt. RALPH L. WHITNEY, deceased, Company C, 112th Machine Gun Battalion. (A. S. No. 2036685.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Montagne, France, October 15, 1918. During an attack, Pvt. Whitney was fearless in his efforts to bring food and water to his comrades. On the same day he captured 13 Germans without assistance and without regard to his personal safety. Later,

while aiding a wounded comrade, he was severely wounded. Home address, E. E. Whitney, father, R. F. D. No. 7, Ann Harbor, Mich.

Bugler JACOB F. CLINE, deceased, Company D, 11th Machine Gun Battalion. (A. S. No. 1272934.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Verdun, France, October 11, 1918. Bugler Cline voluntarily left cover to carry a litter through an intense bombardment, after the litter bearers had been wounded. He was killed while on this duty. Home address, Jacob F. Cline, father, 148 Hackensack Plank Road, Town of Union, N. J.

Pvt. (First Class) PETER T. MONAHAN (deceased), Company D, 11th Machine Gun Battalion. (A. S. No. 1272997.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Verdun, France, October 11, 1918. During an intense bombardment, Pvt. Monahan volunteered to leave cover and assist in carrying a litter supporting a wounded officer. He was himself killed while engaged on this self-sacrificing mission. Home address, Philip Monahan, St. Frances Hospital, Jersey City, N. J.

Pvt. PLUMMER EVANS, deceased, Company D, 11th Machine Gun Battalion. (A. S. No. 2000093.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Verdun, France, October 11, 1918. Disregarding his own personal safety, Pvt. Evans volunteered to assist in aiding his wounded comrades, leaving his place of safety, during an intense bombardment. While performing this meritorious work, he himself was killed. Home address, Nelson Evans, father, Soldier, Ky.

Pvt. ANTHONY WOZNIACK (deceased), Company B, 5th Machine Gun Battalion. (A. S. No. 107548.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Somme-Py, France, October 3, 1918. While going over the top with his company, Pvt. Wozniack was wounded in the foot. Immediately afterwards he rejoined his squad and remained in action for 60 hours, until again severely wounded. Next of kin, Magdalena Wozniack, mother, 6613 Kazemer Street, Cleveland, Ohio.

Pvt. STANLEY VERCOC, Medical Detachment, 5th Machine Gun Battalion. (A. S. No. 807295.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Thiaucourt, France, September 13, 1918. In a territory swept by the direct fire of two German batteries, Pvt. Vercoc displayed fearlessness and devotion to duty in giving first aid to the wounded and carrying them to a place of safety. Next of kin, Mrs. Linda Vercoc, mother, 222 East Division Street, Ishpeming, Mich.

Sergt. JAMES M. CLAFLIN, Medical Detachment, 5th Machine Gun Battalion. (A. S. No. 5911.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Thiaucourt, France, September 13, 1918. In a territory swept by the direct fire of two German batteries Sergt. Claflin displayed great courage and devotion to duty in giving first aid to the wounded and in superintending their removal to a place of safety. Next of kin, George B. Claflin, father, Riverton, N. J.

Pvt. JOE LIMON (deceased), Company M, 4th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2268298.) For extraordinary heroism in action near St. Thibaut, France, August 10, 1918. Wounded in a scouting mission, Pvt. Limon remained on observation until he had gained valuable information. After having his wound dressed, he returned to duty and made several trips to the flank regiments, each time bringing back valuable information for our own troops and of the enemy. He later voluntarily located a mine-thrower and heavy mortar emplacement from which the enemy was firing on neighboring troops. Home address: Ermic Limon, Entowa, Barco de Baldioras, Provincia de Creuse, Spain.

Corpl. THOMAS GASSOWAY, Company B, 6th Infantry. (A. S. No. 731703.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Fontaines, France, November 7, 1918. Corpl. Gassoway, accompanied by three other soldiers, volunteered and went out under heavy machine-gun and artillery fire to rescue a wounded comrade. Failing in the first attempt, they again tried and this time succeeded in bringing the wounded man to shelter. Home address, William Gassoway, Vanceburg, Ky.

Pvt. ROLAND D. LYNCH, Company B, 6th Infantry. (A. S. No. 731749.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Fontaines, France, November 7, 1918. Pvt. Lynch accompanied by three other soldiers volunteered and went out under heavy machine-gun and artillery fire to rescue a wounded comrade. Failing in the first attempt, they again tried and this time succeeded in bringing the wounded man to shelter. Home address, James W. Lynch father, R. F. D. No. 2, Elbridge, Tenn.

Pvt. RUSSEL K. ADAIR, Company B, 6th Infantry. (A. S. No. 731659.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Fontaines, France, November 7, 1918. Pvt. Adair, accompanied by three other soldiers volunteered and went out under heavy machine-gun and artillery fire to rescue a wounded comrade. Failing in the first attempt they again tried, and this time succeeded in bringing the wounded man to shelter. Home address, Mrs. Eliza Adair, mother, Tolesboro, Ky.

Pvt. CLARENCE AWBREY, Company B, 6th Infantry. (A. S. No. 731663.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Fontaines, France, November 7, 1918. Pvt. Awbrey accompanied by three other soldiers volunteered and went out under heavy machine-gun and artillery fire to rescue a wounded comrade. Failing in the first attempt they again tried, and this time succeeded in bringing the wounded man to shelter. Home address, Mrs. Sarah Jane Awbrey, mother, Taylorsville, Ky.

Sergt. JOSEPH A. BOUCHARD, Company G, 5th Ammunition Train. (A. S. No. 1408465.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Septsarges, France, October 24, 1918. When an enemy shell struck some pyrotechnics stored in the ammunition dump of his organization Sergt. Bouchard directed and assisted in the removal of inflammable material, and placed the fire under control. Through his coolness and courage the destruction of a large quantity of near-by ammunition was avoided. Home address, Hortance Bouchard, father, 624 St. Jean Avenue, Detroit, Mich.

Pvt. CHARLES GUSTOFSON, Company G, 5th Ammunition Train. (A. S. No. 1409011.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Septsarges, France, October 24, 1918. When an enemy shell struck some pyrotechnics stored in the ammunition dump of his organization Pvt. Gustofson assisted in removing inflammable material and placing the fire under control. Through his coolness and courage the destruction of a large quantity of near-by ammunition was avoided. Home address, W. L. Chamberlain, 294 Willow Street, Waterbury, Conn.

Wagoner DAVID U. LATHAM, Company G, 5th Ammunition Train. (A. S. No. 1408986.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Septsarges, France, October 24, 1918. When an enemy shell struck some pyrotechnics stored in the ammunition dump of his organization, Wagoner Latham assisted in removing inflammable material and placing the fire under control. Through his coolness and courage, the destruction of a large quantity of near-by ammunition was avoided. Home address, John Williams, uncle, Asburg, N. C.

Sergt. GEORGE W. ALBRECHT, Company G, 5th Ammunition Train. (A. S. No. 1408457.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Septsarges, France, October 24, 1918. When an enemy shell struck some pyrotechnics stored in the ammunition dump of his organization, Sergt. Albrecht directed and assisted in the removal of inflammable material and placing the fire under control. Through his coolness and courage, the destruction of a large quantity of near-by ammunition was avoided. Home address, Joseph Albrecht, father, 446 Nineteenth Street, East Woline, Ill.

Col. HARRY S. HOWLAND, 138th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Cheppy, France, September 26, 1918. After losing touch with his first and second line battalions, due to unusually heavy fog, Col. Howland, with a mixed detachment (partly noncombatant), penetrated to a point immediately in front of the German line of resistance. While getting better cover for his detachment under heavy shell fire and direct machine-gun fire, Col. Howland was wounded in the hand by a shell fragment. After three hours' delay, tanks arrived, and Col. Howland advanced with his detachment, taking the enemy position with many prisoners. After remaining in the attack for over seven hours he was evacuated because of the wound in his hand. Home address, Mrs. John C. McKeon, aunt, 843 South El Mollino Street, Pasadena, Cal.

Corpl. EARL ROSS, Company B, 5th Ammunition Train. (A. S. No. 1408317.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Septsarges, France, October 24, 1918. When an enemy shell struck some pyrotechnics stored in the ammunition dump of his organization, Corpl. Ross directed and assisted in the removal of inflammable material and placing the fire under control. Through his coolness and courage, the destruction of a large quantity of near-by ammunition was avoided. Home address, Mrs. Eliza Ross, mother, 1010 North Main Street, Savanna, Ill.

SOLDIERS HONORED BY PERSHING FOR HEROISM

Sergt. FRED F. SPIVEY, Company B, 6th Infantry. (A. S. No. 731815.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Romagne, France, October 14-18, 1918. Sergt. Spivey set a splendid example to his men while in command of a platoon under severe machine-gun fire, personally capturing two machine guns. Home address, David Spivey, father, Vincent, Ky.

Corpl. ALVA LEE JOHNSON, Company G, 5th Ammunition Train. (A. S. No. 2240264.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Septarges, France, October 24, 1918. When an enemy shell struck some pyrotechnics stored in the ammunition dump of his organization, Corpl. Johnson directed and assisted in the removal of inflammable material and placing the fire under control. Through his coolness and courage the destruction of a large quantity of near-by ammunition was avoided. Home address, Mrs. L. J. Johnson, mother, 1800 Mayoffin Avenue, El Paso, Tex.

Corpl. CHARLES C. HAMMONS, Company G, 5th Ammunition Train. (A. S. No. 2240266.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Septarges, France, October 24, 1918. When an enemy shell struck some pyrotechnics stored in the ammunition dump of his organization, Corpl. Hammons directed and assisted in the removal of inflammable material and placing the fire under control. Through his coolness and courage the destruction of a large quantity of near-by ammunition was voided. Home address, Mrs. Amanda Hammons, mother, rural route 3-A, Post City, Tex.

Corpl. WALTER S. SEVALIA, Company F, 7th Engineers. (A. S. No. 915300.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Breuille, France, November 3, 1918. Corpl. Sevalia swam the Meuse River with a cable for a pontoon bridge, under direct machine-gun fire. Later he carried a cable for another bridge over the Est Canal, across an open field covered by enemy machine guns. Here he was wounded by a machine-gun bullet, but returned carrying a message of great importance. Home address, Mrs. Mary Stewart, mother, Brule, Wis.

Sergt. JACK BENNET, Company K, 11th Infantry. (A. S. No. 736647.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Louppy, France, November 10, 1918. Sergt. Bennet led a patrol in a flank attack on a machine-gun nest which was holding up the advance, and though half of his party was killed or wounded, he succeeded in putting the gun out of action. Coming under the fire of another machine gun, he was forced to take cover till after dark when he returned to our lines, bringing with him the wounded men. Next of kin, Ed. Bennet, Tulsa, Okla.

Sergt. LLOYD L. FERGUSON, Company L, 11th Infantry. (A. S. No. 736952.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Brandeville, France, November 8-9, 1918. After leading his platoon against a superior number of the enemy, Sergt. Ferguson was wounded and taken to an aid station, where he was ordered evacuated. He refused, and rejoined his company the following day, and was again wounded while advancing at the head of his platoon. Next of kin, Harry Ferguson, father, R. F. D. No. 1, Chatfield, Minn.

Sergt. GEORGE L. ELLIS, Company M, 11th Infantry. (A. S. No. 737106.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Briuelles, France, November 4, 1918. While his regiment was trying to force a crossing over the Meuse River, Sergt. Ellis swam and saved the lives of two of his comrades who had become exhausted in the cold water. Next of kin, G. S. Ellis, father, Millstown, Ga.

Pvt. HARLEY S. EDWARDS, Battery E, 12th Field Artillery. (A. S. No. 2308707.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Somme-Py, France, October 4-5, 1918. During a violent enemy counterbarrage, Pvt. Edwards, with Pvt. Russell Moran, remained on duty for 14 hours, repairing the telephone line from their battery position to the battalion post of command, 250 meters away. Within this period the wires were cut by shell fire more than 20 times, but these two soldiers, displaying remarkable coolness and disregard of danger, promptly mended all breaks and maintained constant communication between the battalion and the battery commanders. Next of kin, Mrs. H. S. Edwards, wife, Titusville, Pa.

Pvt. RUSSELL MORAN, Battery E, 12th Field Artillery. (A. S. No. 127276.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Somme-Py, France, October 4-5, 1918. During a violent enemy counterbarrage, Pvt. Moran, with Pvt. Harley S. Edwards, remained on duty for 14

hours repairing the telephone line from their battery position to the battalion post of command, 250 meters away. Within this period the wires were cut by shell fire more than 20 times, but these two soldiers, displaying remarkable coolness and disregard of danger, promptly mended all breaks and maintained constant communication between the battalion and the battery commander. Next of kin, Mrs. Charles Moran, mother, 1321 Mary Street, Utica, N. Y.

Pvt. ROY H. STEININGER, Medical Detachment, Company C, 9th Infantry. (A. S. No. 5815.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Medea Ferme, France, October 4, 1918. After several men of his company had been wounded, Pvt. Steininger repeatedly left cover, exposing himself in an open field to enemy machine-gun fire, in order to bring in wounded and administer first aid. Home address, Mrs. James De Kaib, 925 Upland Street, Chester, Pa.

Corpl. DAVID B. HUNT, Machine Gun Company, 101st Infantry. (A. S. No. 62967.) For extraordinary heroism in action at Bourbellin, France, July 16, 1918. When an artillery barrage was laid down on the section of which he was a member, killing three and wounding five, including the section sergeant and corporal, Corpl. Hunt, severely wounded himself, carried the sergeant to the first-aid station, returned to his post through the barrage, assumed leadership of the section, and successfully directed their operations until he fell from exhaustion. Next of kin, M. O. Hunt, brother, 59 Fourth Street, Portland, Ore.

Sergt. CHARLES R. BARTON, Company L, 103d Infantry. (A. S. No. 89290.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Belleau Woods, France, July 20, 1918. Wounded in the leg by a machine-gun bullet, Sergt. Barton dressed his wound and continued to lead his section in a successful attack on two machine-gun nests. He remained on duty for 14 hours, until weakness forced him to be evacuated. Next of kin, Mrs. Clara E. Barton, mother, 197 Hildale Avenue, Haverhill, Mass.

Corpl. THOMAS A. UPTON (deceased), Company B, 104th Infantry. (A. S. No. 71276.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Belleau, France, July 21, 1918. Corpl. Upton voluntarily crossed a zone swept by machine-gun and shell fire to aid wounded soldiers and was killed. Next of kin, Miss Florence Upton, sister, Pennsylvania Pier, Salem, Mass.

Pvt. JAMES G. WALSH, Company D, 101st Engineers. (A. S. No. 185183.) For extraordinary heroism in action in the Belleau Woods, France, July 16-18, 1918. While out on a working party and fired on by the enemy, Pvt. Walsh cared for the wounded. Two days later, when his platoon was ordered to attack he was the first man over the top. A machine-gun nest delivering a violent enflaming fire from the opposite side of a railroad cut, Pvt. Walsh ran across the track alone to put it out of action and fell wounded before the gun. Next of kin, Daniel Walsh, father, 63 Patten Street, Forest Hills, Mass.

Corpl. WILLIAM POZZI, Company G, 104th Infantry. (A. S. No. 72534.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Belleau, France, July 21, 1918. Corporal Pozzi voluntarily left his trench and ran through heavy shell fire to the aid of a wounded soldier and carried him to safety. Next of kin, Carmine Pozzi, father, Tuluca, Ill.

Pvt. EDGAR A. ROHAN, Company A, 104th Infantry. (A. S. No. 71217.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Belleau and Epieds, France, July 20-23, 1918. After receiving several wounds, Pvt. Rohan took charge of an automatic rifle and continued in action for three days. Next of kin, Mrs. J. H. Rohan, mother, New Durham, N. H.

Pvt. HAROLD S. SAURMAN, Sanitary Detachment, 102d Machine Gun Battalion. (A. S. No. 2991.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Trugny, France, July 22-23, 1918. Pvt. Saurman displayed remarkable courage in going out under heavy machine-gun and artillery fire, going aid to wounded soldiers and carrying them back to the dressing stations. Next of kin, Mrs. George W. Saurman, mother, 21 Berwick Street, Bedford, Mass.

Corpl. JAMES E. BROWN, Company M, 103d Infantry. (A. S. No. 69546.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Torcy and Belleau, France, July 18-20, 1918. Corpl. Brown displayed exceptional bravery as a member of a patrol of six men, which entered Belleau from the rear and captured four prisoners. He also worked untiringly in the evacuation of wounded at Torcy in the face of constant and intense shell fire. Later, when

his platoon commander and most of the commissioned officers had been incapacitated, Corpl. Brown took command of his platoon and skillfully led it in the advance, keeping his command together under heavy shell and machine-gun fire until he was struck four times. Next of kin, Mrs. James E. Brown, 9 Ellinwood Place, Revere, Mass.

Pvt. EUGENE DUBIE, Company C, 103d Infantry. (A. S. No. 67364.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Belleau, France, July 20, 1918. Pvt. Dubie displayed exceptional courage and initiative in single-handed attacks on groups of hostile machine-gun crews. In the face of murderous fire he led attacks in which centers of enemy resistance were overpowered. Next of kin, Thomas Dubie, Chisholm, Me.

Corpl. FRANCIS P. MALONE, Company B, 102d Machine Gun Battalion. (A. S. No. 109795.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Trugny, France, July 22-23, 1918. After all the other members of his squad had become casualties, Corpl. Malone volunteered and led two other squads on a machine-gun nest which he had located and put it out of action with the first burst of shot. Later he helped dress wounded men of his squad and evacuated them under heavy artillery and machine-gun fire. Although severely gassed next day, Corpl. Malone continued in the advance. Next of kin, Timothy J. Malone, father, 778 State Street, New Haven, Conn.

Corpl. WILLIAM HAYNES, Company I, 104th Infantry. (A. S. No. 73016.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Ghivy, France, July 20, 1918. Upon learning that a soldier lay wounded in a shell hole, Corpl. Haynes voluntarily left shelter, went through a heavy machine-gun fire and carried the wounded soldier to the dressing station. Next of kin, William J. Haynes, father, 179 Hitchbond Street, Revere, Mass.

Pvt. (First Class) FRITZ HEDLUND, Company F, 101st Infantry. (A. S. No. 69879.) For extraordinary heroism in action in Trugny Woods, France, July 23, 1918. Pvt. Hedlund, a runner, maintained liaison between his company commander and an isolated combat group. Passing through two German attacking waves under intense fire, he reached the combat group. On the return trip several Germans attempted to take him prisoner. He shot one of them, bayoneted another, and escaped from the others. He made three more trips to the combat group and kept up constant liaison. Next of kin, Mrs. Telca Hedlund, mother, 194 Robbins Street, Waltham, Mass.

Pvt. DANIEL WHITAKER, Company D, 6th Infantry. (A. S. No. 732334.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Fontaine, France, November 8, 1918. While engaged as company runner, Pvt. Whitaker displayed rare devotion to duty by carrying messages through heavy machine-gun fire, continuing his work after being severely wounded. Next of kin, J. W. Whitaker, father, Lancaster, S. C.

Pvt. ANGELO CASSELO, Company D, 6th Infantry. (A. S. No. 732149.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Fontaine, France, November 8, 1918. While engaged as scout, Pvt. Casselo put to flight an enemy machine-gun crew unaided and maintained his distance ahead of his company in the face of flanking machine-gun fire, which had prevented others from gaining ground. Next of kin, Raymond Casselo, father, Trezianona, Italy.

Sergt. FRED SMITH, Company M, 11th Infantry. (A. S. No. 737107.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Vieville, France, September 12, 1918. After being gassed and shot through the shoulder early in the morning, Sergt. Smith continued to lead his platoon through the day, refusing to return to the first-aid station for treatment. Home address, Mrs. Rose Smith, mother, Dayton, Ohio.

First Sergt. CORBETT MEEKS, Company H, 11th Infantry. (A. S. No. 737376.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Cunel, France, October 21, 1918. During a counter-attack, First Sergt. Meeks advanced alone over open country, under heavy machine-gun fire, to a sniping point, and by his efficient resistance, greatly aided in the breaking up of the counterattack. Home address, Mrs. Myrtle Nickell, sister, Lee City, Ky.

Pvt. JOSEPH THORNTON, Company L, 11th Infantry. (A. S. No. 737074.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Thiaucourt, France, September 12, 1918. By the effective use of an automatic rifle, Pvt. Thornton advanced without aid on the entrenched position of the enemy, forcing their surrender.

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Despite severe wounds, he continued to advance and assisted in locating and routing other machine-gun nests. Home address, Thomas Thornton, father, Glencoe, Ohio.

First Sergt. GEORGE BERKLEY, Company K, 11th Infantry. (A. S. No. 736604.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Cunel, France, October 14-18, 1918. After all the officers of his company had been killed or wounded, Sergt. Berkley successfully led his men until compelled, through wounds, to leave the field. Home address, Finer F. Berkley, father, Golden Pond, Ky.

Corpl. GREENE STROTHERS, Company G, 11th Infantry. (A. S. No. 735870.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Vieville, France, September 12, 1918. Although on duty with the regimental chaplain, Corpl. Strotthers requested and was granted permission to accompany the first wave. Aided by a fellow soldier, Corpl. Strotthers successfully accomplished the capture of 14 prisoners and their machine guns. Home address, John Strotthers, father, Mitchell, La.

Sergt. NEWMAN DAVIS, Company D, 11th Infantry. (A. S. No. 735171.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Brandeville, France, November 7-8, 1918. After all the officers of his company had become casualties, Sergt. Davis (then a corporal) took command, displaying exceptional gallantry in leading his men. Home address, Ambrose Davis, father, Jacksonville, Fla.

Pvt. DANIEL ERB, Company D, 11th Infantry. (A. S. No. 735179.) For extraordinary heroism in action near the village of Dun-sur-Meuse, France, November 5, 1918. Having become separated from the remainder of his company, Pvt. Erb, discovered and captured single-handed a hostile machine-gun crew. Taking his prisoners to a dugout near by, he found 48 more Germans, whom he also disarmed. Home address, Mrs. Mary Erb, mother, Munige, Pa.

Pvt. FRANK ENDLER, Company D, 8th Infantry. (A. S. No. 732170.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Fontaine, France, November 8, 1918. Pvt. Endler, while preceding his platoon in an advance met two German machine-gun groups, and by his rifle fire and accurate information, sent back to his platoon, made it possible for that flank of his company to advance. During the engagement he saved many lives by carrying valuable information to his company commander through heavy machine-gun fire. Next of kin, Mrs. Elizabeth Endler, Avella, Pa.

Pvt. LESTER BROWN, Company M, 11th Infantry. (A. S. No. 737186.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Jouilly, France, November 10, 1918. After a small patrol had failed to silence a machine gun, Pvt. Brown rushed forward with an automatic rifle, through a heavy machine-gun fire, and was wounded. Home address, W. C. Finley, uncle, 535 North Academy Street, Murfreesboro, Tenn.

Sergt. FRED M. MARLOWE, 74th Company, Sixth Marines. (A. S. No. 120330.) For extraordinary heroism in action at Mim St. Georges, France, November 1, 1918. Sergt. Marlowe had just taken command of his platoon, owing to the senior platoon sergeant having been wounded, when the advancing line was held up by a concentration of enemy machine-gun fire. Taking two other soldiers with him, he rushed a German machine-gun nest and put it out of action. The capture of this nest compelled the surrender of the remaining machine gunners in the vicinity and the line was again able to advance. Eighty prisoners and nine machine guns were captured through this bold exploit. Home address, Mrs. Carrie R. Marlowe, Greensburg, Ind.

Pvt. (first class) GEORGE T. WAITE, deceased, Headquarters Company, Fourth Infantry. (A. S. No. 2337545.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Roncheres, France, July 28, 1918. Exposing himself to heavy shell fire Pvt. Waite kept in repair the telephone wire to the front line, succeeding in his mission despite the fact that shell fire was causing repeated breaks while he was thus engaged. Next of kin, G. A. Waite, father, Butte, N. Dak.

Corpl. JOHN L. COAKLEY, Battery B, 17th Field Artillery. (A. S. No. 131750.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Somme-Py, France, October 9, 1918. Although seriously wounded and still exposed to enemy shell fire Corpl. Coakley refused treatment until three other members of his squad had been removed and attended to. Next of kin, Mrs. Rose Coakley, mother, 373 South Boake Street, Kansas City, Kans.

Corpl. WALTER S. HILLER, Company H, Fifth Marines. (A. S. No. 119447.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Bellefontaine-Farm, France, November 10, 1918. Under direct fire from seven enemy machine guns Corpl. Hiller led a detachment across the River Meuse and destroyed a machine-gun nest which occupied a dominating position 1,000 yards in advance of his company. Next of kin, Ganle C. Hiller, mother, 827 Jefferson Street, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Pvt. JOHN S. HANEY, Company H, Fifth Marines. (A. S. No. 291599.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Beaumont, France, November 10, 1918. Pvt. Haney displayed exceptional courage in voluntarily advancing on and destroying machine guns which were firing directly on his company. Next of kin, Mrs. C. G. Haney, mother, Cleveland, Okla.

Pvt. PETER FUNK, Machine Gun Company, Fifth United States Marine Corps. (A. S. No. 119341.) For extraordinary heroism in action near St. Etienne, France, October 4, 1918. Pvt. Funk, together with his corporal, advanced under heavy artillery and machine-gun fire to a forward position, where Pvt. Funk operated the machine gun, doing great damage to the enemy. These two remained with their gun in a far advanced position, alone, until their ammunition was exhausted. Next of kin, Anthony Funk, father, R. F. D. No. 10, College Hill, Mount, Healthy, Ohio.

Sergt. VERNON J. CROSSEN, deceased, Company E, Fifth Marines. (A. S. No. 271352.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Landres et St. Georges, France, November 1-4, 1918. While Sergt. Crossen was forming an attack a shell hit in the midst of his platoon. Disregarding the heavy counter barrage he reorganized his command and led them in attack, continuing for three days, when he was killed. Next of kin, John Crossen, father, Dalt Hotel, San Francisco, Cal.

(Gunnery Sergt. SAMUEL CLARKSTON, Machine Gun Company, Fifth Marines. (A. S. No. 118694.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Beaumont, France, November 10-11, 1918. Leading the one remaining machine-gun crew across the River Meuse Sergt. Clarkston, under trying conditions, established a stronghold from which he inflicted severe losses on the enemy. Next of kin, Mrs. Jane Clarkston, mother, general delivery, Druprock, Ky.

Corpl. GEORGE W. SCHREECH, 82d Company, 6th Marines. (A. S. No. 121845.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Rayonville, France, November 1, 1918. Corpl. Schreech volunteered and went forward to reconnoiter a ravine infested with hostile machine-gun and artillery positions, returning with several prisoners. Home address, Mrs. Sarah Schreech, mother, Kansas, Ill.

Second Lieut. JAMES B. MCCONNELL (deceased), 4th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Les Franquettes Farm, France, July 23, 1918. Lieut. McConnell continued in command of his platoon after having part of his face shot away by a machine-gun bullet. He later died of his wound. Next of kin, Mrs. Susan S. McConnell, wife, 101 Alexander Avenue, Syracuse, N. Y.

Sergt. CHARLES L. MAIN, Machine Gun Company, 38th Infantry. (A. S. No. 552263.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Launay, France, Sergt. Main, with an officer and another soldier of his company, attacked a patrol of seven Germans, who had captured four American soldiers, killed one of the Germans, and captured the others. Next of kin, Harry E. Main, father, Mechanic Street, Rasseville, Pa.

Sergt. TONY W. KANE, Company H, 5th Regiment United States Marine Corps. (A. S. No. 117685.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Beaumont, France, November 10, 1918. Sergt. Kane reconnoitered the position of enemy machine guns which were holding up the advance of his company across the Meuse. After he had located them, he alone silenced the fire of two guns, thus making possible the continuance of his company's advance. Home address, Mrs. Mary Kane, mother, 1056 Milwaukee Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

Pvt. WILBERT W. SINCLAIR, Company H, 5th Regiment, United States Marine Corps. (A. S. No. 117835.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Beaumont, France, November 10, 1918. Pvt. Sinclair alone reconnoitered the position of enemy machine guns which were holding up the advance of his company across the Meuse. After he had located them, he silenced the fire of two guns, thus making possible the continuance of his

company's advance. Home address, Asa F. Sinclair, father, Woodstock, N. H.

Pvt. TONY GASPARATTO, Company B, 119th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1999797.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Bellecourt, France, September 29, 1918. During the operations against Bellecourt, Pvt. Gasparatto, without assistance, charged an enemy position, taking and returning with 26 prisoners. Home address, Joseph Gasparatto, father, Lockhart, Ill.

First Sergt. HAROLD GREENE, Company H, 107th Infantry. (A. S. No. 121192.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Ronssoy, France, September 29, 1918. When his commanding officer was severely wounded and evacuated, First Sergt. Greene took command of the company and led it into effective combat. He continued to lead the company forward through a terrific fire of artillery and machine guns for more than a mile after being severely wounded, and refused to be evacuated until he had received a second wound which made it impossible for him to continue further. Home address, Mrs. Cora M. Greene, wife, 100 Hawley Street, Dinghamton, N. Y.

Sergt. HENRY G. HULL, Company H, 107th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1211207.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Bony, France, September 29, 1918. After being severely wounded in the head, Sergt. Hull reorganized a badly scattered line in the midst of heavy shell and machine-gun fire and led it into effective combat against the enemy. He continued to lead his men forward until loss of blood compelled him to place another in command. Home address, R. W. Hull, father, 70 South Broadway, White Plains, N. Y.

Corpl. GEORGE A. DUPREE, Battery B, 104th Field Artillery. (A. S. No. 1217159.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Montzeville, France, September 14, 1918. When a continuous bombardment had set fire to the camouflage covering of a large ammunition dump of 75-millimeter shells and exploded nine of the shells, Corpl. Dupree, utterly disregarding his personal safety, left a sheltered position and ran to the dump, and with the aid of three other men extinguished the fire, not only saving the ammunition but also preventing the ascertainment of the exact location of the dump by the enemy. Home address, Mrs. Alexander Dupree, mother, 118 East Eighty-eighth Street, New York City.

Mechanic HERBERT M. BRINK, Battery B, 104th Field Artillery. (A. S. No. 1217103.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Montzeville, France, September 14, 1918. When a continuous bombardment had set fire to the camouflage covering of a large ammunition dump of 75-millimeter shells and exploded nine of the shells, Mechanic Brink, utterly disregarding his personal safety, left a sheltered position and ran to the dump, and with the aid of three other men extinguished the fire, not only saving the ammunition but also preventing the ascertainment of the exact location of the dump by the enemy. Home address, Mrs. Julia Brink, mother, 3107 Bailey Avenue, New York City.

Pvt. (First Class) FRANK H. KENNY, jr., Company H, 107th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1211265.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Ronssoy, France, September 29, 1918. When his commanding officer fell wounded, Pvt. Kenny made his way through intense machine-gun fire to his first sergeant and notified him that he should assume command of the company. He then continued with the company until the advance was checked and the first sergeant severely wounded, when he made his way in search of the next in command. Falling to find him, he organized a squad of slightly wounded men, and with an automatic rifle and ammunition, which he salvaged, mopped up a section of the enemy trench, and then rejoined his company in its continued advance. Home address, Frank H. Kenny, father, Gaylor Street, Tuckahoe, N. Y.

Pvt. (First Class) WILLIAM B. NETTE, Battery B, 104th Field Artillery. (A. S. No. 1217108.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Montzeville, France, September 14, 1918. When a continuous bombardment had set fire to the camouflage covering of a large ammunition dump of 75-millimeter shells and exploded nine of the shells, Pvt. Nette, utterly disregarding his personal safety, left a sheltered position and ran to the dump, and with the aid of three other men extinguished the fire, not only saving the ammunition but also preventing the ascertainment of the exact location of the dump by the enemy. Home address, Mrs. C. Nette, mother, 213 East Eighty-ninth Street, New York City.

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Pvt. RALPH B. SULLIVAN, Battery B, 104th Field Artillery. (A. S. No. 1217078.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Montzeville, France, September 14, 1918. When a continuous bombardment had set fire to the camouflage covering of a large ammunition dump of 75 mm. shells and exploded nine of the shells, Pvt. Sullivan utterly disregarding his personal safety left a sheltered position and ran to the dump, and, with the aid of three other men, extinguished the fire, not only saving the ammunition but also preventing the ascertainment of the exact location of the dump by the enemy. Home address, Mrs. Eugene Sullivan (mother), 166 West One Hundred Twenty-eighth Street, New York City.

First Lieut. PERCY M. HALL (deceased), 107th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Ronsoy, France, September 29, 1918. Disregarding his extremely weak condition, Lieut. Hall insisted on going into attack with his company. Recent illness made it nearly impossible for him to stand, still he went to all parts of the line during an enemy counter barrage and murderous machine-gun fire, maintaining his platoon formations. By giving his overcoat to a wounded man, he so exposed himself that he died shortly afterwards from the effects. Next of kin, Mrs. Joseph A. Howe (sister), 43 Brunswick Road, Montclair, N. J.

Sergt. FREDERICK H. BROWN, jr. (deceased), Company I, 107th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1211483.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Ronsoy, France, September 29, 1918. On two occasions Sergt. Brown averted heavy casualties in his platoon by going forward and, single handed, destroying machine-gun nests with hand grenades. At the time of his death, Sergt. Brown had brought his platoon to the farthest point of advance. Next of kin, Mrs. Frederick H. Brown (mother), Dana Place, Englewood, N. J.

Sergt. FRANK E. DEE, Company I, 107th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1211440.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Ronsoy, France, September 29, 1918. When the advance of his platoon had been held up by direct machine-gun fire, Sergt. Dee, severely wounded during the advance, went out in plain view of the enemy, pulled the pin of a grenade with his teeth; and, throwing the bomb with his left arm put the gun and its crew out of action. Home address, Maurice E. Dee, father, 4 Pearl Lake Street, Waterbury, Conn.

Sergt. WILLIAM DAUSCH (deceased), Company I, 107th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1211430.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Ronsoy, France, September 29, 1918. During operations against the Hindenburg line, Sergt. Dausch rendered valuable assistance and demonstrated rare courage in attacking and destroying two enemy machine-gun nests by the accurate fire of his rifle. Even after being mortally wounded in the head, he continued in the combat until he collapsed. Next of kin, Mrs. Katherin Dausch, mother, 35 East Ninety-third Street, New York, N. Y.

Sergt. PHILIP GARY, Company I, 107th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1211451.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Ronsoy, France, September 29, 1918. Organizing a platoon of survivors of a battalion, Sergt. Gary led them in attack against the enemy. Under terrific shell and machine-gun fire, he advanced against an enemy machine-gun nest, and by the effective use of hand grenades, killed or wounded the crew and destroyed the gun. Home address, Mrs. Willis L. Gary, mother, 154 Raiston Avenue, East Orange, N. J.

Sergt. GEORGE ROWE, Company I, 107th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1211444.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Ronsoy, France, September 29, 1918. Although seriously wounded, Sergt. Rowe continued to lead his platoon in operations against the Hindenburg line, refusing to be evacuated, until ordered to the rear by his commanding officer. Home address, Mrs. William H. Rowe, mother, Ossining, N. Y.

Corpl. MERRITT D. CUTLER, Company I, 107th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1211452.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Ronsoy, France, September 29, 1918. Although suffering from wounds, Corpl. Cutler went forth under treacherous enemy fire and dragged two wounded comrades to safety. Later the same day he organized a stretcher party and brought in three wounded comrades under machine-gun fire, which was so severe that it had stopped the advance of neighboring troops. Home address, Timothy R. Cutler, father, 101 Park Avenue, New York, N. Y.

Mechanic EDWIN W. McLAUGHLIN, Company I, 107th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1211454.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Ronsoy, France, September 29, 1918. While the rest of his company was being held up by intensive machine-gun fire of the enemy, Mechanic McLaughlin advanced alone and put the guns out of action. On several other occasions he volunteered and accompanied patrols in attacks against enemy nests, each time proving himself of the greatest assistance, successfully accomplishing his mission, despite great hazards. Home address, Miss Margaret McLaughlin, sister, 1383 Ogden Avenue, Bronx, New York, N. Y.

Corpl. JESSE LUNSFORD, Company G, 120th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1320930.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Bellcourt, France, September 29, 1918. Corpl. Lunsford attacked, single handed, a machine-gun post from which a destructive fire was being directed against his company. While he was approaching the nest the machine gun shot the butt of his rifle and cut a hole in his breeches, but he succeeded in getting close enough to the nest to throw four hand grenades into it and then killed the gunner with his bayonet. Home address, William A. Lunsford, father, Timber Lake, S. C.

Pvt. (First Class) ROBERT C. BUCHANAN, Company B, 54th Infantry. (A. S. No. 419002.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Metzera, Alsace, September 16-17, 1918. On the night of September 16-17 Pvt. Buchanan led a patrol into an entirely unfamiliar sector of the enemy positions and without artillery support captured four prisoners and secured much valuable information; despite the heavy hostile grenade, rifle, automatic rifle, and machine-gun fire, he cut through the enemy's electrified wire and overcame a sentry without losing a man. Three of the prisoners were captured by Pvt. Buchanan when he alone stormed a barricaded dugout and disarmed three Germans. Home address, Will Buchanan, father, Bluefield, W. Va.

Corpl. CLARENCE E. CARROLL, Company E, 52d Infantry. (A. S. No. 741520.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Amplersbach, France, September 28, 1918. Although badly wounded, Corpl. Carroll continued in action against an attempted raid by the enemy until he was blinded by the explosion of a hand grenade. His determination was evidenced by the remark, "I can't see, you give it to them," which he made when passing his rifle to a sergeant of his company. Home address, Mrs. R. H. Meredith, sister, Winnsboro, La.

Second Lieut. CLINTON S. BREESE, observer, 12th Aero Squadron. For extraordinary heroism in action near Argonne, France, November 2, 1918. While on an infantry contact mission, Lieut. Breese and his pilot were attacked by four enemy planes and driven back, but realizing the importance of their mission, deliberately returned and attacked the four planes, sending one to the earth and driving the others away. Unmindful of the damaged condition of their plane and of their own danger, they then flew for an hour within 100 meters of the ground through a continuous heavy machine-gun fire until they had accurately located our front-line positions. Home address, R. P. Breese, father, 115 McCall Street, Waukesha, Wis.

First Lieut. KENNETH H. HOLDEN, pilot, 12th Aero Squadron. For extraordinary heroism in action near Argonne, France, November 2, 1918. While on an infantry contact mission Lieut. Holden and his observer were attacked by four enemy planes and driven back, but realizing the importance of their mission, deliberately returned and attacked the four planes, sending one to the earth and driving the others away. Unmindful of the damaged condition of their plane and of their own danger, they then flew for an hour within 100 meters of the ground through a continuous heavy machine-gun fire until they had accurately located our front-line position. Home address, Mrs. E. M. Moran, sister, 1110 Washington Street, Michigan City, Ind.

Pvt. (First Class) LEROY JONES, Company E, 115th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1284930.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Verdun, France, October 8, 1918. While his platoon was being held up by machine-gun fire, Pvt. Jones voluntarily left his position and, crawling through intense machine-gun fire, he single handed captured two machine guns, killing four of the enemy and taking both crews. Home address, Mrs. Emily E. Jones, wife, 28 Kempmore Road, Wilmington, Del.

Pvt. ROSS E. READ, Company D, 1st Engineers. (A. S. No. 155611.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Cantigny, France, May 28, 1918. Pvt. Read voluntarily went forward over an area swept by machine-gun fire to the aid of a wounded comrade, who was entangled in barbed wire. He worked in a perilously exposed position until he extricated his companion and carried him to safety. Home address, V. H. Read, father, 7903 Fifty-ninth Avenue SE., Portland, Oreg.

Sergt. JAMES F. TRACY, Company B, 1st Engineers (deceased). (A. S. No. 155901.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Exermont, France, October 9, 1918. Without waiting for orders, Sergt. Tracy voluntarily led a patrol against an enemy machine gun which was threatening the advance of our troops and delivering a severe fire into our ranks. By his skillful and courageous efforts the machine gun was captured. He continued to lead his men forward under the severe artillery and machine-gun fire until he was killed. Next of kin, James Tracy, father, 1721 Braddish Avenue, Baltimore, Md.

First Lieut. MARION F. McLEOD, 323d Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Manbeulles, France, November 11, 1918. While advancing with his platoon, under perilous shell fire, Lieut. McLeod was severely wounded. Refusing aid, he remained and while his platoon was suffering heavy casualties he succeeded in holding his platoon under control and advancing it. Home address, Mrs. Marion F. McLeod, wife, 111 Wentworth Street, Charleston, S. C.

Sergt. (first class) CHARLES L. ANDERSON, 300th Field Signal Battalion. (A. S. No. 1869338.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Haudomont, France, November 10, 1918. Sergt. Anderson worked incessantly during a very heavy enemy barrage, keeping up the lines of communication between the regiment and battalions in the field. He was often buried in debris and knocked down by shell explosions, and was both wounded and gassed, but bravely continued his work. Home address, August Anderson, father, 77 Elm Street, Mayville, N. Y.

Sergt. (first class) GEORGE L. FERGUSON, 300th Field Signal Battalion. (A. S. No. 1869371.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Bois de Manbeulles, France, November 9, 1918. While making a reconnaissance of the enemy's advanced positions, Sergt. Ferguson, alone, routed a German machine-gun squad, who were setting up a machine gun along a road over which our troops were advancing. He continued the reconnaissance with the battalion commander until the latter was fatally wounded, and then assisted him to a dressing station, being subjected to heavy machine-gun fire the entire time. Home address, Mrs. Minnie H. Ferguson, mother, R. F. D. No. 4, Elyria, Ohio.

First Lieut. ERNEST S. SAVAGE, 316th Machine-Gun Battalion. For extraordinary heroism in action near Grimaucourt, France, November 11, 1918. Although so sick from gas that he could hardly move, and vomiting heavily into his gas mask, Lieut. Savage successfully conducted the fire of his machine-gun platoon in the face of heavy shrapnel, gas, and machine-gun fire. He received no medical attention until late in the afternoon after the attack was over. Home address, Samuel A. Savage, father, Council, N. C.

Lieut. EDWARD G. HARRIS, 321st Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Grimaucourt, France, November 11, 1918. Under the fire of three machine guns, firing upon him from different directions, Lieut. Harris took his gun through the enemy wire and mounted it. He would not permit his men to remain in such a dangerous position, and, after being wounded severely, ordered his men to leave him. Home address, E. W. Harris (father), Wendell, N. C.

Capt. JOSEPH J. LOUGHLIN (deceased), 322d Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Moranville, France, November 9, 1918. At the sacrifice of his own life, Capt. Loughlin went forward through heavy machine-gun fire to locate a nest of machine guns which was holding up the advance of the regiment. He located the machine guns so that the one-pounders could silence them, but was killed by the enemy machine-gun fire. Next of kin, Mrs. Eleanor K. Loughlin (wife), 513 South Front Street, Wilmington, N. C.

Sergt. R. BROWN, Company F, 322d Infantry. (A. S. No. 1864673.) For extraordinary heroism in action November 9, 1918, near Moranville and Grimaucourt, France. After having been wounded in the afternoon of November 9, Sergt. Brown had his wound

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dressed and returned to his platoon through very heavy enemy artillery and machine-gun fire. When his platoon was relieved he returned to the former position through enemy artillery fire, to the rescue of a wounded man and assisted him to the rear. Home address, J. F. Brown (father), Macclesfield, N. C.

First Sergt. LESLIE J. DICKEY, Company F, 322d Infantry. (A. S. No. 1864758.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Grimaucourt, France, November 10, 1918. After his company had been relieved, Sergt. Dickey voluntarily returned to the position which they formerly occupied and carried a wounded comrade to safety through fierce artillery fire. Home address, L. E. Dickey (father), 6 Oindale Avenue, Vincennes, Ind.

Corpl. GARLAND SPAIN, Company E, 322d Infantry. (A. S. No. 1864750.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Moranville, France, November 9, 1918. Leading his squad against six enemy machine guns, during which time he was twice hit by the exacting fire therefrom, Corpl. Spain drove the enemy from the stronghold, making possible the further advance of his company. Home address, Mrs. Mattie Hines (sister), Rocky Mount, N. C.

Corpl. BARNEY JERRY, Company F, 322d Infantry. (A. S. No. 1864797.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Grimaucourt, France, November 10, 1918. While acting as scout 400 yards in advance of his company, Corpl. Jerry opened fire on 10 Germans advancing in front of his position, killing 2, wounding 1, and causing the rest to retreat. Home address, Mrs. Nettie May Jerry (wife), Bigfoot Branch, Memphis, Tenn.

Mechanic BEN C. CARSON (deceased), Machine Gun Company, 322d Infantry. (A. S. No. 3189335.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Moranville, France, November 9, 1918. Although suffering acutely from a wound, Mechanic Carson continued with the advance and, after setting up his gun, preparing to open fire, he received a second wound which caused his death. Next of kin, Eva S. Carson, Harrison Hotel, Oakland, Cal.

Pvt. PATRICK SWEENEY (deceased), Company D, 322d Infantry. (A. S. No. 3282812.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Abaucourt, France, November 9, 1918. Pvt. Sweeney voluntarily advanced through intense artillery and machine-gun fire into the ruins of Abaucourt to locate an enemy machine-gun nest. He was killed by shell fire after having reached a position in the enemy's trenches. Next of kin, John Sweeney, father, 708 North La Salle Street, Chicago, Ill.

Pvt. ROBERT A. MOONEY, Company F, 322d Infantry. (A. S. No. 3212699.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Grimaucourt, France, November 10, 1918. Pvt. Mooney voluntarily returned through heavy artillery fire to a position formerly held by his company and rescued a wounded man. Home address, Mrs. Ellen Mooney, mother, R. F. D. No. 2, Rockford, Ala.

Pvt. GEORGE R. EVANS, Company F, 322d Infantry. (A. S. No. 3210491.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Grimaucourt, France, November 10, 1918. Pvt. Evans repeatedly carried messages through very heavy artillery and machine-gun fire and at one time successfully carried a wounded comrade through an intense barrage to a first-aid station. Home address, Mrs. Liddie Evans, mother, La Pine, Ala.

Second Lieut. JOSEPH HAYES, 323d Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Manheulles, France, November 11, 1918. Although severely wounded, Lieut. Hayes continued in command of his platoon in an advance under violent artillery fire until ordered to the rear by his company commander. Home address, Harley W. Russ, Will Street, Haverhill, Mass.

First Lieut. HERBERT A. ABELE, 324th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Ville-en-Woevre, France, November 9, 1918. Lieut. Abele voluntarily went through an intense machine-gun barrage at great personal risk in order to rescue a wounded soldier. Home address, Charles Abele, 624 Mississippi Avenue, Memphis, Tenn.

Pvt. THOMAS M. MOSS, Company I, 324th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1859040.) For extraordinary heroism in action in Bois de Manheulles, France, November 9, 1918. With utter disregard for personal safety, Pvt. Moss went forward under intense machine-gun fire to rescue an officer who had been mortally wounded. Home address, William W. Moss, United States post office, Gneiss, N. C.

Corpl. WALDEN E. BLACKBURN, Company C, 324th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1858690.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Manheulles, France, November 9, 1918. Corpl. Blackburn, after having part of his right breast torn away, remained on duty directing his squad for 36 hours, when he fainted from exhaustion, and was carried from the field. Home address, William E. Blackburn, R. F. D. No. 2, Bellbuckle, Tenn.

Pvt. AARON F. VALENTINE, Company A, 344th Machine Gun Battalion. (A. S. No. 2249811.) For extraordinary heroism in action near St. Marie Valley, France, September 15, 1918, a bar is awarded. When his company was held up by a German machine-gun nest, located in a tree, Pvt. Valentine rushed alone into an exposed position, set up his machine gun, regardless of the intense fire from the nest, killed the gunner, and put the nest out of action, thereby making the continued advance of the company possible. Home address, Mrs. Lora Valentine, mother, Malison, Okla.

Second Lieut. ARVID W. GULBRANDSON (deceased), 132d Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Bois de Chaume, France, October 8, 1918. Leading his platoon against an enemy machine-gun nest which was inflicting severe casualties on his battalion, Lieut. Gulbrandson continued to advance alone in the face of the annihilating machine-gun fire, after 14 of his men were killed about him. Before reaching his objective, he was killed by machine-gun fire from his right flank. Next of kin, A. M. Gulbrandson, father, 2212 North Keystoue Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

Capt. ROBERT WIGGLESWORTH, 132d Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Consenvoye, France, October 9, 1918. When the two platoons he was leading in attack were held up by terrific fire from two machine guns, Capt. Wigglesworth ordered his men to lie down and he, single-handed, rushed one nest, killing the gunner and capturing the crew. He then forced the surrender of the second gun crew. Home address, Mrs. Alfreida Wigglesworth, wife, 839 Crescent Place, Chicago, Ill.

Second Lieut. RICHARD L. McMUNN, 130th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Chateau-et-Ferme-d'Aulois, France, November 7, 1918. Leading his platoon against a strong machine-gun emplacement, Lieut. McMunn cut his way through two bands of barbed wire and succeeded in reaching the stronghold. Although suffering from severe wounds, which he received during the raid, he remained on duty until the action was over. Home address, Mrs. F. P. McMunn, mother, Olney, Ill.

Pvt. FRED CUMMINS, Company F, 132d Infantry. (A. S. No. 1975075.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Consenvoye, France, October 9, 1918. Pvt. Cummins, single-handed, captured a German machine gun, killing one of the crew and routing the others. He then turned the gun on the enemy with great effectiveness, protecting the right flank of his battalion. Later in the day he volunteered and rescued an outpost of three men, which was surrounded by the enemy. He performed these missions with great courage, bravery, and initiative, subjected to severe enemy fire throughout the entire exploit. Home address, Mrs. Mary M. Cummins, mother, Carrier Mills, Ill.

Lieut. THOMAS FURNESS, 17th Field Artillery. For extraordinary heroism in action near Fosse, France, November 1-5, 1918. Performing his duties as liaison officer in a most effective manner, Lieut. Furness also took command of Infantry platoons, after the officers had become casualties, and led them brilliantly. On one occasion he reorganized a platoon after the leader had been killed and attacked a strong machine-gun position, capturing 4 guns and 15 prisoners. Next of kin, W. T. Furness, Brookline, Mass.

First Lieut. JOHN A. MITCHELL, 119th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Bellcourt, France, September 29, 1918. Hearing cries of distress from a disabled tank, Lieut. Mitchell, assisted by a soldier, advanced in the face of terrific machine-gun and shell fire to the spot. Notwithstanding the fact that the tank was subjected to point-blank fire of Artillery, he succeeded in rescuing the badly wounded tank commander and removing him to a place of safety. Home address, R. L. Mitchell, father, Livingston, Tenn.

Sergt. PAUL IGOU, Company K, 117th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1809134.) For extraor-

dinary heroism in action near Beaufevrort, France, October 7, 1918. After having been severely wounded in the knee, Sergt. Igou remained in command of his platoon. During the destructive fire he established his headquarters in a shell hole, and by means of runners, maintained liaison and directed the attack. During a strong counterattack by the enemy he skillfully commanded his platoon and repulsed the attack. He remained on duty for 24 hours after being wounded. Home address, Mrs. Fannie Igou, wife, Farleigh Street, East Chattanooga, Tenn.

Pvt. OTIS R. DOUGLAS, Company C, 112th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1315115.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Bellcourt, France, September 29, 1918. Hearing cries of distress from a disabled tank, Pvt. Douglas assisted an officer by advancing in the face of terrific machine-gun and shell fire to the spot. Notwithstanding the fact that the tank was subjected to point-blank fire of artillery, he succeeded in rescuing the badly-wounded tank commander and removing him to a place of safety. Home address, Mrs. Otis R. Douglas, wife, R. F. D. No. 1, Fayetteville, N. C.

First Lieut. JAMES H. S. MORISON, Medical Corps, attached 117th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Bellcourt, France, September 29, 1918. After being knocked unconscious into a shell hole, and although suffering acutely from the shock, Lieut. Morison rejoined his company and continued to care for the wounded in the open and under intense shell fire. His respirator having been blown away by the exploding shell, this mission was rendered much more precarious by enemy gas shells. He remained at his first-aid station through an intense barrage which killed several of the stretcher bearers and helpers at this point, evacuating the wounded with great rapidity until he was severely wounded and forced to be evacuated. Home address, Mrs. Lucille Morison, wife, Cumberland Gap, Tenn.

Sergt. ROBERT HAZEN GOODWIN, Company H, 117th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1308606.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Bellcourt, France, September 28-29, 1918. Sergt. Goodwin was badly gassed on the 28th of September and ordered to the hospital, but insisted on remaining at his post, despite the fact that he was suffering great pain. On September 29 he was painfully wounded by shell fire, but again remained with his platoon, refusing to be evacuated. He efficiently performed his duties until his company was relieved. Home address, Mrs. John A. Goodwin, mother, Bristol, Tenn.

Pvt. (First Class) WILLIAM C. BARBOUR (deceased), Company C, 119th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1315081.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Busigny, France, October 9, 1918. During the operations near Busigny, on October 9, Pvt. Barbour, with one other soldier, voluntarily left his place of comparative safety and advanced into the open in the face of close-range machine-gun fire, to rescue a severely wounded comrade. He received a severe wound while engaged in this self-appointed task, from which he later died. Home address, Mrs. Mandy Barbour, mother, R. F. D. No. 1, Smithfield, N. C.

Second Lieut. GEORGE H. FERGUSEN, 6th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Romagne, France, October 14, 1918. After being painfully wounded in the leg early in the attack, Lieut. Fergusen continued forward, leading his platoon through an unusually heavy artillery and machine-gun fire. Later he left a shell hole in which he had taken refuge and administered first aid to soldiers who had fallen near him, until forced to abandon this work because of exhaustion. Home address, Mrs. G. F. Fergusen, East Main Street, Newark, Del.

Corpl. BLACKBURN W. BALLARD (deceased), Company A, 1st Engineers. (A. S. No. 154334.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Verdun, France, October 9, 1918. Advancing alone ahead of his squad, in the face of unusual machine-gun fire, Corpl. Ballard set out to attack a machine-gun nest. He so inspired his men that they came to his assistance, and, under his direction, the stronghold was taken, together with many prisoners. While guarding the collected prisoners he was killed. Next of kin, R. B. Ballard (father), Colusa, Cal.

First Lieut. HARRY S. SILVER, 28th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Exermont, France, October 11, 1918. Lieut. Silver led a patrol into the woods under a severe artillery and machine-gun fire to establish liaison with the units on the left flank. He continued on his mission after

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three-fourths of his patrol had been killed or wounded and succeeded in bringing valuable information to his battalion commander. Home address, Mrs. H. G. Turner (sister), Raleigh, N. C.

Sergt. FRED B. SHANNON, Company K, 117th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1309123.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Geneve and Premont, France, October 7-20, 1918. Throughout the engagement Sergt. Shannon led his platoon with great bravery and distinction, participating constantly in the severe fighting of that period, despite a painful wound in the hand and another in the arm, received the first day of the engagement. He gave unsparingly of his strength while helping others in addition to his own work until his company had been relieved. He dropped unconscious from exhaustion and the effects of his wounds soon after turning over his platoon to the second in command. Home address, William Shannon (brother), in care of First National Bank, Chattanooga, Tenn.

Second Lieut. ETHEN S. KOON, 119th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Ypres, Belgium, August 31, 1918. Ignoring his severe wound, suffered in the advance of his platoon against the enemy south of Ypres, Lieut. Koon remained with his men until all the wounded had been evacuated, and personally directed the reorganization of his position until ordered to the rear by his commanding officer. Home address, Mrs. J. N. Koon, mother, Post-office box 343, Asheville, N. C.

Pvt. RAY R. KENNEDY, Company C, 119th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2158908.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Ribeauville, France, October 18-19, 1918. On the night of October 18-19, when all communication had been temporarily lost with the unit on the left of his regiment, Pvt. Kennedy volunteered to attempt the establishment of liaison, fully aware of the danger necessarily incurred. While attempting to cross a heavily shelled area to reach the flank regiment, he received a wound which resulted in the loss of his leg. Home address, Pat E. Kennedy, father, DeKalb, Ill.

Pvt. HERBERT S. TURRENTINE (deceased), Company C, 119th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1315188.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Ypres, Belgium, August 31, 1918. After his platoon sergeant and a corporal had been shot while firing an automatic rifle, Pvt. Turrentine ran forward across an open space and picked up the gun, but was instantly killed by sniper fire while attempting to get the automatic gun back into action. Home address, Mrs. J. P. Shaw, sister, R. F. D. No. 3, Winston-Salem, N. C.

MARECHAL DE LOGIS BOGLIONE, Third Battery, 74th Regiment d'Artillerie (French), attached to Railway Artillery, American Expeditionary Forces. For extraordinary heroism in action on October 14, 1918. Under heavy shelling Marechal Boglione displayed exceptional bravery in extinguishing a fire which threatened the destruction of a powder dump and an ammunition car. Home address, Monsieur Antione Boglione, father, Rue Saint-Esprit No. 28, LaCapelette-Marseille, France.

Pvt. FRANK F. DUBORD, (deceased) Company E, 28th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2725538.) For extraordinary heroism in action at Exermont, France, October 6, 1918. Responding to a call for volunteers, Pvt. Dubord proceeded 400 yards ahead of his platoon to ascertain the location of the enemy. The mission was accomplished through an extremely heavy fire, and Pvt. Dubord, after obtaining his information, returned over the same ground and made his report to the platoon commander. Next of kin, Frank Dubord, father, Chisholm, Me.

Sergt. ALEXANDER GOSSELIN (deceased), Company B, Second Field Signal Battalion, Signal Corps. (A. S. No. 198539.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Exermont, France, October 4, 1918. After finishing the work of laying telephone lines on high ground under heavy artillery fire and direct observation of the enemy, Sergt. Gosselin ordered his men to shelter and remained behind to repair breaks caused by the shelling. He was killed a few minutes later by the explosion of a shell. Home address, Anatole Gosselin, father, 918 St. Andre Street, Montreal, Canada.

Pvt. MICHAEL RUANE, Company C, 165th Infantry. (A. S. No. 89694.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Villers-sur-Fore, Aisne, France, July 31, 1918. Pvt. Ruane, went to the rescue of two wounded men over ground so swept by machine-gun fire that two men had been killed and one wounded

previously in the attempt; and succeeded in carrying the two wounded men safely to shelter. Next of kin, Mrs. Mary Monahan, sister, 1111 Southern Boulevard, Bronx, New York city.

Sergt. HARRY HILDEBRAND, Company C, Third Machine Gun Battalion. (A. S. No. 106567.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Solsois, France, July 18-24, 1918. Sergt. Hildebrand went forward beyond the front line, exposed to fire of snipers, and repaired and put into action an abandoned enemy machine gun. Later his platoon commander, being wounded and the platoon disorganized by direct artillery fire, he took command, reorganized the platoon, gathered reinforcements, and protected a dangerously exposed flank of the infantry. He also voluntarily led his machine guns with the attacking battalion, rendering most efficient service until wounded. Next of kin, Mrs. Harry Hildebrand, 5605 Columbus Avenue, Dallas, Tex.

Second Lieut. BRYAN BECKWITH, Company F, 119th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Ypres, Belgium, August 25, 1918. At imminent peril to his own life, Lieut. Beckwith (then a sergeant) and two companions extinguished a fire in an ammunition dump caused by a bursting shell, thereby preventing the explosion of the dump and saving the lives of a large number of men who were in the vicinity. Home address, Robert B. Beckwith, Black Mountain, N. C.

Corpl. MICHAEL WITOWSKI, Company G, 56th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1098706.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Vilcey-sur-Trey, France, November 2, 1918. After Corpl. Witowski and two wounded comrades had become separated from their platoon and were almost entirely surrounded by the enemy, Corpl. Witowski directed the fire of his men, killing and wounding several of the enemy and holding the position until assistance arrived from his platoon. Home address, John Witowski, father, R. F. D. No. 1, Rindbrook, N. Y.

Corpl. JOHN J. KEENAN, Company D, 55th Infantry. (A. S. No. 480917.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Jauky, France, November 8, 1918. With a detail of seven men, Corpl. Keenan volunteered and went through severe artillery and machine-gun fire to bring in a platoon which had been cut off for five hours in front of a strongly fortified enemy position. Repeated efforts to reach the platoon during the day had failed, but Corpl. Keenan and his party brought in the entire platoon, including several wounded men, among them the platoon commander. Home address, Elizabeth Keenan, mother, 6342 South Seely Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

Corpl. CLAUDE BRYAN, Company I, 56th Infantry. (A. S. No. 483006.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Preny Ridge, France, November 10, 1918. After being wounded in the foot by a machine-gun bullet, Corpl. Bryan refused to go to the rear when ordered to do so, but remained with the company until the whole line was relieved. Home address, Minnie Bryan, mother, 1827 North Albany Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

First Sergt. FRED J. HARDER, Company K, 364th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2267547.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Eclisfontaine, France, September 29, 1918. Responding to a call for volunteers, Sergt. Harder crossed an open space, a distance of about 300 yards, under terrific hostile fire of machine guns and artillery, to the position held by his machine-gun company, to inform them of the location of enemy machine-gun nests and snipers, who had escaped detection. The enflading fire of the enemy threatened to wipe out his company, but the success of Sergt. Harder's mission enabled our guns to silence the fire of the enemy. Home address, Miss Eunice Dickerman, friend, Brawley, Cal.

Corpl. JOHN C. BLANKENSHIP, Company C, 5th Field Signal Battalion. (A. S. No. 244442.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Fossey, France, July 15, 1918. During the intense artillery bombardment preparatory to the great German offensive of July 15, Corpl. Blankenship voluntarily led a medical officer to the aid of wounded men, following broken wire through woods. He guided the party on their return over the same route, although suffering from a severe wound. Home address, Dr. Homer Blankenship, father, 413 Corneli Street, Ottawa, Ill.

Corpl. FORD HENDERSHOT, Company K, 7th Infantry. (A. S. No. 542626.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Fossey, France, July 15, 1918. After all his men had been wounded by the intense artillery shelling

of the enemy, during the offensive of July 15, Corpl. Hendershot went to their aid, applying first aid and guiding litter bearers to the dressing station. He went out again and brought a wounded comrade in on his back under constant heavy fire. Home address, Elizabeth Hendershot, mother, R. F. D. No. 5, Bad Axe, Mich.

Corpl. ALEXANDER POSTMOY, Company F, Seventh Infantry. (A. S. No. 541717.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Fossoy, France, July 15, 1918. After being seriously wounded by machine-gun fire, Corpl. Postmoy remained on duty at his observation post at the river edge, so that the enemy could not cross unobserved. Home address, Frank Staslesowsky, friend, 229 Garfield Avenue, Detroit, Mich.

Corpl. MARILE CHAFIN, Company I, 7th Infantry. (A. S. No. 542435.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Fossoy, France, July 15, 1918. While delivering a message, Corpl. Chafin was severely wounded by the explosion of a shell, but continued with his mission and returned with an answer before reporting for treatment. Home address, Wallace Chafin, father, Williamson, W. Va.

Pvt. LOUIS SPANGLER, Company K, 7th Infantry. (A. S. No. 239241.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Fossoy, France, July 15, 1918. During the intense shelling by the enemy just prior to their offensive of July 15, Pvt. Spangler volunteered and carried a message through the heavy fire and returned with an answer. Home address, Mrs. G. H. Spangler, mother, Lometa, Tex.

Pvt. MYRON D. BURNS (deceased), Company E, 7th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2395250.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Fossoy, France, July 15, 1918. Although suffering intense agony from severe wounds, Pvt. Burns killed eight of the enemy with his rifle and bayonet and then crawled about for two days before being picked up. He died shortly after from his wounds. Next of kin, Mrs. Jennie Douglas, mother, Eldred, Pa.

Pvt. EUGENE BOTHWELL, Company K, 7th Infantry. (A. S. No. 541632.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Fossoy, France, July 15, 1918. Through the heavy artillery preparation of the enemy of July 15 Pvt. Bothwell volunteered and carried a message over an entirely strange route. He successfully completed his mission and returned with the answer. Home address, Mrs. Emma Bothwell (mother), 39 Stenzel Street, Tonawanda, N. Y.

Pvt. INGVALD O. PEDERSON, Headquarters Company, 7th Infantry. (A. S. No. 540099.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Fossoy, France, July 14-15, 1918. Pvt. Pederson volunteered and carried a message over a heavily shelled route, and although wounded in the execution of this task, he accomplished the mission. Home address, George A. Roade (friend), in care of A. Colburn Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

Pvt. JOHN ZIMMER, Company L, 7th Infantry. (A. S. No. 543075.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Fossoy, France, July 15, 1918. Acting as runner, Pvt. Zimmer made repeated trips through the heavy enemy bombardment of July 15, and, after being wounded on a mission, he accomplished his task before receiving medical attention. Home address, Mrs. Josephine Zimmer (mother), 127 Plainfield Street, Providence, R. I.

Pvt. FRED MICKLISH, Company L, 7th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2395893.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Fossoy, France, July 15, 1918. Acting as runner, Pvt. Micklish made repeated trips through the heavy enemy bombardment, until wounded while carrying a message. Though suffering great pain, he completed his mission before reporting for treatment. Home address, Herman Micklish (father), 705 Huntington Avenue, Jonesboro, Ark.

Pvt. JOHN O. BUDD, Medical Detachment, 7th Infantry. (A. S. No. 936877.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Fossoy, France, July 15, 1918. Working throughout the heavy enemy artillery fire of July 15, which preceded the German offensive, Pvt. Budd aided the wounded and evacuated 12 comrades from an exposed position. Home address, Benjamin Budd (father), 520 North Nebraska Avenue, Minden, Nebr.

First Lieut. FRANCIS R. SHELTON, 7th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Fossoy, France, July 1, 1918. Although wounded in the side by shrapnel and suffering great pain, Lieut. Shelton remained in command of his company for 48 hours, successfully repelling the offensive

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launched by the enemy. Home address, Mrs. Janet Shelton (mother), Grayville, Ind.

First Lieut. DEAM N. JENKS (deceased), 7th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action at Fossoy, France, July 16, 1918. Lieut. Jenks fearlessly led his company in an attack under a heavy bombardment, encouraging his men by his example. He was killed by shell fire while in the performance of this act. Next of kin, Mrs. D. N. Jenks, 2454 Argyle Place, Denver, Colo.

Second Lieut. ISHAM R. WILLIAMS, 7th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Fossoy, France, July 21, 1918. Lieut. Williams led a patrol across the Marne River under intense machine-gun fire, and when his boat was sunk, twice swam the river to correct the fire of his covering detachment and to bring his patrol to safety after their mission had been accomplished. Home address, Mary Lyde Hicks Williams, mother, Fauson, N. C.

Sergt. HARRY E. McELWAIN, Medical Detachment, 7th Infantry. (A. S. No. 543311.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Fossoy, France, July 15, 1918. During an intense artillery preparation by the enemy Sergt. McElwain voluntarily went out about 1,000 yards through this heavy shell fire to administer first aid to five wounded men. Home address, Mrs. Edith J. McElwain, Fawn Grove, York County, Pa.

Capt. NEWELL R. FISKE (deceased), 7th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Fossoy, France, July 15, 1918. Capt. Fiske fearlessly led his troops in a counter-attack through intense artillery fire, inspiring his men by his gallant conduct. He lost his life while in the performance of this act. Next of kin, H. M. Fiske, father, 301 Prospect Street, Cranford, N. J.

Capt. LONNIE H. NIXON, 7th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Fossoy, France, July 15, 1918. Capt. Nixon fearlessly led a counterattack through an intense barrage, inspiring his men to success by his personal example. He was seriously wounded while in the performance of this act. Home address, Mrs. L. H. Nixon, wife, Merkel, Tex.

Pvt. (First Class) HERMAN PLAUMAN, Company H, 128th Infantry. (A. S. No. 261700.) For extraordinary heroism in action near St. Gilles, France, August 8, 1918. After having just returned from a hazardous trip through heavy shell fire, Pvt. Plauman volunteered and carried a message to his company commander. As he was about to complete his mission the company commander was mortally wounded by a shell. After administering first aid he reported back to his battalion commander, who upon noticing that one of the runner's fingers was missing, ordered him to the rear for treatment. Home address, Herman Plauman, sr., father, 158 Melrose Avenue, Detroit, Mich.

Second Lieut. JOHN A. GUSTAFSON, 5th Marines. For extraordinary heroism in action near Chateau-Thierry, France, June 23, 1918. During an advance by his company Lieut. Gustafson (then a sergeant) directed a charge on an enemy machine-gun emplacement, destroying four guns and taking 23 prisoners. Later in the attack he alone charged a machine-gun nest, killing one gunner, wounding another, and causing the remaining three to surrender. Home address, Emily Gustafson, mother, 118 Poplar Street, Kane, Pa.

Capt. DUDLEY W. WOODWARD, 9th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Soissons, France, July 18, 1918. Advancing with his company in the face of withering machine-gun fire, Capt. Woodward attacked a nest of 10 machine guns and a battery of field guns, which were holding up the attack. In spite of the additional hazard of heavy enfilading fire from enemy artillery on the left, he succeeded with his mission. On another occasion he broke up an enemy counterattack formation by placing an automatic rifle team in an exposed position and disorganized the enemy with a harassing fire. Home address, Mrs. Anna Woodward, mother, New Amsterdam, Ind.

Corpl. FERDINAND F. BLUME, Company C, 319th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1825985.) For extraordinary heroism in action on the west bank of the Meuse, France, September 26, 1918. While his platoon was being held up by wire and other obstacles, and the fire of the enemy threatened to annihilate it, Corpl. Blume made his way through the wire to the German trenches, from which position he bombed the enemy from their trenches. He thus saved the lives of many of his comrades, and enabled them to take the trenches with a minimum of casualties. Home ad-

dress, Anna Blume, sister, Farragut Street, Millvale, Pa.

Corpl. ALBERT A. HUTH (deceased), Company H, 819th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1827299.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Immeucourt, France, November 1, 1918. Corpl. Huth voluntarily advanced three times against an enemy machine-gun stronghold, which was holding up his platoon's advance. He was wounded during his last attempt, but his act enabled his platoon to advance and capture 25 of the enemy, who were concealed nearby. Next of kin, Mrs. Fredericka Huth, mother, 20 Kelba Way, Pittsburgh, Pa.

First Sergt. RAYMOND V. NEELON, Company F, 319th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1058251.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Immeucourt, France, November 1, 1918. Taking command of two platoons after their commanders had become casualties, Sergt. Neelon attacked a machine-gun nest, taking two guns and 140 prisoners. Later, after repulsing two strong counterattacks, he alone crawled out and captured a prisoner with a machine gun, which he at once set up to strengthen his position. Home address, Miss Ammie F. Neelon, Village Street, Midway, Mass.

Second Lieut. BAYARD BROWN (deceased), 26th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Soissons, France, July 2-22, and near Verdun, France, October 9, 1918. Lieut. Brown took command of his battalion at Soissons after all his senior officers had been killed or wounded, organized for a counter-attack, and held his command all day, although he was dangerously wounded. In the fight for Hill 212, in the Argonne, he took command of his company after his company commander had been killed, and led it forward until mortally wounded within 50 yards of the enemy position. Next of kin, D. S. Brown, father, Genoa, Ill.

Sergt. MACK O. OLIVER, Company I, 28th Infantry. (A. S. No. 5788.) For extraordinary heroism in action west of the Meuse, France, October 11, 1918. After having been severely wounded by shrapnel, Sergt. Oliver refused to leave the lines, realizing the urgent need of men. After being relieved, he walked to the dressing station, despite his weakness from loss of blood and his painful suffering from the wound. Home address, Mack Oliver, father, Second and Shady Avenues, Winston-Salem, N. C.

Second Lieut. HOWARD A. BAIR (deceased), 314th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Barricourt, France, November 2, 1918. Calling on his platoon to follow, Lieut. Bair pushed forward and attacked enemy machine-gun nests. After killing two of the enemy, he himself was killed by a hand grenade, while accepting the surrender of another of the enemy. Next of kin, Mrs. Frances Bair, mother, Rittman, Ohio.

Sergt. JOHN A. HARTUNG (deceased), Company B, 354th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2178469.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Remonville, France, November 1, 1918. While leading his combat group forward, Sergt. Hartung encountered a machine-gun stronghold, which opened fire on his force from three sides. He charged the guns to the front, but he was killed on reaching the line. His valorous act, however, enabled his men to break the line and take the flanking guns, thereby saving many casualties in his platoon. Next of kin, Mrs. Anna E. Hartung, mother, Quincy, Ill.

Sergt. ROY L. KELLER, Company D, 354th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2178408.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Remonville, France, November 1, 1918. When his combat group was heavily fired upon, while crossing open exposed ground by two machine guns, Sergt. Keller charged the position from the flank, personally killing one gunner and making the capture of the other members of the crews possible. His action made possible the advance of his company. Home address, William H. Keller, R. F. D. No. 3, Lewiston, Mo.

Sergt. ROY C. ANTHONY, Company B, 354th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2178410.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Remonville, France, November 1, 1918. Leading his platoon against perilous fire, Sergt. Anthony showed great courage in advancing and breaking down resistance of the enemy machine guns and artillery. Although twice wounded, he refused treatment until the company was relieved. His efforts were mainly responsible for the successful gaining of all objectives. Home address, L. J. Anthony, father, Boydsville, Mo.

Corpl. EDWARD BARRY (deceased), Company K, 354th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2088984.)

For extraordinary heroism in action near Bois du Barricourt, France, November 1, 1918. After receiving a dangerous wound in the chest from a shell fragment, Corpl. Barry insisted on going forward with his combat group. He pushed forward through intense machine-gun fire until again hit by a machine-gun bullet, which caused his death. Next of kin, J. T. Barry, father, 2335 Ridgeway Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

Corpl. ALEXANDER FOLZ (deceased), Company, 132d Infantry. (A. S. No. 2194430.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Remonville, France, November 1, 1918. While leading his squad in attack on a machine-gun nest, Corpl. Folz's automatic rifleman was wounded, and unable to continue. Corpl. Folz took the gun, and, firing as he advanced, put the machine gun out of action, but he was so badly wounded during the exploit that he died from his wounds a few minutes after. Next of kin, Mrs. Alexander Folz, wife, 1019 Rural Street, Rockford, Ill.

First Lieut. CLAUDE W. AUSTIN, 130th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action south of Dun-sur-Meuse, France, October 6, 1918. On the evening of October 6, a shell struck an old building in front of a dugout occupied by one of Lieut. Austin's machine-gun teams, wounding two of the men who were just coming out, and hurling them to the bottom of the steps. Fire from the building spread to the framework of the dugout, which contained a quantity of grenades and high explosives. Lieut. Austin unhesitatingly ran to the rescue of the two men and dragged them out, one at a time, but they died a short time later. He then entered the dugout, bringing out five unwounded men, undoubtedly saving their lives, for the dugout was totally destroyed a short time later. The entire exploit was carried on under sniping fire from across the river, as well as machine-gun and artillery fire from three sides of the salient. Home address, Mrs. Cornelia B. Austin, mother, Effingham, Ill.

Pvt. INGEMANN JENSEN, Machine-Gun Company, 132nd Infantry. (A. S. No. 1391466.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Bois de Fais, France, October 9, 1918. In the action in the Bois de Fais, on October 9, Pvt. Jensen was wounded, but returned to the line as soon as he had his wound dressed. He was wounded the second time and sent to the first-aid station, where he was ordered to the rear, but, instead returned to the line, where he was wounded for the third time and carried to the rear on a stretcher. Home address, Charles Jensen, brother, 3712 Eddy Street, Chicago, Ill.

Second Lieut. WILLIAM E. MALONEY, 354th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Remonville, France, November 1, 1918. Leading an assault platoon, Lieut. Maloney encountered a nest of six enemy guns, which was pouring out a deadly fire from three directions. Rushing the guns in the immediate front, he captured them as well as taking the crews as prisoners; and, while thus engaged, he was knocked unconscious by a bursting shell. Regaining consciousness when picked up by first-aid men, he returned immediately and rejoined his platoon and directed operations until the objectives were reached. Home address, Mrs. Mary Maloney, wife, 118 West Sixty-third Street, New York, N. Y.

Corpl. ALEXANDER HOLLINGSWORTH, Company B, 354th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2056074.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Remonville, France, November 1, 1918. Corpl. Hollingsworth led his combat group against a machine-gun position, through an intense machine-gun and artillery fire, and although severely wounded, took part in the capture of the machine guns and crews. He refused to be evacuated until he had reported to his company commander. Home address, Isaac A. Hollingsworth, father, Flat Rock, N. C.

Sergt. JOHN R. SLAY, Company G, 354th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2179328.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Barricourt, France, November 2, 1918. After having been severely wounded by a machine-gun bullet, Sergt. Slay continued in the attack with his platoon until ordered to the rear. Home address, Mrs. Mary Amad (mother), 1344 Choctaw Avenue, St. Louis, Mo.

Pvt. (First Class) JOHN W. CHILDERS, Company B, 354th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2178442.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Remonville, France, November 1, 1918. After all his superiors had become casualties, Pvt. Childers assumed command of the platoon and, reorganizing the scattered groups, he led them forward against great resistance and gained his objective. Home

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address, Mrs. Emma W. Childers (mother), La Grange, Mo.

Corpl. **FRANK DESKINS**, Company D, 354th Infantry. (A. S. No. 542189.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Remonville, France, November 1, 1918. Corpl. Deskins took command of the four leading combat groups, after four other leaders had been disabled, directing them with such skill and coolness that many machine guns were taken from the enemy. Four hours before the day's objective had been reached his shoulder was pierced by a machine-gun bullet, but he sold no one of the wound until his line had been organized along the objective. Home address, Mrs. Kate Hall (mother), Myrtle, W. Va.

Corpl. **EDGAR SHOULTS**, Company B, 354th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2183705.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Remonville, France, November 1, 1918. In command of a combat group, Corpl. Shoultz led his men in a bayonet charge on an enemy stronghold, capturing many machine guns and killing or capturing the entire crews of the guns. Home address, Dr. Promanda Shoultz (father), St. Mary, Mo.

Pvt. **CUS BORDKAS**, Medical Detachment, 354th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2834009.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Barricourt, France, November 1, 1918. On November 1 Pvt. Bordkas showed great bravery and extraordinary heroism by dressing and evacuating the wounded under a terrific shell fire. While advancing with the front echelon he saw a comrade fall when a withering machine-gun fire was encountered, and without hesitation ran to his rescue, carrying the wounded man to the shelter of a shell hole. Home address, L. Evans (friend), 1323 Central Street, Kansas City, Mo.

Pvt. **JOHN M. SULLIVAN**, Company H, 28th Infantry. (A. S. No. 3484535.) For extraordinary heroism in action near the Meuse River, France, October 5, 1918. On October 5 Pvt. Sullivan twice left his place of shelter and advanced under intense machine-gun fire to the rescue of wounded comrades, bringing them back to a place of safety where they could be cared for. Home address, Mrs. Eugene Sullivan (mother), 3136 West Chestnut Street, Louisville, Ky.

Corpl. **NEAL D. FENTON** (deceased), Medical Detachment, 26th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2062.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Verdun, France, October 6, 1918. Corpl. Fenton volunteered and went forward in the face of direct concentrated machine-gun fire to the rescue of a wounded man. He was killed while attempting this rescue. Next of kin, Clarence F. Fenton, 622 West B Street, Hutchinson, Kans.

Second Lieut. **SAMUEL I. PARKER**, 28th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Exermont, France, October 5, 1918. With total disregard for his own personal danger, Lieut. Parker advanced directly on a machine gun 150 yards away while the enemy were firing directly at him and killed the gunner with his pistol. In the town of Exermont his platoon was almost surrounded after having taken several prisoners and inflicting heavy losses on the enemy; but despite the fact that only a few men of the platoon were left, continued to fight until other troops came to their aid. Home address, J. J. Parker, brother, Monroe, N. C.

Pvt. **FRANK DUGAN** (deceased), Company A, 26th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1943639.) For extraordinary heroism in action in the Argonne sector, France, October 5-6, 1918. When his section leader was killed, Pvt. Dugan took command of the section and led it against a machine-gun nest, capturing three machine guns and prisoners. He was dangerously wounded in this encounter, but continued to lead his men forward until he fell exhausted from loss of blood. Home address, Mrs. B. Dugan, mother, 1345 West Sixty-seventh Street, Cleveland, Ohio.

Pvt. **AXEL C. LUNDEGARD**, Medical Detachment, 26th Infantry. (A. S. No. 18023.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Verdun, France, October 4, 1918. Pvt. Lundegard went forward alone and unarmed into the enemy's territory to rescue a wounded man who had been injured in the advance patrol fighting. He succeeded in his mission despite very heavy machine-gun and artillery fire. Home address, Ester Lundegard, 638 West Sixty-first Street, Chicago, Ill.

First Lieut. **HAROLD L. REESE**, 30th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Mezy, France, July 15, 1918. During the unprecedented artillery bombardment preparatory to the great German offensive of July 15

Lieut. Reese maintained liaison between different signal units by visiting the positions during the bombardment. It seemed utterly impossible for runners to venture through this fire, yet Lieut. Reese voluntarily led a detail through the barrage and thus established communication, also encouraging his men to greatest efforts. Home address, Mrs. Thomas J. Reese, mother, 125 East Mahoney Avenue, Mahoney City, Pa.

Pvt. **VITTORIO CRISTOFARO**, Company K, 312th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1746634.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Grand Pre, France, October 23, 1918. While his company was forced to lie in the open for a period of 24 hours because of the murderous machine-gun and artillery fire of the enemy, Pvt. Cristofaro, occupying a position in front of the company, advanced and attacked the enemy gun nests, silencing no less than three guns and killing their crews. Home address, Mrs. Assunta Barbriere, sister, 422 Fabius Street, Syracuse, N. Y.

Second Lieut. **EMERY W. MILLS**, 311th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Grand Pre, France, October 25, 1918. Lieut. Mills asked permission to lead a platoon against strong enemy machine-gun nests which were blocking the advance of the battalion. He not only led his platoon in a daring and extraordinarily successful attack, but personally advanced ahead of his platoon and captured two machine guns. During the consolidation of the line he fearlessly walked up and down the line under intense machine-gun and artillery fire, establishing strong points and encouraging his men. Home address, William P. Mills, father, 516 North Colt Street, Florence, N. C.

Pvt. **JESSE BAKER**, Company A, 312th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1763574.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Grand Pre, France, October 18, 1918. One October 18 Pvt. Baker carried a message from his platoon leader to the leader of an adjoining platoon, crossing an area swept by an intense machine-gun fire. While waiting for a reply he was seriously wounded, but returned with the answer to his platoon leader, remaining on duty until ordered evacuated by his commanding officer. Home address, Mrs. Josephine Baker, mother, 225 Chamber Street, Phillipsburg, N. J.

Pvt. **JAMES F. MCCRUDDEN**, Company M, 312th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2450857.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Grand Pre, France, October 26, 1918. Acting on his own initiative, after all runners had failed to deliver a message, Pvt. McCrudden carried a message through an intense machine-gun fire for the captain of his company. Upon reaching the company he found that the captain had been killed and immediately returned through the same sweeping fire to report the fact. Home address, Mrs. Francis McCrudden, mother, 2 Moquette Road, Yonkers, N. Y.

Sergt. **JAMES MCGUIRE**, Company B, 312th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1750405.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Talma Farm, France, October 23, 1918. Without regard for his own danger, Sergt. McGuire went to the rescue of a wounded comrade who was lying seriously wounded 100 yards in front of our lines. He carried him safely to the aid station, crossing and recrossing an area swept by intense artillery and machine-gun fire, and under the direct observation of the enemy. Home address, Patrick McGuire, brother, Bally James Duff, County Cavan, Ireland.

Pvt. (First Class) **THOMAS CARROLL**, Company D, 312th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2452643.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Grand Pre, France, October 18, 1918. Accompanying a patrol, Pvt. Carroll voluntarily advanced in the face of annihilating machine-gun fire, in attacking a machine-gun nest which was halting the progress of his platoon. He forced the enemy to retreat, and then captured the gun. Home address, Mrs. Sarah Carroll, New York, N. Y.

Pvt. **EDWARD RISCHMANN**, Company I, 312th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2412427.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Grand Pre, France, October 23, 1918. Pvt. Rischmann was a member of an assaulting party which stormed and captured the Citadel at Grand Pre. He scaled the wall and alone entered a dugout, from which he captured 45 Germans, guarding them until assistance arrived. Home address, Catherine Rischmann, mother, 560 South Thirteenth Street, Newark, N. J.

Pvt. (First Class) **EDD BELK**, Company G, 60th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2383775.) For

extraordinary heroism in action near Cunel, France, October 12, 1918. Although seriously wounded and ordered to the rear, Pvt. Belk continued in the advance with his company through an intense barrage of artillery and machine-gun fire. Later in the day he had his wound dressed and was tagged for evacuation, but returned to his company and continued on active duty with his organization. Home address, Henry Belk, father, Iberia, Mo.

Corpl. **THEODORE J. DECARL**, Company E, 60th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2383577.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Cunel, France, October 12, 1918. In order to deliver a message from the regimental headquarters to the attacking battalion with all the speed possible, Corpl. DeCarl crossed an open area under continuous machine-gun fire. Although painfully wounded while traversing this open stretch of 500 meters, he successfully delivered the message. Home address, Alfred Black, brother-in-law, 1886 Morris Avenue, New York City.

Pvt. **JOHN B. MITCHELL**, Company G, 60th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2383907.) For extraordinary heroism in action near St. Mihiel, France, September 16, 1918. Although severely wounded while carrying a message from his battalion headquarters through an extremely heavy machine-gun and artillery fire, Pvt. Mitchell persevered and successfully delivered the message. Home address, Mrs. T. Mitchell, mother, Wheatfield, Ind.

Capt. **DALTON E. BRADY**, 60th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Cunel, France, October 14, 1918. In the face of heavy machine-gun and shell fire Capt. Brady left a sheltered position to go to the rescue of First Sergt. Kenneth Romaine, who was lying wounded some distance away in a shell hole upon which the enemy was directing a heavy machine-gun fire. With utter disregard for his own personal safety, he carried the wounded sergeant through the terrific machine-gun and shell fire to a place of safety. Home address, Mrs. Dalton E. Brady (wife), 2211 Chestnut Avenue, Newport News, Va.

First Sergt. **VINCIL E. BROWN**, Company B, 60th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2382491.) For extraordinary heroism in action near St. Mihiel, France, September 16, 1918. Seeing a comrade lying wounded and exposed to great danger of machine-gun and shell fire, Sergt. Brown went to his aid; and, after rescuing him, carried him through the sweeping barrage to the first-aid station, a distance of one-half kilometer. Home address, Mrs. Mary C. Brown (mother), 409 Edith Avenue, Norman, Okla.

Lieut. **ALFRED JACQUIN** (French), Engineers, attached to 7th United States Engineers. For extraordinary heroism in action near Dun-sur-Meuse and Brielleux, France, November 1-3, 1918. Lieut. Jacquin voluntarily patrolled the banks of the Meuse River day and night under machine-gun and shell fire, locating enemy machine guns and artillery, determining the damage to bridges, and obtaining data for the location and construction of pontoon bridges. During the construction of these bridges, by means of which the heights overlooking the Meuse were reached and stormed, this officer remained constantly at the bridges under heavy fire, directing the work with the highest courage and technical skill. Home address, C. A. Jacquin, Pierrelatte, Drome.

Pvt. **WILLIAM BERRY**, Company A, 61st Infantry. (A. S. No. 2386003.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Lion-devant-Dun, France, November 7, 1918. In the attack on the town of Lion-devant-Dun, Pvt. Berry's company was halted by heavy machine-gun fire. Advancing ahead and urging his comrades to follow, he succeeded in gaining a foothold in the town until he was felled by the murderous fire of the enemy guns. Home address, Mrs. Sarah Berry (mother), 232 Union Street Lockport, N. Y.

Sergt. **WILLIAM T. JOHNSON**, Company A, 318th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1820672.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Bois de Fay, France, October 5, 1918. While leading a patrol, Sergt. Johnson encountered terrific machine-gun fire, which forced him to order his patrol to cover. He then advanced alone, working his way to the nest which he destroyed, and allowed for the continuance of patrol. Later the same day, he braved the perils of an extremely heavy barrage to bring to safety a wounded comrade who was lying 300 yards in advance of the lines. Home address, Mollie E. King, mother, Waverly, Va.

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Sergt. VAN WALKER PETERSON, Company B, 131st Infantry. (A. S. No. 1386508.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Bois de Chaume, France, October 10, 1918. When the company guarding the flank was on the verge of retreating in disorder, Sergt. Peterson avoided the perilous situation by jumping to the front and holding the badly shaken troops in their positions on the line. His quick action during the terrific fire was responsible for the safety of the entire line. Home address, Mrs. Esther L. Peterson, wife, 523 Arlington Place, Chicago, Ill.

Corpl. HYMAN SILVERMAN, Company E, 60th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2383446.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Verdun, France, October 27, 1918. When enemy shell fire had ignited an ammunition dump, Corpl. (then private) Silverman assisted in removing the ammunition from the blazing dump. Several of his comrades were seriously wounded by exploding shells, and he himself was hit in many places by hand grenade explosions, but he continued until the greater part of the explosives were moved to safety. He then assisted in removing his wounded comrades, before submitting to treatment for his wounds. Home address, Mrs. Bessie Silverman, mother, Chelsea, Mass.

Sergt. HUBERT C. MORRIS, Company H, 61st Infantry. (A. S. No. 2387689.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Dun-sur-Meuse, France, November 5, 1918. Advancing alone, Sergt. Morris attacked a machine-gun nest, capturing the entire crew, and preventing surprise fire on an exposed flank of his company. Home address, Mrs. Grace Morris, wife, 111 Viana Street, Anna, Ill.

Corpl. FRANCIS ACKLEY, Company D, 60th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2383027.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Cunel, France, October 14, 1918. After his company had suffered severe losses from an enemy machine gun, Corpl. Ackley volunteered to silence it single-handed. Advancing from the flank, under heavy sniping fire, he surprised the crew, killed the three gunners with his pistol and then turned the machine gun on the enemy, covering the advance of his detachment to the position and inflicting severe losses on the hostile troops. Home address, Thomas Ackley, uncle, 656 Lake Street, Elmira, N. Y.

Pvt. (First Class) JOHN ZLOTNIKOFF, Company L, 60th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2384778.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Dun-sur-Meuse, France, October 5, 1918. When his company was held up and unable to cross the river, because of the destruction of a pontoon bridge, Pvt. Zlotnikoff swam the river, carrying an automatic rifle, in the face of terrific machine-gun fire and direct artillery fire. Home address, Mrs. Martha Zlotnikoff, Moscow, Russia.

Pvt. WILLIAM GANDER, Company E, 60th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2383354.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Cunel, France, October 14, 1918. Voluntarily advancing ahead of his company, Pvt. Gander captured an enemy machine gun with three prisoners. The next morning, with another soldier, he again went forth and caused the surrender of several guns and five prisoners. His bravery in both instances greatly facilitated the advance of his company, who were meeting with resistance from the nests, which Pvt. Gander wiped out. Home address, Mike Yerssh, friend, 418 Center Street, Springfield, Ohio.

Sergt. RUSSELL OKE, Company L, 61st Infantry. (A. S. No. 2388587.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Chateau Charmois, France, November 9, 1918. Disregarding personal peril, Sergt. Oke attacked and reduced a machine-gun nest, killing two of the crew and driving the others from their guns. Home address, Mrs. Albert Oke, mother, Alvington, Ontario, Canada.

Pvt. STEVE HONCHAR, Company A, 60th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2382359.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Brandeville, France, November 7, 1918. When a small group of his platoon with which he was advancing was surprised by enemy machine-gun fire, Pvt. Honchar, an automatic rifleman, selected a position and opened fire. He silenced a portion of the fire and drew the rest in his direction, thereby enabling his comrades to take cover. After being wounded three times he called a comrade and directed his fire, after which he crawled back for first-aid treatment. Home address, Annast Honchar, sister, Fegumen, Minsk, Russia.

Pvt. EDWARD LIDWELL, Company H, 131st Infantry. (A. S. No. 1387913.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Bois de Chaume, France, October 9, 1918. Advancing single-handed against a machine gun, Pvt.

Lidwell put it out of action killing its crew of three and preventing an enflaming fire on the company, thus saving many lives. Home address, Miss Lillian Lidwell, sister, 329 John R Street, Detroit, Mich.

First Lieut. JOSEPH E. SHANTZ, 131st Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Consenvoye, France, October 13, 1918. Although seriously wounded in the head by shrapnel, Lieut. Shantz went forward to rectify the position of our troops, who were occupying the ground on which our barrage was scheduled to fall. Through a perilous fire, he brought the line back to a new position. Home address, Mrs. Joseph E. Shantz, wife, Tenth and Greenleaf Avenue, Wilmette, Ill.

Pvt. GEORGE KORSYSKO (deceased), Company H, 132d Infantry. (A. S. No. 1389043.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Forges, France, September 26, 1918. During the action in Forges wood, Pvt. Korsysko, single-handed, attacked and captured several machine guns, killing the gunners with hand grenades. It was while he was thus engaged that he was killed. Next of kin, Mike Korsysko, brother, 8419 Brandon Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

Corpl. VICTOR PETERSON, Company H, 132d Infantry. (A. S. No. 1389526.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Forges, France, September 26, 1918. When his platoon was held up by a heavy flanking machine-gun fire, Corpl. Peterson advanced alone ahead of the platoon, on his own initiative, and successfully cleaned up the machine-gun nest with hand grenades and captured the machine gun. Home address, Charles Peterson, brother, 1919 Belle Plain Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

Capt. FELIX R. HOLMES, 120th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Consenvoye, France, October 11, 1918. After being wounded and ordered to the aid station, Capt. Holmes reported to his regimental headquarters, giving a detailed report of the forward conditions. His strength failing, while attempting to reach the aid station alone, he was assisted to the place, had his wounds dressed, and was tagged for evacuation, but instead returned to the front line, through intense shell, machine-gun and sniper fire, and took command of his company. Home address, Robert J. Holmes, brother, Kilsyth, W. Va.

Pvt. LOUIS CECILIA, Company G, 132d Infantry. (A. S. No. 1131098.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Consenvoye, France, October 8, 1918. While his company was being held up by machine-gun fire Pvt. Cecilia crawled to a point within 10 yards of the nest and bombed out the enemy, where they came under fire from our guns and were killed. During the exploit Pvt. Cecilia was wounded by enemy bombs. Home address, Mrs. Mary Cecilia, mother, 554 Taylor Street, Chicago, Ill.

Col. JOSEPH B. SANBORN, 131st Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Gressaire, France, August 9, 1918. Immediately after a forced march of 25 miles Col. Sanborn's regiment was ordered into a critical engagement. Hurrying to the front he personally led his forces through a heavy and concentrated shell fire, and started the attack at the exact allotted time. After launching his attack he established his post of command in a shell hole and directed the battle to a successful termination. The courage and fearlessness of Col. Sanborn, despite his advanced age of 62 years, were remarkable to all under his command. Home address, Mrs. Julie F. Sanborn, 1414 Hinman Avenue, Evanston, Ill.

Pvt. HANS E. MORGAN, Company B, 47th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2023257.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Sergy, France, August 1, 1918. After all the other members of his automatic rifle squad had been wounded and evacuated and he himself wounded three times, Pvt. Morgan remained at his post, operating his automatic rifle against a machine-gun nest until his supply of ammunition was exhausted. He then turned his rifle over to another squad before being evacuated. Home address, Hans C. Morgan, Axin, Mich.

Pvt. (First Class) ARTHUR E. MILLER (deceased), Company B, 47th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Sergy, France, August 1, 1918. Pvt. Miller was killed while returning with an answer to a very important message which he had voluntarily delivered at a very critical state of the attack. His mission was one of extreme danger, taking him to the most advanced position through a sweeping fire of artillery and machine guns. Home address, Mrs. Mary Miller, mother, Websterville, Vt.

Pvt. WILLIAM J. STEIMEL, Company D, 2d Engineers. (A. S. No. 156875.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Bois de Belleau, France, June 12, 1918. Although wounded in several places by an enemy hand grenade, Pvt. Steimel refused to go to the rear until his mission was completed. After receiving first aid, he again returned to the front line, although the entire line was at that time being subjected to a severe shelling. Next of kin, F. C. Steimel, father, Debou, Ark.

Pvt. GEORGE H. BRAUTIGAN, Company L, 3d Battalion, 5th Regiment, Marine Corps. (A. S. No. 118094.) For extraordinary heroism in action in the Bois de Belleau, France, June 23, 1918. After carrying messages all night under intense artillery fire, Pvt. Brautigan volunteered with another soldier and carried a wounded officer through the shell fire to a dressing station, one kilometer away. Home address, Mrs. Lillian Brown, aunt, 1434 Gladstone Avenue, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Sergt. WILLIAM H. FURY, 8th Machine-Gun Battalion, United States Marine Corps. (A. S. No. 107955.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Chateau-Thierry, France, June 10, 1918. Sergt. Fury remained in a building subjected to heavy shell fire and mustard gas and made coffee for wounded men, until the building was almost entirely demolished by the enemy shell fire. Next of kin, Mary Hamilton, sister, 191 Richard Street, New Haven, Conn.

Pvt. (First Class) WALTER T. MCCUNN, Medical Detachment, 303d Engineers. (A. S. No. 2412654.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Thiaucourt, France, September 29, 1918. Pvt. McCunn was administering first aid to two wounded comrades in No Man's Land, under heavy shell fire, when an exploding shell killed both of the wounded, rendering him unconscious for more than an hour. Upon his recovery, he remained at his post, administering treatment to others. Home address, John N. McCunn, father, American consul, 45 Renfield Street, Glasgow, Scotland.

Pvt. JAMES H. O'ROURKE, Company D, 311th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1746552.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Villerville-Hale, France, September 26, 1918. After being twice wounded, Pvt. O'Rourke, captured two prisoners and took them to the battalion headquarters. Home address, Mrs. William O'Rourke, mother, 266 Laurel Avenue, Lakewood, N. J.

Second Lieut. FRED THOMAS, M. C. R., Company I, Third Battalion, Fifth United States Marine Corps. For extraordinary heroism in action near St. Etienne, France, October 4, 1918. While endeavoring to reestablish a large company front, which had become disconnected, Lieut. Thomas encountered a large number of the enemy, filtering through our lines. By strategic maneuvers Lieut. Thomas formed a strong resistance, causing heavy casualties on the enemy and forcing their retreat, after he himself had been seriously wounded. Home address, N. G. Thomas (father), Gloves Gap, W. Va.

Corpl. GEORGE D. HUGHES, Company K, Fifth Marines. (A. S. No. 118573.) For extraordinary heroism in action near St. Etienne, France, October 4, 1918. Corpl. Hughes conducted a patrol to the front, located machine-gun nests and gained contact with the enemy under very severe artillery and machine-gun fire, and set an example of calmness and courage under these hazardous conditions. Next of kin, Alice E. Hughes (mother), 209 South Thirteenth Street, East Salt Lake City, Utah.

Passed Asst. Surg. LESTER I. PRATT, United States Navy. For extraordinary heroism in action in the Bois de Belleau, France, June 11, 1918. Although he had been wounded under the left eye, almost blinded by gas fumes, and his dressing station wrecked by shell fire, Surg. Pratt remained at his post working under the most trying conditions until all the wounded had been safely evacuated. Home address, Dr. L. C. Pratt (father), 180 North Main Street, Bellefontaine, Ohio.

Pvt. CHESTER RAY HUFF, Medical Detachment, 310th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1749072.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Thiaucourt, France, September 17-27, 1918. During the night of September 17, Pvt. Huff gave proof of great devotion to duty by leaving protection and assisting another comrade in bringing a wounded soldier to safety. Again, on the morning of September 27 he left shelter and journeyed over 500 yards to the side of a wounded comrade through shell fire, carrying the victim

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to the first-aid station. Home address, Henrietta Young, 19 School Street, Augusta, Me.

First Lieut. WALTER S. BURK, 359th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Villers-devant-Dun, France, November 2, 1918. Lieut. Burk refused to leave his platoon after being wounded. He led his men in the advance under heavy machine-gun fire and held all the positions taken until relieved the following morning. Home address, Mrs. Beattie B. Burk (wife), 828 West Lehigh Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa.

Passed Asst. Surg. ORLANDO H. PETTY, United States Navy. For extraordinary heroism in action near Bucy, France, June 11, 1918. While Surg. Petty was treating wounded under bombardment of gas and high explosive shells he was knocked down and his gas mask torn by a bursting gas shell, but he discarded his gas mask and continued his work. Later, when his dressing station was demolished by another shell, he helped carry a wounded officer through the shell fire to a place of safety. Home address, Mrs. Maurice M. Petty (mother), 6215 Ridge Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa.

Capt. CHARLEY DUNBECK, Company F, 2d Battalion, 5th United States Marine Corps. For extraordinary heroism in action near St. Etienne, France, October 4, 1918. Although wounded in the head and in a position exposed to intense machine-gun and artillery fire, Capt. Dunbeck refused to be evacuated until he had personally given instructions to the second in command for carrying on the advance. Home address, Mrs. Mary J. Porter (mother), 525 West Twenty-first Street, Anderson, Ind.

Sergt. WILLIAM H. NOURSE, Company C, 103d Infantry. (A. S. No. 67308.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Boursches, France, July 20, 1918. Being on special duty, Sergt. Nourse followed his company in the attack. Upon discovering a strong machine-gun nest pouring a destructive fire into the second wave of his battalion, Sergt. Nourse, sending two men to the flanks, advanced alone, rushed and cleaned out the nests with hand grenades and bayonet. Next of kin, Mrs. Lyolla A. Nourse, 46 Cottage Street, Hyde Park, Mass.

Pvt. SILAS E. BOWMAN, Company F, 117th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1308160.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Prement, France, October 7-9, 1918. For three successive days Pvt. Bowman carried messages over ground swept by machine-gun fire and heavy shelling. He disregarded personal safety, and was instrumental in establishing liaison with units in the vicinity. Home address, E. L. Bowman, brother, Erwin, Tenn.

Pvt. (First Class) SAM BLOOMBERG, Company B, 312th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2407217.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Grand Pre, France, October 18-23, 1918. During the period of five days that his company was occupying an advanced and isolated position, Pvt. Bloomberg volunteered and carried messages to his company headquarters after seeing two other runners wounded in the attempt to cross through the sweeping barrage. He was at all times under constant fire and observation of enemy machine gunners, but he succeeded in establishing liaison during the entire operations. Home address, Human Bloomberg, father, 102 Barclay Street, Newark, N. J.

Sergt. WALTER T. CHRISTENSON, Machine Gun Company, 28th Infantry. (A. S. No. 56299.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Sedan, November 7, 1918. After his platoon commander and the second in command had become casualties, Sergt. Christenson (then a private) took charge of the platoon, reorganized it, and led it forward, set up his machine guns in the open under the direct fire of enemy machine guns and artillery, and successfully silenced four enemy machine guns which were impeding the advance of the Infantry. Again he volunteered and carried a message from his company commander to the battalion post of command and brought back an answer without loss of time, through a terrific enemy fire. After his company was relieved, he returned to the former position with a detail of men and brought back all the wounded of his platoon, personally seeing that they were properly cared for and evacuated. Home address, Mrs. Thomas Christenson, mother, R. F. D. 2, Bridgman, Mich.

First Lieut. WESLEY FREML (deceased), 26th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Cantigny, France, May 30, 1918. While leading his company to the relief of a company who were holding a newly cap-

tured position, and while consolidating his new position, Lieut. Freml was constantly subjected to perilous shelling and even though twice wounded by bursting shell, he refused evacuation. He successfully repulsed three strong enemy counterattacks, and while engaged in a hand-to-hand fight with two German officers he was killed. Next of kin, Mrs. Katherine E. Freml, wife, 42 Van Ness Street, San Antonio, Tex.

Capt. VANCE MERSHON, 28th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Exermont, France, October 4-11, 1918. After the battalion commander and all the senior officers had been killed or wounded, Capt. Mershon (then a first lieutenant), took command of the battalion and led it successfully to its objective, remaining with it after being painfully wounded, until properly relieved and the new commanding officer thoroughly acquainted with the situation. He then had his wound dressed and returned to his company, actively supervising the laying of barrages by indirect fire. On the third day he was ordered to the rear, there had his wounds dressed, again returning to his company, remaining with it until it was relieved and reorganized. His courage, self-sacrifice, and utter disregard for his own personal danger was a material inspiration to his men while under the terrific bombardment by enemy artillery. Home address, Ward Mershon, father, Buckner, Mo.

Pvt. WALTER DETROW, Company B, 47th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2110211.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Sergy, France, August 1, 1918. After all the officers and non-commissioned officers of his platoon had been lost, Pvt. Detrow assumed command of the platoon, successfully leading it from its critical situation to the objective through a terrific machine-gun and shell fire. He performed this gallant act without any previous instructions or orders and acted entirely upon his own initiative. Home address, Mrs. J. W. Detrow, mother, Washingtonville, Ohio.

Pvt. JESSE L. CLINE, Company A, 61st Infantry. (A. S. 3167473.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Lion-devant-Dun, France, November 7, 1918. Although entirely unacquainted with the personnel of his company, to which he had just been assigned, Pvt. Cline volunteered and led a party of 20 men in a successful attack on a strong enemy machine-gun position. Home address, Carrie Brooks Cline, sister, War Eagle, W. Va.

Supply Sergt. ARTHUR M. FULLER, Company C, 60th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2382833.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Cunel, France, October 14, 1918. Accompanied by one other soldier, Sergt. Fuller flanked two machine-gun nests, killed seven of the enemy, and captured four machine guns, thereby making it possible for two companies of his battalion to enter the woods and continue the advance. Home address, Mrs. Ida V. Fuller, mother, 3018 Dillon Street, Baltimore, Md.

Maj. ROBERT M. VAIL, 108th Machine Gun Battalion. For extraordinary heroism in action near Vilette, France, September 5, 1918. During the crossing of the Vesle River Maj. Vail expedited the construction of bridges by his advice and assistance. He personally cut a passageway through enemy barbed wire along the river and then led his troops through this opening. When the officers of a supporting infantry company had been killed and the men were falling back in confusion, Maj. Vail kept his forces intact 1,200 yards in front of any infantry support, holding the position until reinforced by an infantry unit. Home address, Mrs. Helene H. Vail, wife, 1205 Marion Street, Scranton, Pa.

Pvt. CHARLES SCHULTZ (deceased), Company H, 132d Infantry. (A. S. No. 1389093.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Forges, France, September 26, 1918. While his platoon was being held up by machine-gun fire, Pvt. Schultz braved the hazardous fire by going forward and driving out the crew, after which he captured the gun. He died from wounds received in the exploit. Next of kin, Mrs. Charles Schultz, mother, 5933 South Rockwell Street, Chicago, Ill.

Pvt. (First Class) LEO H. BLUME, Company C, 312th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1763718.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Talma Farm, France, October 18, 1918. Pvt. Blume volunteered to carry a message from his platoon across a zone of 200 yards swept by heavy artillery and machine-gun fire. He was seriously wounded while making the attempt to perform the mission and remained under this terrific fire for over two hours before it was possible to rescue him. Home ad-

dress, Mrs. Elizabeth O'Hare, sister, 122 East Third Street, Troy, N. Y.

Pvt. ISAAC GOLDSTEIN, Company D, 312th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2406728.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Talma Farm, France, October 19, 1918. Disregarding the warning that to leave shelter meant almost certain death, Pvt. Goldstein went to the aid of a wounded comrade through an open field exposed to murderous artillery and machine-gun fire. Bringing his comrade back to safety, he took a message from the wounded man's pocket and delivered it to its destination. Under cover of darkness he carried his comrade to a first-aid station. Home address, Max Goldstein, 345 South Eleventh Street, Newark, N. J.

Pvt. CARL F. JOERGER, Company M, 312th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1737681.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Grand Pre, France, October 24, 1918. Leaving his dugout, Pvt. Joerger voluntarily crawled across a machine-gun-swept area to the aid of two wounded comrades. While performing this heroic task he was seriously wounded. Home address, Mrs. Freda Joerger, Leonardo, N. J.

Pvt. FRANK MANGIRACINO, Company F, 9th Infantry. (A. S. No. 39439.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Beaumont, France, November 1-5, 1918. On duty as a company runner, Pvt. Mangiracino repeatedly carried messages through heavy enemy machine-gun and shell fire with utter disregard for personal safety. Home address, Mary Mangiracino, 149 Manjir Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Pvt. HENRY P. GARSIDE, Company F, 9th Infantry. (A. S. No. 39290.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Beaumont, France, November 1-5, 1918. On duty as a company runner, Pvt. Garside repeatedly carried messages unflinchingly through heavy enemy machine-gun and shell fire with utter disregard for personal safety. Home address, Bridgett Garside, 290 Rhode Island Avenue, Fall River, Mass.

Corpl. FLOYD E. WATERS (deceased), Headquarters Company, 9th Infantry. (A. S. No. 41280.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Villemontry, France, November 10, 1918. After participating in the action throughout the day, and after seeing that his men had shelter for the night, Corpl. Waters voluntarily exposed himself to care for the wounded who were lying out in the open. Next of kin, John Waters, father, Susquehanna, Pa.

Pvt. (First Class) GEORGE B. STATHAM (deceased), Machine-Gun Battalion, 9th Infantry. (A. S. No. 41442.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Tullerle Ferme, France, November 4, 1918. Although he was the only remaining member of his gun crew, Pvt. Statham courageously operated his gun until he had put on enemy machine-gun nest out of action. He continued with his heroic work until he was killed. Next of kin, T. S. Statham, father, Route B, Cordele, Ga.

Sergt. HENRY WEST (deceased), Company M, 5th Regiment United States Marine Corps. (A. S. No. 118416.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Chateau Thierry, France, June 25, 1918. Sergt. West unselfishly exposed himself in an effort to bring down an enemy sniper who had wounded several members of his group, and was himself killed while in the performance of this self-sacrificing act. Next of kin, Mrs. Sophia West, mother, 116 Pleasant Street, Ware, Mass.

Sergt. HARRY P. MERRITT, Company I, 812th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1752148.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Grand Pre, France, November 1, 1918. After having established an observation post without aid in broad daylight and under perilous shell fire of the enemy, Sergt. Merritt volunteered and carried rations to the post under cover of darkness. Though knocked down by shell concussion, he reached every man who was unable to leave his post, and his entire exploit was carried out under most harassing machine-gun and artillery fire. Home address, Harry Merritt, father, 76 Midland Avenue, Montclair, N. J.

Corpl. MARIAN KOHN, Company B, Eighth Machine-Gun Battalion. (A. S. No. 553826.) For extraordinary heroism in action during the Argonne-Meuse offensive, France, October 5-6, 1918. Seeing his platoon commander and platoon sergeant buried by a shell explosion, Corpl. Kohn left his trench, and, in the face of perilous machine-gun and shell fire, single-handedly rescued his comrades from the caved-in trench. Home address, Stanley Kardak, uncle, Frankford Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa.

Capt. ALFRED D. BARKSDALE, 116th Infantry. For repeated acts of extraordinary

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heroism in action near Samogneux, France, October 8, near Molleville, France, October 12, and in the Bois de Grand Montagne, France, October 15, 1918. Commanding a support company during the attack of October 8, Capt. Barksdale discovered that his battalion had advanced ahead of the unit on the right flank, and was suffering heavy losses from machine-gun fire. Without orders, he attacked and captured the guns, taking many prisoners. On October 12, he worked for over an hour exposed to a terrific bombardment, binding the wounds of his men. On October 15 he advanced alone into a thick wood and with the aid of his pistol, put out of action a destructive machine gun, which was pouring such a deadly fire that his men could not raise their heads. Home address, W. A. Barksdale, father, Houston, Va.

Sergt. CAROL WALKER, Company K, 363d Infantry, (A. S. No. 2264876.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Waeregham, Belgium, October 31, 1918. Without assistance, and in the face of heavy fire, Sergt. Walker killed an enemy machine gunner and captured his machine gun, which had been pouring a destructive fire on our forces. Home address, Mrs. Carrie Block, sister, 311 Mason Street, Healdsburg, Cal.

Capt. WARD M. ACKLEY, 363d Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Very, France, September 27, 1918. Exposing himself to heavy machine-gun and artillery fire in leading his platoon forward, Capt. Ackley (then a Lieutenant) himself captured a machine-gun nest, killing seven of the enemy with his automatic pistol. Home address, Mrs. Margaret Ackley, wife, 1517 East Ninth Street, North Portland, Oreg.

First Sergt. WALTER O. L. PETERSON, Company H, 128th Infantry, (A. S. No. 284497.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Romagne, France, October 5, 1918. Because of casualties among officers, Sergt. Peterson was placed in command of the second wave, which he led with exceptional bravery and leadership. When it became isolated in a fog, he crawled forward by himself to ascertain the character of troops which were seen 1 kilometer to the front and upon finding that they were hostile, immediately established liaison with adjacent units and straightened out his line after breaking up several enemy machine-gun nests. Home address, Mrs. Edna H. Peterson, wife, 2122 Clarence Avenue, Racine, Wis.

Pvt. (First Class) JOE COLLETTE, Company L, 166th Infantry, (A. S. No. 1422945.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Sedan, France, November 7, 1918. After his company had taken up a position and were waiting for orders, Pvt. Collette, in the absence of the company runners, volunteered and carried all messages to and from the battalion post of command some 800 yards distant. His route lay over a steep hillside subjected to a heavy concentration of artillery, machine-gun and sniper fire. He continued to carry messages after learning that the enemy had the exact range of the post of command and a shell struck the building, killing several of the men. Having had nothing to eat for 36 hours, he finally fell, completely exhausted. Home address, Alfred Collette, father, Dayton, Minn.

Corpl. JAMES J. MURPHY, Company K, 807th Infantry, (A. S. No. 1706971.) For extraordinary heroism in action in the Forest of Argonne, France, October 4, 1918. On October 4, while his company with two battalions of the 808th Infantry were surrounded by the enemy in the Forest of Argonne, Corpl. Murphy rushed through a severe machine-gun and shell fire for a distance of 75 yards and carried a severely wounded comrade to a place of safety. Home address, William Murphy, brother, 58 Hull Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Second Lieut. WALTER SWEET, 5th Regiment United States Marine Corps. For extraordinary heroism in action near Chateau Thierry, France, June 25, 1918. In the attack of June 25, after his company commander had been removed because of wounds, Lieut. (then gunnery sergeant) Sweet reorganized the platoon, and, leading them forward, rushed a strong enemy emplacement, capturing two guns and their crews. After having consolidated his position and established liaison, the enemy opened a harassing trench-mortar fire, during which his platoon suffered heavy casualties. He attacked the nest with the aid of hand grenades, and put the gun out of action, killing two of the enemy and taking five prisoners, with whom he returned to his position. Home address, Miss Pauline G. Cummings, friend, 5 Shephard Street, Cambridge, Mass.

First Lieut. JAMES J. ROOS (deceased), 108th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near St. Souplet, France, October 17, 1918. During the forcing of the La Selle River, Lieut. Roos made personal reconnaissances of the territory, under terrific machine-gun fire, before leading his men in attack. Advancing to a farm which was strongly fortified by the enemy, he scattered his men about the buildings from which a deadly fire was pouring, and, advancing alone into the building, captured nearly 200 Germans at the point of his pistol. He was killed in attack the following morning. Next of kin, Mrs. James J. Roos, wife, Dover, Ga.

Pvt. GUSTAV GJERSTEAD, Company D, 9th Infantry, (A. S. No. 2106040.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Mayonville, France, November 1, 1918. While assisting a squad to flank a machine-gun nest which was delaying his company's advance, Pvt. Gjerstead was twice painfully wounded. He persisted in continuing in the advance until another wound forced him to the rear for treatment. Home address, G. J. Gjerstead, father, Gary, Ind.

Regimental Sergt. Maj. LEE M. RAY, 39th Infantry, (A. S. No. 556193.) For extraordinary heroism in action near St. Thibaut, France, August 5, 1918. Sergt. Maj. Ray (then a corporal clerk of headquarters) volunteered and delivered important operations messages to the French regiments attacking on the left flank of the 39th Infantry. He made his way for about 1½ miles through heavy artillery, machine-gun, and sniper fire, parallel to the enemy's line, located the French headquarters, and delivered the message in time to stop flanking attacks by the enemy. Home address, Mrs. Cuba E. Ray, 1035 Ridge Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa.

Second Lieut. SAMUEL P. ADKISSON, 39th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Septsarges, France, October 10, 1918. Leading his platoon through an unusually heavy barrage Lieut. Adkisson filled a gap on his right flank which was until then exposed. From this point he attacked and captured several machine guns and 20 prisoners. During an attack he was badly gassed and his platoon reduced in strength to six men, but he held his position under a murderous crossfire of artillery and machine guns until relieved three days later. Home address, Mrs. Louise Adkisson, mother, 920 Westlake Avenue, Los Angeles, Cal.

Col. FRANK C. BOLLES, 39th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Septsarges, France, September 26, and near Bois-de-Pays, France, September 28, 1918. On September 26 Col. Bolles personally directed the assaulting battalion of his regiment when the line was temporarily held up by hostile fire, leading the attacking troops forward to their objective. After reaching the objective, terrific hostile fire caused many casualties, and the line was beginning to waver when Col. Bolles assisted in the reorganization of the line, and by his personal example of courage and fearlessness encouraged his men to hold in the face of the withering machine-gun and artillery fire until the flank division had advanced abreast. On September 28 he rallied his men under the sweeping fire of machine guns, mianenwerfer, and artillery, and although painfully wounded, personally assisted in the reorganization of the positions. Home address, Mrs. Frank C. Bolles, 179 Fulton Avenue, Hempstead, Long Island, N. Y.

Pvt. PAUL J. PAPPAS, Company M, 39th Infantry, (A. S. No. 2659513.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Argonne forest, France, October 12, 1918. When his company withdrew from their position Pvt. Pappas, with one other soldier, saw the enemy forming for a counter attack, and without thought of their danger refused to withdraw, but held this part of the line for several hours by the efficient use of an automatic rifle, subject to withering machine-gun fire, during the entire time. Home address, Peter Harlapny, friend, 98 State Street, Niles, Ohio.

Second Lieut. CLARENCE G. ELMER, 9th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Bois des Dames, France, November 2, 1918. When he was asked to send out a squad in advance of the line under heavy machine-gun fire to enflame enemy artillery, Lieut. Elmer asked for and received permission to lead the party, and by his bravery and coolness succeeded in driving the enemy gunners away from their guns. Home address, Henry Elmer, father, Shannon, Ill.

Pvt. CARL J. BROBERG, 75th Company, 6th Marines, (A. S. No. 120609.) For ex-

traordinary heroism in action near St. Etienne, France, October 9, 1918. When many members of his company had been killed and wounded, Pvt. Broberg went out on to the field under heavy machine-gun fire and administered first aid to several wounded officers and soldiers and carried them to shelter in shell holes. Home address, Mrs. Carrie Broberg, mother, Aneta, N. Dak.

Pvt. DEAN F. SMILEY (deceased), 6th Marines, 75th Company, (A. S. No. 120763.) For extraordinary heroism in action near St. Etienne, France, October 9, 1918. Pvt. Smiley rushed a hostile machine-gun nest single-handed, killing three of the crew and capturing the remainder. While taking his prisoners to the rear, this gallant soldier was killed by enemy artillery fire. Next of kin, Mrs. Jennie Smiley, mother, 406 South Fifth Street, Goshen, Ind.

Pvt. CLARENCE SIEBERT, 23d Infantry, (A. S. No. 77372.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Landres-St. Georges, France, November 2, 1918. Although severely wounded, Pvt. Siebert remained in the action during the offensive operations west of the Meuse, and, after the sergeant in charge had been removed, Pvt. Siebert took over his duties as commander of the battalion runners, faithfully performing the task despite his pain from the wounds. Home address, Mrs. J. C. Knebel, Tono, Wash.

Pvt. (First Class) LOUIS MAZZONI, Machine-Gun Company, 23d Infantry, (A. S. No. 49352.) For extraordinary heroism in action near La Forge farm, France, November 3-4, 1918. During the offensive operations west of the Meuse, Pvt. Mazzoni single-handedly attacked five of the enemy, who were firing on our column. He crawled through a woods and attacked them from the rear, killing one and taking the rest as prisoners. Home address, Mrs. Doro Mazzoni, mother, 12 Beachview Avenue, East Saugus, Mass.

First Lieut. DAYTON S. SACKETT, 26th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Soissons, France, July 22, near St. Mihiel, France, September 12-15, near Hill 212, France, October 9, 1918. On July 22 Lieut. Sackett continued in the fight until he had taken and consolidated the objective assigned him, despite the fact that he was wounded early in the action. On September 12 he was wounded in the first day's fighting, but continued to command his company, refusing to be evacuated until the corps objective was reached. On October 9 he fearlessly walked across an open space before allowing his troops to cross, to ascertain whether or not it was subjected to enemy fire. He was seriously wounded while on this mission. Home address, D. C. Sackett, father, Greenfield, Tenn.

Corpl. CHARLES A. MCCOY, Company I, 26th Infantry, (A. S. No. 203088.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Verdun, France, October 5, 1918. Even though he himself was suffering from wounds, Corpl. McCoy refused evacuation, but after all superiors of his company had become casualties, he assumed command, reorganizing the forces and consolidating the position, working in the face of murderous machine-gun fire. Home address, Mrs. Charles A. McCoy, wife, 461 Carey Avenue, West New Brighton, Staten Island, N. Y.

Corpl. ANDREW DENN, Company E, 16th Infantry, (A. S. No. 42760.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Soissons, France, July 22, 1918. Reorganizing his platoon, after all officers and noncommissioned officers had become casualties, Corpl. Denn led a charge on an enemy machine-gun nest which threatened to annihilate his platoon, and halted its advance. Although wounded in the attack, he continued on until he had killed the gunner and the entire crew. Home address, Mrs. G. Richardson, sister, 261 Green Street, Albany, N. Y.

Corpl. JAMES A. GREENE, Company F, 26th Infantry, (A. S. No. 53730.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Cantigny, France, June 7, 1918. While in charge of an outpost, Corpl. Greene was attacked by a patrol of 12 Germans and held his ground single-handed after the other members of the outpost were either killed or wounded. He inflicted heavy casualties on the enemy patrol, repulsing it, and then held his post until relief came. Home address, Charles T. Greene, father, 333 Plainfield Street, Providence, R. I.

First Lieut. DANIEL J. BIRMINGHAM, 26th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Soissons, France, July 18, and near Exermont, France, October 4, 1918. Although twice wounded, Lieut. Birmingham re-

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used to be evacuated until the objective had been gained and the position consolidated. Again, in the attack on Exermont, October 4, he continued in command of his battalion, after suffering a dangerous wound in the hip, until all the objectives had been taken and the positions consolidated. Home address, W. J. Birmingham, father, 437 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y.

Sergt. WACTAW DARKOSKI, Company K, 26th Infantry. (A. S. No. 54604.) For extraordinary heroism in action in the Argonne Forest, France, October 9, 1918. During the fighting in the Argonne, October 4-13, Sergt. Darkoski displayed extraordinary heroism and ability in leading his platoon against strong points under the most severe shell and machine-gun fire. On October 9, in a hand-to-hand fight he alone captured two enemy guns. Home address, Frank Haze, uncle, 96 Savin Street, Jersey City, N. J.

Pvt. AXEL JERMAISON, Company K, 26th Infantry. (A. S. No. 54697.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Cantigny, France, May 27, 1918. Pvt. Jermaison was so seriously wounded that he could not operate his automatic rifle, but refused to be evacuated and continued with the rifle team, taking the place of first loader. Becoming very weak from the loss of blood, he was ordered to the rear by his platoon commander, but on his way back, picked up a rifle and continued in the fight until the enemy had been driven back. Home address, G. O. Amoldt, friend, R. F. D. Alexander, N. Dak.

Pvt. EDDIE J. PARENT, Company G, 26th Infantry. (A. S. No. 272420.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Verdun, France, October 10, 1918. While his company was suffering severe losses from an enemy machine gun, Pvt. Parent, unaided, crawled forward and silenced the gun. Home address, M. Parent, father, 17 Gilman Street, Brunswick, Me.

Pvt. HERBERT K. LENNOX, Company K, 26th Infantry. (A. S. No. 54717.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Cantigny, France, May 27, 1918. Engaged as gunner of an automatic rifle team, Pvt. Lennox was so severely wounded that he was unable to withdraw from the advancing enemy. Concealing himself until the assaulting wave had passed over him, he opened fire on the enemy from the rear, completely discouraging their attack and forcing them to retire. Home address, James Lennox, father, 230 West Railroad Street, Pottsville, Pa.

Pvt. (First Class) GEORGE W. BARTLETT, Company I, 26th Infantry. (A. S. No. 54347.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Solissons, France, July 19, 1918. Acting in the capacity of battalion runner, Pvt. Bartlett volunteered and carried an important attack order from his regimental headquarters to the front line battalion through a terrific artillery bombardment. He was twice knocked down while in the performance of this mission, but successfully delivered his message on time. Although in a dazed condition upon reaching the forward line, he again volunteered to carry a message across an area swept by enemy machine-gun fire. Home address, John Potter, uncle, Honeoye, N. Y.

Second Lieut. GEORGE P. CATHER (deceased), 24th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Cantigny, France, May 27, 1918. During a strong enemy attack Lieut. Cather mounted the parapet of his trench and, although exposed to withering machine-gun fire, he so skillfully directed the fire of his automatic rifles that the attack was repulsed. In this action Lieut. Cather fell mortally wounded. Next of kin, Mrs. G. P. Cather, wife, Bladen, Nebr.

First Lieut. CHARLES RIDGELY, 26th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Bery le Sec, France, July 21, 1918. During the final attack on Solissons Lieut. Ridgely, advancing in front of his assault waves, alone charged a machine-gun position which was delivering a punishing fire on our troops. He killed both gunners and captured the gun. Home address, Mrs. S. W. Murkland, sister, 100 East Seventeenth Street, New York City.

Pvt. HARRY KENNEDY, Company C, 26th Infantry. (A. S. No. 53064.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Solissons, France, July 19, 1918. Armed with only his rifle and bayonet, Pvt. Kennedy alone captured a machine gun after killing the entire crew. He then turned his captured gun on the enemy, causing the retreat of an entire platoon. Home address, Mrs. Anna Kennedy, mother, R. F. D. No. 4, Fairmont, Ill.

First Lieut. MARVIN L. ATKINS, 105th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near St. Souplet, France, October 18, 1918. Continuing in action after being gassed, Lieut. Atkins displayed exceptional personal bravery when the advance of his platoon was checked by heavy machine-gun fire in seizing the gun of a wounded soldier and attacking a machine gun, which he silenced and captured. Under the inspiration of this fearless act his company overcame several other machine-gun emplacements and reached the objective. Home address, Mrs. Marvin L. Atkins, wife, 174 Argyle Place, Arlington, N. J.

Corpl. ABEL J. LEVINE, Company H, 107th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1211232.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Bony, France, September 23, 1918. After his platoon had suffered heavy casualties and all the sergeants had been wounded, Corpl. Levine collected the remaining effectives in his own and other units, formed a platoon, and continued the advance. When his rifle was rendered useless he killed several of the enemy with his pistol. He was wounded shortly afterward, but he refused assistance until his men had been cared for and evacuated. Home address, Mrs. Jennie Levine, mother, 103 Prospect Avenue, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Pvt. (First Class) GEORGE H. EDWARDS (deceased), Battery C, 105th Field Artillery. (A. S. No. 1218659.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Forges, France, September 26, 1918. In the face of heavy machine-gun fire, at great personal risk, Pvt. Edwards crawled out from a position of safety and rescued a wounded soldier who was lying exposed to the enemy fire. Pvt. Edwards was killed later in the advance while charging a machine-gun nest. Next of kin, Mrs. H. G. Edwards, mother, 608 Bainbridge Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Sergt. BENJAMIN DICKENS, Company E, 10th Infantry. (A. S. No. 42761.) For extraordinary heroism in action in the Forest of Argonne, France, October 4, 1918. Although he was severely wounded early in the attack, Sergt. Dickens refused to be evacuated, and, when all of the officers had become casualties, he took command of the company and led it to the objective. Shortly afterwards the enemy made a strong attack against the position, but, although he was scarcely able to walk, he so successfully led his company that the superior number of the enemy was forced to withdraw. Home address, Mrs. Rebecca McCoy, sister, Broad Ripple, Ind.

Corpl. RAYMOND BUMA, deceased, Machine Gun Battalion, 39th Infantry. (A. S. No. 556232.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Cuisy, France, September 26, 1918. After all his squad members had become casualties, Corpl. Buma alone continued to operate his gun; and, after his ammunition was exhausted, he ran from shell hole to shell hole picking up ammunition and carrying it back to his gun, resumed fire on the enemy that was very instrumental in the success of the attack. He was killed in action shortly afterwards. Next of kin, Mrs. Minnie Buma, mother, Lake Street, Whitinsville, Mass.

Regimental Sergt. Maj. EDWARD K. LAWLESS, Headquarters Company, 39th Infantry. (A. S. No. 556118.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Troesnes, France, July 18, 1918. When it had become necessary to send an urgent message to the battalion base company, Sergt. Maj. Lawless, though under fire for the first time, voluntarily took the message across an open field, a distance of 500 yards. It seemed almost impossible to get through the murderous fire, but, knowing the importance of the message, Sergt. Maj. Lawless ventured through, rather than take the longer yet safer route. He completed his mission, returning over the same course. Home address, John T. Lawless, father, 99 Boston Avenue, Leominster, Mass.

Capt. EDWARD EDMUNDS, Jr., 102d Infantry, United States Army. For extraordinary heroism in action near Verdun, France, October 27, 1918. An order having been received from division headquarters for an accurate report on the strength present in the front line, Capt. (then First Lieut.) Edmunds crawled from shell hole to shell hole in broad daylight and in plain view of the enemy who kept him under a continuous sniping fire from numerous machine guns. Going on under these conditions he personally counted every man in the front line of the battalion that he was commanding and made his report to the regimental commander. Next of kin, Edward Edmunds, sr., father, 166 Melrose Street, Auburndale, Mass.

Pvt. (First Class) WILLIAM J. BIRGANDO, Company I, 102d Infantry. (A. S. No. 65543.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Verdun, France, October 27, 1918. During the attack on Hill 380, north of Verdun, on October 27, Pvt. Birgando, in charge of a squad, made a desperate attempt to silence a machine gun which was holding up the advance of the entire company. The nature of the terrain made this attack more than hazardous, but Pvt. Birgando, nevertheless, persisted until the entire squad, himself included, had become casualties. Home address, Mrs. Katherine Birgando, mother, 118 Maple Street, Meriden, Conn.

Corp. HENRY BRADSNYDER, Company G, 102d Infantry. (A. S. No. 65120.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Verdun, France, October 23, 1918. Accompanied by his lieutenant, Corpl. Brad Snyder charged two machine-gun nests which were causing heavy losses in our ranks. To reach the positions it was necessary to pass through an intense machine-gun and artillery fire. The first gun was successfully reached, a German officer and one of the gun crew killed and the gun captured. In the dash for the second gun the lieutenant was severely wounded. Corpl. Brad Snyder gave him first-aid treatment and remained with him, protecting him from death or capture until aid arrived some time later. Home address, Mrs. Amalie Brad Snyder, mother, 116 Main Street, Thompsonville, Conn.

Corp. TIMOTHY AHEARN, Company C, 102d Infantry. (A. S. No. 64112.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Verdun, France, October 27, 1918. After all of the officers and sergeant had become casualties, Corpl. Ahearn took command of his company, leading it through the remainder of the day's action with great bravery and ability. Late in the day he went to the rescue of a wounded officer and succeeded in bringing him to a place of safety through a terrific machine-gun fire. Home address, Mrs. B. P. Ahearn, mother, Poplar Street, New Haven, Conn.

Lieut.-Col. JOHN D. MURPHY, 26th Division. For extraordinary heroism in action near Eplede, France, July 22, 1918. Lieut. Col. (then major) Murphy led a small daylight patrol to reconnoiter the enemy's outpost line. Encountering machine-gun fire, he sheltered his patrol and alone went forward, in the face of continuous fire, to reconnoiter the town of Eplede. Assuring himself of the strength of the enemy, he returned over the same route, reporting to his brigade headquarters with information of the greatest value. Home address, Daniel J. Murphy, father, 4 Grove Street, Natick, Mass.

Maj. WILLIAM E. SOUTHARD, 103d Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Torcy, France, July 18, 1918. Immediately after an enemy barrage was laid down on his assaulting line, Maj. Southard pushed forward through the halting ranks and, calling on his men to follow, advanced at double time to the storming of Torcy, attaining his objective. He then organized the defense of the town, supervising the work under hazardous artillery, machine-gun, and sniper fire. During the attack, Maj. Southard's forces suffered heavily from casualties, yet he resolutely held his position for two days, after which he was wounded while leading in assault upon the heights beyond Belleau. Home address, Mrs. Gertrude M. Southard, wife, 196 Webster Avenue, Bangor, Me.

Pvt. CHARLES H. BLUETT, Company A, 9th Machine Gun Battalion. (A. S. No. 2225348.) For extraordinary heroism in action at Moulins, France, July 14-20, 1918. After being wounded in the arm by shrapnel, Pvt. Bluett continued on duty with his platoon until it was relieved four days later. He then joined another platoon, going back to the line, and remained in action until the condition of his wound necessitated his evacuation. Next of kin, Mrs. Levina J. Bluett, Richardson, Tex.

First Sergt. FRANK MCBRIDE, Company A, 9th Machine Gun Battalion. (A. S. No. 554577.) For extraordinary heroism in action at Paroy, France, July 14-15, 1918. Upon his own initiative, Sergt. McBride left his dugout under heavy shell fire, and proceeded 200 yards to a house where an officer and another soldier were lying severely wounded. After administering first aid to them, he remained with them until they were evacuated. Next of kin, Mrs. Frank McBride, 1004 Ogden Avenue, Bronx, New York City, N. Y.

Sergt. JOSEPH B. CRANDALL, deceased, Company B, 9th Machine Gun Battalion. (A.

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S. No. 554827.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Chateau Thierry, France, July 14-15, 1918. Being detached from his platoon with a machine-gun section for the purpose of making a relief, Sergt. Crandall, although severely wounded and suffering great pain, continued to direct his section until killed at his post. Next of kin, Mrs. Crandall, mother, Old Brigade, N. J.

Corpl. GEORGE YOUNG, Company A, 9th Machine-Gun Battalion. (A. S. No. 554780.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Moulins, France, July 14-15, 1918. Although seriously wounded, Corpl. Young maintained a steady fire from his machine gun until forced to be carried to the rear for treatment. Next of kin, Mrs. Martha Roberts, sister, East Second Street, Loraine, Ohio.

Corpl. MILE B. SEAY, Company I, 30th Infantry. (A. S. No. 547509.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Cresancy, France, July 15, 1918. Although wounded, Corpl. Seay continued to perform his duties as runner, and, after having his wounds dressed, immediately returned to duty. Home address, Mrs. C. M. Berry, aunt, 1410 Senate Street, Columbia, S. C.

Pvt. RALPH A. CHAPELLE, Company I, 30th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1628697.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Cresancy, France, July 15, 1918. Although badly wounded by shell fire during the heavy artillery fire of the enemy's offensive, Pvt. Chapelle remained at his post in the front line until ordered to the rear by his commanding officer. Next of kin, W. E. Hood, sister, 200 South Twenty-eighth Street, Lincoln, Neb.

Pvt. MARTIN YANCHULIS, Company I, 30th Infantry. (A. S. No. 547640.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Cresancy, France, July 15, 1918. Although severely wounded, Pvt. Yanchulis made his way through the terrific enemy barrage to his post in the fire trenches, and remained on duty until ordered to the rear by his commanding officer. Next of kin, Domenick Yanchulis, cousin, 1201 East Falls Street, Niagara Falls, N. Y.

Pvt. HENRY KNIGHT, Company D, 30th Infantry. (A. S. No. 546170.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Cresancy, France, July 15, 1918. After his company had been relieved, Pvt. Knight remained to guide the new organization through the intense artillery and machine-gun fire, and for three days carried food and water to the wounded, who could not be removed during the bombardment. Next of kin, Mrs. Walter Frazier, aunt, Easton, Me.

Pvt. CLARENCE H. LAUBER, deceased, Company I, 356th Infantry. (A. S. No. 3091033.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Pouilly, France, November 10-11, 1918. Pvt. Lauber accompanied Lieut. Murphy and three other soldiers in a flank attack on three heavy machine guns; fired on directly at 30 yards, they charged the guns, and in the hand-to-hand fight which followed this soldier and two of his comrades were killed. Next of kin, Mrs. E. Porter, sister, Hanseom, Ohio.

Pvt. BENJAMIN T. TUBBS, deceased, Company I, 356th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1598382.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Pouilly, France, November 10-11, 1918. Pvt. Tubbs accompanied Lieut. Murphy and three other soldiers in a flank attack on three heavy machine guns. Fired on directly at 30 yards, they charged the guns, and in the hand-to-hand fight which followed this soldier and two of his comrades were killed. Next of kin, Howard Homer Tubbs, father, Farmerville, La.

Pvt. (First Class) ISRAEL J. CHAMBERLAIN, Company B, 116th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1287351.) For extraordinary heroism in action in Bois Bossios, France, October 9, 1918. Pvt. Chamberlain went through an open country under heavy machine-gun fire to ascertain whether friendly troops were ahead of his regiment, after unknown soldiers had been observed; he was urged by the French troops on the flank not to make the return trip as certain death seemed sure to be the outcome; but, without hesitation, returned with information which resulted in the wounding of one of the enemy, the killing of two, and the capture of 37, including one officer. Home address, Mrs. Edith L. Chamberlain, wife, Huntington, Vt.

Pvt. ANDREW W. DILBECK, deceased, Company I, 356th Infantry. (A. S. No. 3207561.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Pouilly, France, November 10-11, 1918. Pvt. Dilbeck accompanied Lieut. Murphy and three other soldiers in a flank at-

tack on three heavy machine guns. Fired on directly at 30 yards, they charged the guns, and in the hand-to-hand fight which followed this soldier and two of his comrades were killed. Next of kin, William Dilbeck, father, Crossville, Ala.

Capt. DEAN M. GILFILLAN, Tank Corps. For extraordinary heroism in action near Varennes, France, October 26, 1918. Capt. Gilfillan destroyed two machine guns and inflicted heavy losses on a column of German infantry after his tank had been set on fire by two direct hits by enemy artillery and he himself wounded by machine-gun fire. He left his tank only when explosion was imminent, was wounded a second time by shell fragments, but remained at his post until he had turned over his command to another officer. Home address, S. G. Gilfillan, father, 1001 South Sixth Street, Ironton, Ohio.

Sergt. ANDREW F. VOGEL, deceased, Company C, 320th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1829263.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Bois de Ogon, France, October 10, 1918. Crawling in his hands and knees from a place of safety, Sergt. Vogel went to the aid of a wounded comrade, exposed to intense machine-gun fire during the entire exploit. He successfully accomplished his task, but during a later artillery attack he was instantly killed. Home address, Mrs. Joseph Kennan, sister, 1618 Roland Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Pvt. (First Class) BODOLPHE DESRECHERS, deceased, Company C, Second Machine Gun Battalion. (A. S. No. 1668157.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Exermont, France, October 9, 1918. Pvt. Desrechters, a company runner, displayed exceptional bravery in carrying messages through heavy shell and machine-gun fire until killed. Next of kin, Mrs. Cleophe Desrechters, 77 Tripp Street, Fall River, Mass.

Corpl. WALDO THOMPSON, Company C, 2d Field Battalion, Signal Corps. (A. S. No. 198774.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Exermont, France, October 5, 1918. Corpl. Thompson voluntarily went forward in the face of a most destructive bombardment, and kept in repair the telephone line connecting the Infantry and Artillery, thereby assuring the close cooperation between these two elements. Next of kin, Mrs. Waldo Thompson, wife, 1108 East Sixth Street, Anaconda, Mont.

Sergt. DENNIS H. LOCKARD, Company C, 2d Field Battalion, Signal Corps. (A. S. No. 198622.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Exermont, France, October 5, 1918. Leading a detail through an intense bombardment, Sergt. Lockard kept in operation the telephone lines of regimental headquarters, thereby enabling his regimental commander to keep in touch with elements on the firing line. Next of kin, Mrs. Flora Lockard, mother, 306 West Penn Street, Muncy, Pa.

Pvt. (First Class) CARL M. LANGE, Company B, 2d Machine Gun Battalion. (A. S. No. 106472.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Freville, France, October 5, 1918. Seeing that his first line was being held up by machine-gun fire from the woods, Pvt. Lange, with another soldier, voluntarily made his way through a terrific enemy barrage and entered the woods, cleared out three machine guns, killed several of the crew, and captured about 20 prisoners. Failing in his attempt to communicate the success of his mission to the attacking wave, he himself went back, and finding his officers had all become casualties, assisted in organizing a small force and leading it to the objective. Next of kin, Mrs. Fred Gosch, mother, Wall Lake, Iowa.

Second Lieut. ROBERT M. BAILEY, deceased, 114th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Verdun, France, October 12, 1918. Leading his platoon against an enemy position, Lieut. Bailey was fatally wounded, but refused to leave until his position was organized and a counterattack utilized. Home address, Mrs. Alice O. Bailey, mother, Anderson, S. C.

Second Lieut. TILMER A. RUNNING, deceased, 114th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Verdun, France, October 12, 1918. While advancing on an enemy position, under direct machine-gun fire, Lieut. Running was seriously wounded, but remained with his platoon until he died. Home address, H. Running, father, Verogue, Wis.

Sergt. JOHN W. FAUST, Machine Gun Company, 38th Infantry. (A. S. No. 549232.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Cunel, France, October 22, 1918. After all the officers of his company had been wounded, Sergt. Faust (then corporal) assumed command, and with great courage and bravery

organized a detachment, recapturing two of his machine-guns that had fallen to the enemy in a counter-attack earlier in the day. Next of kin, T. W. Faust, father, R. F. D. No. 2, Lexington, N. C.

Pvt. WILLIAM L. BARRON, deceased, Company I, 3d Battalion, 5th Marines. (A. S. No. 118042.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Chateau-Thierry, France, June 23, 1918. After making several successful journeys over an area swept by artillery, machine gun, and rifle fire, in his capacity as runner, Pvt. Barron was caught in a heavy barrage and seriously wounded. By a superhuman effort he made his way to his objective; and, after being dragged into safety, insisted on personally delivering his message. He then fell exhausted from loss of blood. Next of kin, Ella Wires, mother, R. F. D. No. 4, Howley, N. Y.

Pvt. (First Class) ESBIE C. GUMBS, Company E, 310th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2450352.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Authand-Sy, France, November 2-4, 1918. Pvt. Gumbs, while acting as battalion runner, repeatedly crossed areas subjected to heavy shell and machine-gun fire, carrying messages to and from flank companies. His work, performed with unhesitating devotion to duty, materially contributed to the successful advance of his battalion. Next of kin, Mrs. Sarah A. Gumba, 211 Warren Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Pvt. JOHN BROWN, deceased, Medical Detachment, 11th Infantry. (A. S. No. 793900.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Remelville, France, November 5, 1918. While making his way to the side of a wounded comrade, Pvt. Brown was seriously wounded, but he refused to permit the litter bearers to take him to a dressing station until those wounded about him were first evacuated. Next of kin, James Brown; uncle, 42 West Seventh Street, West New York, N. J.

Corpl. CLARENCE L. A. DUNSING, Company A, 115th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1263787.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Molleville, France, October 18, 1918. During a heavy bombardment, Corpl. Dunsing, who was on duty as gas noncommissioned officer, went along the front line of his company and administered first aid treatment to several seriously wounded men. Home address, C. H. Lewis, grandfather, 121 East Eighth Street, Frederick, Md.

Sergt. CHARLES L. HICKS, Company A, 6th Infantry. (A. S. No. 731463.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Bois de Chatillon, France, November 5, 1918. Accompanied by another soldier, Sergt. Hicks advanced against an enemy machine-gun unit which was holding up the advance of his platoon and the company on his left. He completed the capturing of the position, killing three of the enemy and routing the remaining part of the unit, thereby enabling his platoon to advance to their objective. Next of kin, John Hicks, father, R. F. D. No. 3, Dawson Springs, Ky.

Sergt. ALEXANDER STOKER, Company A, 6th Infantry. (A. S. No. 731362.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Bois de Chatillon, France, November 5, 1918. Accompanied by another soldier, Sergt. Stoker advanced against an enemy machine-gun unit which was holding up the advance of his platoon and the company on his left. He completed the capture of the position, killing three of the enemy and routing the remaining part of the unit, thereby enabling his platoon to advance to their objective. Next of kin, Mrs. Alexander Stoker, wife, R. F. D. No. 1, box 72, Dalton, Ga.

Pvt. WARREN A. CHITTUM, Company K, 364th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2783841.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Echfontaine, France, September 29-October 1, 1918. Although his right thumb had been shot off, Pvt. Chittum remained at his post as carrier of an automatic rifle squad throughout the engagement. Next of kin, Louise W. Chittum, wife, 1230 Jackson Street, San Francisco, Cal.

Pvt. JOSEPH J. LE MAY, Company K, 364th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2784906.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Echfontaine, France, September 28, 1918. Responding to a call for volunteers, Pvt. Le May, with five others, advanced 400 yards beyond their front to bring in wounded comrades. They succeeded in rescuing seven of their men and also bringing up the dead body of a lieutenant, while exposed to terrific machine-gun fire. Next of kin, Mike Le Breton, friend, Second North Washington Street, Seattle, Wash.

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Pvt. (First Class) **HARRY H. PALMER**, Company K, 364th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2267656.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Eclisfontaine, France, September 28, 1918. Responding to a call for volunteers, Pvt. Palmer, with five others, advanced 400 yards beyond their front to bring in wounded comrades. They succeeded in rescuing seven of their men and also in bringing in the dead body of a lieutenant, while exposed to terrific machine-gun fire. Next of kin, Harry P. Palmer, father, Wildomar, Cal.

Sergt. **GLEN O. MCEWEN**, Machine-Gun Company, 161st Infantry. (A. S. No. 74459.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Moulin de Guenoville, France, September 26, 1918. Sergt. McEwen, with three other soldiers, advanced nearly 200 yards over an open hillside exposed to machine-gun fire, and carried two wounded men to the protection of a near-by trench. Home address, Mrs. O. McEwen, mother, 4211 West Crown Avenue, Spokane, Wash.

Pvt. **JOHN P. O'ROURKE**, alias John T. Burke, deceased. (A. S. No. 976787.) Medical Detachment, 9th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Blanc Mont Ridge, France, October 3-9, 1918. With utter disregard for his personal safety, Pvt. O'Rourke worked untiringly under heavy shell fire and gave aid to the wounded. He lost his life while advancing in front of his company to give aid to some wounded. Home address, Mrs. John P. O'Rourke, wife, 1095 Cecilia Avenue, Akron, Ohio.

Corpl. **FRANK R. CARPENTER**, deceased, Company C, 307th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1680323.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Moulin de Charlavaux, France, October 5, 1918. While advancing with his platoon in the Argonne Forest, Corpl. Carpenter located a machine-gun snapper who was directing fire on his squad. Ordering his men to take cover, he drew the sniper's attention to himself by fire from his rifle. His gallant efforts prevented heavy casualties among his squad, but he himself was killed. Home address, Harry Carpenter, 1 Summer Street, Lockport, N. Y.

Maj. **J. O. ADLER**, 306th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action at St. Juvin, France, October 14, 1918. Accompanied by another officer, Maj. Adler was supervising the work of clearing the enemy from St. Juvin when they suddenly came upon a party of the enemy numbering 150. Firing on the enemy with his pistol, Maj. Adler ran toward the party, calling on them to surrender. His bravery and good marksmanship resulted in the capture of 50 Germans, and the remainder fled. Home address, H. C. Adler, father, Chattanooga Times, Chattanooga, Tenn.

Pvt. **CHARLES A. MCCARTHY**, Company B, 2d Machine Gun Battalion. (A. S. No. 105474.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Fleville, France, October 5, 1918. With the assistance of one other soldier, Pvt. McCarthy entered a wood where three machine guns were holding up our attack and, under unusually heavy artillery and machine-gun fire, knocked one of the guns out and rushed the second single handed. With the assistance of the other soldier, he then succeeded in capturing about 20 prisoners who were in or near the machine-gun nest. Next of kin, Mrs. Elmer Keith, Bonners Ferry, Idaho.

Second Lieut. (Observer) **THOMAS B. DODWELL**, Royal Air Forces, British Army. For extraordinary heroism in action near Bruges, Belgium, August 13, 1918. This officer and his pilot led two other machines on a long photographic mission over the area north of Bruges. Over Thourout they were attacked by six enemy planes. While heavily engaged, Lieut. Dodwell and his pilot saw one of their machines in difficulty and trying to make our lines with an enemy plane close at his tail. Regardless of their own danger from the remaining planes, they dived to the assistance of the crippled plane. Taking advantage of their preoccupation, several enemy planes attacked from the rear; but, in spite of this rear attack, they drove off the enemy plane and allowed the damaged plane to land within our lines. Half of the tail plane was shot away, but Lieut. Dodwell climbed along the wing and lay down along the cowling in front of the pilot, enabling the pilot to regain partial control of his machine. When nearing the ground, he crawled back into the cockpit to allow the nose to rise, and the pilot made a safe landing. The presence of mind and cool courage of this officer saved the machine from crashing to the ground. Home address, Henry Dodwell, father, The Day House, Wellington, Shropshire, England.

First Sergt. **CHARLES F. SIGG**, Company A, Second Ammunition Train. (A. S. No. 204345.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Mont Blanc, France, October 8, 1918. Sergt. Sigg was in charge of a convoy of trucks, loaded with artillery ammunition, of which our batteries were in urgent need. The site selected for the dump was under very heavy shell fire, but Sergt. Sigg, drawing his convoy up in sections, directed the unloading, throughout the rain of shells, which were exploding on all sides of his machines. Next of kin, Mrs. Bertha Baltas, sister, post-office box 316, West Park, Ohio.

Pvt. **IVER ORCUTT**, Company E, 56th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2290586.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Preny, France, November 1, 1918. When it was rumored that several of the front line companies had been forced to withdraw, Pvt. Orcutt volunteered and went over the entire front during the night, reporting back the exact location of each unit. His mission was accomplished under shrapnel fire and gas, but he succeeded where many other runners had failed. Home address, John Merrish Orcutt, father, Mazomanie, Wis.

Sergt. **SILAS JOHNSON**, Medical Detachment, 56th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1099184.) For extraordinary heroism in action in the Duvenelle Sector, France, November 3, 1918. When the company to which he was attached withdrew from their position and the medical personnel was ordered to find a place of safety, Sergt. Johnson refused to leave the wounded. He carried a seriously wounded officer 13 kilometers through a heavy artillery barrage to the battalion aid station. Home address, Ole S. Johnson, Morris, Ill.

Sergt. **BERNARD NELSON**, Company D, 168th Infantry. (A. S. No. 100795.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Landres St. Georges, France, October 14, 1918. During the attack on Hill 288, when the assault wave was held up by intense machine-gun fire, Sergt. Nelson volunteered and led two squads to silence these guns. He cut his way through strong barbed wire entanglements, advanced up a very steep slope in the face of direct machine-gun fire, entered the trench, and killed or wounded the entire crews of the two guns, making it possible for the battalion to advance. Next of kin, Axel W. Nelson, father, Anteville, Iowa.

Corpl. **WILLIAM L. MURRAY**, Headquarters Company, 6th Field Artillery. (A. S. No. 125709.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Fleville, France, October 6, 1918. Corpl. Murray voluntarily went forward and made his way to the enemy front lines to locate hostile artillery firing at short range on our batteries. While on this mission he rescued a wounded comrade and carried him to safety. Home address, Mrs. Hellen Murray, mother, Warren, Ill.

Pvt. (First Class) **EMERSON SMITH**, Company M, 4th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2339975.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Le Charmel, France, July 26, 1918. Engaged as runner, Pvt. Smith carried an important message through heavy shell and machine-gun fire, completing his mission, although so badly gassed that immediate removal to a hospital was necessary. Next of kin, Artie Smith, father, 1412 North Main Street, Dayton, Ohio.

Pvt. **WILLIAM A. KRUEZMAN**, 82d Company, 6th Marines. (A. S. No. 121947.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Bayonville, France, November 1, 1918. Pvt. Kruezman volunteered and went forward to reconnoiter a ravine which was infested with hostile machine guns, returning with several prisoners. Home address, Mrs. Elizabeth Kruezman, Batesville, Ind.

Pvt. **IL A. HARDY**, Company A, 38th Infantry. (A. S. No. 549424.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Mezy, France, July 15, 1918. Although painfully wounded during the battle of the Marne, Pvt. Hardy continued on duty with his platoon and was active in bringing wounded men to the safety of our own lines. Next of kin, Mrs. Annie Hardy, wife, Lynn, Mass.

First Sergt. **DAVID NADEAU**, Company F, 38th Infantry. (A. S. No. 558926.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Mezy, France, July 15-19, 1918. Sergt. Nadeau remained on duty throughout the battle of the Marne July 15 to 19, although seriously wounded, and rendered valuable assistance in sustaining the morale and managing the troops in the line. Next of kin, Nelson Nadeau, father, Woonsocket, R. I.

Pvt. (First Class) **HOWARD H. MORROW**, deceased, Company F, 115th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1285160.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Bols de Consenvoye, France, Octo-

ber 8, 1918. Going forward from his own lines through terrific machine-gun and artillery fire, Pvt. Morrow rescued and brought to safety a wounded comrade. In the action of the next few days he was so severely wounded that he died shortly afterwards. Next of kin, Miss Theresa Morrow, sister, Washington, D. C.

Pvt. **WERNER EICH**, Company K, 166th Infantry. (A. S. No. 94889.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Sedan, France, November 7, 1918. Pvt. Eich was a member of a patrol sent out to silence machine-gun nests which were holding up the battalion's advance. When the officer leading the patrol fell mortally wounded, this soldier went to his assistance in the face of heavy fire from machine guns only 100 yards away, three other soldiers being killed in similar attempts. Home address, Mrs. George F. Eich, mother, Birney Lane, Mount Washington, Ohio.

Second Lieut. **ELIOT A. CARTER**, 103d Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Bois de St. Remy, France, September 12, 1918. Advancing against greatly superior numbers of the enemy, Lieut. Carter was painfully wounded. He refused evacuation until his objective was reached, and during the combat captured or killed more than 60 of the enemy. James Carter, father, 246 Devonshire Street, Boston, Mass.

Pvt. **BOBELL PURDY**, deceased, Company K, 166th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1348297.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Sedan, France, November 7, 1918. Pvt. Purdy was a member of a patrol sent out to silence machine-gun nests which were holding up the battalion's advance. When the officer leading the patrol fell mortally wounded this soldier attempted to go to the officer's assistance, despite heavy fire from machine guns only 100 yards away, and was himself killed. Home address, W. T. Purdy, father, route 1, Hanceville, Ala.

Pvt. **ELI MUTIE**, deceased, Company K, 166th Infantry. (A. S. No. 94901.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Sedan, France, November 7, 1918. Pvt. Mutie was a member of a patrol sent out to silence machine-gun nests which were holding up the battalion's advance. When the officer leading the patrol fell, mortally wounded, this soldier attempted to go to the officer's assistance, despite heavy fire from machine guns only 100 yards away, and was himself killed. Stella Muskinjo, cousin, 2309 Mulberry Street, Cleveland, Ohio.

Pvt. **HARRY G. HOLLAND**, Company B, 122d Machine Gun Battalion. (A. S. No. 1392469.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Bois de Chaume, France, October 10, 1918. Advancing alone against 20 of the enemy whom he saw bringing machine guns into position to enfilade his position, Pvt. Holland killed 10 and routed the rest, his entire exploit being under heavy shell and machine-gun fire. Next of kin, Mrs. Retta Holland, mother, 819 East Pulaski Street, Lincoln, Ill.

Sergt. (First Class) **IROLD A. HUDSON**, Company C, 105th Signal Battalion. (A. S. No. 1330180.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Bellicourt, France, September 29, 1918. Sergt. Hudson and a number of other members of a signal detachment were wounded by shell fire while proceeding through an enemy counter barrage to the front line, but disregarding his own injuries this soldier administered first aid to his wounded comrades and then extended a telephone line to the advance message center, and, with five men, maintained and operated the message center. Next of kin, Mrs. Mary E. Hudson, Estherville, Iowa.

Pvt. **HARRY L. CAUSLAND**, deceased, Company I, 357th Infantry. (A. S. No. 3133469.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Bantshville, France, October 24, 1918. Pvt. Causland was acting as ammunition carrier for a machine gun which was supporting a raid on the enemy by the infantry. While this gun was being operated from a shell hole, its ammunition became exhausted and the corporal called back to the carriers, who were in shell holes 25 yards behind to bring up more ammunition. Though the gun position was under heavy enemy fire, Pvt. Causland called out, "I'll take it," and rushed forward with two boxes of ammunition. Just as he reached the emplacement with the ammunition he was killed instantly by a machine-gun bullet. Next of kin, Herbert Causland, father, Anacones, Wash.

Sergt. **STEVE G. NORRIS**, Company G, 364th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2267070.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Very,

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France, September 26, 1918. Sergt. Norris voluntarily preceded his company in searching woods for the purpose of locating enemy snipers, who were causing numerous casualties. He also made numerous trips under artillery and machine-gun fire to maintain liaison with adjacent units. When his company was making its first advance under heavy shell fire this soldier, then a corporal, took the place of a rifle sergeant's section and kept this unit intact during the advance. Home address, Mary G. Boniris, Ahladocabas, Greece.

Capt. MAROEL LORANS (French) attached to 42d Division. For extraordinary heroism in action during the Battle of the Ourcq, July 26 to August 2, 1918. Capt. Lorans remained constantly in the front line, attaching himself to one battalion after another as they in turn came into the fight, and by his energy and gallantry under fire setting a splendid example to the officers and soldiers of the regiment. Home address, Madam Lorans, 9 Rue de Langres, Neuf Chateau, Vosges.

Col. EDWARD R. STONE, 23d Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Medeah Farm, France, October 3-10, 1918. Throughout the heavy fighting near Medeah Farm, Col. Stone was at all times in the most exposed position, going over the top with his regiment four times in seven days, after all his battalion commanders had been killed. He repeatedly refused to go to a place of safety during the most severe bombardments, even after being seriously gassed. Home address, Mrs. Edward R. Stone, wife, 518 North Yakima, Tacoma, Wash.

Corpl. HERMAN SPICKERMAN, deceased, Machine-Gun Company, 107th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1213385.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Ronsoy, France, September 29, 1918. Corpl. Spickerman and his machine gunner pushed forward to a blind trench, which was partially surrounded by machine gunners and snipers, under terrific machine-gun and trench-mortar fire and through a heavy smoke screen. He barricaded a sap at the most dangerous position, only a few yards from the enemy machine guns, and, after killing four of the enemy with a rifle, was mortally wounded, but continued to hold his position until he died. Next of kin, Herman Spickerman, father, Bloomfield, N. Y.

Sergt. RAY L. H. INGALLS, Battery B, 11th Field Artillery. (A. S. No. 1040244.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Laneville, France, November 6-7, 1918. Sergt. Ingalls displayed conspicuous leadership in handling his section under heavy shell fire. When he was wounded by a bursting shell he first ascertained the damage done to his section by the shell before proceeding to the dressing station, taking another wounded man with him. Next of kin, Mrs. Frances Ingalls, mother, Lubec, Me.

First Lieut. LYNN S. HELM, Jr., telephone officer, Third Battalion, 11th Field Artillery. For extraordinary heroism in action near Laneville, France, November 7, 1918. Acting as battalion telephone officer, Lieut. Helm repeatedly went out himself under heavy fire rather than assign such hazardous missions to members of his detail, personally directing the repair and maintenance of a line which was severed 15 times in two hours within a length of only 1 kilometer. Next of kin, Lynn Helm, father, Los Angeles, Calif.

Corpl. LEWIS E. LOHMAN, 3d Battalion, 11th Field Artillery. (A. S. No. 1040424.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Laneville, France, November 7, 1918. Corpl. Lohman displayed fearless devotion to duty in maintaining telephone lines while his battalion was in action near Laneville. On one occasion he voluntarily accompanied an officer, and under heavy fire, repaired a telephone line which was severed 15 times in two hours within a length of only 1 kilometer. Next of kin, Rudolph A. Lohman, brother, Pekin, Ill.

First Lieut. LANSING McVICKAR, 1st Battalion Headquarters, 7th Field Artillery. For extraordinary heroism in action near Vervy, France, October 4, 1918. Lieut. McVickar volunteered and took forward a gun to the aid of the Infantry under most hazardous circumstances. Despite the loss of two horses and the wounding of several of his men, he continued until he encountered an enemy barrage, from which it was necessary to take cover. He exposed himself to the barrages on five different occasions to bring in wounded men. Next of kin, L. H. McVickar, Knickerbocker Club, New York, N. Y.

Pvt. JOHN A. CRAFTS, Company C, 120th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1979865.) For extraor-

dinary heroism in action near Bellicourt, France, September 29, 1918. After being wounded in the right arm to such an extent that he could not continue his duties as stretcher bearer, and after being ordered back for treatment, Pvt. Crafts continued throughout the day and night under heavy shell fire to assist such wounded as were able to walk. Next of kin, John A. Crafts, father, route 6, Evansville, Ind.

Second Lieut. CECIL J. WIDDIFIELD, 6th United States Marine Corps. For extraordinary heroism in action near St. Etienne, France, October 5, 1918. Lieut. Widdifield voluntarily went forward for a distance of 800 meters under heavy shell fire and rescued a wounded soldier who had been left there the night before when the advance patrols had been withdrawn. Home address, Mrs. Jack Meader, cousin, Seattle, Wash.

Corpl. FRED C. STEIN, Company F, 125th Infantry. (A. S. No. 262506.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Romagne, France, October 9, 1918. Corpl. Stein charged and captured a strong enemy machine-gun nest and immediately turned the gun on the enemy. He was twice wounded while changing the position of the gun, but continued to operate it under heavy shell and machine-gun fire until he received a third wound in the arm, which made it impossible for him to further operate the gun. Home address, George Stevens, friend, Atlanta, Mich.

Capt. GEORGE A. CAMPBELL, deceased, 18th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near St. Mihiel, France, September 12, 1918. Capt. Campbell displayed exceptional bravery, when, with three men, he preceded his battalion into Le Jolie Bois and captured 3 machine guns and 20 prisoners which had been maintaining a heavy fire upon our lines. Next of kin, Mrs. Annie Campbell, 38 Broad Street, Woburn, Mass.

Pvt. (First Class) JOSEPH T. ANGELO, Headquarters Company, 1st Brigade, Tank Corps, United States Army. (A. S. No. 243496.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Cheppy, France, September 26, 1918. Within 40 meters of the German machine guns Pvt. Angelo carried his wounded commanding officer into a shell hole and remained with him under continuous shell fire for over an hour, except when he twice carried orders to passing tanks. Next of kin, Tony Angelo, father, Camden Street, Camden, N. J.

Sergt. HENRY S. BOGAN, 78th Company, 6th Marines. (A. S. No. 161505.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Thiaucourt, France, September 15, 1918. Sergt. Bogan led a small detachment in an attack on a machine gun which was holding up the advance, capturing the gun and five of its crew. He then continued the advance, entered the hostile trenches and cleared them for a distance of 150 yards, remaining all day in this advanced position under continuous artillery and machine-gun fire. Next of kin, Mrs. Sallie Bogan, mother, Franklin, Ky.

Second Lieut. THOMAS W. VINTON, Company L, 371st Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Ardeuil, France, September 29 to October 1, 1918. Painfully wounded in the hand at 11 a. m. and slightly wounded again in the hip at 4 p. m., September 29, Lieut. Vinton continued on duty and ably commanded his platoon until evacuated on October 1, 1918. Next of kin, T. O. Vinton, in care of Bank of Commerce, Memphis, Tenn.

First Lieut. LOUIS C. SIMON, Jr., Air Service, 147th Aero Squadron, United States Army. For the following acts of extraordinary heroism in action near Clergues, France, September 28, 1918, Lieut. Simon is awarded a bronze oak leaf, to be worn on the distinguished-service cross awarded him October 23, 1918. Lieut. Simon and two other pilots encountered nine (type Fokker) enemy planes, which were protecting an observation plane (type Rumpler). Lieut. Simon attacked the lower formation of four planes alone and drove them off. He next dived at the observation plane and sent it crashing to the ground in flames. Next of kin, Mrs. M. E. Simon, mother, Normandie Hotel, Columbus, Ohio.

First Lieut. FREDERICK M. LINTON, deceased, 51st Infantry Brigade. For extraordinary heroism in action near Marcheville and Riaville, France, September 25-26, 1918. Lieut. Linton, while acting as liaison officer with brigade headquarters, volunteered to carry a message from the front lines to the rear through a terrific barrage and murderous machine-gun fire. After successfully accomplishing this mission, he returned with a platoon of reinforcements across an open field through the same heavy fire. When the town

of Marcheville fell into the enemy's hands, he volunteered to lead a platoon in the counter attack and was wounded while in command. He retained command and held his ground with the platoon until he received his second and fatal wound. Home address, Mrs. Frederick M. Linton, 38 Fletcher Street, Rosindale, Mass.

Pvt. GEORGE B. WARD, Company D, 119th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1317784.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Bellicourt, France, September 29, 1918. When his company was halted by enemy machine-gun fire, Pvt. Ward rushed the hostile position and killed one runner with his bayonet. Later in the engagement he came upon 20 of the enemy in a trench. He bayoneted three of these and took the others prisoners. Pvt. Ward was severely wounded in this action. Home address, Thomas Ward, father, Fayetteville, N. C.

Sergt. GEORGE M. FREE (deceased), Company C, 320th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1829131.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Bois De Ogon, France, October 10, 1918. After half of his platoon and his officers had been killed or wounded, Sergt. Free, under a terrific barrage and machine-gun fire organized a charge to attack a strong point, which was seriously menacing the whole command. In attempting this most hazardous task, Sergt. Free was killed. Home address, Conrad G. Free, brother, 798 Row Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Sergt. ROBERT QUIRI (deceased), Company F, 310th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1762908.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Thiaucourt, France, September 18, 1918. Leading a patrol under heavy fire Sergt. Quiri was able to protect an unprotected portion of his line until the next unit could take it over. He was at all times an inspiration to his men, continually exposing himself to danger, while assuring their safety and comfort. After having his legs blown off and receiving other wounds, he gave all necessary information to his successor, before allowing himself to be carried away. He died soon after reaching the dressing station. Next of kin, Charles A. Quiri, father, 115 McCarthy Street, Easton, Pa.

Corpl. JULIUS A. PIAZZANI, Company F, 310th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2411286.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Bois De Loges, France, October 19, 1918. When machine-gun fire had held up the advance of his company, and all had entrenched themselves in places of safety, Corpl. Piazzani noticed a wounded man about 250 yards in front of the line. Voluntarily and without hesitation, he went to the side of the wounded and rendered first aid. Upon his return, he advised the stretcher bearers, enabling them to safely bring this man in, thereby saving his life. Next of kin, Mrs. Lavina Piazzani, 518 John Street, West Hoboken, N. J.

Sergt. CLYDE SHELTON, Company L, 120th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1321813.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Mazinghlen, France, October 19, 1918. Sergt. Shelton, who was in command of a platoon, was ordered to post an automatic rifle so as to protect the right flank of his battalion, and in order to do this, it was necessary to advance his line beyond a hedge and wire fence. Halting his platoon, he went forward himself, and, under heavy fire in clear view of the enemy, he cut an opening in the barrier. His courageous act permitted a patrol to pass through, and the line was subsequently established with a minimum of casualties. Home address, William Shelton, father, R. F. D. No. 2, Mount Airy, N. C.

Sergt. J. J. CROWLEY, deceased, Company M, 107th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1212204.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Ronsoy, France, September 29, 1918. When the advance of his platoon was checked by perilously heavy machine-gun fire, from the direct front, Sergt. Crowley, after ordering his men to cover, advanced alone and bombed the gun out of action. After successfully leading his platoon to one of the farthestmost points of the advance, he was killed. Next of kin, Mrs. Hannah Crowley, mother, East Main Street, Mohawk, N. Y.

Pvt. GEORGE K. HAGEMEYER, Company M, 107th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1212127.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Bony, France, September 29, 1918. During a period that his company was held up by hazardous enemy fire, Pvt. Hagemeyer acted as stretcher bearer, and even though wounded, and ordered to the rear, he continued in the work of removing the wounded. He remained at his task through the violent fire until he was wounded five times and forced to retire from

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loss of blood. Home address, Mrs. Anna H. Hagemeyer, mother, 209 West One hundred and Twenty-eighth Street, New York, N. Y.

Wagoner **WILBUR JONES**, Supply Company, 168th Infantry. (A. S. No. 92530.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Charons-sur-Marne, France, July 15, 1918. During the great German artillery bombardment of July 15, Wagoner Jones was driving a ration cart to the front lines when he was caught in the heavy bombardment. Both his mules were killed and he was blown from his seat by a shell explosion, the same shell killing a comrade on the cart ahead of him. Catching a stray mule and borrowing another, he returned with his comrade to the company, after which he delivered his rations. After his team became frightened and ran away, he remained in the fight throughout the attack of the day. While delivering rations he was wounded, but he completed his task before he would allow his wound to be dressed. Home address, Ernest Jones, father, 725 East McMillan Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Capt. **HENRY H. GRAVE**, 116th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near St. Bausant, France, September 12, 1918. During the St. Mihiel offensive Capt. Grave was leading an assault wave, which was checked by dense machine-gun fire. In order to locate the exact position of the enemy strongholds, he mounted the parapet, thus drawing a burst of machine-gun fire, which enabled his Stokes mortars to open fire. He then led a flanking group to the position, while his assault wave went forward and captured 34 prisoners and a machine gun, rifles, and a store of ammunition, the first prisoners to be taken during the drive. Home address, Mrs. Henry H. Grave, 721 Wilson Avenue, Columbus, Ohio.

First Lieut. **ARISTEO V. SIMONI**, chaplain, 11th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near La Chene Tendu, France, October 3, 1918. Upon learning that there were six wounded men in front of our lines, Chaplain Simoni asked for two volunteers, and with the aid of these men successfully brought the wounded men to our own lines through a terrific machine-gun and grenade fire. Home address, Mrs. A. Simoni, mother, Rome, Italy.

Sergt. **ARTHUR NORWAT**, deceased, Company M, 808th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1710316.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Revillon, France, September 14-15, 1918. On September 14 Sergt. Norwat advanced ahead of his company, and with an automatic rifle single-handedly silenced an enemy machine-gun nest, capturing the gunner. On the following day after having assumed command, because of the fact that all officers had become casualties, he assembled 13 men and led them in a charge against superior forces of the enemy, recapturing a trench which shortly before had been taken by the enemy. For the following act of extraordinary heroism in action near Moulin De L'Homme Mort, France, October 7, 1918, Sergt. Norwat is awarded a bar, to be worn with the distinguished-service cross. When enemy machine-gun fire had checked his attempt to reach companies which had been surrounded by the enemy, Sergt. Norwat sprang upon the parapet, in full view of the enemy, and opened fire with an automatic rifle. He continued with this heroic work until he fell mortally wounded. Next of kin, Alfred Norwat, father, 417 South Fourth Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Second Lieut. **THOMAS D. AMORY**, deceased, 26th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Verdun, France, October 2, 1918. Lieut. Amory took out a patrol of 64 men, penetrating the enemy lines for the purpose of reconnoitering terrain, over which an advance was to be made on the following morning. When his patrol was fired on by machine guns from all sides, this officer led three of his men forward to clear the machine-gun nests, placing the rest of his men under cover. He succeeded in overcoming one of these nests and killing the crew, but as he was advancing on another gun, located in a house about 10 yards away, Lieut. Amory was killed by a machine-gun bullet, his last words being, "We will take that nest or die trying." Home address, E. J. Amory, father, Dupont Building, Wilmington, Del.

Pvt. (First Class) **ROBERT FAZLER**, Company L, 312th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1751352.) For extraordinary heroism in action in Grand Pre, France, October 22, 1918. After delivering a message to his battalion headquarters, passing through the main street of Grand Pre, which was being enfiladed by a terrific enemy fire, Pvt. Fazler went to the rescue of a comrade who had fallen under the direct

fire and observation of the enemy, notwithstanding the warning that to go to the man's aid would mean certain death to him. He gave the wounded man first-aid treatment and successfully carried him to a place of safety. Home address, Mrs. Elsie Snable, sister, 361 Bloomfield Avenue, Newark, N. J.

Second Lieut. **MATHEW E. CONKLIN**, 310th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near St. Juvin, France, October 16, 1918. Lieut. Conklin was wounded while leading his company in advance, but continued to lead his men across an open area under a heavy machine-gun and artillery fire, wading the Agran River, and took his position on a hillside where he directed the digging in of his company, before he would be evacuated. Home address, Elbert E. Conklin, 220 Furman Street, Syracuse, N. Y.

Mechanic **NETHANIAL C. TRIPLETT**, Company F, 146th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1521412.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Montfaucon, France, September 27-28, 1918. Mechanic Triplett was a member of a patrol which encountered severe hostile machine-gun fire. He assisted in getting several wounded men to cover and administered first aid until his supply of bandages was exhausted. Returning to company headquarters across a field swept by artillery fire, he secured more bandages, came back with them to his comrades, and resumed his first aid work. On the following day Mechanic Triplett again displayed exceptional courage under machine-gun and shell fire by carrying a wounded officer to safety. Home address, Mrs. Vivian Parker Triplett, wife, R. F. D. No. 5, box 51, Vienna, Ill.

Pvt. (First Class) **MARK W. MAILS**, Company F, 146th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1521521.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Clerges, France, September 28, 1918. After his platoon had withdrawn about 50 yards to an established line, a wounded comrade was seen lying ahead, in the position they formerly occupied. The enemy had just launched a strong counter attack, but Pvt. Mails, with another soldier, volunteered to go to the assistance of the wounded man. In the face of terrific fire of enemy artillery and machine guns, and the fire of their own comrades, who were resisting the attack, Pvt. Mails succeeded in bringing his man to a place of safety. Home address, Charles E. Mails, father, Fouganoxle, Kan.

Pvt. **JAMES NEELY**, Company F, 146th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2705815.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Clerges, France, September 28, 1918. After his platoon had withdrawn about 50 yards to an established line, a wounded comrade was seen lying ahead, in the position which they formerly occupied. The enemy had just launched a strong counter attack, but Pvt. Neely, with another soldier, volunteered to go to the assistance of the wounded man. In the face of terrific fire of enemy artillery and machine guns, and the fire of their own comrades, who were resisting the attack, Pvt. Neely succeeded in bringing his man to a place of safety. Home address, Mrs. Mary Neely, mother, 1518 South Twenty-second Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Pvt. **JOHN R. MANNING**, Company D, 342d Machine Gun Battalion. (A. S. No. 2848637.) For extraordinary heroism in action in the Bois De Bantheville, France, November 1, 1918. Disregarding painful injuries in the face, head, and wrist, Pvt. Manning continued on duty as gunner throughout the action until he was relieved and ordered to an aid station by his platoon commander, thereby affording an inspiring example of courage to his comrades. Home address, James J. Manning, 283 Walnut Street, Newton, Lower Falls, Mass.

Pvt. (First Class) **CHARLES J. GUDE**, Company D, 342d Machine Gun Battalion. (A. S. No. 2846082.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Bouclair, France, November 3, 1918. After being twice wounded and unconscious for about an hour, upon being revived Pvt. Gude took command of his squad and later of his section, after the squad and section leaders had been wounded, refusing first aid until he was relieved and ordered to the rear by his platoon commander. Home address, Mrs. Helen Gude, wife, Ninth Street, Sixth Corso, Nebraska City, Nebr.

Corpl. **CHARLES V. WILLIAMS**, Company B, 345th Battalion Tank Corps. (A. S. No. 10058.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Baulny, Meuse, France, September 28, 1918. During an attack on a hedge south of the Montrebeau Woods, Corpl. Williams left

his tank, which was out of action, and went through the severe rifle, machine-gun, and artillery fire to give first aid to his wounded lieutenant. He then took the wounded officer's place, leading the platoon of tanks to the objective through the intense enemy fire. Home address, Mrs. Charles V. Williams, 534 South Forty-ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Pvt. **BURTON HOLMES**, deceased, Company C, 371st Infantry. (A. S. No. 1872568.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Hill 188, France, September 28, 1918. After he had been badly wounded and his automatic rifle had been put out of commission, Pvt. Holmes returned to his company, under extremely heavy machine-gun and shell fire, and taking another automatic rifle, went back and reopened fire on the enemy. While thus engaged he was killed. Next of kin, Bill Holmes, uncle, Clemson College, S. C.

Corpl. **ALBERT C. WESTFALL**, Company G, 107th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1211181.) For extraordinary heroism in action near St. Souplet, France, October 18, 1918. Undaunted by terrific machine-gun fire, Corpl. Westfall went out into the open and rescued a British officer who had fallen wounded. Later, after two runners had been killed in trying to locate missing elements of his battalion, Corpl. Westfall assumed this task and in performing it four times crossed a sunken road which was continuously raked by enemy machine-gun fire. Home address, Mrs. J. W. Westfall, mother, 5 Park Avenue, Oneonta, N. Y.

Capt. **FRANK N. LEWIS**, deceased, 4th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Cunel, France, October 5-6, 1918. Although severely wounded in both arms and both legs during the advance of his company on the night of October 5-6, Capt. Lewis continued in command, and by his bravery and courage contributed materially to the complete success of the attack. Home address, A. C. Lewis, brother, 1224 Exchange Building, Memphis, Tenn.

Capt. **WILLIAM E. KEPNER**, 4th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Cunel, France, October 5-6, 1918. While in command of a battalion, Capt. Kepner personally led one company of his command in an attack on a woods occupied by a company of German machine gunners. He was the first man to enter the woods and later when part of the attacking company was held up by flanking machine-gun fire, he, with a patrol of three men, encircled this machine gun and after a hard hand-to-hand fight, put the gun out of action. Home address, Mrs. Harvey Kepner, mother, Kokomo, Ind.

Sergt. **DAVID MADDEN**, Company E, 4th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2338718.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Cunel, France, October 7, 1918. Due to the lifting of a heavy fog, Company E was caught on an open hillside, within 100 yards of the enemy's line and were forced to remain in the cover of shell holes for the entire day. Hearing a wounded man groaning in great pain, Sergt. Madden left his shelter and went to his rescue, carrying him through the terrific machine-gun and artillery fire to a shell hole where he administered all the aid and comfort possible and then returned to his post through the same intense fire. Home address, Mrs. Otto Leutz, sister, 34 Wyman Street, Jamaica Plains, Boston, Mass.

Pvt. **FRANK C. DONAHOE**, Company A, 4th Infantry. (A. S. No. 553510.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Cunel, France, October 4, 1918. While his company was in support of the attacking company, communication was temporarily lost in the darkness. After all the runners had become casualties, Pvt. Donahoe volunteered and succeeded in establishing liaison, pushing forward through the severe machine-gun and artillery fire despite the fact that he was painfully wounded soon after starting on his mission. Home address, Mrs. Frank Donahoe, wife, 357 Emily Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Pvt. **HIRSHIE J. FEINBERG**, deceased, medical detachment, 4th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2354893.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Cunel, France, October 6, 1918. After all the officers and noncommissioned officers of the company to which he was attached had become casualties, with the exception of the company commander, Pvt. Feinberg voluntarily assisted in reorganizing the company and holding the men together, continually going up and down along the line under the severe enemy fire until he was killed. Next of kin, Mrs. Senie Feinberg, wife, 34 Avenue De Couberole, Asnières, Seine, France.

Pvt. **BLAKE BELL**, Headquarters Company, 4th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2337289.) For ex-

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traordinary heroism in action near Cunel, France, October 20, 1918. When all superiors of the platoon had become casualties, Pvt. Bell assumed command, and efficiently conducted the operations. When his guns had been put out of action, he personally salvaged the parts and resumed fire. When relieved, he safely conducted the remnants of the platoon from the line. Home address, William Bell, brother, Kinder, Mich.

Pvt. JOHN M. BAKER, Company G, 4th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2339046.) For the following act of extraordinary heroism in action near Cunel, France, October 14, 1918. Pvt. Baker is awarded a bar, to be worn with the distinguished-service cross awarded him January 7, 1919. After his platoon commander was wounded, Pvt. Baker took command; and, after being wounded, refused to go for treatment, remaining to lead his platoon for two days, until relieved. Home address, Miss Carrie Lowery, sister, Medenth College, Raleigh, N. C.

Pvt. (First Class) PETER A. DE VOS, Company C, 60th United States Infantry. (A. S. No. 2382811.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Cunel, France, October 14, 1918. Accompanied by one other soldier, Pvt. De Vos flanked two machine-gun nests, killed seven of the enemy, and captured four machine guns, thereby making it possible for two companies of his battalion to enter the woods and continue the advance. Next of kin, John De Vos, brother, 1211 East Fifty-fifth Street, Chicago, Ill.

Pvt. CARL TUTTIN, Company D, 318th Infantry. (A. S. No. 3752519.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Sommathe, France, November 4-5, 1918. Pvt. Tuttin volunteered for dangerous outpost service within the enemy line. He worked his way behind enemy machine guns, was wounded, but refused to leave his post, and, by the skillful use of his automatic rifle, assisted in driving the enemy from their entrenched positions. Pvt. Tuttin refused to leave his post until the battalion was relieved. Next of kin, Mrs. Genea Tuttin, mother, route 2, box 85, Clayton, Wis.

Pvt. (First Class) JOHN J. MURPHY, Battery F, 148th Field Artillery. (A. S. No. 141498.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Nantillois, France, October 31, 1918. Pvt. Murphy displayed a remarkable example of heroism by carrying two wounded men from the gun pit after being seriously wounded himself when a German shell exploded within a few feet of the piece which was being loaded, setting fire to several boxes of powder and to the camouflage covering of the pit. After carrying the wounded men to safety, he returned to the pit, closed the breach of the piece, verified its laying, and fired it, preventing what probably would have been a very serious explosion. He was quickly carried to the aid station, where it was found that he had suffered serious burns from the terrific heat, besides being wounded in several places by shell fragments. Next of kin, Mrs. Ben McGrath, Harris Villa, Fritzington, England.

Sergt. BRUCE EPLEY, Company M, 6th Infantry. (A. S. No. 734104.) For extraordinary heroism in action at Frapelle, France, August 17, 1918. Rather than ask another to undertake so dangerous a mission Sergt. Epley himself cut the enemy's wire under heavy bombardment and led his section to its objective. Later, in the absence of his platoon commander, he assumed command of his platoon and directed the consolidation of its position. He then crossed an open field under heavy machine-gun fire to locate another platoon which had become lost, found the remnants of the platoon, which he reorganized and led to the objective. Though he had been seriously gassed, this soldier continued on duty throughout the three days' bombardment, refusing to be evacuated until he was ordered to the rear. Next of kin, David Epley, father, Newport, Tenn.

Bugler THADDIS R. RICHARDS, Company B, 117th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1307008.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Bellcourt, France, September 29, 1918. During the very thickest of the fighting Bugler Richards, assisted by another soldier, attacked two enemy machine-gun positions, killing the gunners and capturing the guns, thus allowing the further advance of his company. Next of kin, Miss Virginia Richards, sister, Dalton, Ga.

Pvt. (First Class) ELLIOTT R. HARBIN, Company C, 105th Field Signal Battalion. (A. S. No. 1330351.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Bellcourt, France, Sep-

tember 29, 1918. While assisting a party in laying a telephone line, Pvt. Harbin was seriously wounded, but refused to be evacuated, and continued his work throughout the day under heavy shell fire. He also assisted in giving first aid to the wounded under fire. Home address, James S. Harbin, father, R. F. D. No. 2, Greenville, S. C.

Pvt. (First Class) WADE C. WALES, Company A, 13th Machine Gun Battalion. (A. S. No. 1197349.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Cunel, France, October 14, 1918. Accompanying another soldier, Pvt. Wales left shelter, and went forward 100 meters over territory swept by shells and machine-gun fire, and carried a wounded man to safety. Home address, Mrs. Emma Wales, mother, Wenton, W. Va.

Sergt. CLARK BUTTERFIELD, Company B, 43th Machine Gun Battalion. (A. S. No. 1196687.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Cunel, France, October 14, 1918. Leaving his shelter in a shallow machine-gun emplacement, and accompanying an officer, Sergt. Butterfield ventured forth through a most intense fire, to the aid of a wounded officer, and assisted in carrying him a distance of 170 yards to safety. Home address, Miss Elizabeth Butterfield, sister, 513 Nicollet Street, Minneapolis, Minn.

Sergt. JOHN BOBO, deceased, Company E, 16th Infantry. (A. S. No. 42643.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Solissons, France, July 18-19, 1918. When his company's advance was seriously threatened by the terrific fire from a machine-gun nest, Sergt. Bobo personally killed the machine-gun crew and captured the gun. Later, in the same action, he led a party of two squads against an enemy strong point, capturing 2 officers, 125 men, and 12 machine guns that were delivering a sweeping fire, threatening the success of the entire operation. Sergt. Bobo was killed shortly after the completion of this extraordinary feat. Home address, Lulu Bobo, mother, Bonanza, Ark.

Corpl. EDWARD J. MELCHER, Company M, 5th Marine Corps. (A. S. No. 272095.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Chateau-Thierry, France, June 25, 1918. Wounded in the head and thigh, Corpl. Melcher nevertheless continued valiantly to lead his group through machine-gun and rifle fire to their objective. Home address, Florence Melcher, sister, 1327 Broadway, Louisville, Ky.

Sergt. ROBERT I. BIRCH, Company E, 16th Infantry. (A. S. No. 42660.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Sedan, France, November 6-7, 1918. Sergt. Birch voluntarily led a small group against an enemy machine-gun nest, which was impeding the progress of his company. Although severely wounded in the attack, he succeeded in silencing the gun nest, and remained until the mission was completed. Next of kin, John Birch, Alice, S. Dak.

Pvt. (First Class) GEORGE MEYERS, Company D, 16th Infantry. (A. S. No. 42298.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Hill 272, Argonne Forest, France, October 9, 1918. When the advance of his company had been stopped by machine-gun fire, Pvt. Meyers, alone and on his own initiative, advanced into the fog under intense fire, and, with a total disregard for personal safety, captured the gun and its entire crew. Next of kin, Mrs. Mary Meyers, mother, Baght Avenue, No. 18, Woburn, Mass.

Pvt. HELMER PETERSON, Company E, 9th Infantry. (A. S. No. 3776044.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Tulerie Ferme, France, November 4, 1918. Pvt. Peterson displayed exceptional bravery in carrying important messages to the rear through heavy enemy artillery and machine-gun barrages, keeping his commanding officer informed as to the situation at all times. Tireless in his efforts, he was instrumental in the success of the operation. Next of kin, Mrs. Jonas J. Apre, sister, Decorah, Iowa.

Sergt. (First Class) HUBERT VER MEHREN, Medical Detachment, 7th Engineers. (A. S. No. 915581.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Brandeville, France, November 8-10, 1918. On November 8 and November 10, Sergt. Ver Mehren showed utter disregard for his own personal danger in giving first aid to wounded and carrying them to a place of safety, under intense machine-gun and shell fire. Home address, Herman H. Ver Mehren, father, 2429 Manderson Street, Omaha, Neb.

Pvt. IRVIN B. HORN, Company D, 7th Engineers. (A. S. No. 914805.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Cunel, France, October 14, 1918. Private Horn boldly entered a hostile dugout by himself, knowing that it

was occupied by the enemy, and, when he was confronted by a German major and his orderly, killed the major and captured the orderly. Next of kin, Mrs. Myrtle Horn, wife, Avon, Ill.

Pvt. HARRY B. MILES (deceased), Company B, 318th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1820826.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Bois Des Ohons, France, October 4-5, 1918. Always a volunteer for the most dangerous service, Pvt. Miles volunteered to carry a message through a heavy barrage, and was killed in the execution of his mission. Home address, William E. Miles, father, 1119 North Twenty-first Street, Richmond, Va.

First Lieut. FLOYD L. CUNNINGHAM, 116th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Brabant, France, October 8, 1918. Lieut. Cunningham displayed rare courage in voluntarily going to the assistance of a wounded comrade, under heavy machine-gun and shell fire. Home address, Imes Cunningham, brother, Minong, Wis.

First Lieut. EDWARD A. MACGUIRE, 6th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near the Bois De Chatillon, France, November 5-9, 1918. Having developed a hernia in crossing the Meuse River, Lieut. MacGuire displayed remarkable fortitude and devotion to duty by remaining with his company and leading it into action, reaching his objective under severe machine-gun and shell fire. He continued with his command until a double hernia developed from strain caused by two forced marches into advanced positions, and he was ordered to the rear. Home address, Mrs. Edward MacGuire, wife, 18 East One hundred and twenty-ninth Street, New York, N. Y.

Capt. AUGUST F. BEHRENDT, 16th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Exermont, France, October 9, 1918. On three different occasions, Capt. Behrendt reorganized his command, and, placing himself in the lead, advanced against machine-gun nests, each time accomplishing his mission, despite severe losses. He led a patrol against a nest, which was firing point-blank on his troops, continuing after half his patrol had been killed or wounded, rushing the nest and capturing the gun and crew. Home address, Mrs. Minna Behrendt, mother, Benson, Neb.

Second Lieut. JAMES A. SOULES, 16th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Sedan, France, November 6-7, 1918. Accompanied by another soldier of his platoon, Lieut. Soules entered the town of Noyers-Pout-Maugis, which was held by the enemy, against murderous machine-gun fire. He routed the gunners, killing one, thereby saving his company from a harassing flanking fire. Home address, James Soules, Dickinson, N. Dak.

Sergt. GEORGE C. JACKSON, Company M, 16th Infantry. (A. S. No. 44356.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Fleville, France, October 2, 1918. His platoon becoming disorganized by enemy artillery fire, Sergt. Jackson halted his men, reorganized them under the heavy fire and resumed the advance. Later he borrowed an automatic rifle from one of the men in his platoon, and, firing it from his hip, advanced on an enemy machine gun, killing two members of the crew and capturing another. Home address, Mrs. Alice F. Williams, sister, 312 West Twenty-first Street, Fort Worth, Tex.

Corpl. WILLIAM ROCKKIND, Company I, 305th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1699283.) For extraordinary heroism in action near St. Juvin, France, October 16, 1918. While leading a reconnaissance patrol of eight men, Corpl. Rockkind encountered severe machine-gun fire, which forced him to take cover. While attempting to move his patrol to another place during a lull in the firing, one man was killed and another wounded. Placing his men under cover, he alone ventured forth to the aid of the wounded man, who was lying exposed to the enemy fire, placing him on his back and carrying him to safety. Home address, Hodes Rockkind, father, Obchtuga, Russia.

Pvt. HENRY HOY, Company A, 132d Infantry. (A. S. No. 1390393.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Forges, France, September 26, 1918. Pvt. Hoy saw a hand grenade dropped near an officer of his company, which endangered not only the officer's life, but also many members of the company who were in the vicinity. Rushing to the spot, he picked up the bomb and hurled it in the direction of the enemy. It exploded in the air and the lives of his comrades were thus saved by his act. Home address, Mrs. James Hoy, mother, 3461 West Madison Street, Chicago, Ill.

Sergt. ARTHUR AAMOT, Company D, 126th Infantry. (A. S. No. 84009)

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nary heroism in action near Juvigny, France, August 29, 1918. Sergt. Aamot had sought cover in a shell hole, after a difficult advance in the face of heavy machine-gun fire, when he observed distress signals from a tank nearby, on which concentrated artillery and machine-gun fire was being directed by the enemy. Leaving his shelter, Sergt. Aamot proceeded through the fire to the tank, where he found a wounded man, whom he courageously carried to safety. Home address, G. T. Aamot, father, Saco, Mont.

Corpl. HENRY E. DYE, Company D, 126th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2181655.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Juvigny, France, August 29, 1918. After an advance through heavy machine-gun fire, from which his organization had suffered many casualties and he himself had been twice wounded, Corpl. Dye had taken refuge in a shell hole, when he heard the cries of a wounded comrade, who was lying in an exposed position. Disregarding the intense machine-gun fire, Corpl. Dye crossed an open space, dressed the wounds of his comrade and carried him to shelter. Home address, Mrs. Margaret Dye, mother, Almira, Nebr.

First Lieut. FRED THOMAS, 5th Regiment United States Marine Corps. For the following act of extraordinary heroism in action near Chateau-Thierry, France, June 25, 1918. Lieut. Thomas is awarded a bar, to be worn with the distinguished-service cross awarded him on December 4, 1918. Lieut. Thomas commanded the left flank platoon of his company, which was subjected to heavy fire from enemy machine guns and trench mortars. When further advance in the face of the fire became impossible, he went forward alone, located the machine gun positions, and then organized a flank attack on the emplacements, putting out of action four guns, one of which he himself captured. In this exploit his command suffered 40 per cent casualties and captured 21 prisoners. Reforming the remnants of his platoon, he moved forward through the enemy's barrage and to his objective, which he consolidated and held in the face of three counter attacks in five hours. Home address, N. G. Thomas, father, Gloves Gap, W. Va.

Second Lieut. EDWIN V. EVANS, deceased, 16th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action south of Soissons, France, July 23, 1918. When his battalion was forced to fall back before heavy machine-gun and artillery fire, Lieut. Evans led six runners in an attack on an enemy machine gun nest. They had progressed about 200 yards ahead of the line when this officer, who was in advance of his men, was instantly killed just as he reached the machine-gun nest. Next of kin, John G. Evans, 205 Steele Street, Frankfort, Ky.

Pvt. G. W. HALL, deceased, Machine Gun Company, 305th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2444063.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Pincon Farm, France, September 5, 1918. After having been ordered to a place of safety, Pvt. Hall left his shelter and returned to a trench, which was being severely shelled, rescued and brought back two wounded comrades. He was killed in action three days later. Next of kin, George Hall, father, 5709 West Giddings Street, Chicago, Ill.

Corpl. HARVEY H. HOLMES, Company H, 38th Infantry. (A. S. No. 551434.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Mezy, France, July 15-19, 1918. Corpl. Holmes observed that a number of Germans were moving toward a clump of bushes near our front during the battle of the Marne. With a patrol of six men he rushed the position under heavy machine-gun fire and captured 80 prisoners. Next of kin, Dr. William Copley, friend, Unadilla, N. Y.

Corpl. ABE SHORT, deceased, Company H, 38th Infantry. (A. S. No. 551605.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Mezy, France, July 15, 1918. Corpl. Short, although seriously wounded, continued in command of his group during the battle of the Marne, and succeeded in destroying three boats loaded with Germans. Next of kin, Anderson B. Short, father, Aurora, Ark.

Pvt. (First Class) WILLIAM M. FERRALL, Medical Detachment, 11th Infantry. (A. S. No. 794616.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Verdun, France, November 5, 1918. While rendering first aid under terrific fire, Pvt. Ferrall was severely wounded. In spite of his injury, he continued to dress the wounds of a comrade, after which he helped him back to the first-aid station. Even after returning, he displayed more interest in the wounds of another than he did in caring for his own.

Maj. DUNCAN G. HARRIS, 305th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action in the Argonne Forest, September 30, 1918. During an attack in the Argonne Forest, Maj. Harris fell and broke his collar bone, but he continued with his battalion throughout the attack, and until the Meuse was reached. For 15 days he was continually with his battalion, personally leading them against strongly fortified enemy positions, although suffering acute and continued pain from his injury and being handicapped by having his arm in a sling. Home address, Mrs. Alice Harris, wife, 569 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

Corpl. CHARLES BRITT, Company H, 307th Infantry. (A. S. No. 3182478.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Remilly, France, November 10, 1918. While accompanying a patrol, Corpl. Britt swam the Meuse River to repair a footbridge. His exploit was accomplished under most severe fire of enemy machine guns and artillery, but his act enabled the patrol to cross the river and return with information of the utmost value. Home address, Mrs. C. Lamb, Cornwall on the Hudson, N. Y.

Sergt. MICHAEL P. MCCARTHY, Company C, 124th Machine Gun Battalion. (A. S. No. 1392087.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Butgenville, France, November 11, 1918. When violent machine-gun fire had forced his company to take shelter, Sergt. McCarthy, with another soldier, braved the direct and short-range fire, by voluntarily going forward and rescuing a wounded officer, carrying him back to a place of safety. Home address, Mrs. Mary McCarthy, mother, 218 East Lawrence Avenue, Springfield, Ill.

Second Lieut. JOHN W. TRAGER, 124th Machine Gun Battalion. For extraordinary heroism in action near Consenvoye, France, October 8, 1918. Upon their own initiative, Lieut. Trager, who was on duty as transportation officer, and another officer, crossed the Meuse River to reconnoiter a supply route. They were fired on by two enemy machine guns, but disregarding the heavy machine-gun and shell fire they advanced on the enemy positions and captured the two machine guns, together with 31 Austrian prisoners. Home address, William Trager, father, 300 Atlantic Avenue, Peoria, Ill.

First Lieut. GEORGE R. HIGLEY, 124th Machine Gun Battalion. For extraordinary heroism in action near Consenvoye, France, October 8, 1918. Upon their own initiative Lieut. Higley, who was on duty as reconnaissance officer, and another officer crossed the Meuse River to reconnoiter a supply route. They were fired upon by two enemy machine guns, but, disregarding the heavy machine-gun and shell fire, they advanced on the enemy positions and captured the two machine guns, together with 31 Austrian prisoners. Home address, Mrs. Nella A. Higley, wife, 301 Courtland Street, Houston, Tex.

Capt. WILLIAM B. BOURDON, 124th Machine Gun Battalion. For extraordinary heroism in action near Bois de Forges, France, September 26, 1918. Capt. Bourdon (then first lieutenant) was advancing with his platoon, when it came under heavy enemy machine-gun fire from a small clump of woods. Ordering his men to take cover, he went forward alone, located the machine gun, and killed the gunner. Home address, Mrs. Alice G. Bourdon, wife, 374 Agnes Street, Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada.

Bugler HILDRED D. DAVIS, Company C, 124th Machine Gun Battalion. (A. S. No. 1392055.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Butgenville, France, November 11, 1918. When his platoon and the Infantry company to which it was attached were held up by hostile obstructions and machine-gun fire, Bugler Davis volunteered and carried a message to the left flank of the company. A few minutes afterward he again distinguished himself by leaving the cover of a trench, going forward under heavy machine-gun fire, and helping rescue a wounded officer. Home address, Mrs. Nora M. Davis, mother, 404 West Washington Street, Springfield, Ill.

Second Lieut. E. M. YOUNG, deceased, Infantry (attached division quartermaster, 80th Division). For extraordinary heroism in action near Beaufort, France, November 8, 1918. While under unusually heavy shell fire Lieut. Young was severely wounded, and, at the same time 15 of his men were also wounded. He refused to be moved until his men had received attention, and after the arrival of ambulances and litter bearers he still insisted that the men be moved to the first-aid station before allowing himself to be taken, shortly after he arrived at the station for

treatment he died. Next of kin, Mrs. William E. Young, mother, 139 Ashley Street, Hartford, Conn.

Pvt. HARRY HILLIG, deceased, Company G, 119th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1995326.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Bellcourt, France, September 29, 1918. Although he had been seriously wounded in the neck by a machine-gun bullet, Pvt. Hillig refused to go to the rear, and continued in the advance until he was killed several hours later. Next of kin, Mrs. Catherine Wagner, Carrollton, Ill.

Sergt. ALLIE SWAGGERTY, Headquarters Company, 60th Infantry. (A. S. No. 2381943.) For repeated acts of extraordinary heroism in action at Madelene Farm, France, October 12, and near Clery le Petit, France, November 2, 1918. Being on duty with a platoon which was not to take part in the attack, Sergt. Swaggerty asked for and received permission to go over the top with the attacking companies. When the left flank was held up by several machine-gun nests, Sergt. Swaggerty alone cleaned out one of the nests, in addition to cleaning out many German machine gunners and snipers. Near Clery le Petit on November 2, this soldier again voluntarily accompanied attacking troops, crawling 300 yards under heavy fire and bringing down three machine gunners out of trees. Home address, Sam Swaggerty, father, Knoxville, Tenn.

Pvt. (First Class) ALICK CARROLL, Company D, 16th Infantry. (A. S. No. 42450.) For extraordinary heroism in action in the Argonne Forest, France, October 9, 1918. While his platoon was being seriously menaced by hostile machine-gun fire, Pvt. Carrole, the only survivor of his squad, crawled forward, and with his rifle, killed two gunners and captured the remaining six men. His act enabled the further advance of his platoon. Home address, Ben Kelly, friend, 794 Mount Albany Street, East Watertown, Mass.

Corpl. FRANK ZILKEY, deceased, Company D, 16th Infantry. (A. S. No. 42419.) For extraordinary heroism in action near the Forest of Argonne, France, October 9, 1918. After all the other members of his squad had been killed or wounded in advancing on a hostile machine gun, Corpl. Zilkey pressed forward alone in the face of direct fire from the gun, and by remarkable courage, captured both the gun and its crew. Upon his own initiative, he then started out alone to attack another gun, and was killed. Home address, Mrs. J. J. Carr, mother, May, Idaho.

Second Lieut. GLENN E. WILCOX, Company L, 30th Infantry, deceased. For extraordinary heroism in action near Jaulgonne, France, July 23, 1918. When his company had reached its objective and was suffering heavy casualties from shell fire, Lieut. Wilcox rendered valuable assistance in reorganizing the company and caring for the wounded. He remained on duty even though suffering from severe mustard gas burns. Home address, Mrs. Louise M. Wilcox, mother, 523 State Line Avenue, Texarkana, Tex.

Corpl. FRANCIS L. DANIELS, Company H, 353d Infantry. (A. S. No. 2176745.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Tailly, France, November 2, 1918. When his company had been held up by a machine gun, and a comrade killed at his side, Corpl. Daniels voluntarily advanced alone over an open space for 200 yards in the face of the machine-gun fire into a clump of bushes, from which he succeeded in killing the enemy gunner and capturing the gun. Home address, Mrs. M. E. Daniels, mother, R. F. D. No. 5, Smith Center, Kans.

Sergt. (First Class) WILLIAM B. BEACH, Company C, Fourth Engineers. (A. S. No. 568500.) For repeated acts of extraordinary heroism in action near St. Thibaut, France, August 6 and 8, 1918. Being a member of a covering detachment sent out to protect a detail which was constructing a bridge over the Vesle River, Sergt. Beach voluntarily left his squad and fought his way alone down the river, in order to locate an enemy machine-gun nest. The flashes from his automatic rifle drew fire from the enemy, and he was forced to jump into the river for protection. Swimming back to his squad, he organized a detail and led it in a successful attack on the hostile position. Two nights later, after this bridge had been destroyed, this soldier, with three others, volunteered to rebuild the bridge. Under continuous fire from the enemy, he swam the river several times, and set the posts for the bridge, thereby making possible the infantry attack on the following morning. Home address, Frank Lewis Beach, father, Colorado City, Colo.